

# VALVE BOX ASSEMBLY DETAIL

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Valve box not to rest on operating assembly.
- 2. Operator extension required when valve nut is deeper than 4' from finish grade.
- 3. Center valve box on axis of operator nut.
- 4. Valves 12" and smaller shall be provided with compacted aggr. base on undisturbed ground. Valves greater than 12" shall be installed on precast concrete block, (4" thick).
- 5. Welds shall be minimum  $\frac{1}{4}$ " all around.
- 6. Hot dip galvanize operator extension after fabrication.
- 7. Casting shall meet H20 load requirement.
- 8. Provide concrete or asphalt pad (24" square, 4" thick), when required.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.

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OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

VALVE BOX AND
OPERATOR EXTENSION
ASSEMBLY

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

2024

DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION

CALC.
BOOK NO. \_\_\_N/A \_\_\_ SDR DATE 25-JUL-2017 RD258

TABLE A

(in)

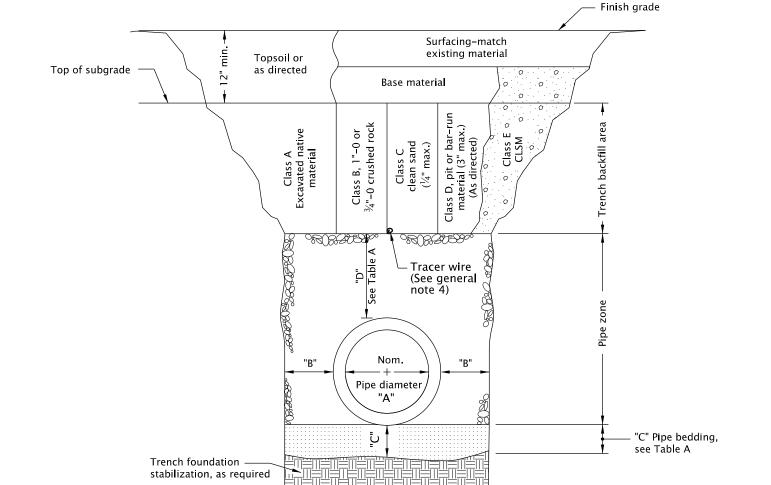
(in)

For pipes over 72" diameter,

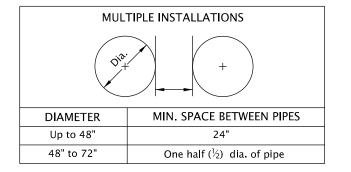
see general note 3.

(in)

"D" (in)



24" min.



# GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Surfacing of paved areas shall comply with street cut Std. Dwg. RD302.
- 2. For pipe installation in embankment areas where the trench method will not be used and the pipe is ≥ 36" diameter, increase dimension "B" to nominal pipe diameter.
- 3. Pipes over 72" diameter are structures, and are not applicable to this drawing.
- 4. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details (When required).

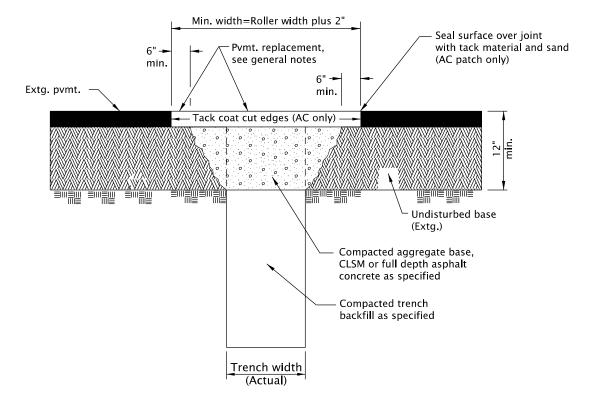
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OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS
TRENCH BACKFILL, BEDDING,
PIPE ZONE AND MULTIPLE

**INSTALLATIONS** 

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

ION	ON DESCRIPTION	REVISI	DATE
JUL-2014 RD300	SDR DATE_ <b>14-JUL-2014</b>	D <u>N/A</u>	CALC. OOK NO



# GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. All existing AC or PCC pavement shall be sawcut prior to repaving.
- 2. Concrete pavement shall be replaced with concrete to a minimum thickness of 8" or to the thickness of removed pavement, whichever is greater.
- 3. For joining new concrete to existing concrete, see contract plans for sepecific details.
- 4. Place AC mix minimum thkn. of 6" or the thkn. of the removed pavement, whichever is greater. Compact as specified.

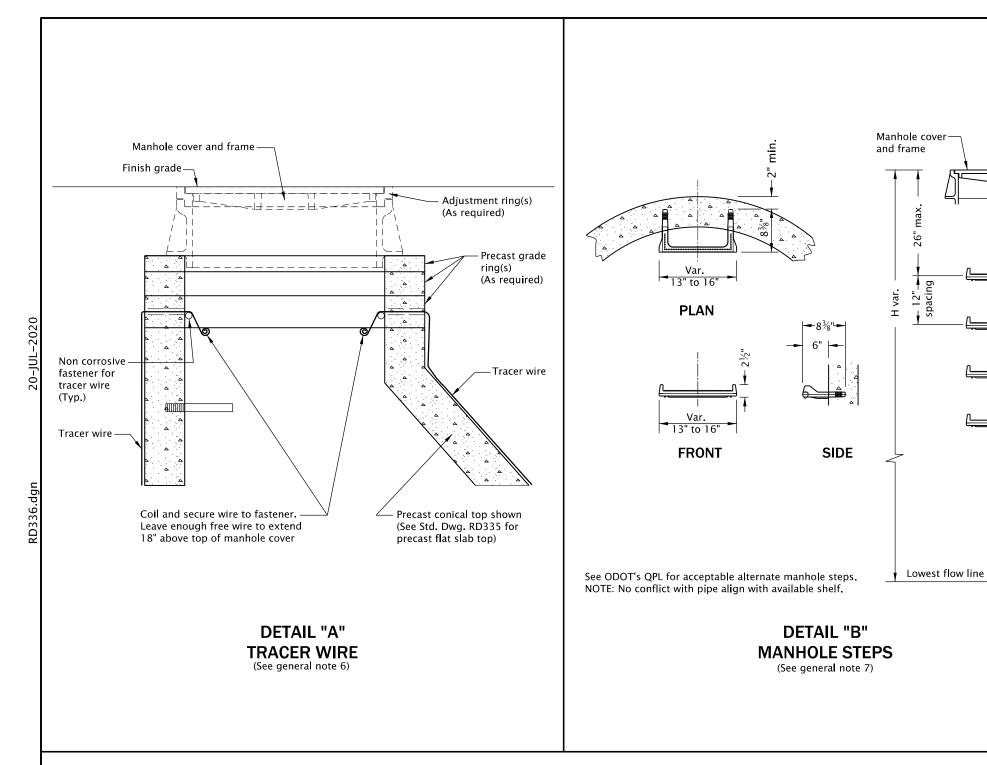
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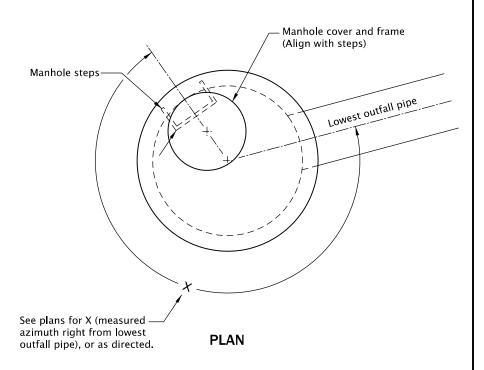
# the current Oregon Standard Specifications. OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS STREET CUT 2024

All materials shall be in accordance with

DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION

CALC. BOOK NO. N/A SDR 20-JUL-2020 RD302





# **DETAIL "C"** PRECAST CONICAL TOP OR PRECAST FLAT SLAB TOP AND MANHOLE STEPS ORIENTATION (See general note 7)

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. All precast products shall conform to requirements of ASTM C478.
- 2. Standard precast manhole section diameter shall be 48". Use 42" if specified by the
- 3. See Std. Dwg. RD345 for pipe to manhole connections.
- 4. See Std. Dwg. RD344 for manhole base section.
- 5. Adjust 24" maximum.
- 6. All connecting pipes shall have a tracer wire, or approved alternate. Place tracer wire directly over pipe centerline and on top of the pipe zone material.

- 7. Steps shall conform to requirements of ASTM C478. When H=42" or less omit steps. See Detail "C" for alignment of steps, and manhole cover and frame.
- 8. See Std. Dwg. RD335 for details not shown.
- 9. See Std. Dwg. RD356 for manhole covers and frames, manhole adjustment rings, etc.
- 10. Max. pipe diameter varies with pipe material.
- 11. See Std. Dwg. RD342 for shallow manholes.
- 12. See project plans for details not shown.

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—Finish grade

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS STANDARD MANHOLE DETAILS** 2024 REVISION DESCRIPTION

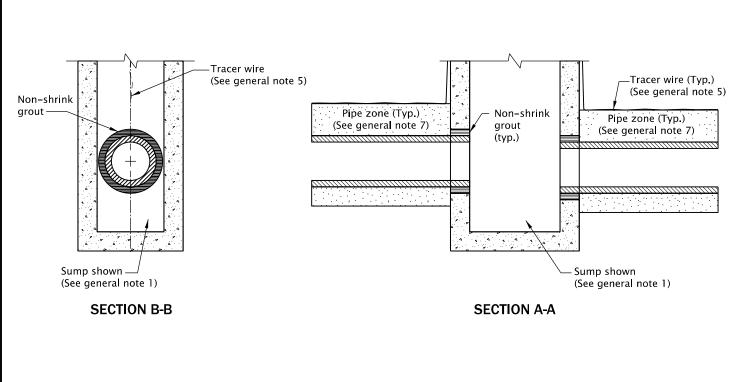
SDR DATE\_ 16-JAN-2019

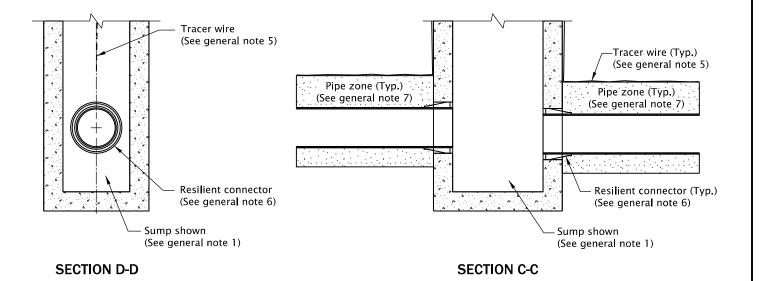
**RD336** 

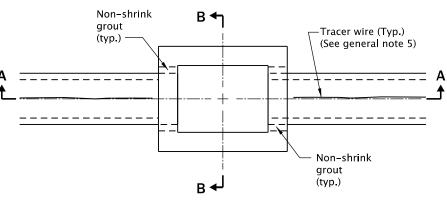
All materials shall be in accordance with

the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

CALC. BOOK NO. -





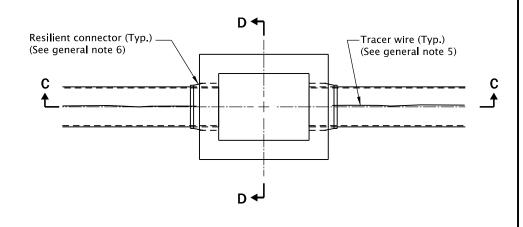


PLAN

# **CONNECTION OF RIGID PIPE TO STRUCTURE**

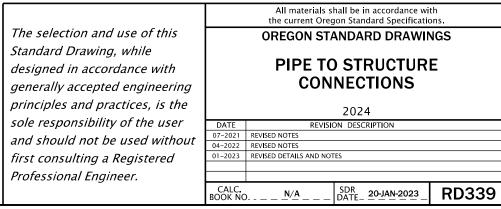
#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

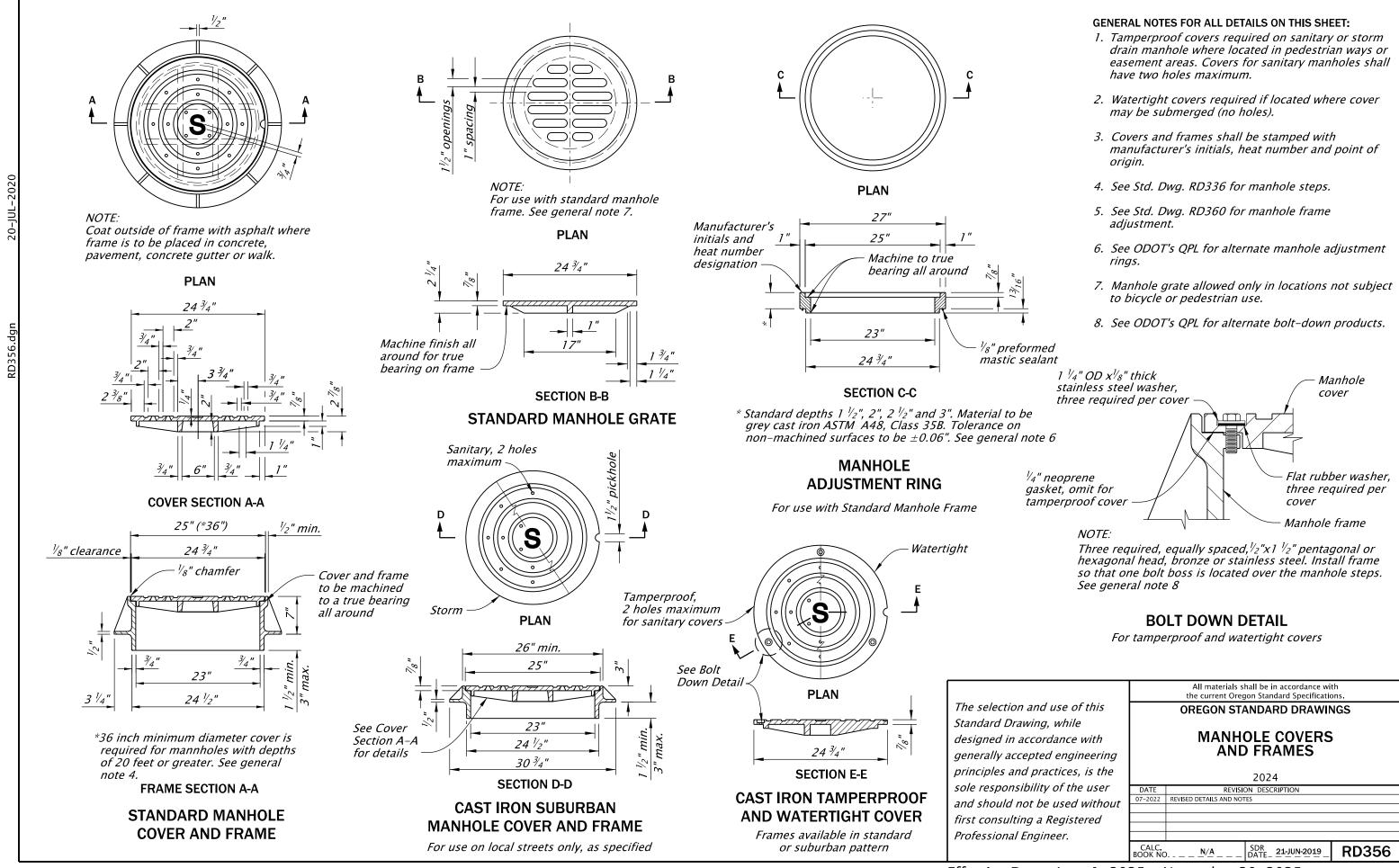
- 1. See Std. Dwgs. RD364, RD365, and RD366 for inlet details not shown.
- 2. See appropriate standard drawings or special project details for other similar structures.
- 3. Location, elevation, diameter, slope, and number of pipe(s) varies, see project plans.
- 4. Maximum pipe diameter varies with pipe material.
- 5. All connecting pipes shall have a tracer wire, or approved alternate. See Std. Dwg. RD336 for tracer wire details.
- 6. When flexible pipe is used, install resilient connectors conforming to requirements of ASTM C923.
- 7. Pipe zone varies, see Std. Dwg. RD300.

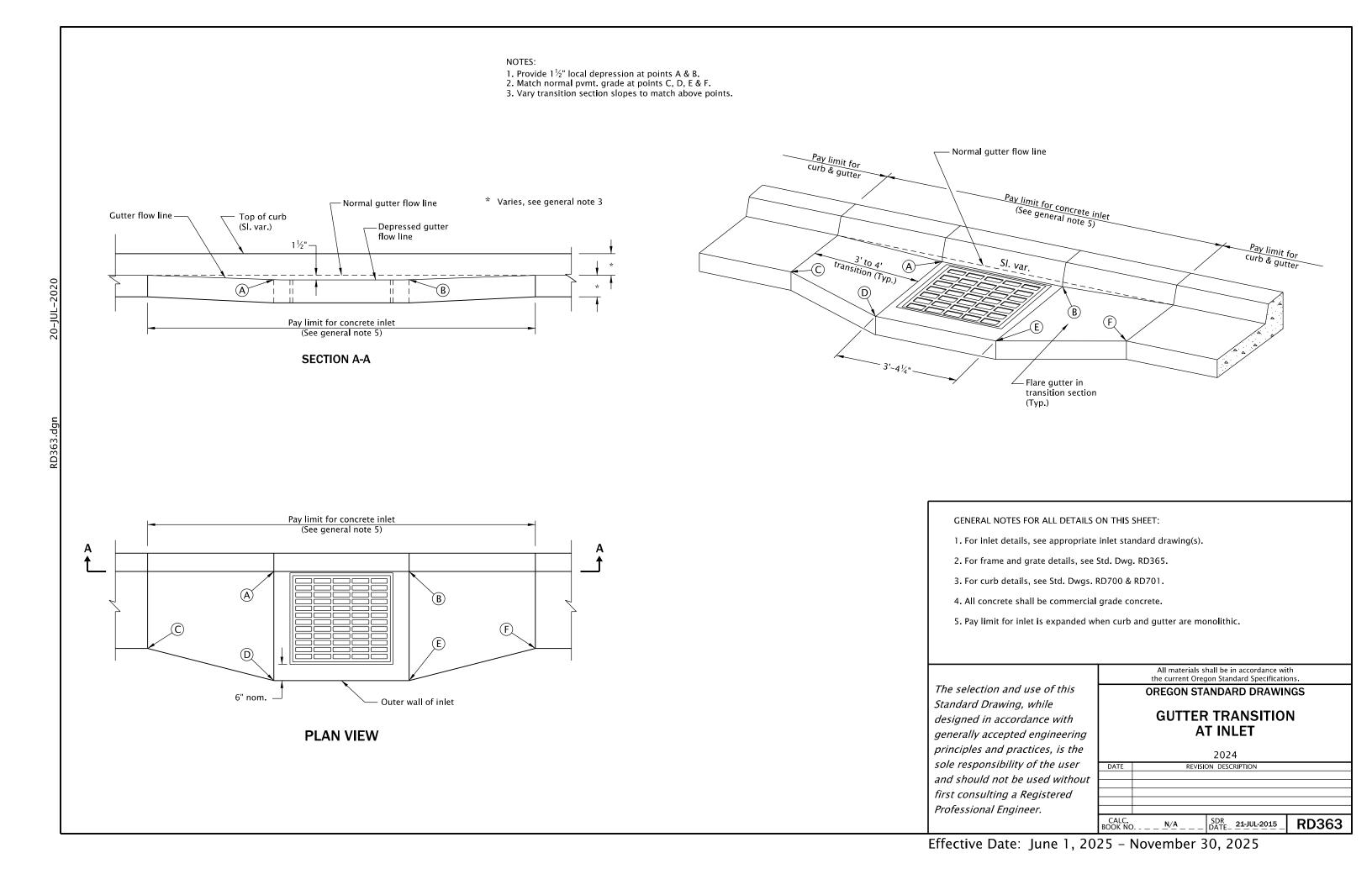


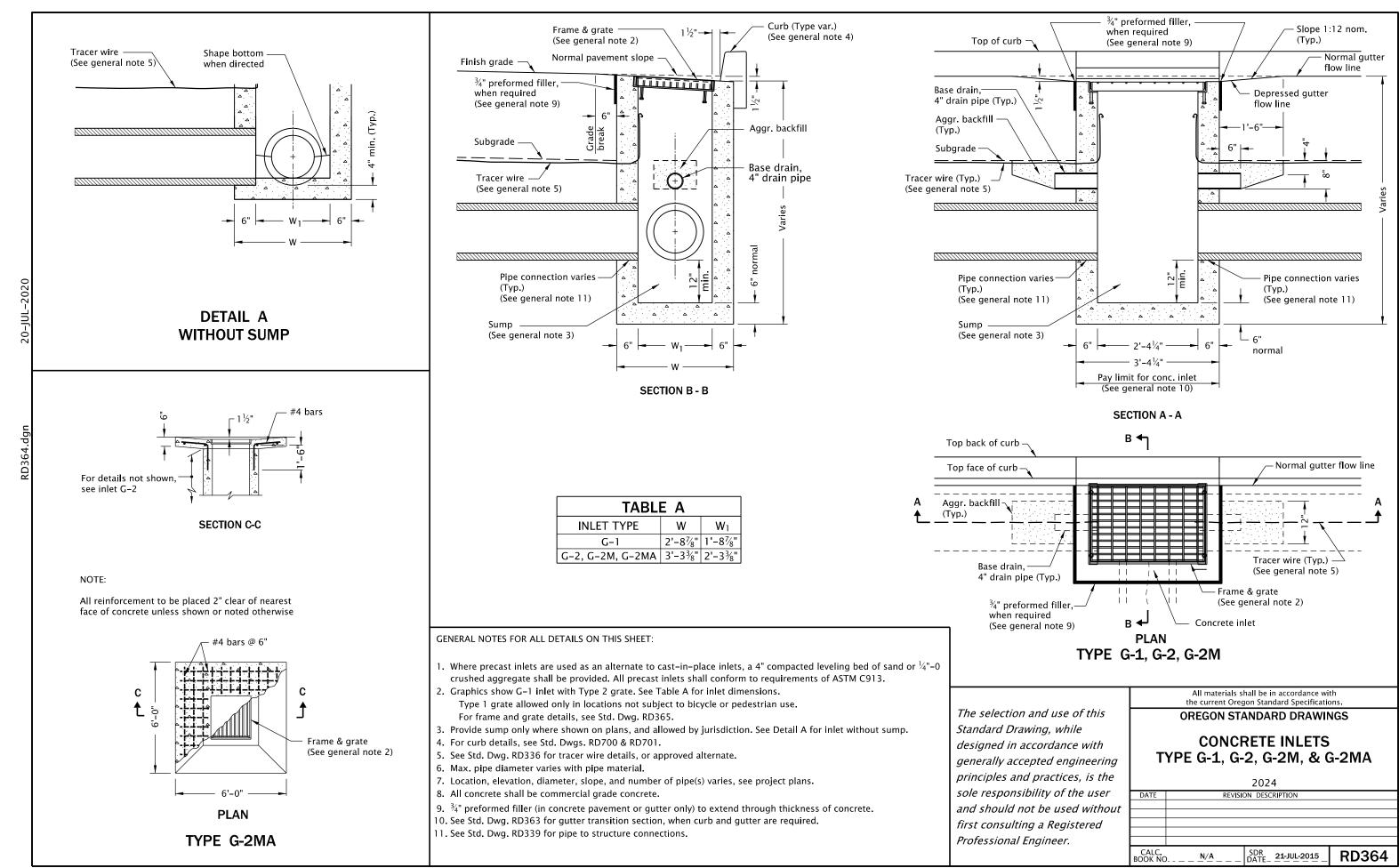
PLAN

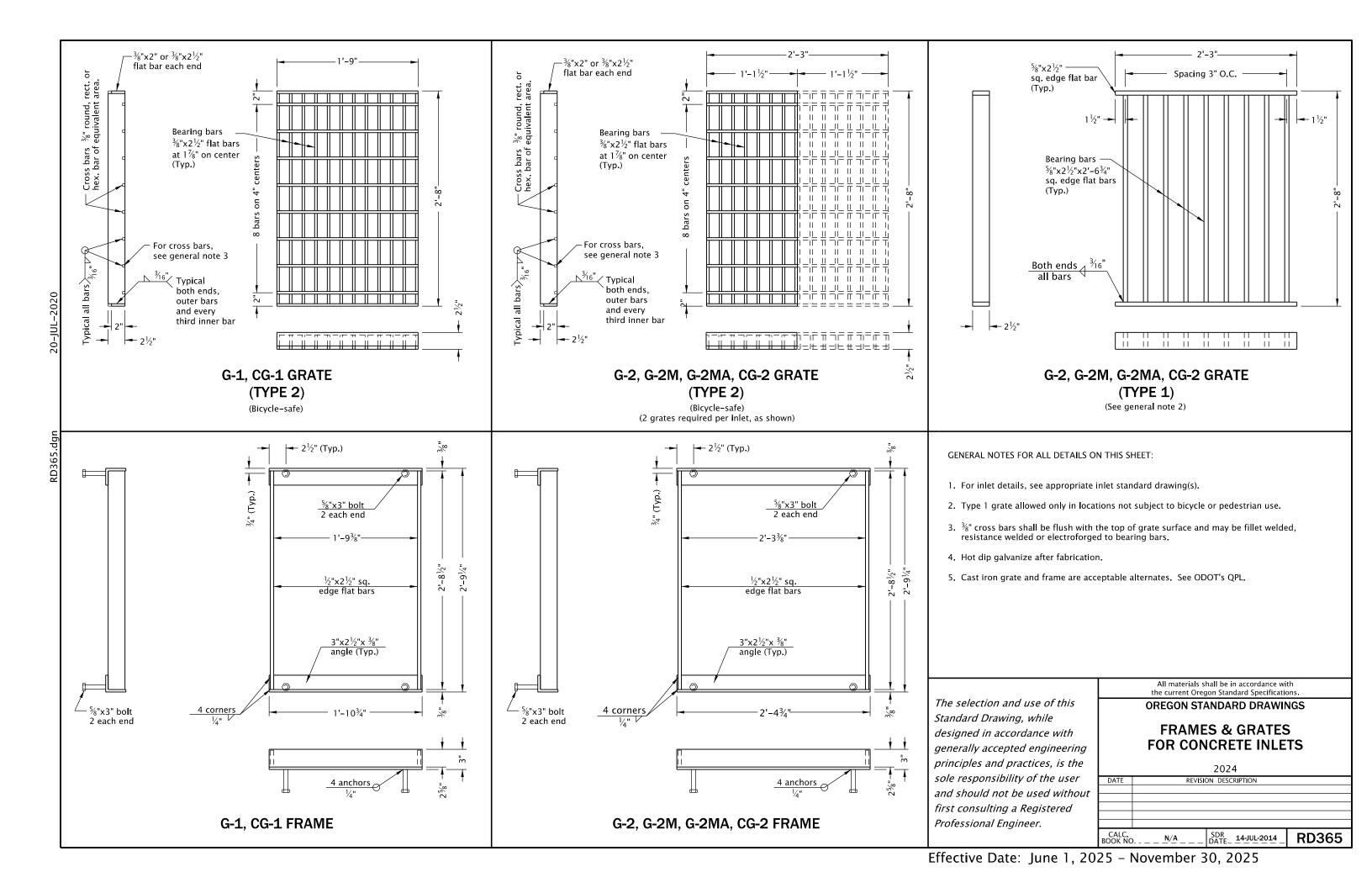
# CONNECTION OF FLEXIBLE PIPE TO STRUCTURE

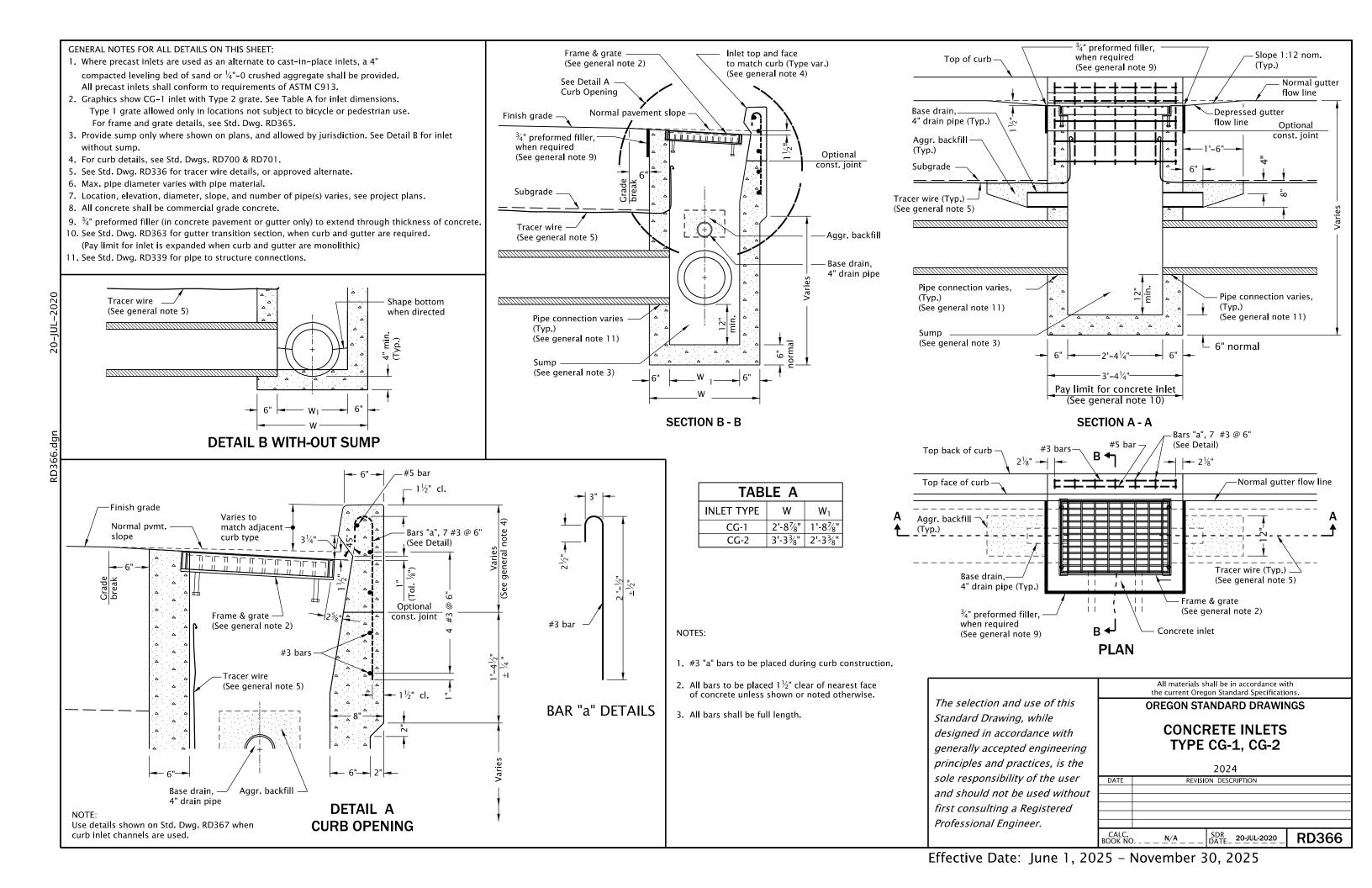


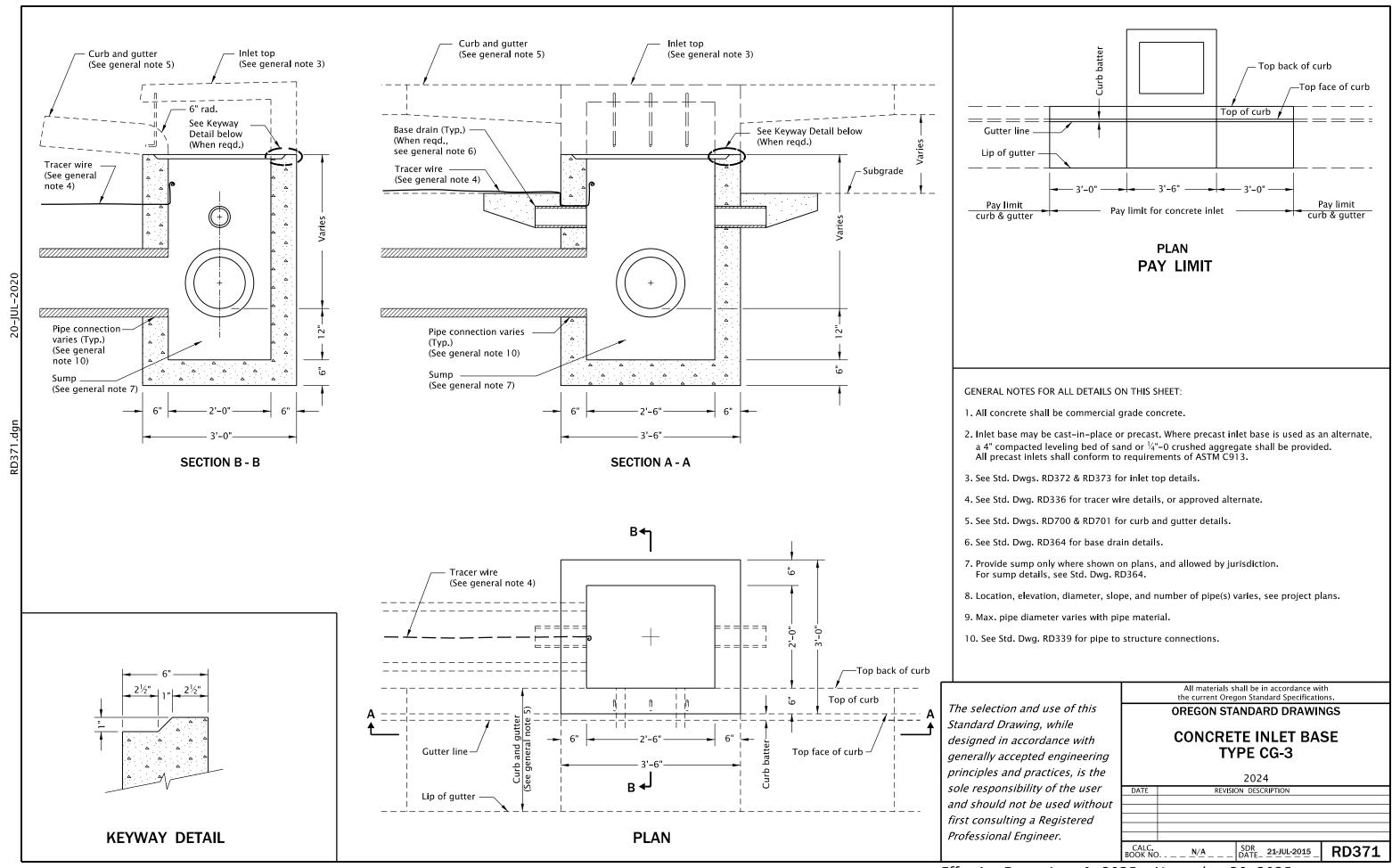


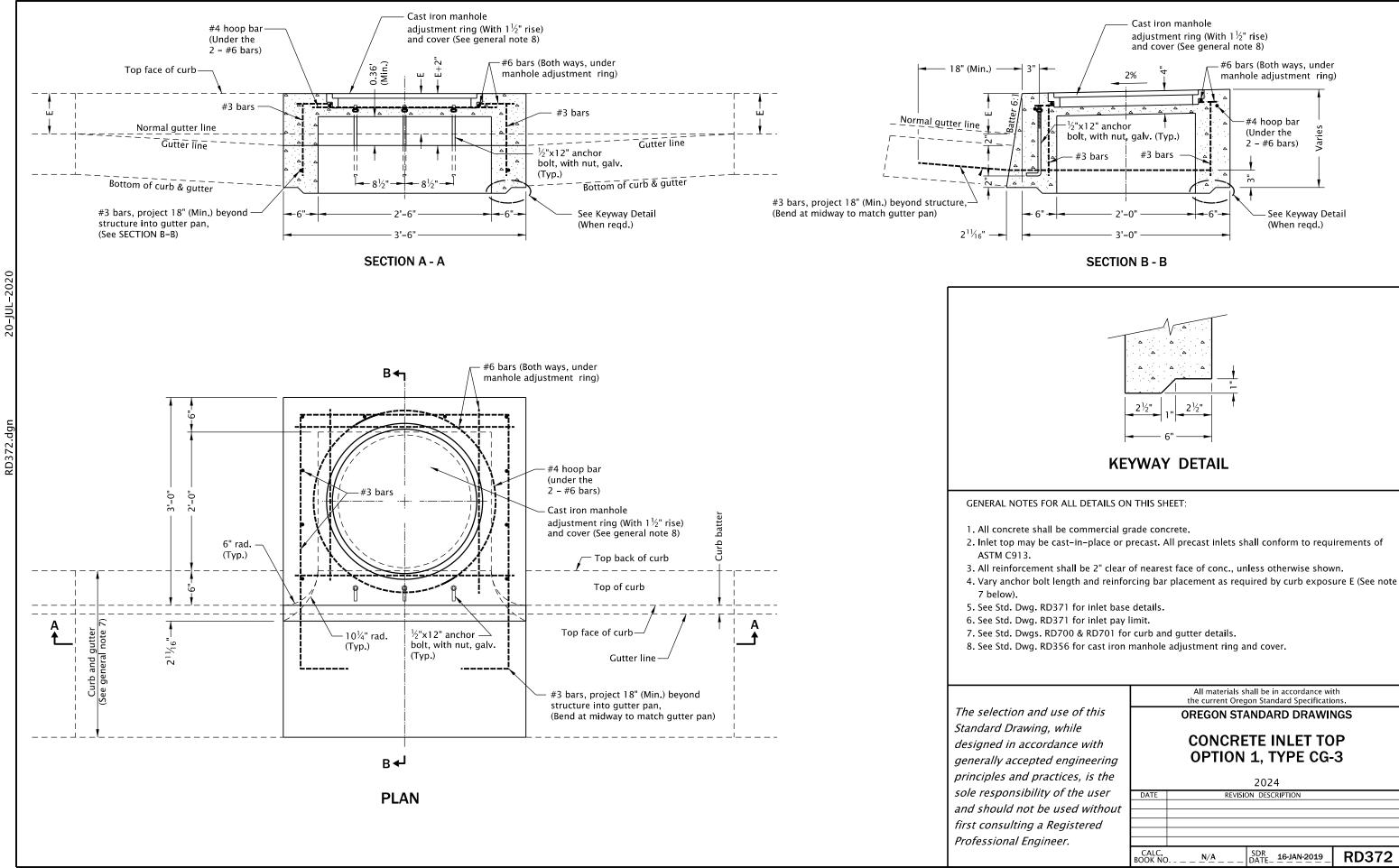


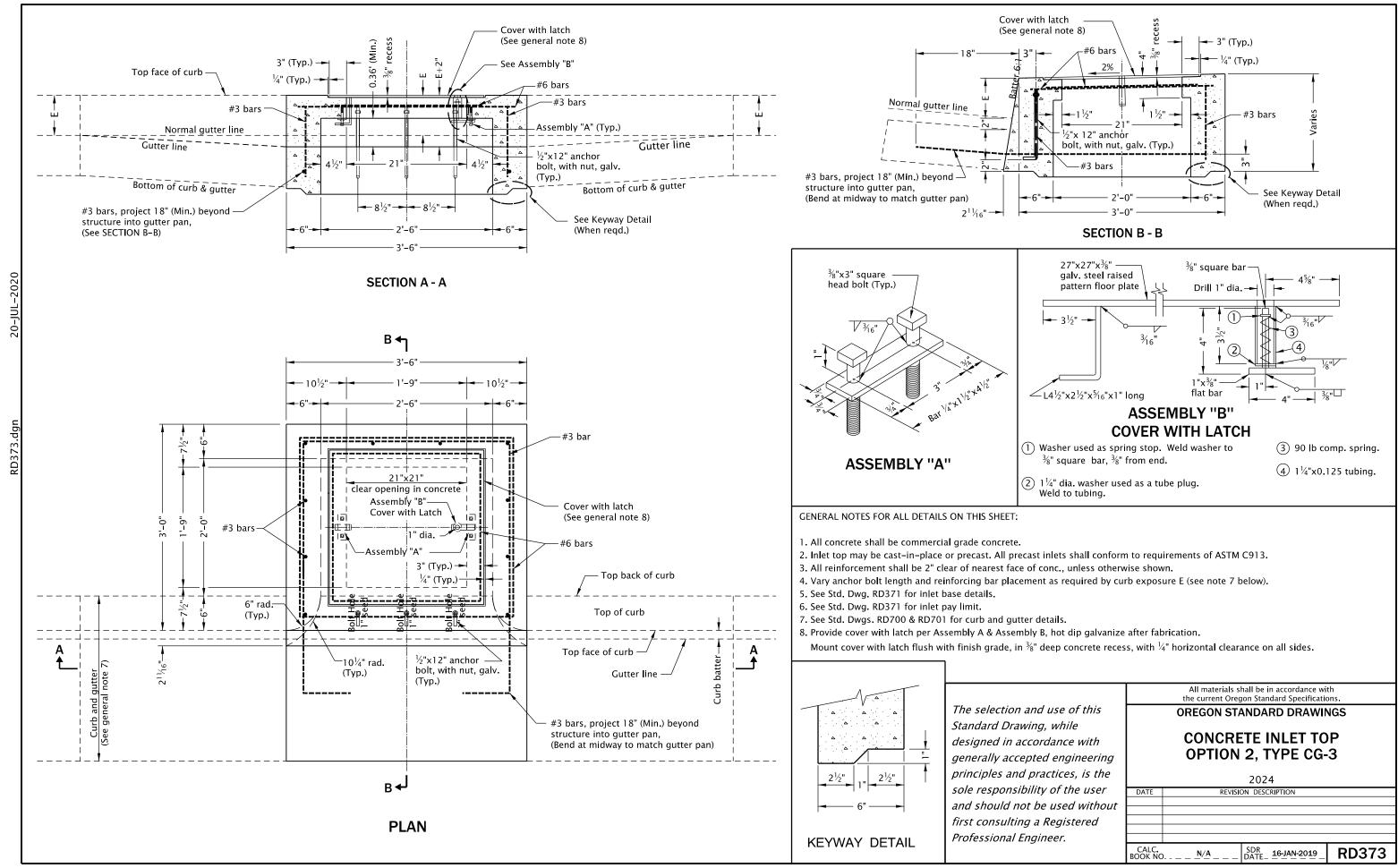


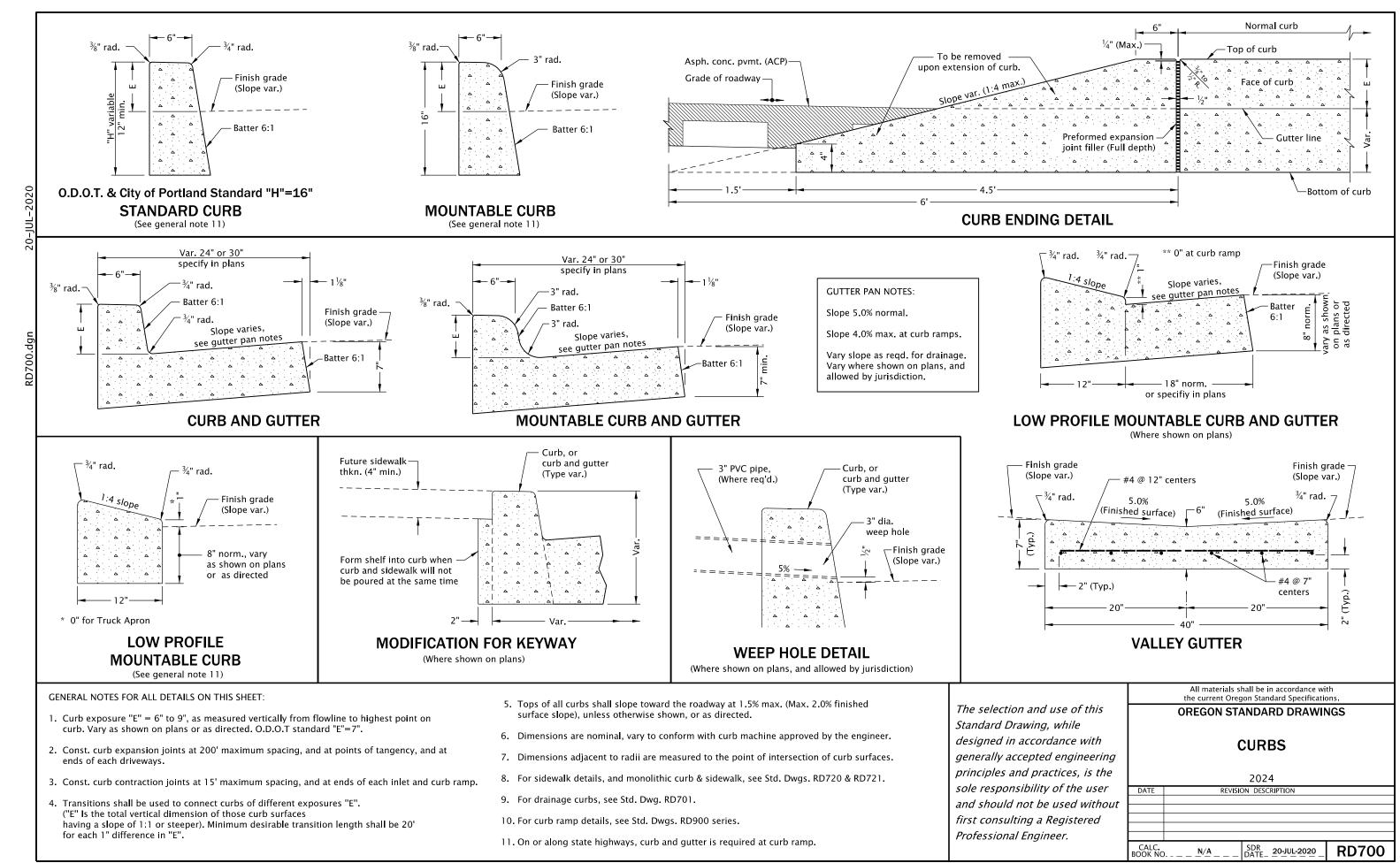


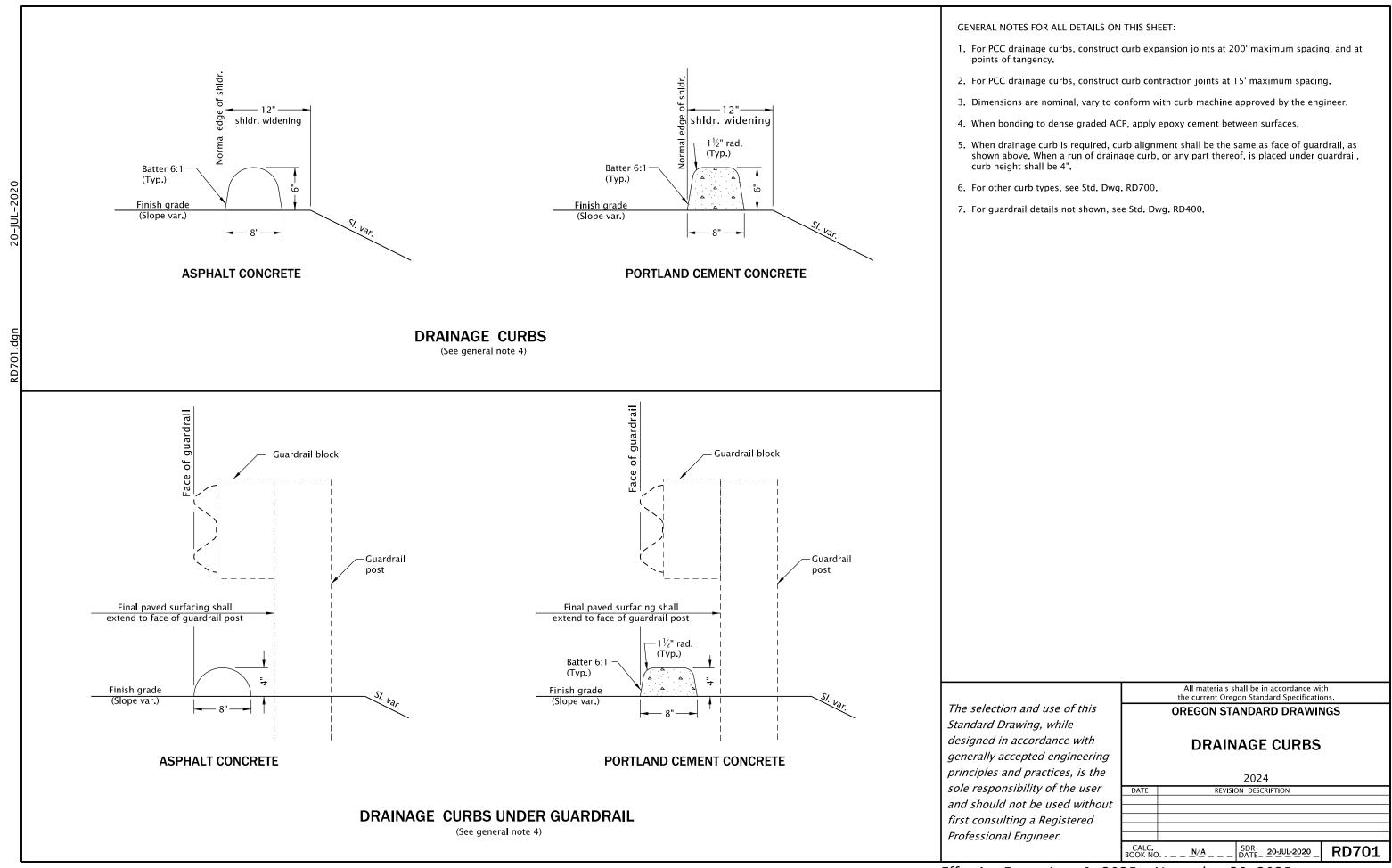


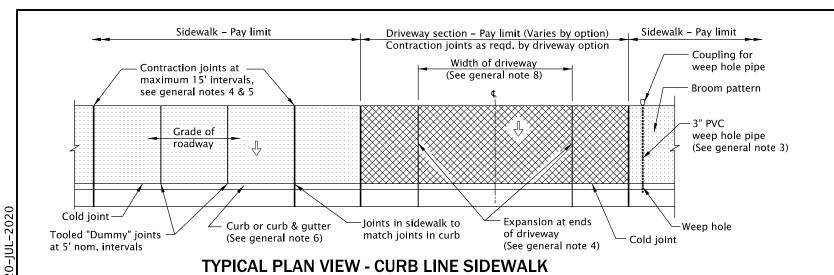


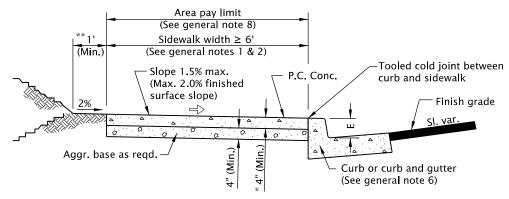




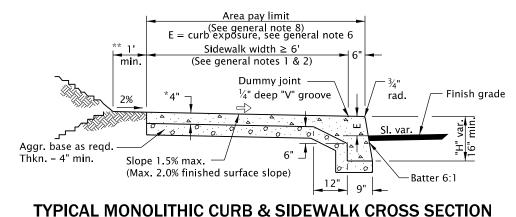








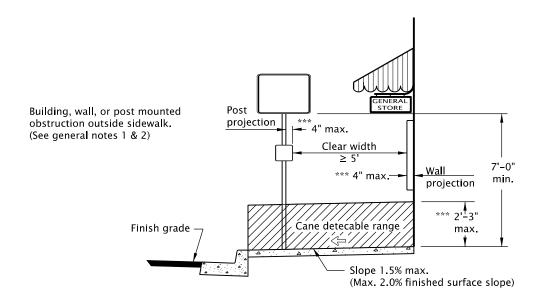
# TYPICAL CURB SIDEWALK CROSS SECTION



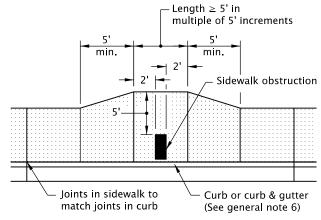
E = curb exposure, see general note 6

- \* Min. 4" or as specified in plans. A thickness ≥ 6" if sidewalk is intended as portion of a driveway or mountable curb is used.
- \*\* Provide compacted backfill adjacent to curb and sidewalk

\*\*\* Objects with base below 2'-3" may protrude any distance as long as the 5' circulation path is maintained. When an object with a base higher than 2'-3" protrudes further than 4" provide a detection below protrusion to delineate edge.



# **CLEAR CIRCULATION PATH**



# REQUIRED SIDEWALK WIDENING AROUND OBSTRUCTIONS

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Include additional paved or unpaved 2' shy distance to vertical faces higher than 5' such as retaining walls, sound walls, fences and buildings.
- Curb type and sidewalk width as shown on plans or as directed.
   On sidewalks 8' and wider, provide a longitudinal joint at the midpoint.
- 3. Install 3" pvc weep hole pipes in sidewalks where shown on plans, and allowed by jurisdiction. Place contraction joint over top of pipe. See Std. Dwg. RD700 for weep hole details.
- 4. Provide expansion joints around poles, posts, boxes, at ends of each driveway, and other fixtures which protrude through or against the structures.
  For sidewalk, monolithic curb & sidewalk, const. expansion joints at 45' maximum spacing.
  See Std. Dwg. RD722 for expansion joints details.
- Const. contraction joints at 15' maximum spacing, and at ends of each curb ramp.
   See Std. Dwg. RD722 for contraction joints details.
- 6. For curb details, see Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701. ODOT standard E=7".

- 7. Sidewalk details are based on applicable ODOT standards.
- Fully lowered sidewalk shown; see project plans for the diveway design specified.
   For driveway details not shown, see Std. Dwgs. RD725, RD730, RD735, RD740, RD745 & RD750.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.

#### LEGEND

Sidewalk pay limit.



Driveway pay limit, varies by option, (See general note 8).

 $\Diamond$ 

Cross slope 1.5% max.
(Max. 2.0% finished surface slope)
(Normal sidewalk cross slope)

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CURB LINE SIDEWALKS

2024
REVISION DESCRIPTION

SDR DATE 21-JUN-2019 **RD720** 

All materials shall be in accordance with

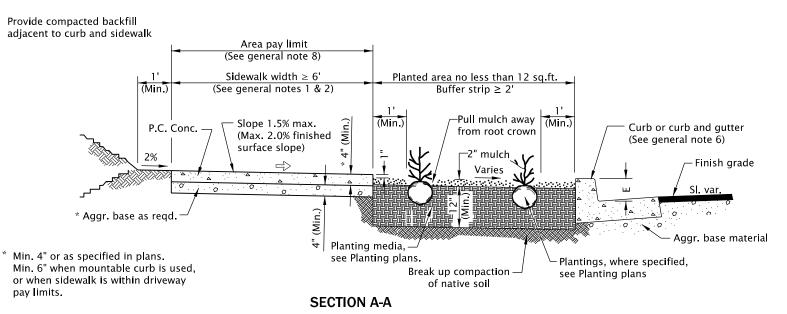
the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

Effective Date: June 1, 2025 - November 30, 2025

CALC. BOOK NO

### TYPICAL PLAN VIEW - SEPARATED SIDEWALK

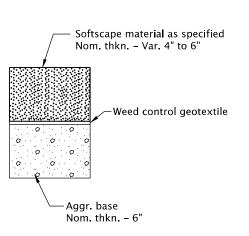


## TYPICAL SETBACK SIDEWALK CROSS SECTION

E = curb exposure, see general note 6

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:

- 1. Include additional paved or unpaved 2' shy distance to vertical faces higher than 5' such as retaining walls, sound walls, fences and buildings.
- Curb type and sidewalk width as shown on plans or as directed.On sidewalks 8' and wider, provide a longitudinal joint at the midpoint.
- 3. Install 3" pvc weep hole pipes in sidewalks where shown on plans, and allowed by jurisdiction. Place contraction joint over top of pipe. See Std. Dwg. RD700 for weep hole details.
- 4. Provide expansion joints around poles, posts, boxes, at ends of each driveway, and other fixtures which protrude through or against the structures.
  For sidewalk, monolithic curb & sidewalk, const. expansion joints at 45' maximum spacing.
  See Std. Dwg. RD722 for expansion joint details.
- 5. Const. contraction joints at 15' maximum spacing, and at ends of each curb ramp. See Std. Dwg. RD722 for contraction joint details.
- Curb and gutter shown; see project plans for the curb design specified. For curb details, see Std. Dwgs. RD700 & RD701.
   ODOT standard E=7".
- 7. Sidewalk details are based on ODOT applicable standards.
- Driveway encroaches into sidewalk shown; see project plans for the driveway design specified. For driveway details not shown, see Std. Dwgs. RD725, RD730, RD735, RD740, RD745 & RD750.
- 9. See project plans for details not shown.
- 10. Provide plantings in areas 12 SF or greater, as shown or directed. Treat areas less than 12 SF with mulch surfacing.



## NON-PLANTED SOFTSCAPE CROSS SECTION

#### NOTE

- 1 Use softscape materials allowed by jurisdiction.
- 2. Approved softscape materials:
- a) Loose, durable round rock 2"-4"in diameter
- b) Lava rock 2"-4"diameter
- c) Wood chips/bark mulch
- d) Sand
- 3. No crushed aggregate or pea gravel allowed.
- 4. Install softscape material flush with the top of sidewalk.

LEGEND

Sidewalk pay limit.

Driveway pay limit, varies by option, (See general note 8).

Cross slope 1.5% max.
(Max. 2.0% finished surface slope)
(Normal sidewalk cross slope)

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SEPARATED SIDEWALKS

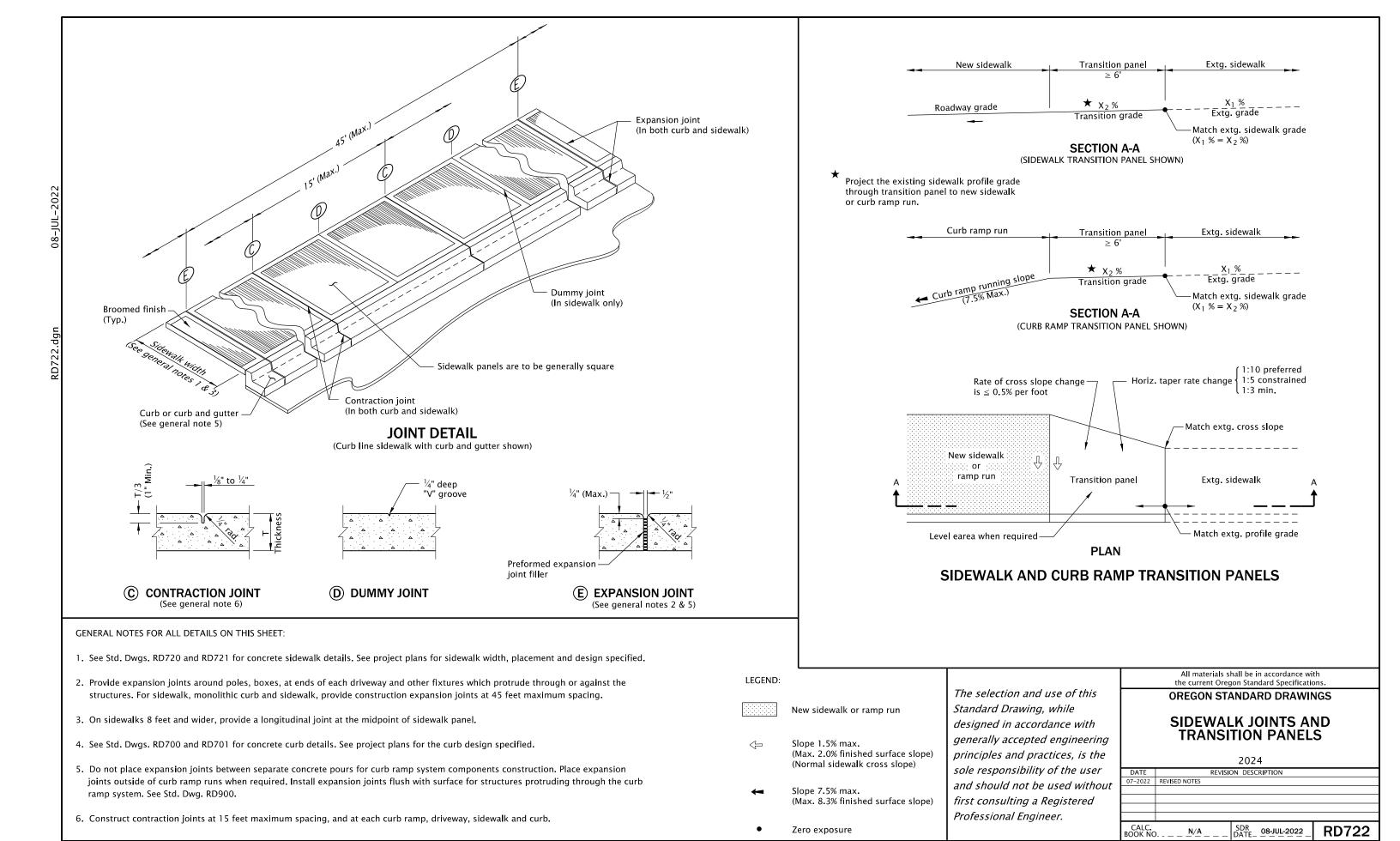
2024

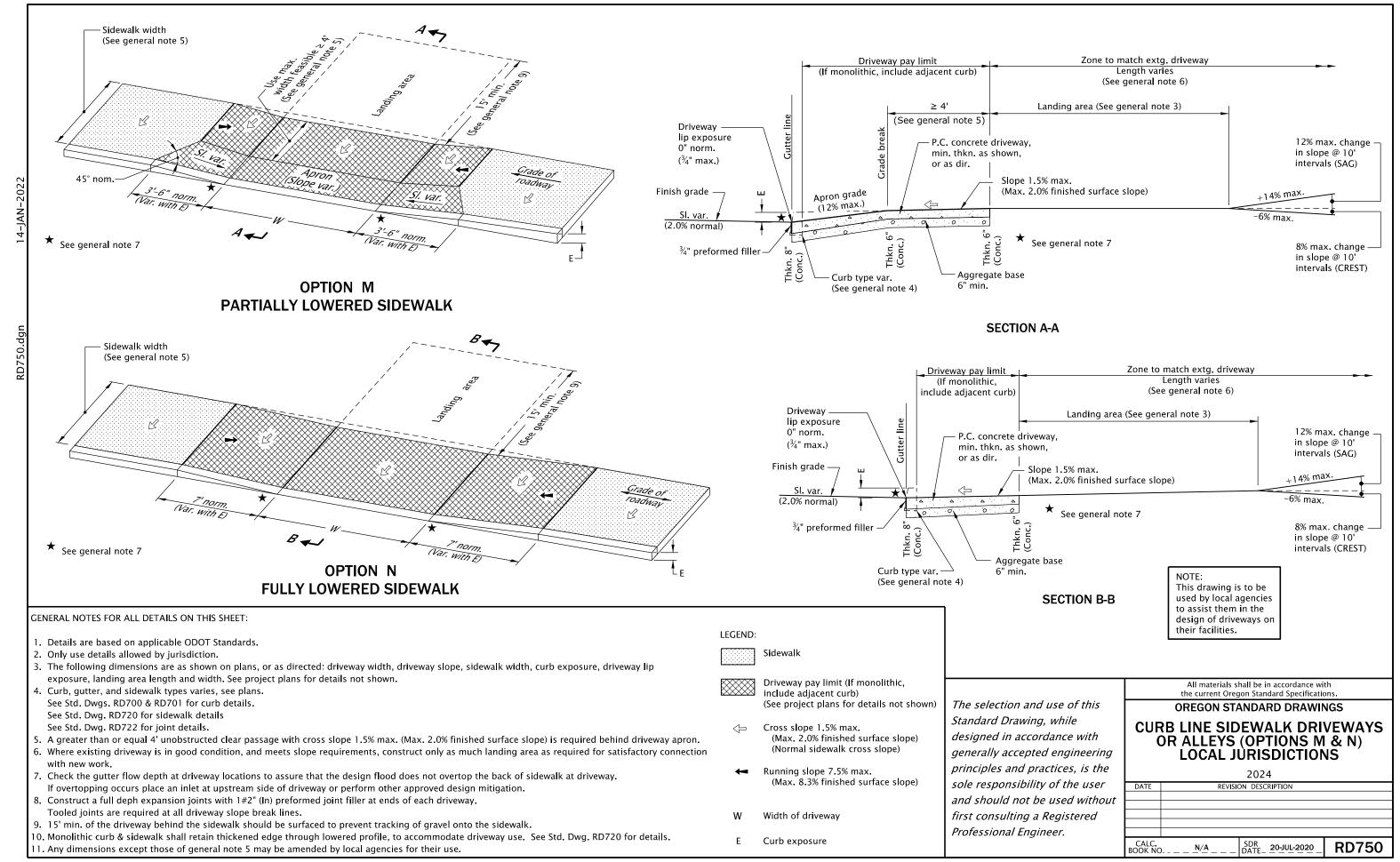
DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION

CALC.
BOOK NO. \_\_\_\_N/A \_\_\_\_ SDR\_ 20-JUL-2020 RD721

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 





CURB RAMP INDEX				
STANDARD DRAWING NUMBER	STANDARD DRAWING TITLE			
RD900	Curb Ramp Components and Legend			
RD901	Curb Ramp Legend and Corner Identification			
RD902	Detectable Warning Surface Details			
RD904	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Curb Ramps			
RD905	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Directional Curbs			
RD906	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Accesible Route Island			
RD908	Detectable Warning Surface Placement For Rail			
RD909	Detectable Guide Strip Placement at Bike Ramps			
RD910	Perpendicular Curb Ramp			
RD912	Perpendicular Curb Ramp			
RD913	Perpendicular Curb Ramp With Closure			
RD916	Perpendicular Curb Ramp Single Ramp			
RD920	Parallel Curb Ramp			
RD922	Parallel Curb Ramp Single Ramp			
RD930	Combination Curb Ramp			
RD932	Combination Curb Ramp			
RD936	Combination Curb Ramp			
RD938	Combination Curb Ramp Single Ramp			
RD940	Blended Transition Curb Ramp Single Ramp			
RD950	End of Walk Curb Ramp			
RD952	End of Walk Curb Ramp			
RD960	Unique Curb Ramp			

#### LEGEND:

Marked or intended crossing location

Sidewalk or other traversable surface

Detectable warning surface (DWS)

Level area (Turning space/landing)

Cross slope 1.5% maximum
(Maximum 2.0% finished surface slope)
(Normal sidewalk cross slope)

Running slope 4.0% maximum (Maximum 4.9% finished surface slope)

Running slope 7.5% maximum (Maximum 8.3% finished surface slope)

Counter slope 4.0% maximum ascending or descending (Maximum 5.0% finished surface slope)
Slope as required for drainage

← Flare slope

(Maximum 10.0% finished surface slope)

4'x4' clear space

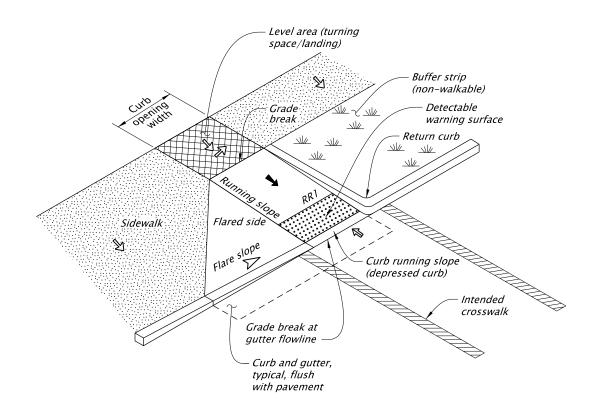
Ramp Run position 1

#### INTERSECTION CONDITION TYPES

MB = Midblock, less than or equal to roadway grade finished gutter flow slope

SU = Signalized or uncontrolled, maximum 5.0% finished gutter flow slope

SY = Stop or Yield, maximum 2.0% finished gutter flow slope



# TYPICAL CURB RAMP SYSTEM COMPONENTS

(PERPENDICULAR TYPE SHOWN)

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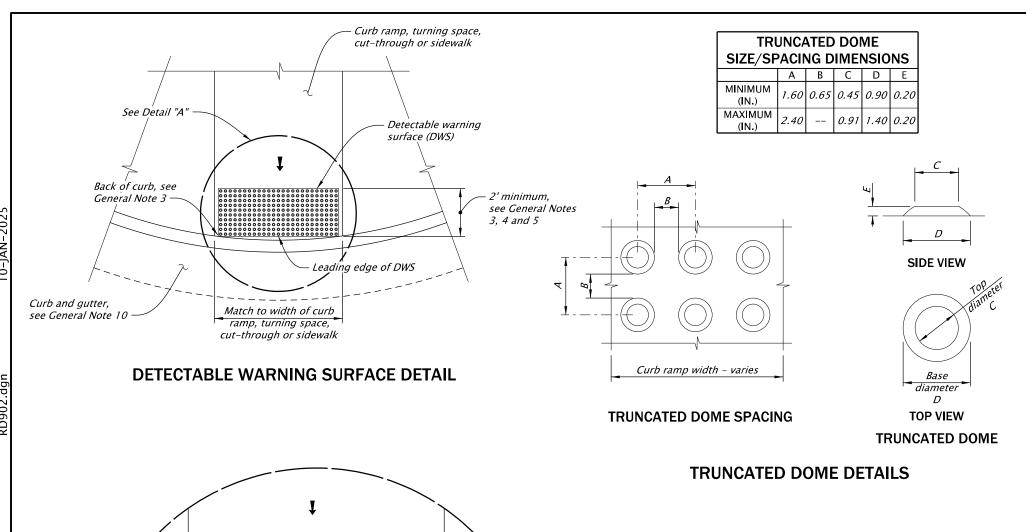
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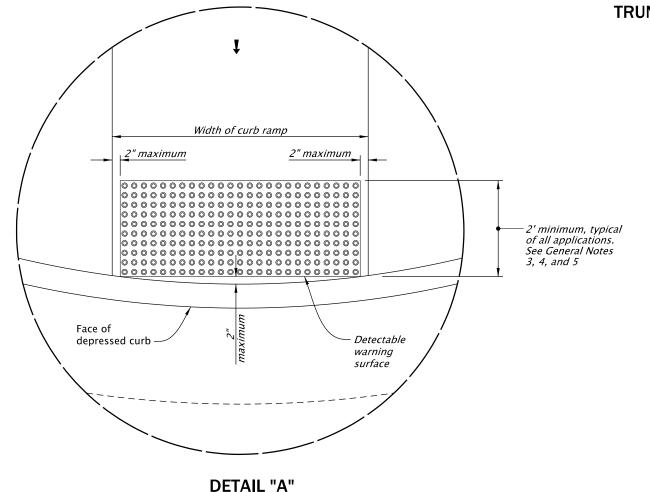
OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

# CURB RAMP COMPONENTS AND LEGEND

2024

2021				
REVISION DESCRIPTION				
:ND	1-2023 F			
D STANDARDS	1-2025 l			
/A SDR 10-JAN-2025 _	CALC OOK NO	RD900		





#### **GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:**

- 1. Detectable warning surface details and locations are based on applicable ODOT Standards.
- 2. See project plans for details not shown. See drawings RD700 and RD701 for curbs.
- 3. The detectable warning surface shall extend the full width of the curb ramp opening, shared use path, blended transition, turning space, or other roadway entrance as applicable. A gap of up to 2 inches on each side of the detectable warning surface is permitted (measured at the leading edge of the detectable warning surface panel as shown in Detail "A").
- 4. Detectable warning surface shall be placed at the back of curb for a minimum depth of 2 feet in the direction of pedestrian travel at curb ramps that are adjacent to traffic. Detectable warning surface may be radial or rectangular, but must comply with the truncated dome size and spacing standards. Detectable warning surface may be cut to meet necessary shape as shown in plans. Detectable warning surface across a grade break is prohibited. Place abutting panels within 1/4-inch of each other and install anchors, as specified by manufacturers, along cut edge.
- 5. Color to be safety yellow, if no color specified in construction note. Alternative colors require a design exception on or along state highways.
- 6. Detectable warning surface shall be used in the following locations:
  - a) Curb ramps at street crossings
  - b) Crossing islands (Accessible Route Islands)
  - c) Rail crossings
- 7. Where public transportation stations (rail, bus, etc.) use platform boarding, detectable warning surface shall be placed along the full edge length of the station, when not protected by platform screens or guards. See drawing RD908.
- 8. Detectable warning surface shall not be used on the following locations:
  - a) End of sidewalk transitions that are not at a crosswalk. See drawings RD950, RD952 and RD960.
  - b) Driveways, unless constructed with curb return or are signalized.
  - ) Parking lots, access aisles and passenger loading zones where curb ramp does not lead to vehicular way.
- 9. Where no curb is present, the detectable warning surface shall be placed at the edge of the roadway.
- 10. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.

#### LEGEND:



Detectable warning surface

 $\Diamond$ 

Cross slope 1.5% maximum (Maximum 2.0% finished surface slope) (Normal sidewalk cross slope)

**←** 

Running slope 7.5% maximum (Maximum 8.3% finished surface slope)

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All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

# OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

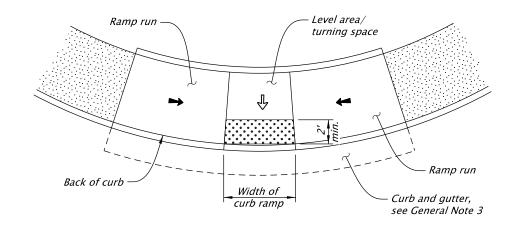
# DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS

2024

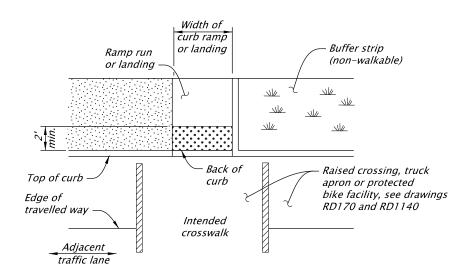
DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION

01-2025 UPDATED CAD STANDARDS

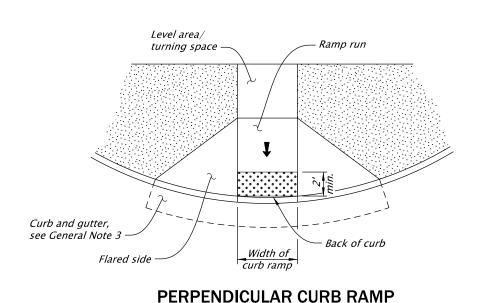
CALC.
BOOK NO. N/A DATE 10-JAN-2025 RD902



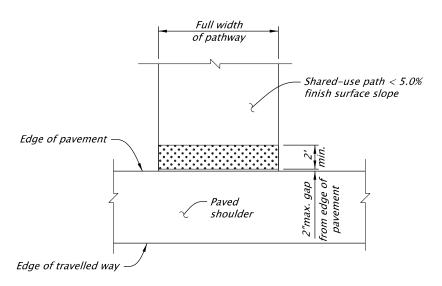
**PARALLEL CURB RAMP** 



RAISED CROSSING, TRUCK APRON



**GRADE BREAK IN FRONT OF CURB** 



**SHARED-USE PATH CONNECTION** OR CURBLESS WALKWAY

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the current Oregon Standard Specifications. **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

# **DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE** PLACEMENT FOR CURB RAMPS

All materials shall be in accordance with

2021					
REVISION DESCRIPTION					
	S	UPDATED CAD STANDARDS	1-2025		
RD904	SDR DATE_ <b>10-JAN-2025</b> _	D <u>N/A</u>	CALC. OOK NO		

OR PROTECTED BIKE FACILITY

2024

**GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS ON THIS SHEET:** 

Standards.

LEGEND:

Sidewalk

1. Detectable warning surface details and locations are based on applicable ODOT

2. See project plans for details not shown. See drawings RD700 and RD701 for curbs. See drawing RD902 for detectable warning surface installation details.

4. Detectable warning surface placement for perpendicular ramps vary as shown.

3. On or along state highways, curb and gutter is required at curb ramps.

(Maximum 2.0% finished surface slope)

(Maximum 8.3% finished surface slope)

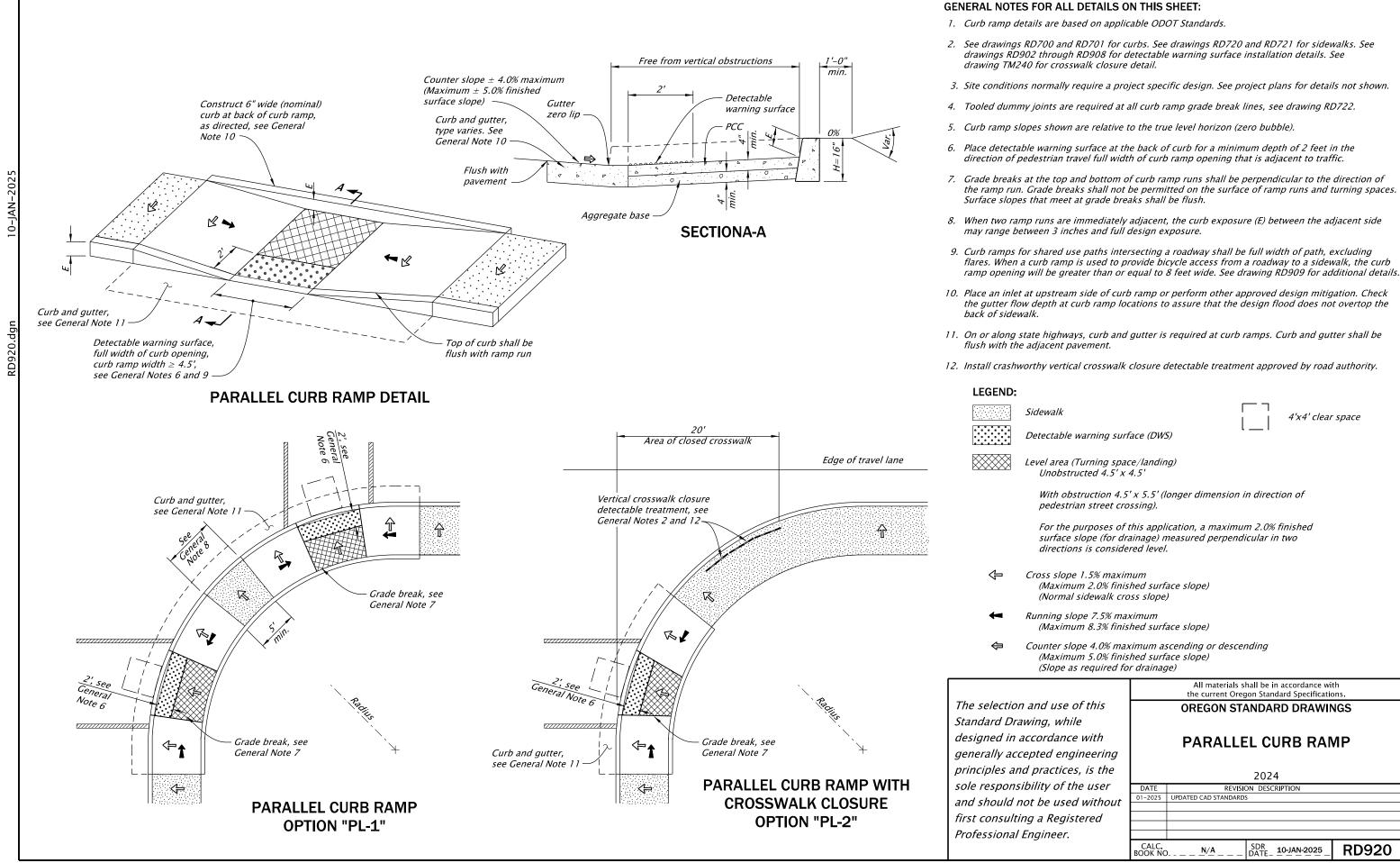
Marked or intended crossing location

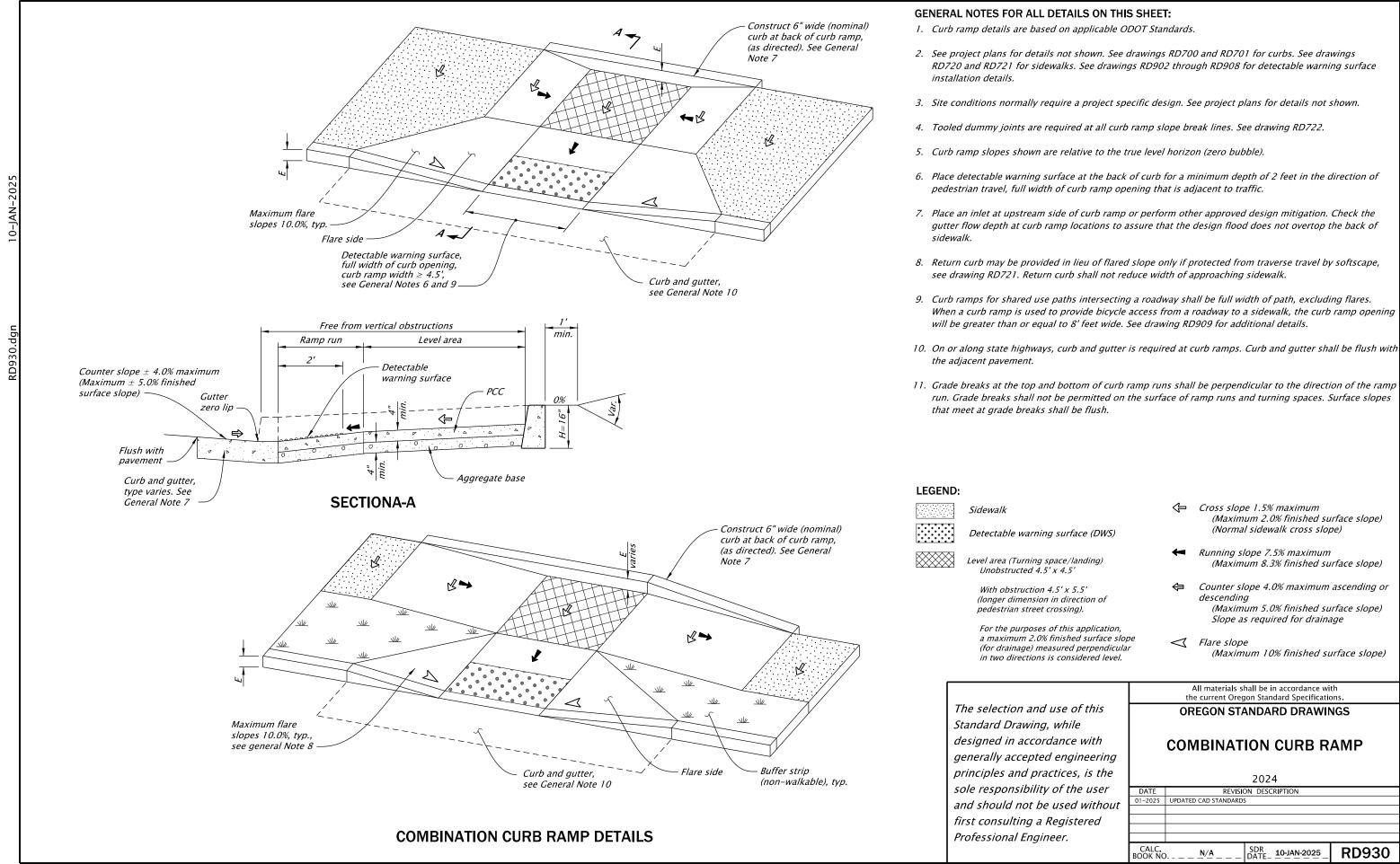
Detectable warning surface

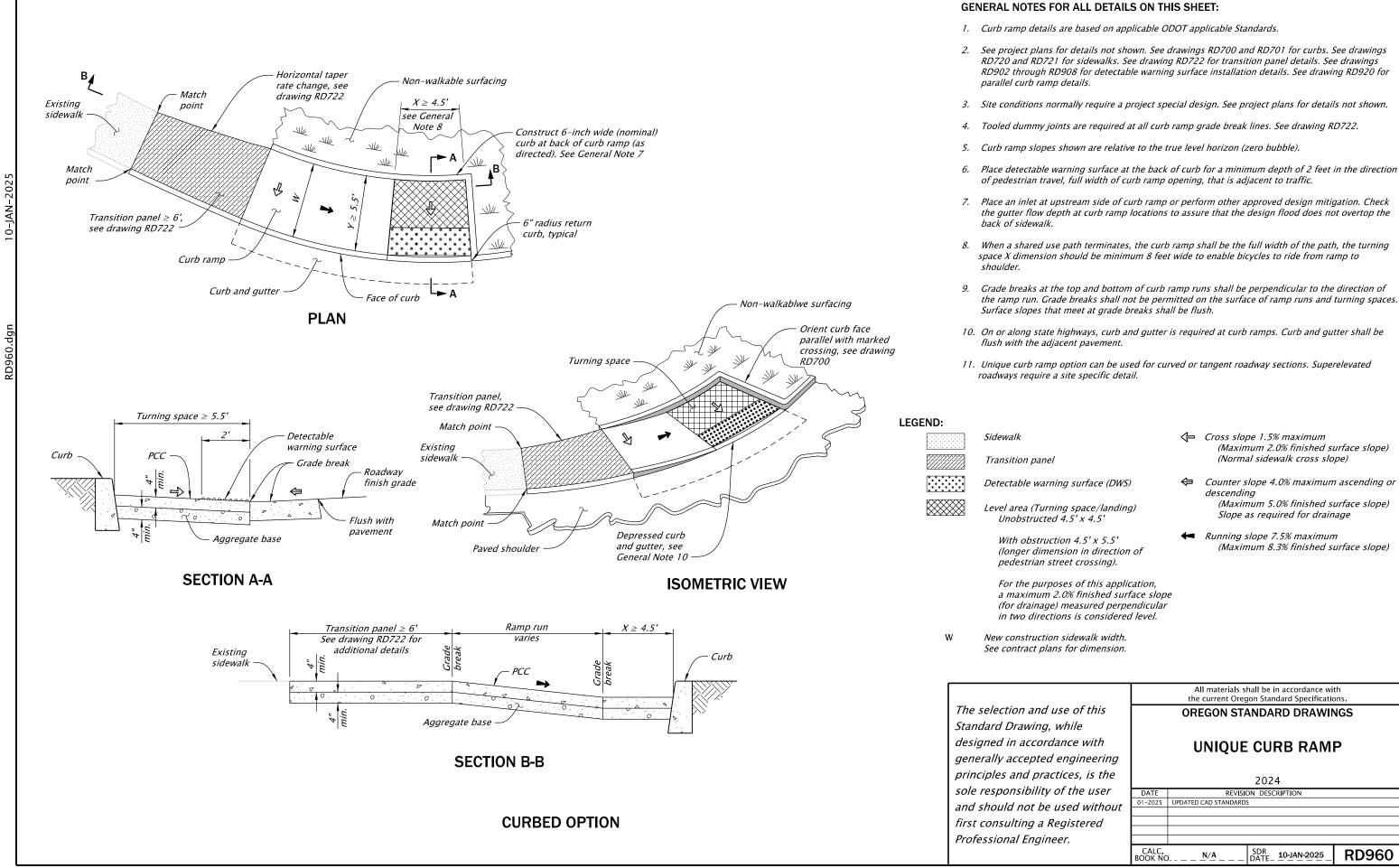
Cross slope 1.5% maximum

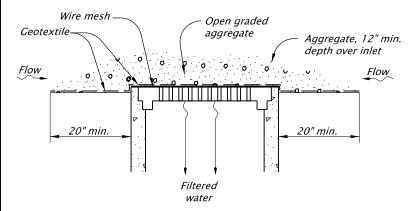
Running slope 7.5% maximum

(Normal sidewalk cross slope)

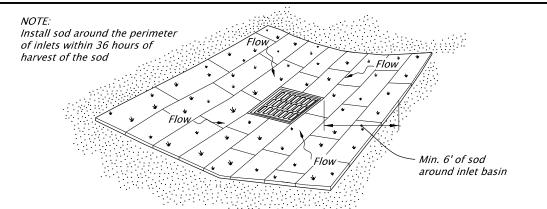








# Grate #5 Rebar #5 Rebar Flow Sewn 6" Sewn 6' overlap overlap Geotextile insert Filtered water



# GEOTEXTILE/WIRE MESH/AGGREGATE - TYPE 2

**AREA DRAIN PLAN** 

Compost filter sock or wattle. Use

sandbags to hold wattles in place.

Place a sandbag at each

3' OC to hold in place

end of wattle and

Sandbags are not necessary for

compost filter socks

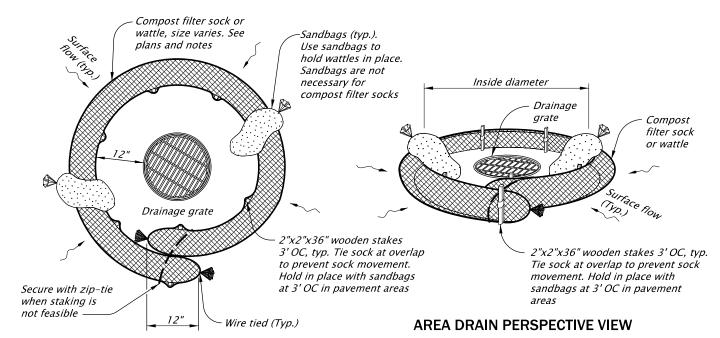
NOT TO SCALE

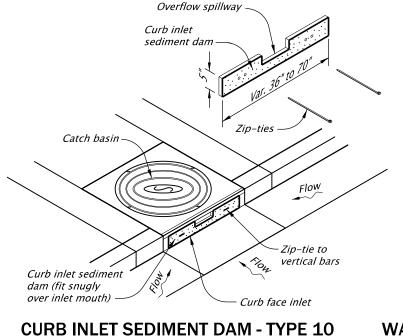
# PREFABRICATED FILTER INSERT - TYPE 3

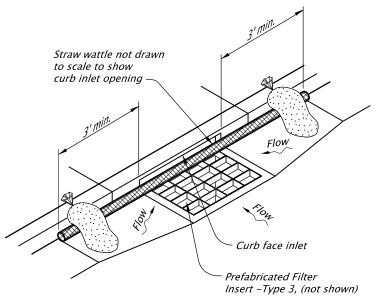
**NOT TO SCALE** 

# **SOD PROTECTION - TYPE 6**

NOT TO SCALE







Type 2 - Geotextile/wire mesh/aggregate Place the wire mesh over the grate. Place sediment fence geotextile over the wire mesh and perimeter area around structure. Install aggregate over the geotextile fabric.

Type 3 – Prefabricated filter inserts Install prefabricated filter inserts according to the plans, special provisions, and manufacturer recommendations. Prefabricated inserts with provisions for overflow are allowed only when accompanied by additional BMP's to prevent the potential of sediments entering project storm systems. Field fabricated inserts are not allowed.

Type 7 - Compost filter sock Drive 2"x2" wood stakes a minimum of 6" into ground and flush with the top of the sock.

Overlap ends of sock per manufacturers recommendations (12"min., 36" max.). Use 8" to 12" dia sock on curbside in traffic areas.

(Type 7 cont.) Use 12" to 18" dia sock in non-traffic areas or areas where the larger socks can be used safely.

NOT TO SCALE

Type 10 - Curb inlet sediment dam Fit curb inlet sediment dam snugly into inlet mouth. Curb inlet sediment dam is required for use with inlet filter insert where at-grade inlet grate and curb inlet are combined at a catch basin.

detail.

Adjust, replace or modify the inlet protection

# **WATTLE BARRIER WITH FILTER INSERT - TYPE 11**

use synthetic mesh socks for temporary installations.

Type 11 - Wattle barrier with filter insert Install prefabricated filter insert per Type 3

Install wattles over opening and 36" to each side of opening tight against curb. Adjust wattle to force storm water to flow through filter insert or wattle prior to leaving the

as needed to prevent sediment laden water from entering the catch basin.

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications. **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

**INLET PROTECTION** TYPE 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 AND 11

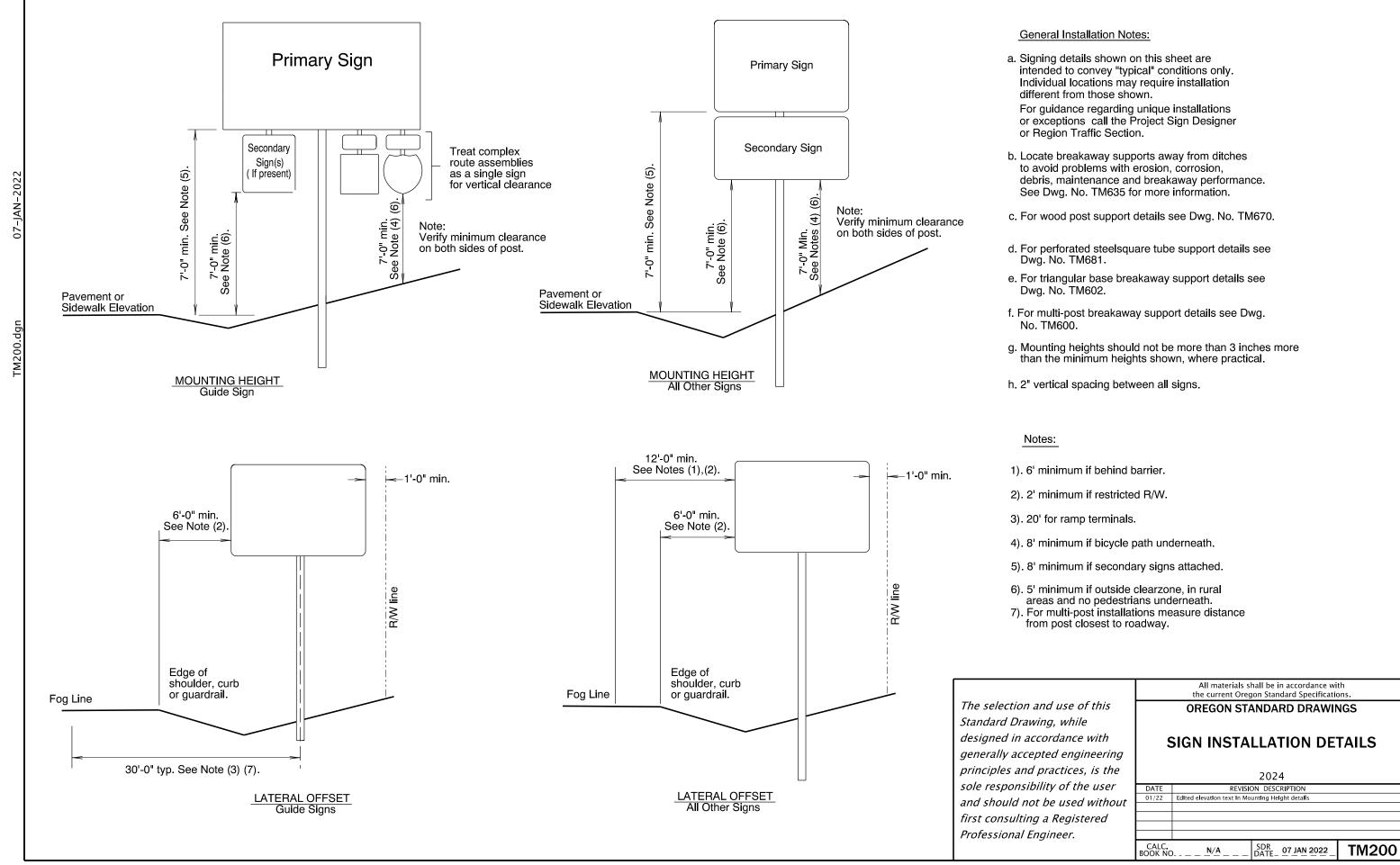
2024

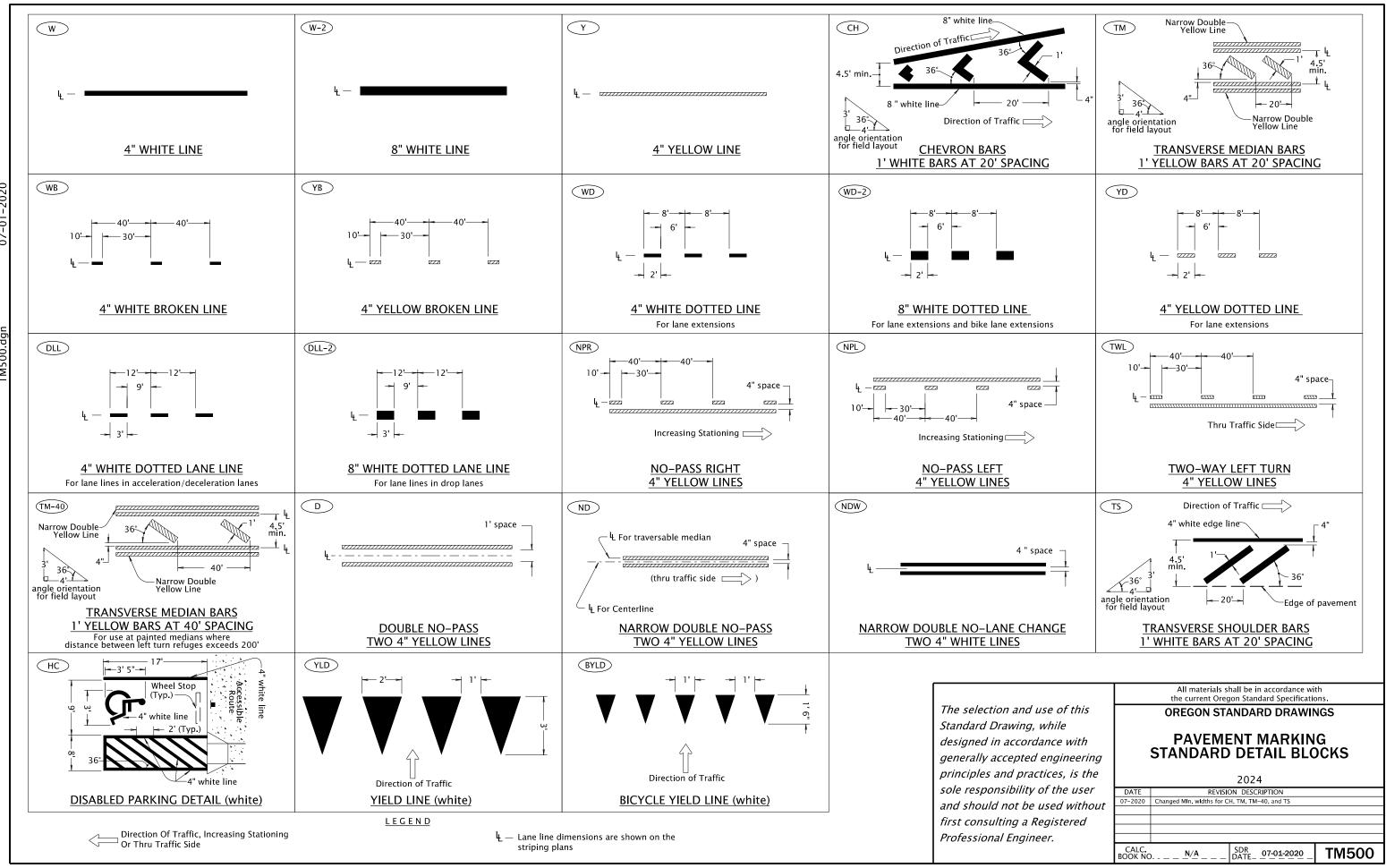
DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION			
01-2021	REMOVED CALC BOOK NUMBERS			
01-2021	MOVED NOTES UP FROM OVERLAPPING THE SHEET BORDER			
CALC. BOOK NO	N/A SDR 20-JAN-2021 <b>RD1010</b>			

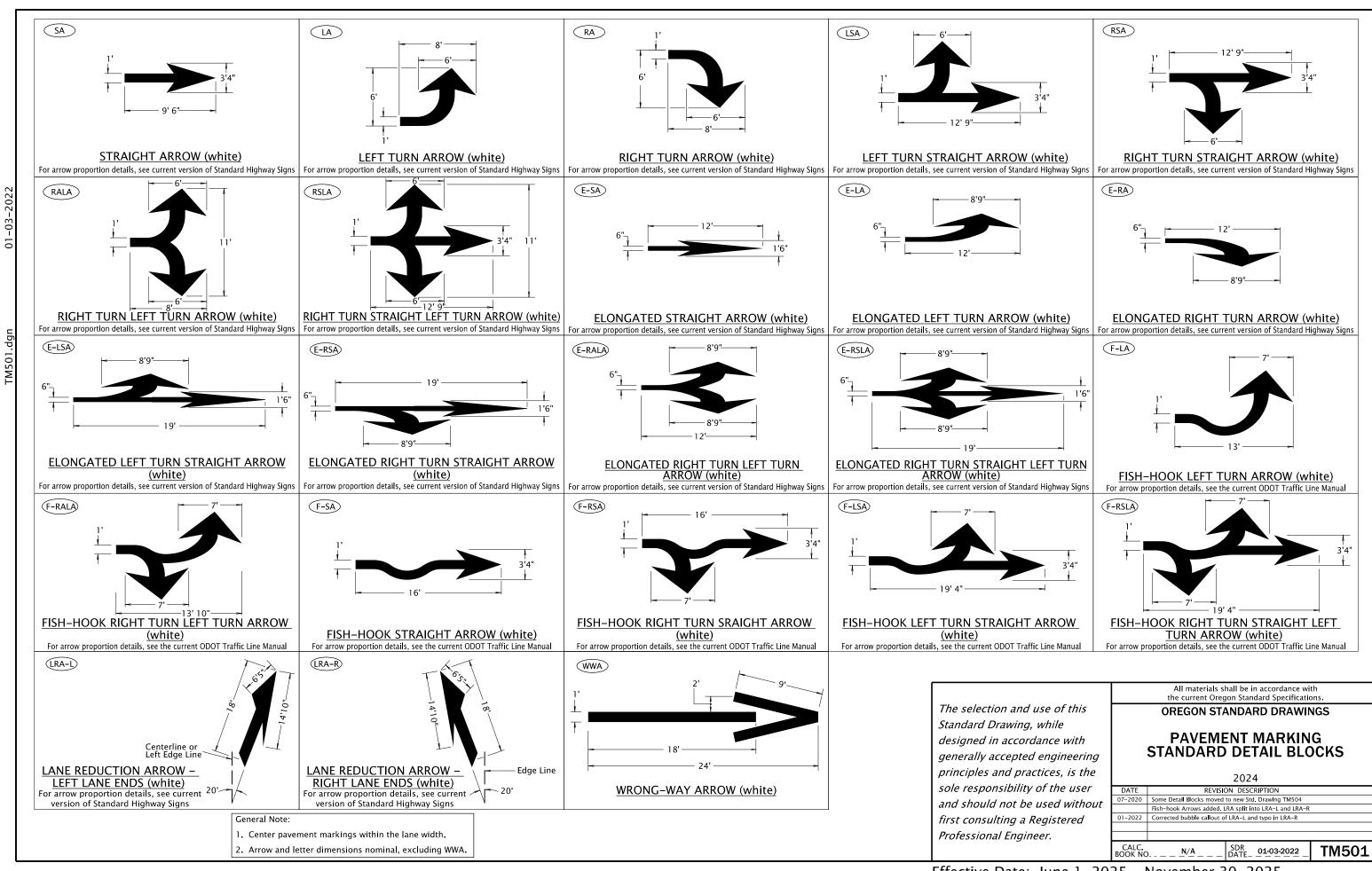
COMPOST FILTER SOCK OR WATTLE - TYPE 7 NOT TO SCALE

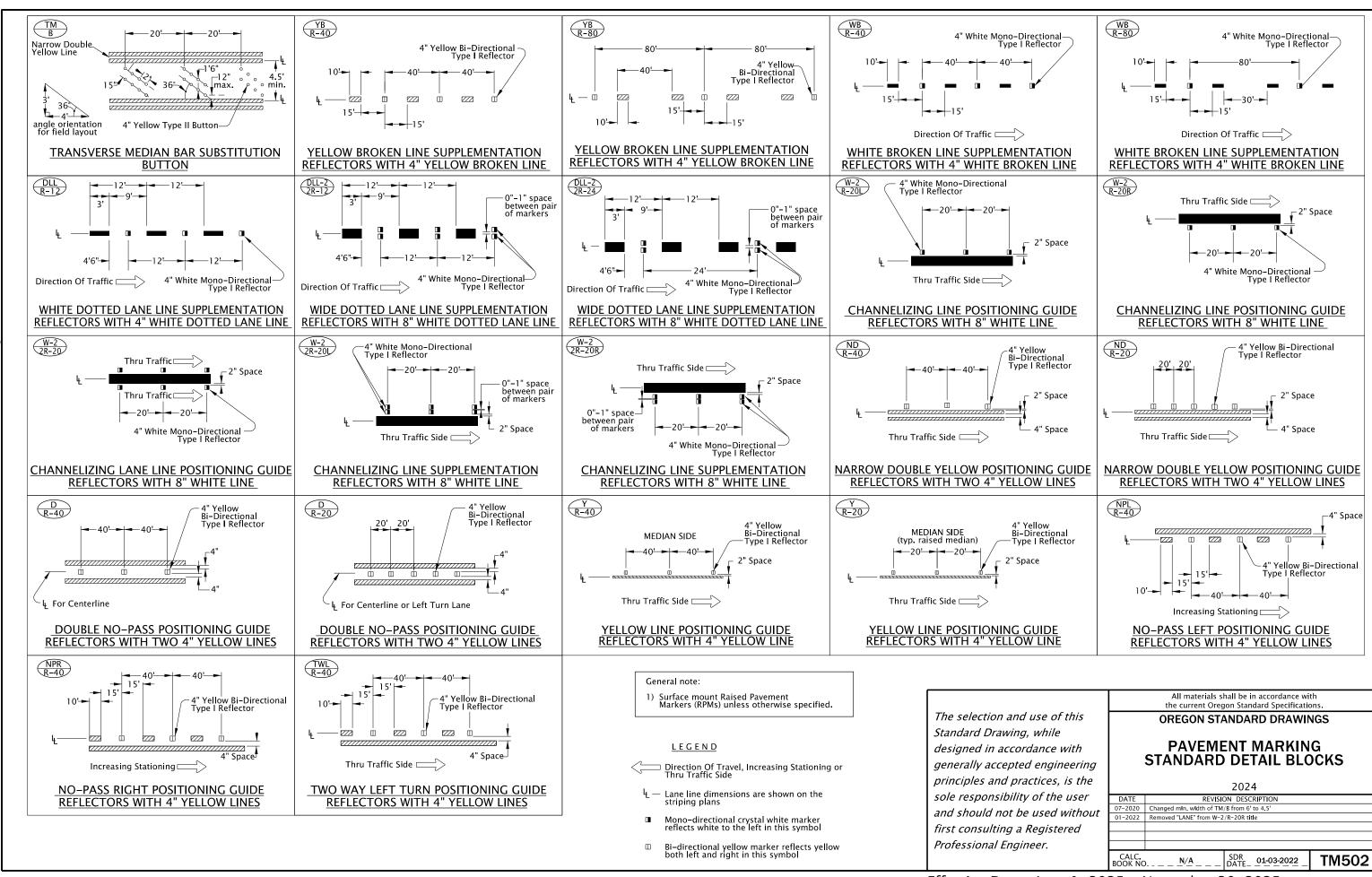
**CURB INLET PERSPECTIVE VIEW** 

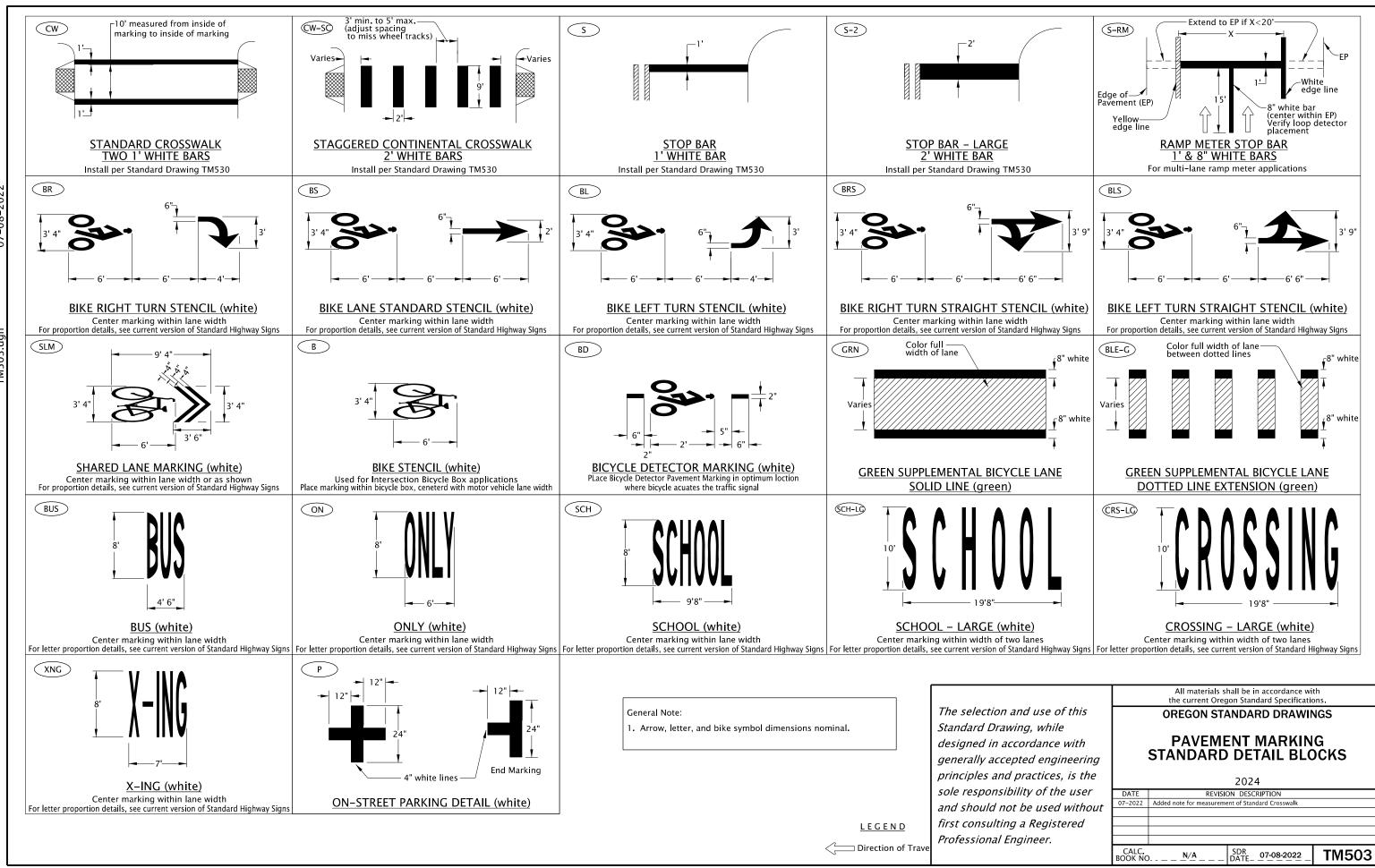
Effective Date: June 1, 2025 - November 30, 2025

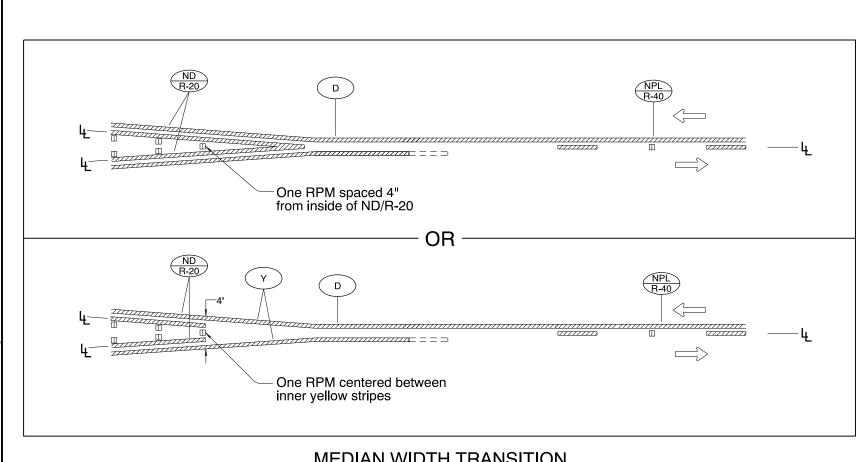






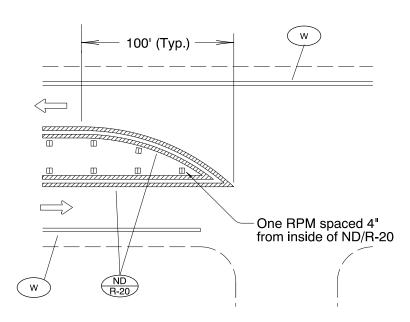




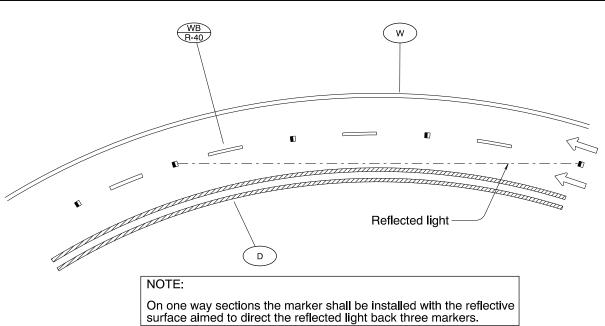


# MEDIAN WIDTH TRANSITION

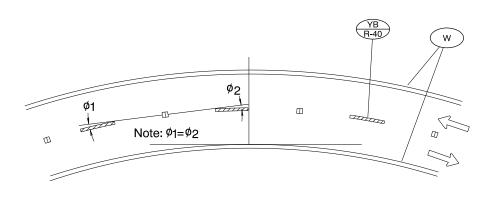
(TWO NARROW DOUBLE YELLOW LINES TO ONE-DIRECTION NO-PASSING LINE) (Refer to TM539 for additional details)



MEDIAN BULLNOSE DETAIL



(a) PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION FOR MONO-DIRECTIONAL RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



(b) PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION FOR BI-DIRECTIONAL RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

# PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION ON HORIZONTAL CURVES

#### LEGEND

- Mono-Directional White (marker reflects white to left in this symbol)
- Bi-Directional Yellow (marker reflects yellow to both the left and right in this symbol)

Increasing stationing from left to right

C Direction of Travel

<sup>4</sup> − Lane line dimensions are shown on the striping plans.

To be accompanied by Standard Dwg. Nos. TM500 thru TM504

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

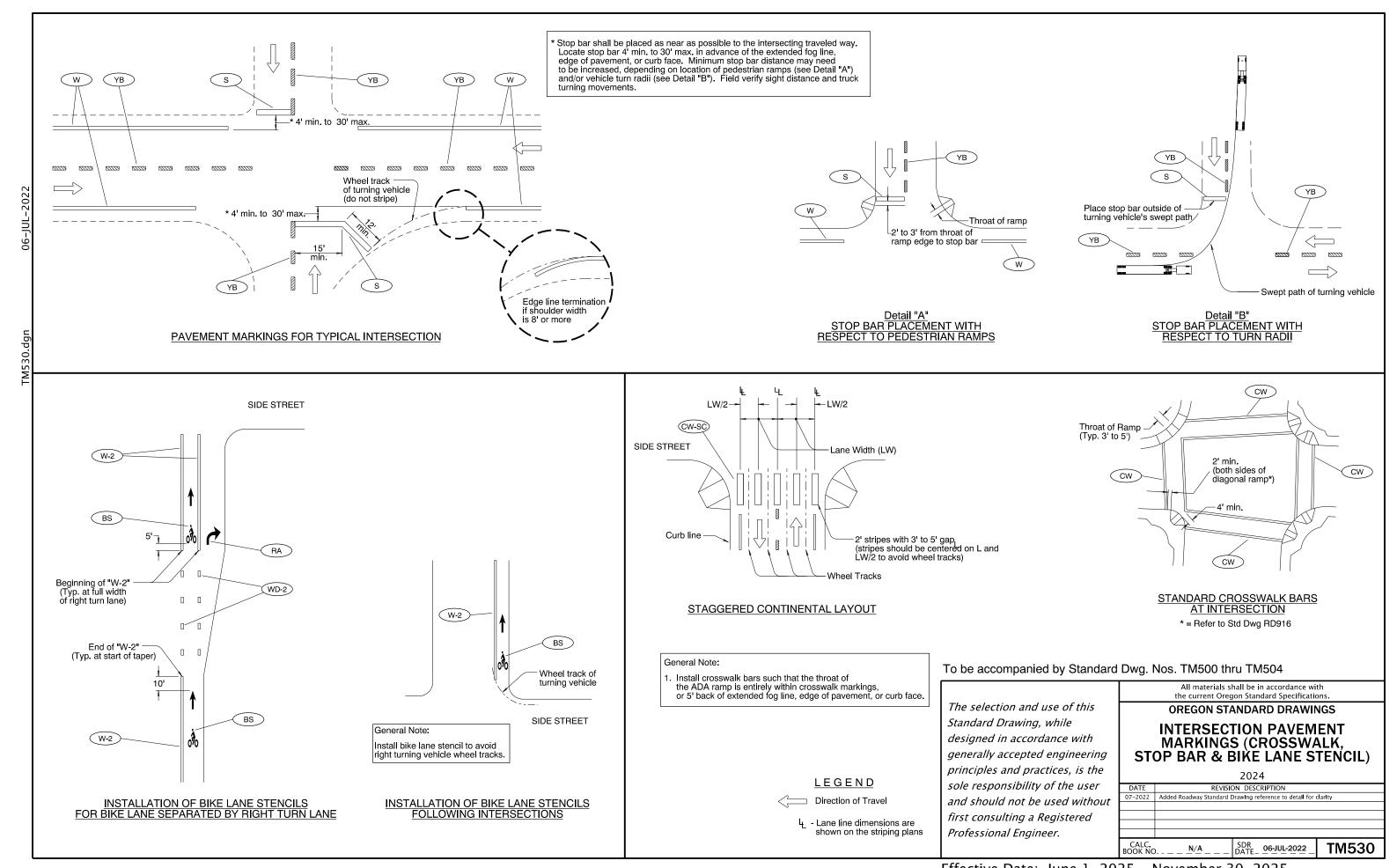
All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications. **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS PAVEMENT MARKERS** 2024 REVISION DESCRIPTION

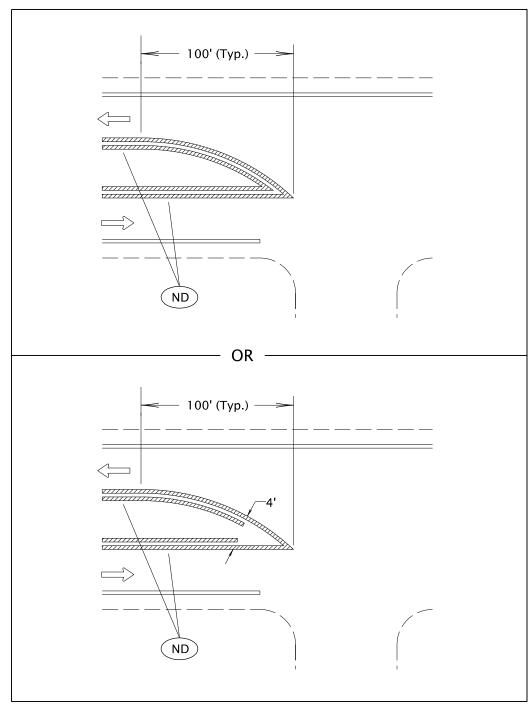
SDR DATE\_ 01-JUL-2015

TM515

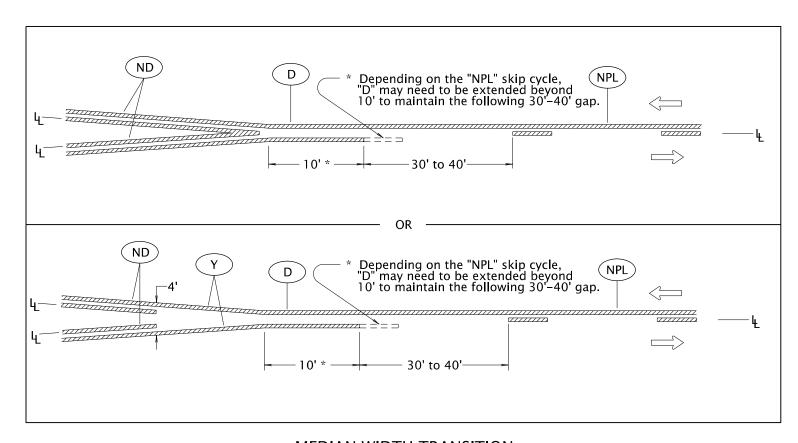
Effective Date: June 1, 2025 - November 30, 2025

CALC BOOK NO





MEDIAN BULLNOSE DETAIL



MEDIAN WIDTH TRANSITION
(TWO NARROW DOUBLE YELLOW LINES TO ONE-DIRECTION NO-PASSING LINE)

To be accompanied by Standard Dwg. Nos. TM500 thru TM504

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications. The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while **MEDIAN AND LEFT TURN** designed in accordance with **CHANNELIZATION DETAILS** generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the 2024 sole responsibility of the user REVISION DESCRIPTION and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

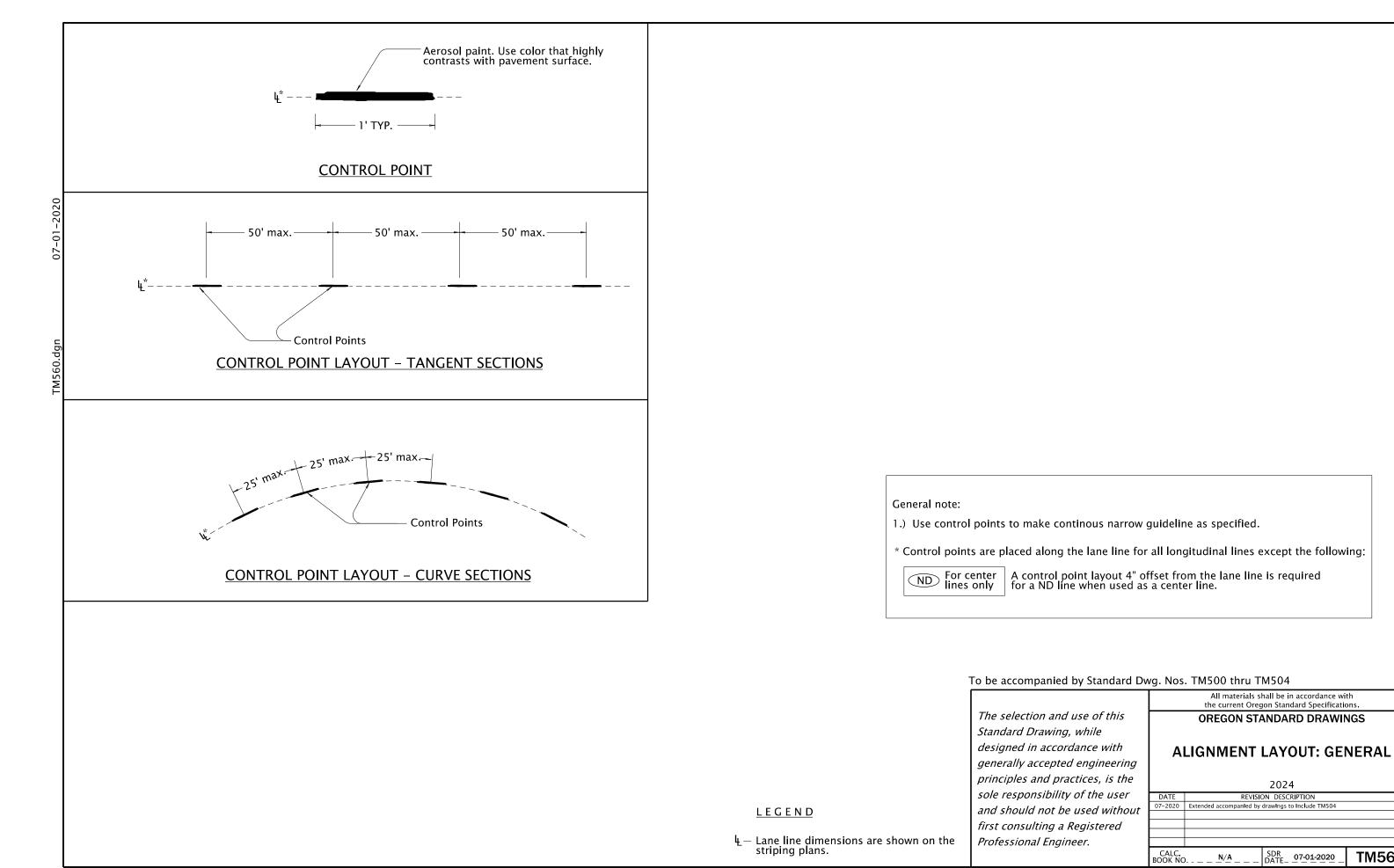
CALC BOOK NO SDR DATE\_ 07-01-2020 TM539

<u>L E G E N D</u>

Increasing stationing from left to right

C Direction of Travel

 $^{f L}-$  Lane line dimensions are shown on the striping plans



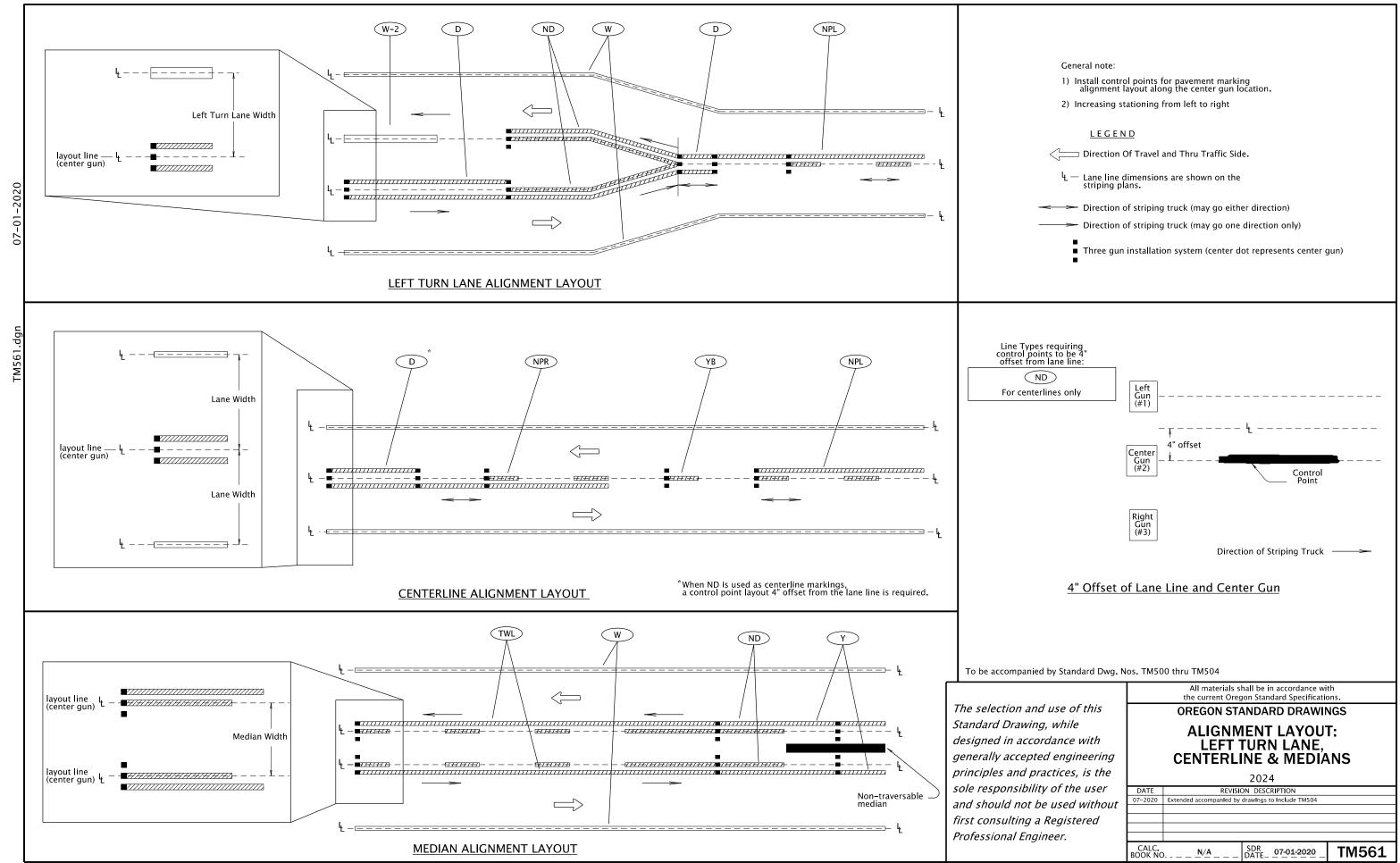
Effective Date: June 1, 2025 - November 30, 2025

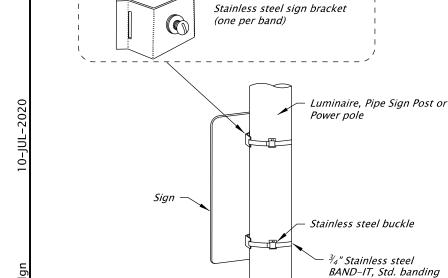
2024

SDR DATE\_ 07-01-2020

TM560

REVISION DESCRIPTION



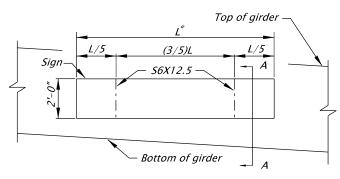


Signs mounted to vertical posts that use stainless steel clamps shall not be wider than 36". Use 2 clamps for all signs less than 48" in height and 3 clamps for signs 48" to 60" in height.

C-206 or Equivalent

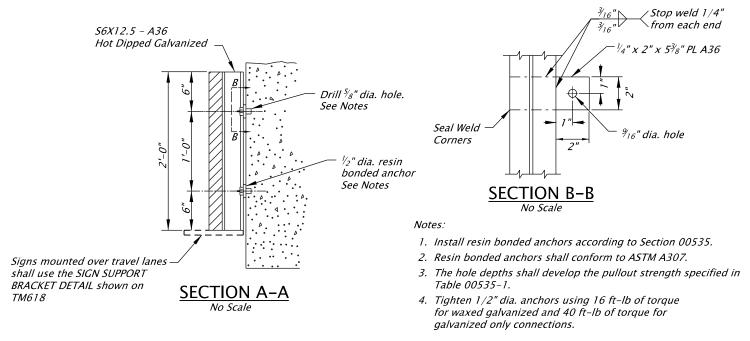
## STAINLESS STEEL CLAMP (SSC) DETAIL

No Scale



\* - L maximum is 14'-0".

# SIGN ELEVATION



# ROAD NAME SIGN STRUCTURE MOUNT DETAIL

## **GENERAL NOTES**

1. For Secondary Sign Mounts See TM678.

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications. The selection and use of this **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with SIGN MOUNTS generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the 2024 sole responsibility of the user REVISION DESCRIPTION and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer. CALC. BOOK NO SDR DATE\_ 06-JUL-2015

TM677

TAPER TYPES & FORMULAS				
TAPER	FORMULA			
Merging (Lane Closure)	"L"			
Shifting	"L"/2 or ½"L"			
Shoulder Closure	"L"/3 or ⅓"L"			
Flagging (See Drg. TM850)	50' – 100'			
Downstream (Termination)	Varies (See Drawings)			

★ Use Pre-Construction Posted Speed to select the Speed from the Tables below:

TEMPORARY BARRIER FLARE RATE TABLE			
★SPEED (mph)	MINIMUM FLARE RATE		
≤ 30	8:1		
35	9:1		
40	10:1		
45	12:1		
50	14:1		
55	16:1		
60	18:1		
65	19:1		
70	20:1		

MINIMUM         LENGTHS         TABLE           "L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)         BUFFER "B" (ft)           ★ SPEED (mph)         W = Lane or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted W = 16         BUFFER "B" (ft)           ★ SPEED (mph)         W = 10         W = 12         W = 14         W = 16         BUFFER "B" (ft)           25         105         125         145         165         75           30         150         180         210         240         100           35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365						
★ SPEED (mph)         W = Lane or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted $W \le 10$ $W = 12$ $W = 14$ $W = 16$ 25 $105$ $125$ $145$ $165$ $75$ 30 $150$ $180$ $210$ $240$ $100$ 35 $205$ $245$ $285$ $325$ $125$ 40 $265$ $320$ $375$ $430$ $150$ 45 $450$ $540$ $630$ $720$ $180$ 50 $500$ $600$ $700$ $800$ $210$ 55 $550$ $660$ $770$ $880$ $250$ 60 $600$ $720$ $840$ $960$ $285$ 65 $650$ $780$ $910$ $1000$ $325$ 70 $700$ $840$ $980$ $1000$ $365$ FREEWAYS           55 $1000$ $1000$ $1000$ $1000$ $250$	МІ	NIMU	JM L	ENG	THS	TABLE
★ SPEED (mph)         W = 10         W = 12         W = 14         W = 16           25         105         125         145         165         75           30         150         180         210         240         100           35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         285 <td< td=""><td colspan="5">"L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)</td><td>DUESED UDU (S.)</td></td<>	"L" VALUE FOR TAPERS (ft)					DUESED UDU (S.)
25         105         125         145         165         75           30         150         180         210         240         100           35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         285	W = Lane or Shoulder Width being closed or shifted			BUFFER "B" (ft)		
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35         205         245         285         325         125           40         265         320         375         430         150           45         450         540         630         720         180           50         500         600         700         800         210           55         550         660         770         880         250           60         600         720         840         960         285           65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	25	105	125	145	165	75
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45	35	205	245	285	325	125
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65         650         780         910         1000         325           70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	55	550	660	770	880	250
70         700         840         980         1000         365           FREEWAYS           55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	60	600	720	840	960	285
FREEWAYS  55   1000   1000   1000   250  60   1000   1000   1000   285  65   1000   1000   1000   325	65	650	780	910	1000	325
55         1000         1000         1000         250           60         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	70	700	840	980	1000	365
60         1000         1000         1000         1000         285           65         1000         1000         1000         325	FREEWAYS					
65 1000 1000 1000 1000 325	55	1000	1000	1000	1000	250
	60	1000	1000	1000	1000	285
70   1000   1000   1000   365	65	1000	1000	1000	1000	325
1000   1000   1000   303	70	1000	1000	1000	1000	365

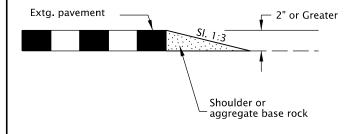
- For Lane closures where W < 10', use "L" value for W = 10'.
- For Shoulder closures where W < 10', use "L" value for W = 10' or calculate "L" using formula, for Speeds  $\geq$  45: L = WS, Speeds < 45: L =  $S^2W/60$ , S = Speed, W=Width

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TCD) SPACING TABLE						
★ SPEED (mph)	Sign Spacing (ft)			Max. Channelizing		
	Α	В	С	Device Spacing (ft)		
20 – 30	100	100	100	20		
35 – 40	350	350	350	20		
45 – 55	500	500	500	40		
60 – 70	700	700	700	40		
Freeway	1000	1500	2640	40		

- Place traffic control devices on 10 ft. spacing for intersection and access radii.
- When necessary, sign spacing may be adjusted to fit site conditions. Limit spacing adjustments to 30% of the "A" dimension for all speeds.

#### NOTES:

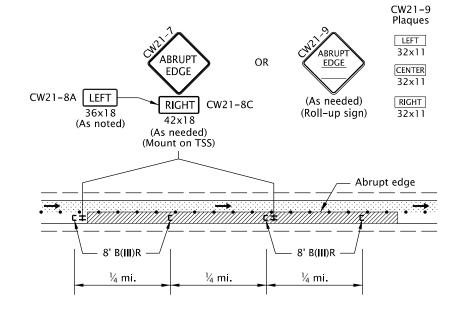
- When paved shoulders adjacent to excavations are less than four feet wide protect longitudinal abrupt edge as shown.
- Use aggregate wedge when abrupt edge is 2 inches or greater.



## **EXCAVATION ABRUPT EDGE**

## NOTES:

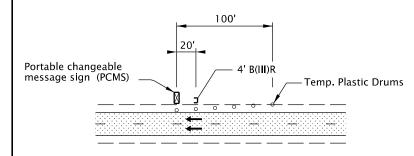
- Abrupt edges may be created by paving, operations, excavations or other roadway work. Use abrupt edge signing for longitudinal abrupt edges of 1 inch or greater.
- If the excavation is located on left side of traffic, replace the 8' B(III)R barricades with 8' B(III)L barricades and replace the "RIGHT" (CW21-8C) riders with "LEFT" (CW21-8A) riders.
- Continue signing and other traffic control devices throughout excavation area at spacings shown.
- If roll-up signs are used, attach the correct (CW21-9) plagues to the sign face using hook and loop fasteners. Place roll-up signs in advance of barricades.



TYPICAL ABRUPT EDGE DELINEATION

#### NOTES:

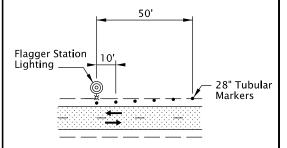
- Install PCMS beyond the outside shoulder, when possible.
- Use the appropriate type of barricade panels for PCMS location. Right shoulder, use Type B(III)R Left shoulder, use Type B(III)L
- Use six drums in shoulder taper on 20' spacing. The drums and barricade may be omitted when PCMS is placed behind a roadside barrier.
- Detail as shown is used for trailered and non-crashworthy components of:
  - Portable Traffic Signals
  - Smart Work Zone Systems



# PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS) INSTALLATION

#### NOTES:

- Install Flagger Station Lighting beyond the outside shoulder, where practical,
- Use six tubular markers in shoulder taper on 10' spacing.
- Place cart / generator / power supply off of the shoulder, as far as practical.



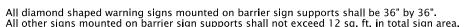
## **FLAGGER STATION** LIGHTING DELINEATION

## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL TCP DRAWINGS:

- Signs and other Traffic Control Devices (TCD)
- Place a barricade approx. 20' ahead of all sequential arrow boards.
- Arrows shown in roadway are directional arrows to indicate traffic movements.
- All signs are 48" x 48" unless otherwise shown. Use fluorescent orange sheeting for the background of all temporary warning signs.
- Temp. Plastic Drums See TCD Spacing Table for max. spacing.
- • 28" Tubular Markers See TCD Spacing Table for max. spacing.

UNDER CONSTRUCTION

UNDER TRAFFIC



- Low speed highways have a pre-construction posted speed of 40 mph or less. High speed highways have a pre-construction posted speed of 45 mph or higher.
- Do not locate sign supports in locations designated for bicycle or pedestrian traffic.
- Combine drawing details to complete temporary traffic control for each work activity.
- Coordinate and control pedestrian movements through a Temporary Accessible Route using Flaggers, Traffic Control Measures, or as directed.
- Provide a truck mounted attentuator (TMA) to protect the active work area on high speed divided highways or freeways when positive protection is not available, or as directed.
- To be accompanied by Dwg. Nos. TM820 & TM821.

The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

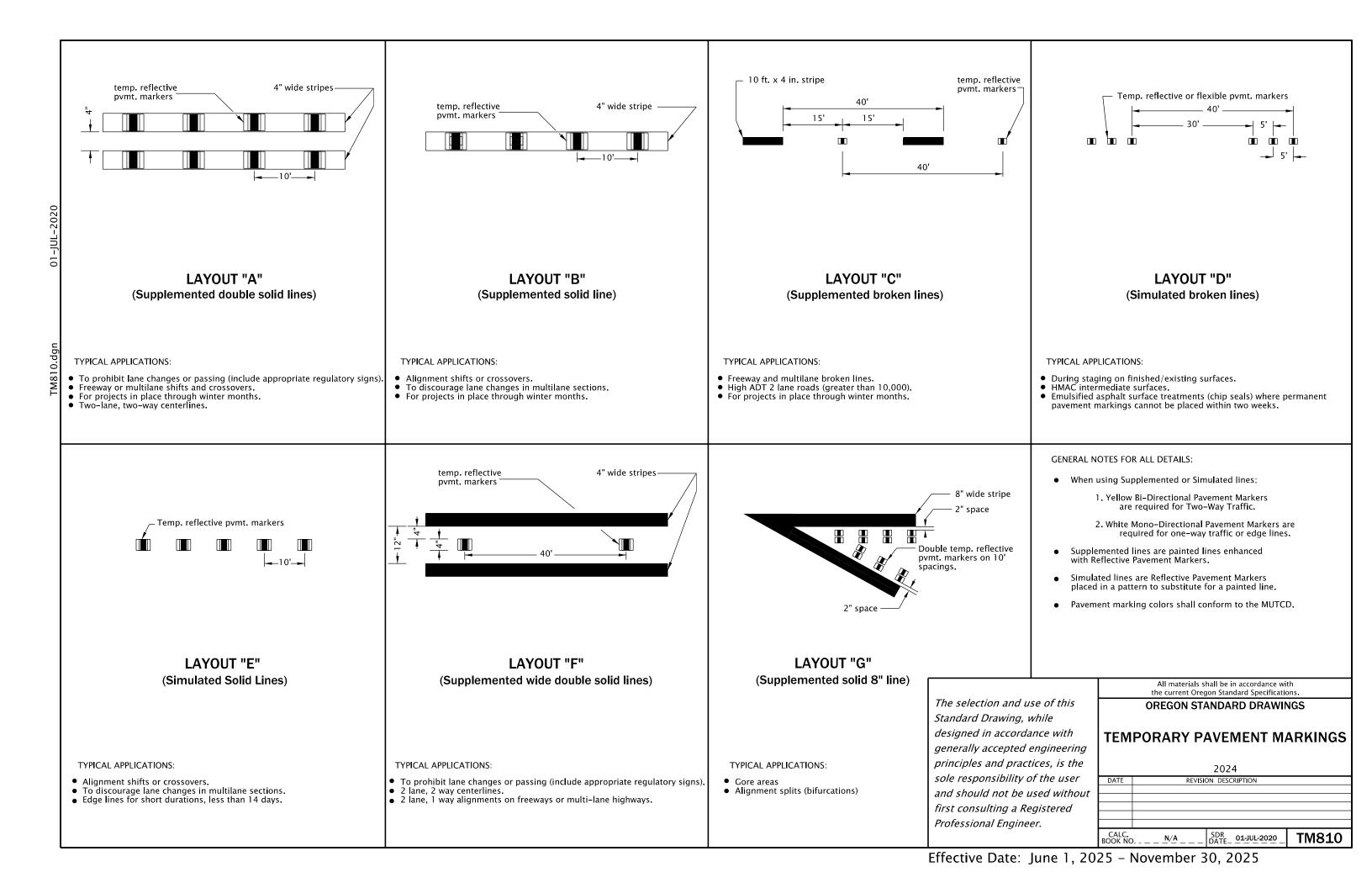
## **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS**

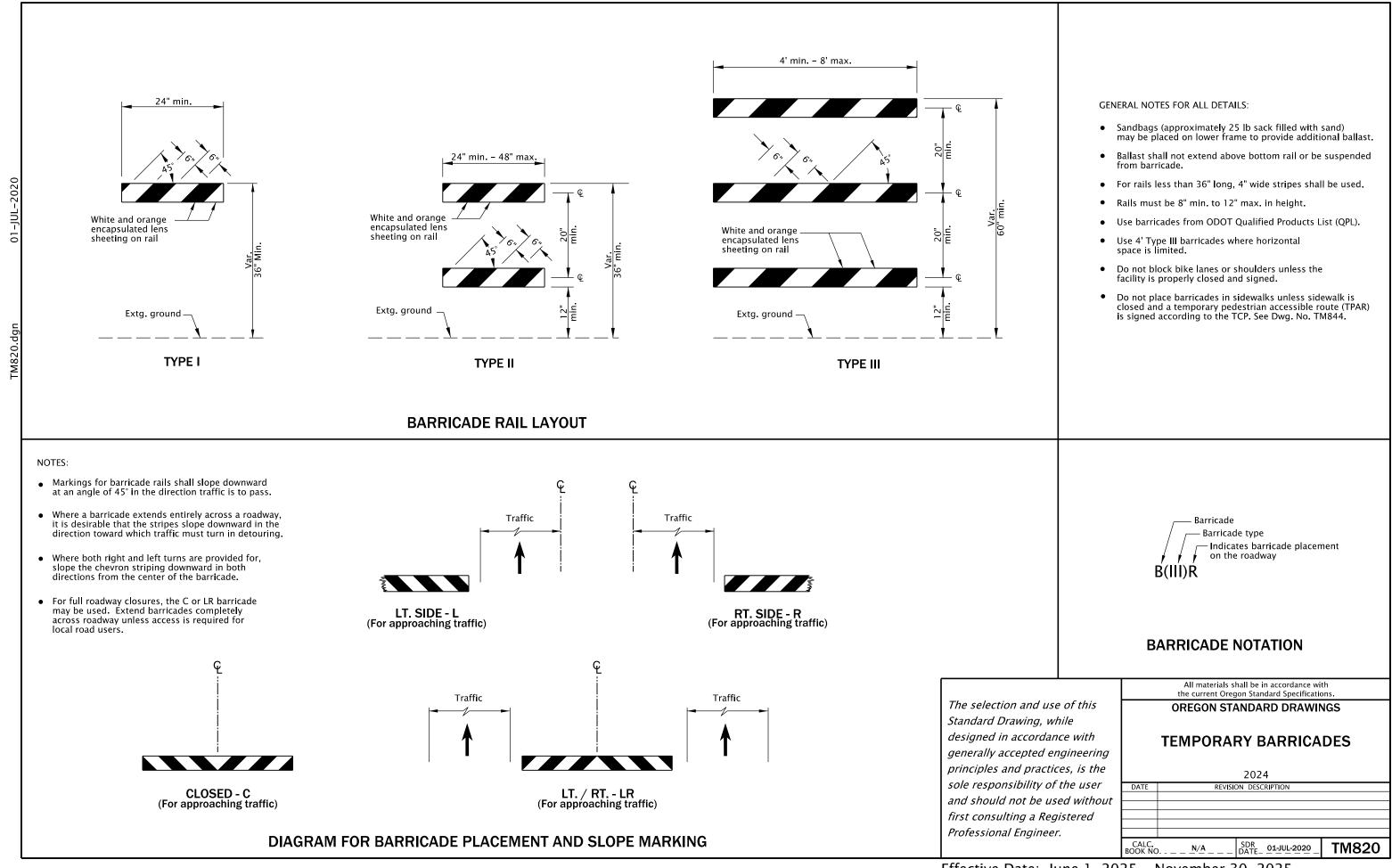
## TABLES, ABRUPT EDGE AND PCMS DETAILS

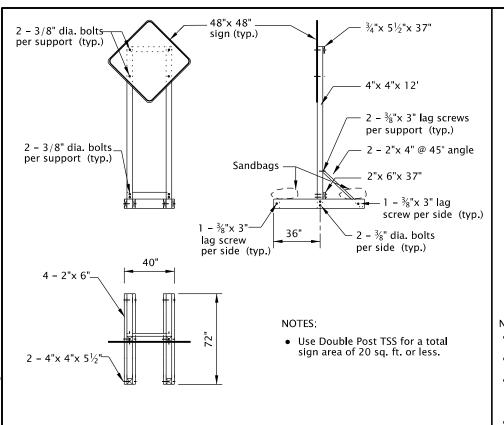
2024

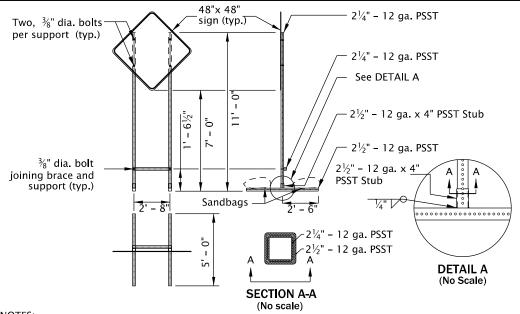
REVISION DESCRIPTION 07-2022 Added a note for TPARs 07-2024 Added a note for TMAs CALC BOOK NO TM800 SDR DATE\_ 12-JUL-2024

Effective Date: June 1, 2025 - November 30, 2025





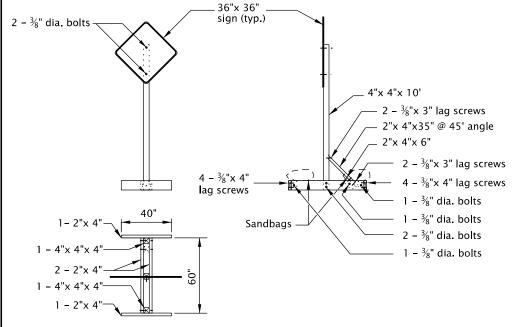




PERFORATED STEEL SQUARE TUBE (PSST) DETAIL

- Use PSST TSS's for a total sign area of 16 sq. ft. or less.
- All members shall have a minimum yield stress of 50 ksi.
- Galvanize steel according to ASTM A653 with coating designation G90. Remove Galvanizing from steel before welding. Repair Galvanizing according to ASTM A780.
- Use A325 Bolts or equivalent.

- $2\frac{1}{4}$ " 12 ga. PSST to extend entire length inside of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " - 12 ga. x 4" PSST Stub.
- Do not use bolt to secure 21/4" PSST inside of the  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " - 12 ga. x 4" PSST Stub.
- Weld steel according to American Welding Society (AWS) D.1.1.

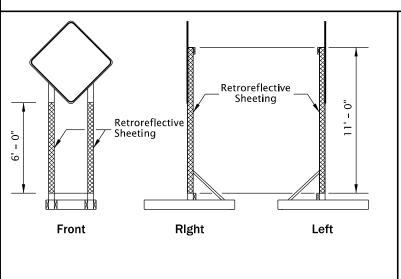


#### NOTES:

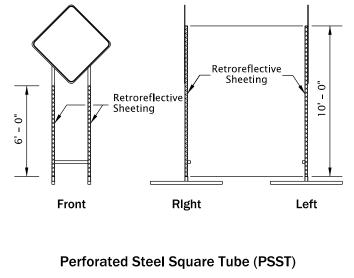
- Use Single Post TSS for a total sign area of 12 sq. ft. or less.
- Use Single Post TSS for mounting "Business Access" (CG20–11) signs. Do not mount signs on Type II or III Barricades.

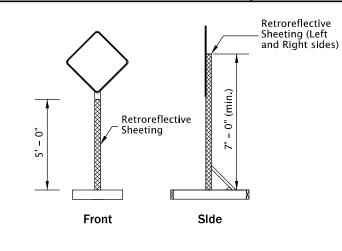
## **SINGLE POST DETAIL**

## **DOUBLE POST DETAIL**



**Double Post** 





**Single Post** 

TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORT GENERAL NOTES:

- Do not tip over TSS at any time.
- Do not locate TSS's in locations that block pedestrian or bicycle traffic.
- For wooden TSS's, use either Douglas Fir or Hem Fir, which is surfaced four sides (S4S) and free of heart center (FOHC).
- See "Temporary Sign Placement" detail on TM822 for sign installation heights.
- Do not place or stack ballast more than 24" above the ground.
- When not in use, locate TSS as far from Public Traffic as practicable and turn away from traffic, or cover the sign. Do not cover reflective sheeting on the
- Place a minimum of 50 lbs of sandbags on each of the four TSS supports legs. (25 lb. max per bag) (min. 100 lbs per side of each TSS).
- See Dwg. No. TM204 for flag board mounting detail.

#### NOTES:

- Apply fluorescent orange, ANSI Type VIII or IX retroreflective sheeting to TSS posts, as shown, for all temporary signs, except "STOP" and "DO NOT ENTER". For "STOP" and "DO NOT ENTER" signs, used red ANSI Type III or IV retroreflective sheeting on the TSS posts.
- Apply sign post retroreflectivity to each TSS post facing front; and to the left and right sides of the TSS, as shown. Use 3" wide sheeting for wood post TSS's. Use 2" wide sheeting for PSST TSS's.
- Sheeting may be applied directly to post material; or applied to a rigid, lightweight substrate, then securely attached to the posts.

# SIGN POST REFLECTIVE SHEETING PLACEMENT

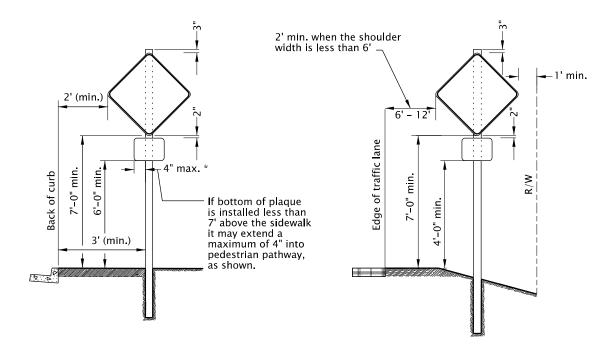
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

# **TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORTS**

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

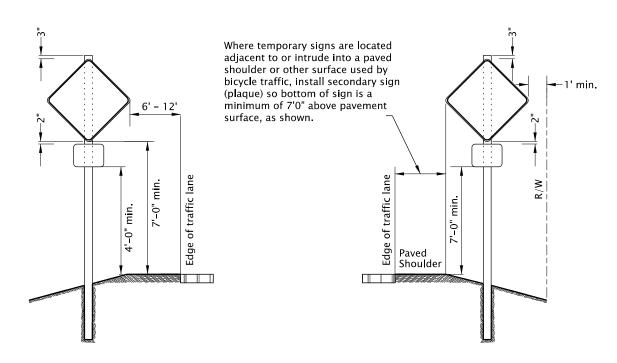
**OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

2024 REVISION DESCRIPTION CALC BOOK NO SDR DATE\_ 14-JUL-2023 TM821 NOTES:



## Urban Areas With Curb/Sidewalk

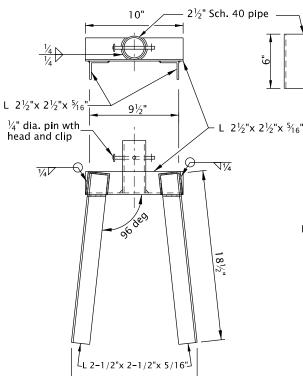
**Rural Areas** 



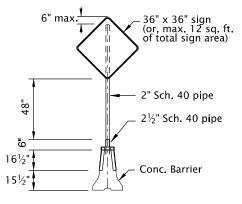
Divided Highway/Freeway Medians No Curb/Sidewalk

Rural or Urban Areas - Curb or No Curb Bicycles On Shoulder

## **TEMPORARY SIGN PLACEMENT**



- 131/8"



### NOTES:

- Drill additional holes so sign can be rotated 90 degrees and pinned when not in use.
- All structural steel shall conform to ASTM A36.
- Support fits both 32" and 42" tall "F" barrier.
- Use for supporting a maximum 12 sq. ft. of total sign area.
- Place support at connection between two concrete barrier sections.
- Weld steel according to American Welding Society (AWS) D.1.1.
- Do not use clipped signs.
- Follow manufacturer recommendation when installing signs on barrier other than concrete.

## **CONCRETE BARRIER SIGN SUPPORT**

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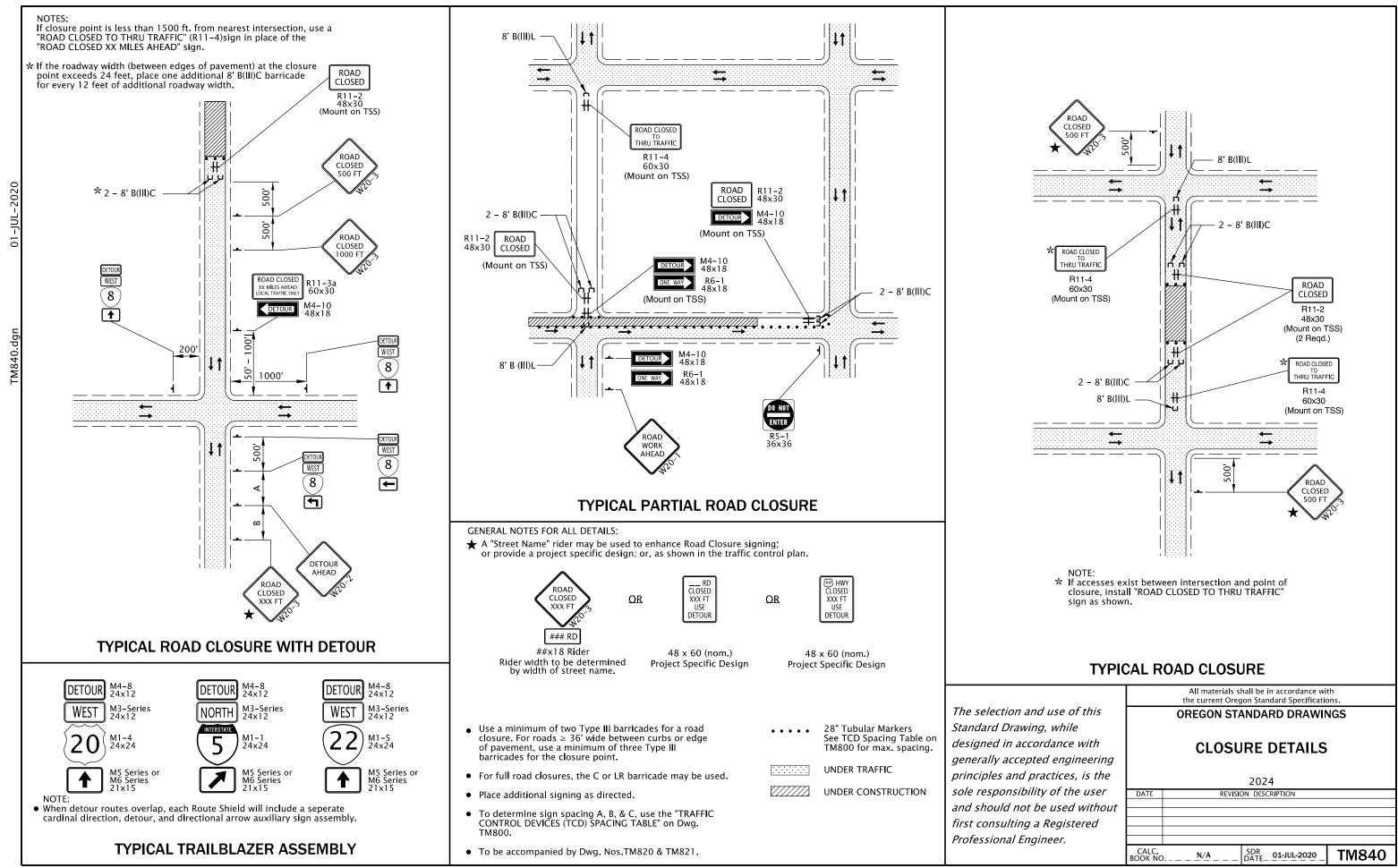
All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

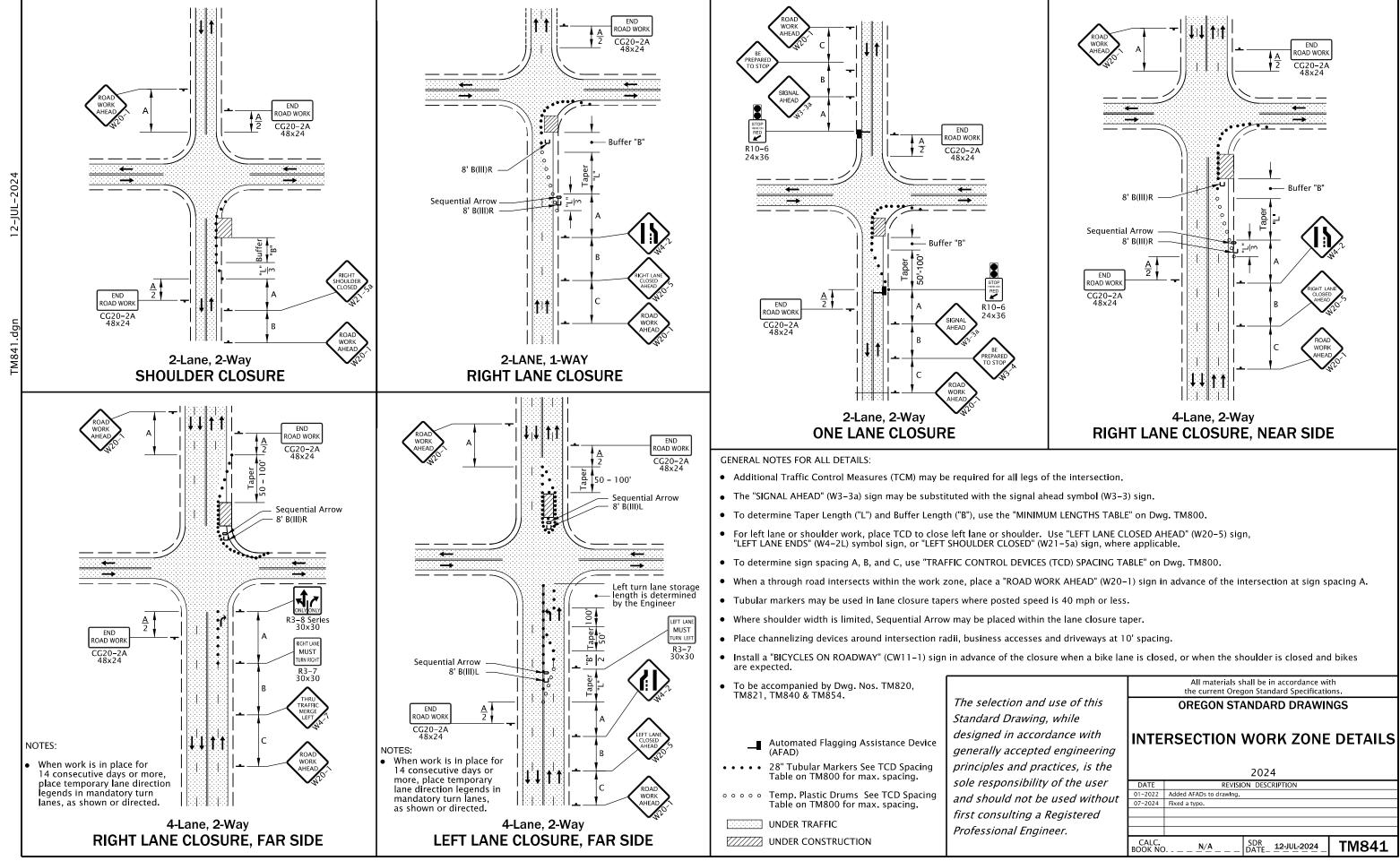
OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

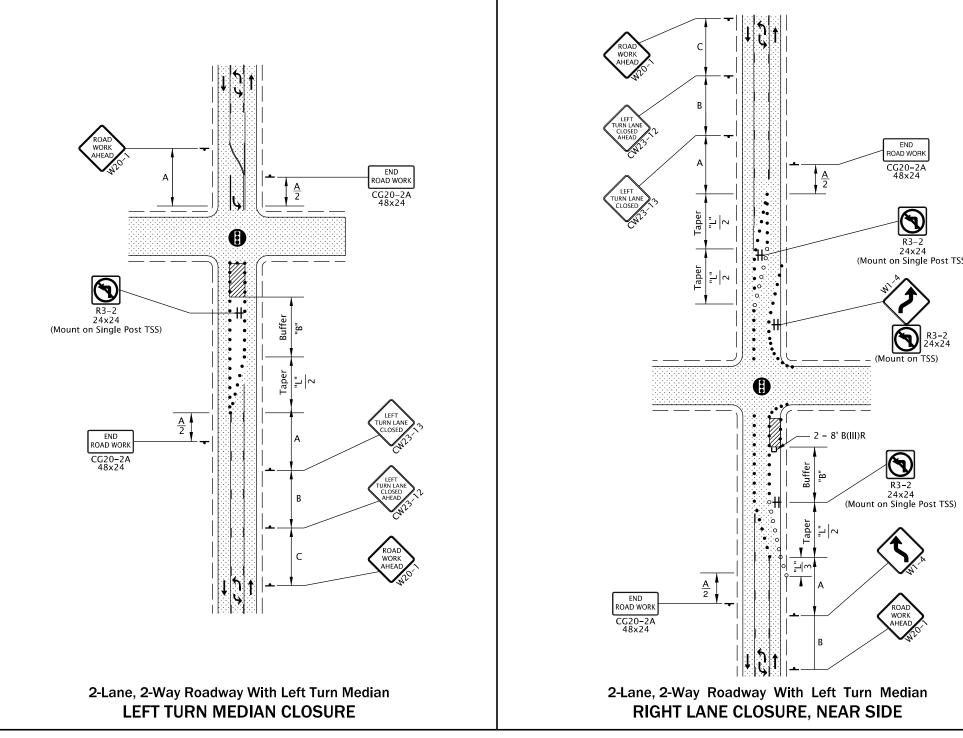
TEMPORARY SIGN SUPPORTS

2024
REVISION DESCRIPTION

CALC.
BOOK NO. \_ N/A \_ SDR DATE 01-JUL-2020 TM822

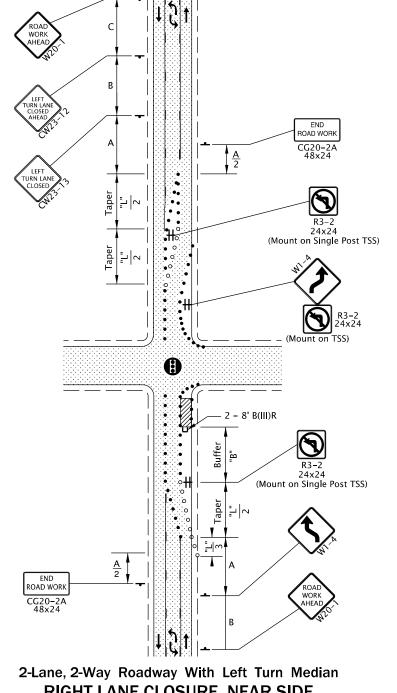






**GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS:** 

- Additional Traffic Control Measures (TCM) may be required for all legs of the intersection.
- To determine Taper Length ("L") and Buffer Length ("B") shown on this sheet, use the "MINIMUM LENGTHS TABLE" on Dwg. TM800.
- Taper length of "L" for through lane shifting tapers may be used for higher speed roads.
- Taper length of "L"/2 for center turn lane closure may be used in areas with a high number of accesses within the work zone.
- When a through road intersects within the work zone, place a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (W20-1) sign in advance of the intersection at sign spacing A.
- To determine sign spacing A, B, and C, use "TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TCD) SPACING TABLE" on Dwg. TM800.
- Place channelizing devices around intersection radii, business accesses, and driveways at 10' spacing.
- Tubular markers may be used in lane closure tapers where the posted speed is 40 mph or less.
- Install a "BICYCLES ON ROADWAY" (CW11-1) sign in advance of the closure when a bike lane is closed, or when the shoulder is closed and bikes are expected.
- Signal timing adjustments determined by Engineer.
- To be accompanied by Dwg. Nos. TM820 & TM821.



28" Tubular Markers See TCD Spacing Table on TM800 for max. spacing

。。。。。 Temp. Plastic Drums See TCD Spacing Table on TM800 for max. spacing

UNDER TRAFFIC

UNDER CONSTRUCTION

END ROAD WORK R3-2 24x24 (Mount on Single Post TSS) 30x30 (Mount on Single Post TSS)

> 2-Lane, 2-Way Roadway With Left Turn Median RIGHT LANE CLOSURE, FAR SIDE

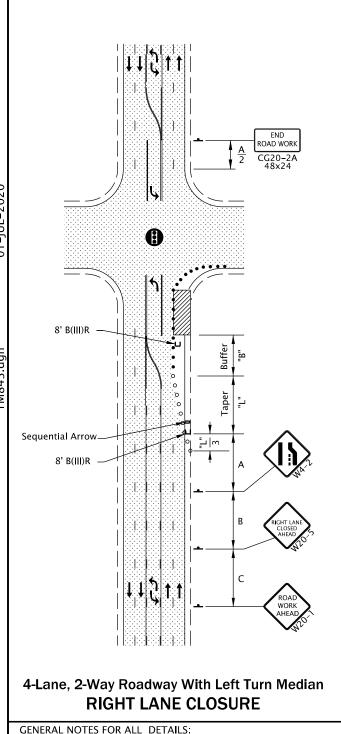
The selection and use of this Standard Drawing, while designed in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices, is the sole responsibility of the user and should not be used without first consulting a Registered Professional Engineer.

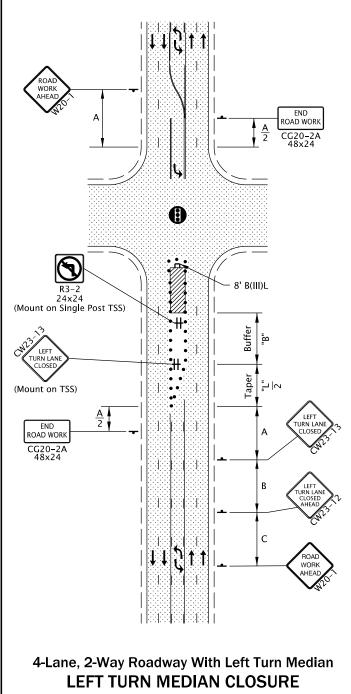
the current Oregon Standard Specifications. **OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION DETAILS** 2024 REVISION DESCRIPTION

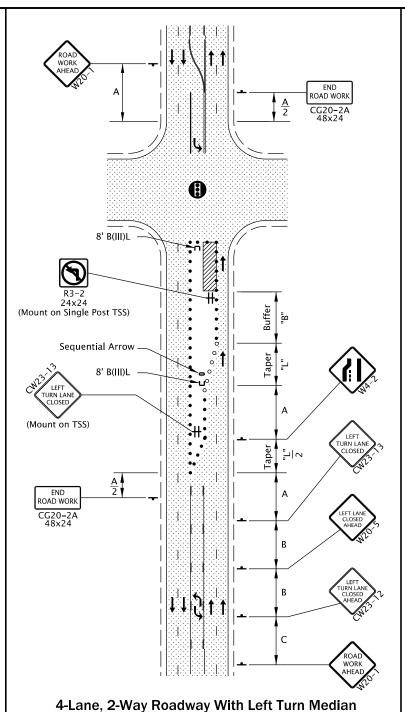
SDR DATE\_ 19-JAN-2024

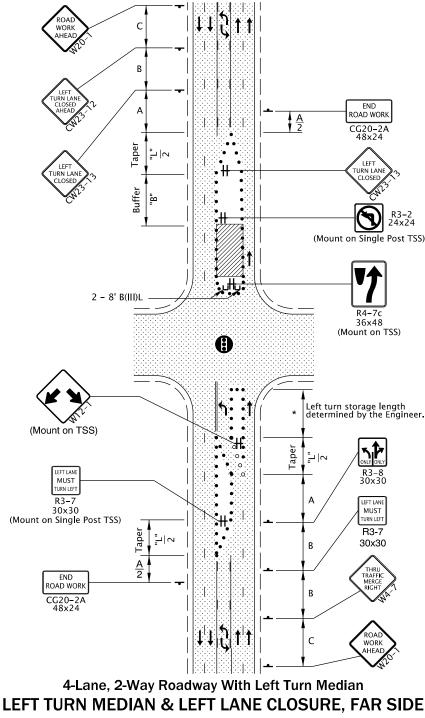
TM842

All materials shall be in accordance with

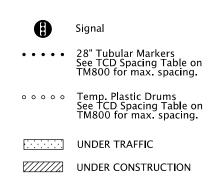




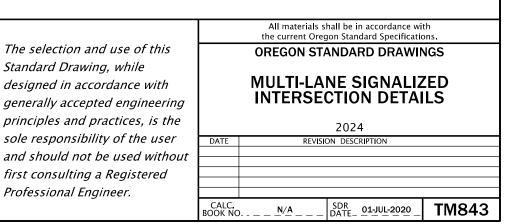


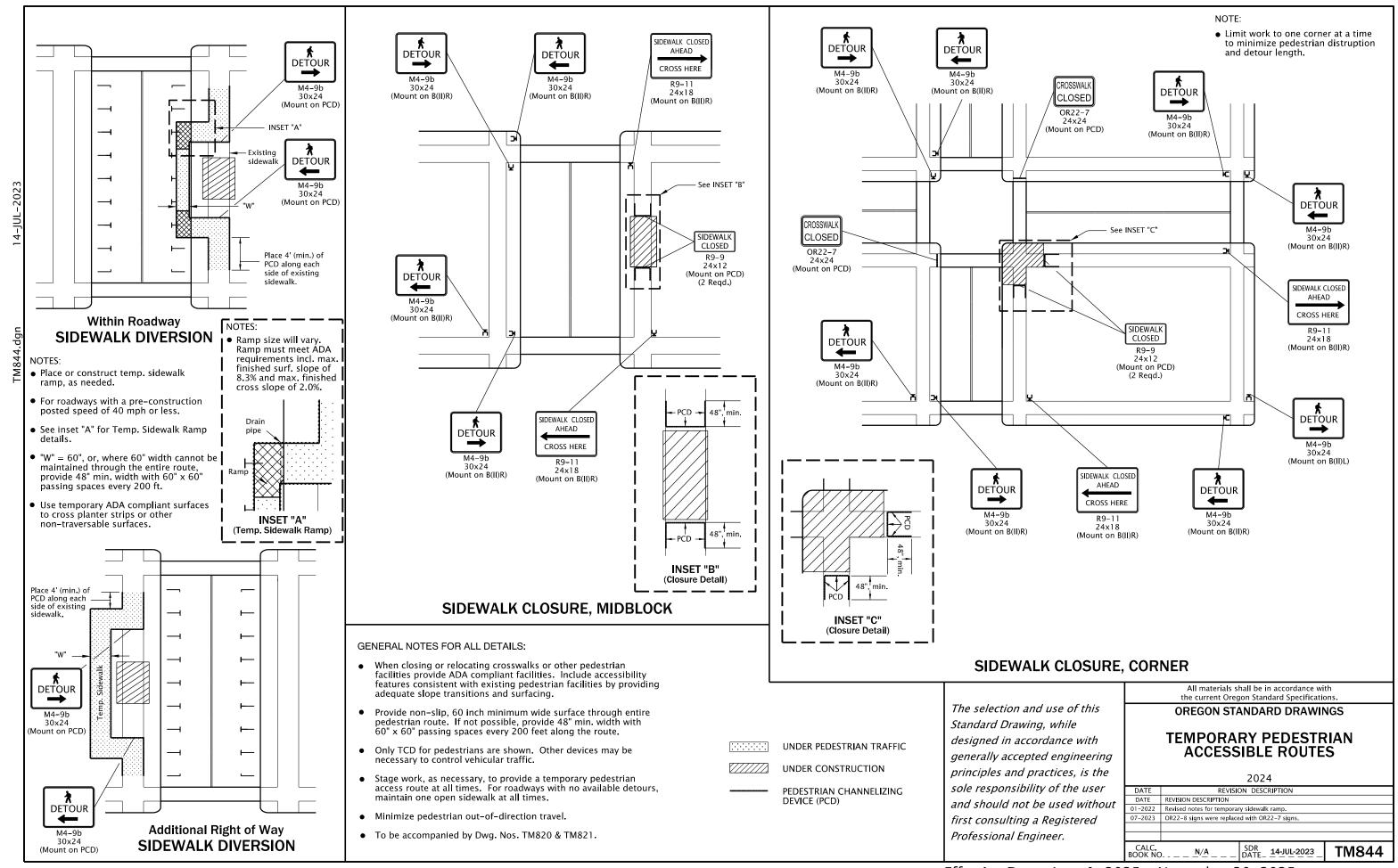


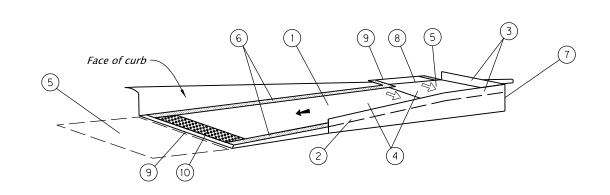
- Additional Traffic Control Measures (TCM) may be required for all legs of the intersection.
- To determine Taper Length ("L") and Buffer Length ("B") shown on this sheet, use the "MIMIMUM LENGTHS TABLE" on Dwg. TM800.
- When a through road intersects within the work zone, place a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (W20-1) sign in advance of the intersection at sign spacing A.
- To determine sign spacing A, B, and C, use "TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TCD) SPACING TABLE" on Dwg. TM800.
- Tubular markers may be used in lane closure tapers where the posted speed is 40 mph or less.
- Taper Length of "L" for the through-lane shifting tapers may be used for higher speed roads.
- Taper Length of "L"/2 for center turn lane closure may be used in areas with high number of accesses within the work zone.
- Place channelizing devices around intersection radii, business accesses and driveways at 10' spacing.
- Install a "BICYCLES ON ROADWAY" (CW11-1) sign in advance of the closure when a bike lane is closed, or when the shoulder is closed and bikes are expected.
- Signal timing adjustments determined by the Engineer.
- To be accompanied by Dwg. Nos. TM820 & TM821.



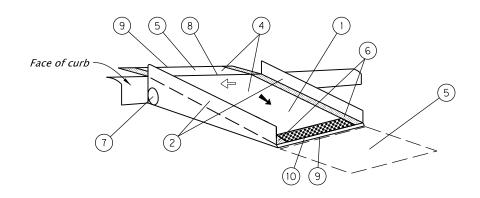
LEFT TURN MEDIAN AND LEFT LANE CLOSURE



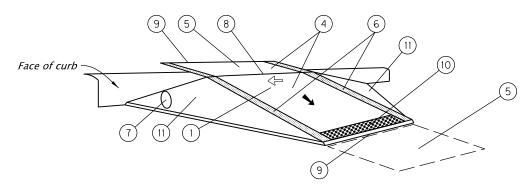




## TEMPORARY CURB RAMP, PARALLEL TO CURB



WITH PROTECTIVE EDGE



WITH SIDE FLARES

TEMPORARY CURB RAMP, PERPENDICULAR TO CURB

## GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

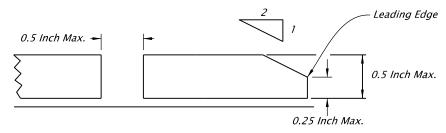
- Clear width shall be greater than or equal to 48 inches. The curb ramp surface shall be firm, stable and slip-resistant. The ramp surface shall have a 8.3% max. finished surface slope.
- Detectable edging with a min. 6 inch height shall be placed along the ramp run when there is a vertical drop exceeding 6 inches or is adjacent to a slope exceeding 1:3 (v:h).
- (3) Detectable edging with 6 inch min. height and contrasting color shall be placed on all turning spaces where the walkway changes direction.
- (4) Curb ramps and turning spaces shall have a 2.0% max. finished cross slope.
- 5) Clear space of 48 inch x 48 inch or greater shall be provided above and below the curb ramp.
- 6 The curb ramp walkway edge shall be marked with a contrasting color, 4 inch wide stripe. The marking is optional where contrasting detectable edging is used.
- (7) Provide an approved means to prevent water from accumulating at the bottom of the ramp, or overflowing onto the ramp surface.
- 8 Lateral joints or gaps between surfaces shall be less than 0.5 inch wide. Surface slopes that meet at grade break shall be flush. See edge treatment detail.
- Changes between surface heights shall not exceed 0.5 inch. Lateral edges should be vertical up to 0.25 inch high, and beveled at 1:2 (v:h) between 0.25 inch and 0.5 inch height. See edge treatment detail.
- (10) Install a min. 2 ft wide detectable warning surface at pedestrian street crossings. Omit detectable warning surfaces at end of sidewalk transitions that are not at a crosswalk.
- 11) Side flares where provided shall have 10% max. slope.
- 12) The curb ramp surface shall be capable of supporting a min. surface load of approximately 800 pounds.
- The curb ramp shall be either self-balasting or include an anchoring system capable of keeping the platform stationary under pedestrians traffic including motorized wheelchairs.
- 14) The curb ramp platform shall be free of sharp or rough edges or abrasive elements that may harm pedestrians.

← Max. 8.3% surface slope

← Max. 2.0% surface slope



Detectable warning surface



## **EDGE TREATMENT DETAIL**

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Standard Drawing, while
designed in accordance with
generally accepted engineering
principles and practices, is the
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and should not be used without
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Professional Engineer.

All materials shall be in accordance with the current Oregon Standard Specifications.

OREGON STANDARD DRAWINGS

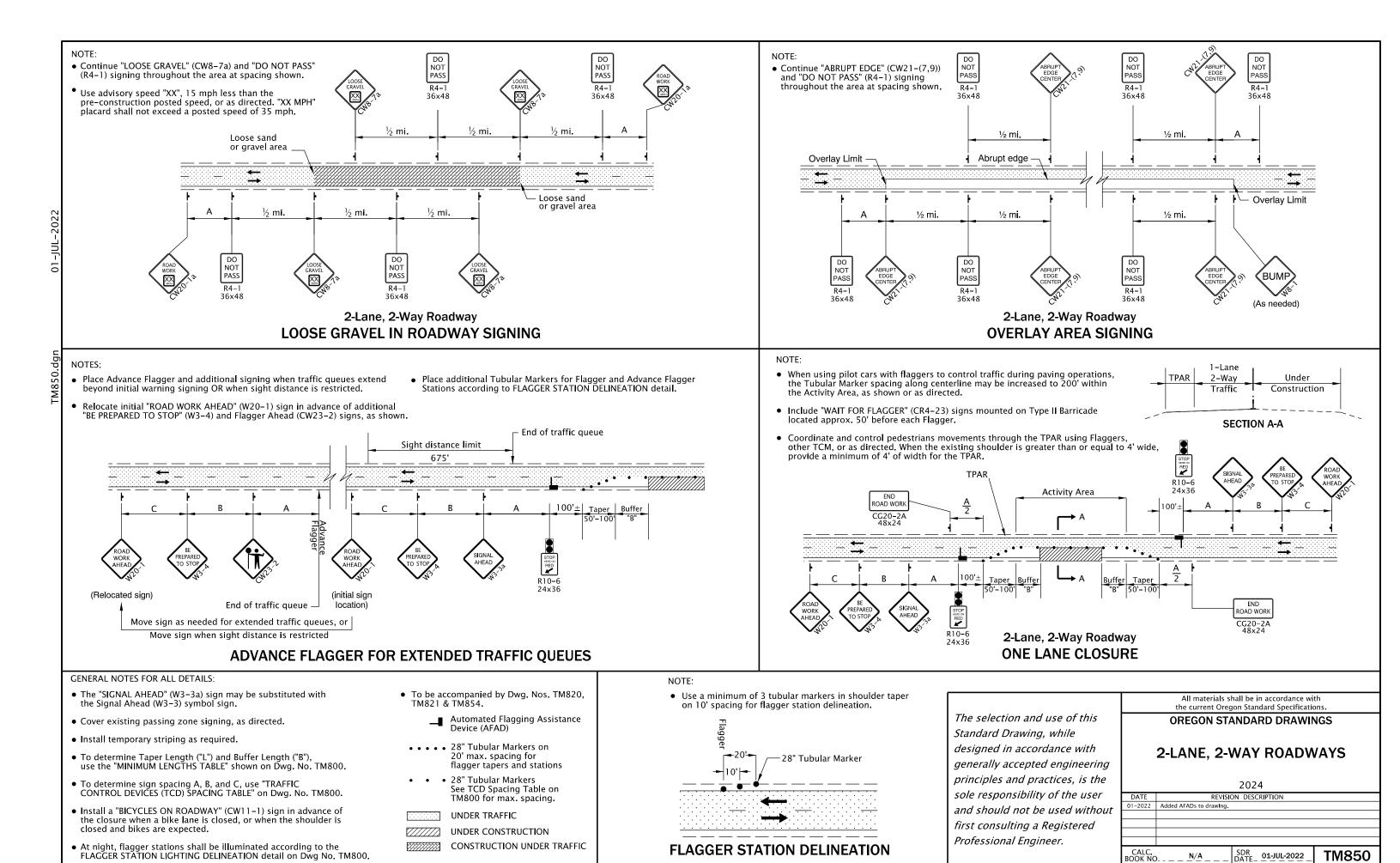
# TEMPORARY SIDEWALK RAMPS

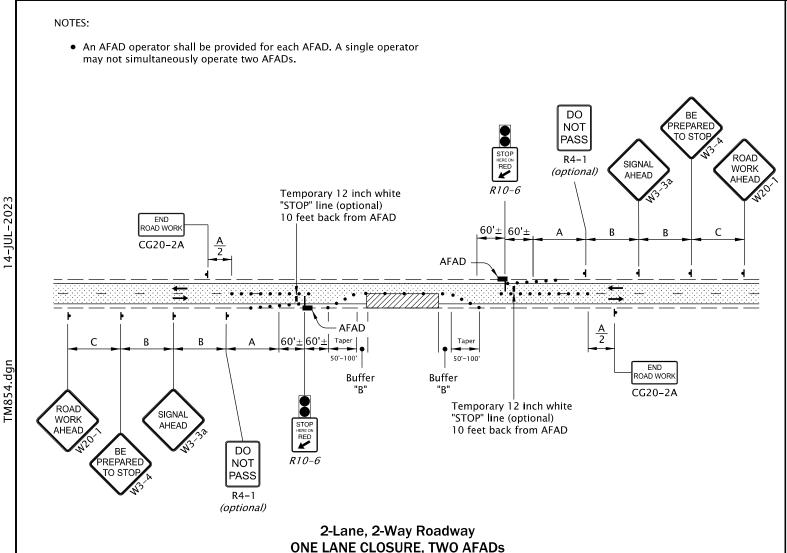
2024

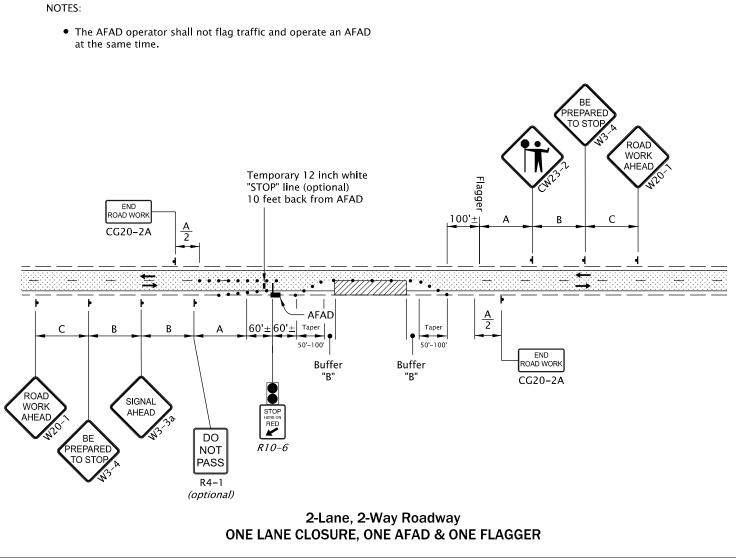
DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION

07-2023 NEW DRAWING CREATED

CALC.
BOOK NO. \_ \_ N/A \_ \_ DATE 14-JUL-2023 TM845







## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL DETAILS:

- Flagger station shall be delineated according to "FLAGGER STATION" detail shown on Standard Drawing TM800
- Bottom of lens housing shall be a minimum of 7 ft. above surface when mounted on shoulder and at least 17 ft. above any portion of the travel lane.
- The gate arm shall cover at least one half of the approaching vehicle travel lane.
- Signing and other TCD installed in conjunction with the work area, shall move with the work area.
- Use 1/3 "L" taper for shoulder closure, where necessary.
- For Taper Length ("L") and Buffer Length ("B") shown on this sheet, use the "MINIMUM LENGTHS TABLE" shown on Drg. No. TM800.
- The AFAD operator shall be a certified flagger who has been trained in the operation of the AFAD in use.
- Operator shall operate AFAD from a designated area.
   Designated area should maintain visual presence of the AFAD and should be at least 50' away from the AFAD and have an escape route available for the operator.

- Flagger station shall be delineated according to "FLAGGER Remove existing striping and install temporary striping as required.
  - See "TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TCD) SPACING TABLE" on Drg. TM800 for sign spacing A, B, and C.
  - Cover existing passing lane signing (as directed)
  - When extended traffic queues develop during AFAD operations, protect traffic by providing advance flaggers(s) and signing according to the "Extended Traffic Queues Detail" shown on Standard Drawing TM850.
  - When AFAD is not in use for less than one work shift, turn off AFAD, or switch YELLOW lens to flashing mode, and cover or remove all accompanying signing.
  - When AFAD is not in use for longer than one work shift, remove AFAD and all accompanying signing from the roadway.
  - Do not use the AFAD to control more than one lane of approaching traffic.
  - Use temporary pavement markings or a white portable rumble strip for temporary stop line. Remove temporary stop line when AFAD is no longer in use.
  - Tubular markers along centerline placed in advance of AFAD to first sign are optional, unless the DO NOT PASS sign is used.

Automated Flagger Assistance Device (AFAD)

• • • • • 28" Tubular Markers
See TCD spacing table on TM800
for max. spacing.

UNDER TRAFFIC

UNDER CONSTRUCTION

