## FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

## AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT

AIP No.: 3-41-0054-033-2025

City No. : 24GR03



# CITY OF ROSEBURG PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT DOUGLAS COUNTY, OREGON

**Issued for Bid** 

### **PREPARED BY:**

Mead & Hunt, Inc. 9600 NE Cascades Pkwy, Suite 100 Portland, Oregon 97220 503-548-1494



July 2025 Mead & Hunt, Inc.

#### **CERTIFICATION PAGE**

THE DOCUMENTS FOR THIS PROJECT WERE PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION:



#### PAGES OR SHEETS COVERED BY THIS SEAL:

Division 1 – Bid Information

Division 2 – Proposal Forms

Division 3 – Contract Forms

Division 4 – General Contract Provisions

Division 5 – Required Federal Contract Provisions

Division 6 – Technical Specifications

C-105

P-101

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Division 7 – Construction Safety & Phasing Plan

July 2025 Mead & Hunt, Inc.

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### CITY OF ROSEBURG ADVERTISEMENT FOR BID

Project Name: Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades

Project Number: 24GR03

Project Description: This Project will update the existing 5-foot chain-link fence to a 6-foot chain-link fence topped

with 3 strands of barbed wire.

Optional Prebid Meeting: Tuesday August 5, 2025, at 2:00 pm, Virtual (Airport staff will be available for a site visit)

Bids are due by 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 19, 2025

All bids will be opened at 2:00 p.m.

Additional forms disclosing first tier subcontractors are due by 4:00 p.m.

No bids shall be received after this date and time.

Contact – Submit bids to:
City of Roseburg City Recorder
900 SE Douglas
Roseburg OR 97470
(541) 492-6866

bids@roseburgor.gov

Address technical questions to:

Mark Forslund Mead & Hunt, Inc. 9600 NE Cascades Pkwy, Ste. 100

Portland, OR 97220

503-548-1494

mark.forslund@meadhunt.com

<u>SOLICITATION DOCUMENTS</u>: Solicitation documents, including contract terms, conditions, specifications, all attachments and/or addenda for the Invitation to Bid are available for review at the above contact address. Bid documents will not be mailed to prospective bidders, but may be downloaded from OregonBuys through the following internet address: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/das/Procurement/Pages/oregonbuys.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/das/Procurement/Pages/oregonbuys.aspx</a>. Bidders without access to OregonBuys may download the documents at a Plan Center or the City of Roseburg's website at <a href="https://www.cityofroseburg.org">www.cityofroseburg.org</a> under "Bidding Opportunities."

Bidders are not required to be pre-qualified. Bidders must be licensed with the Oregon Construction Contractors Board and comply with City of Roseburg Municipal Code.

The resulting public works contract is subject to ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 and the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 to 3148). No bid will be considered unless the bid contains a statement that the bidder will comply with the provisions of ORS 279C.840 (Prevailing Wage Rates).

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#### **INVITATION TO BID**

The City of Roseburg will receive sealed bids or bids submitted via email marked "Bid for Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades, Project No. 24GR03" until the hour of 2:00 p.m. on *Tuesday, August 19*, 2025, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in-person or virtually. If opened virtually, a link will be posted on the City's website at <a href="https://www.cityofroseburg.org/bidding">https://www.cityofroseburg.org/bidding</a> no later than 24 hours prior to the opening. When required by ORS 279C.370, bidders must submit a list of their first-tier subcontractors providing labor, or labor and materials, no later than 4:00 p.m. that same day. Bids shall be addressed and delivered to Amy Nytes, City Recorder, City Hall, 900 SE Douglas Avenue, Roseburg, Oregon 97470, or emailed to <a href="mailto:bids@roseburgor.gov">bids@roseburgor.gov</a>. Any and all bids received after the 2:00 p.m. deadline for submission, or for which the list of first-tier subcontractors has not been submitted by 4:00 p.m. that same day, shall be considered nonresponsive and returned to the bidder. All bidders must list their "Construction Contractors Board" or "State Landscape Contractors Board" license number as required by ORS 701.021 or 671.530 on the bid form.

The proposed work generally consists of furnishing all labor, equipment, materials and supervision for the construction of this project. The project will update the existing 5-foot chain-link fence to a 6-foot chain-link fence with 3 strands of barbed wire. This project includes 2 acres of clearing, removal of approximately 5,350 linear feet of 5-foot chain-link fence and the installation of 5,350 linear feet of 6-foot chain-link fence with 3 strands of barbed wire. The bids will be evaluated as unit price pursuant to OAR 137-049-0380(2)(b). The proposed work will require the bidder to meet the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business related to the work to be performed. Failure to meet such standards may result in a reduction or withholding of payment; require bidder to provide, at bidder's own expense, additional work required to meet such standards; or termination of the contract, with damages being sought. Technical questions regarding the work to be performed should be addressed to:

Mark Forslund
Mead & Hunt, Inc
9600 NE Cascades Pkwy, Ste. 100
Portland, OR 97220
503-548-1494
mark.forslund@meadhunt.com

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit or Bid Bond in an amount equal to not less than ten percent (10%) of the total amount of the bid. Bidders shall state as part of the bid that the provisions of ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 (Prevailing Wage Rates) shall be complied with on the project. The project is subject to both the state and federal prevailing rates of wage and the bid must contain a statement by the bidder that contractor and every subcontractor shall pay the higher of the applicable state or federal prevailing rate of wage to all workers on the project. Bidders must also certify as part of the bid that the requirements of ORS 279C.505(2) (Employee Drug Testing Program) shall be complied with on the project. Bidders are not required to be pre-qualified.

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Each bid must contain a statement as to whether the bidder is a resident bidder, as defined in ORS 279A.120. Bidders are not required to be licensed under ORS 468A.720 (Asbestos Abatement). However, the successful bidder shall at all times during the project provide qualified staff on site that is able to identify asbestos containing material. Bidders are hereby notified there are underground pipelines and structures containing asbestos within the City of Roseburg. If any such material is encountered during the project, the bidder shall thereupon be required to notify the City and comply with all requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Unless exempt under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, the successful bidder must file a \$30,000 Public Works Bond with the Construction Contractors Board prior to beginning work on the project, and certify that all sub-contractors have also filed such bond. Bidders must agree to use recyclable products to the maximum extent financially feasible. Bidders with 50 or more employees and for contracts over \$500,000, are required to possess a certificate issued by the Department of Administrative Services for completion of pay equity training (NEW).

The City of Roseburg may reject any bid not in compliance with all public bidding procedures and requirements, including the requirement to demonstrate the bidder's responsibility under ORS 279C.375(3)(b), may waive any irregularities, and may reject for good cause any or all bids upon a finding of the City it is the public interest to do so. The City may also cancel this invitation in accordance with OAR 137-049-0270.

<u>Federal Requirements for Federally Funded Projects.</u> This Project is being partially funded under the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program (AIP) through Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA). Bidders must comply with specific federally required provisions as listed herein and contained in the bidding documents. The Following federal provisions are incorporated in this solicitation by reference.

- 1. Buy American Preference (49 USC § 50101)
- 2. Civil Rights Title VI Assurance (49 USC § 47123; FAA Order 1400.11)
- 3. Davis-Bacon Act (2 CFR § 200, Appendix II(D); 29 CFR Part 5)
- 4. Debarment and Suspension (2 CFR part 180 (Subpart C), 2 CFR part 1200, DOT Order 4200.5)
- 5. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (49 CFR part 26)
- 6. Trade Restriction (49 USC § 50104; 49 CFR part 30)
- 7. Lobbying and Influencing Federal Employees (31 USC § 1352 Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment; 2 CFR part 200, Appendix II(J); 49 CFR part 20, Appendix A)
- 8. Procurement of Recovered Materials (2 CFR § 200.322; 40 CFR part 247; Solid Waste Disposal

<u>Disadvantaged Business Enterprise</u>. The requirements of 49 CFR part 26, Regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation, apply to this contract. It is the policy of the City of Roseburg to practice nondiscrimination based on race, color, sex or national origin in the award or performance of this contract. The Owner encourages participation by all firms qualifying under this solicitation regardless of business size or ownership. The City of Roseburg is an equal opportunity and affirmative action employer. Small, minority, veteran, and women-owned businesses are encouraged to submit bids.

A DBE contract goal of **5.43** percent has been established for this contract.

All bidders will be required to submit the following information:

- 1. The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
- 2. A description of the work that each DBE will perform. To count toward meeting a goal, each DBE firm must be certified in a NACIS code applicable to the kind of work the firm would perform on the contract;
- 3. The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating;
- 4. Written documentation of the bidder/offeror's commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal; and

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- 5. Written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that it is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the prime contractor's commitment. Each DBE listed to perform work as a regular dealer or distributor must confirm its participation according to the requirements of §26.53 (c)(1); and
- 6. If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts (as elaborated in Appendix A of Part 26). The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

<u>Civil Rights - Title VI Solicitation</u>. Notice The City of Roseburg, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability in consideration for an award.

<u>Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (Federal Minimum Wage)</u>. All contracts and subcontracts that result from this solicitation incorporate by reference the provisions of 29 CFR part 201, et seq, the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), with the same force and effect as if given in full text. The FLSA sets minimum wage, overtime pay, recordkeeping, and child labor standards for full and part-time workers.

The Contractor has full responsibility to monitor compliance to the referenced statue or regulation. The Contractor must address any claims or disputes that arise from this requirement directly with the U.S. Department of Labor – Wage and Hour Division.

Dated this	day of	, 2025.

CITY OF ROSEBURG, DOUGLAS COUNTY, OREGON /s/ Amy Nytes, City Recorder

#### **INFORMATION TO BIDDERS**

#### 1. FORM OF BID

All bids must be made upon the blank Bid Form attached hereto and must give a price for each item and an aggregate amount or a lump sum price as required in the Bid Form.

The City reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to accept the bid deemed in the best interest of the City. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the City may reject any bid which is incomplete, obscure or irregular; which omits any one or more items in the price sheet; in which unit prices are obviously unbalanced; or which is accompanied by an insufficient or irregular Bid Bond.

The bidder shall sign the Bid Form in the blank space provided therefore. All bids must contain the bidder's tax identification number. Bids made by a corporation, general or limited partnership, or L.L.C., shall contain the name and address of such organization, together with names and addresses of officers, partners or managing members. If the bid is made by a corporation, it must be signed by one of the corporate officers with the authority to sign for the corporation; if made by a partnership, by one of the partners.

All bids must be submitted at the time and place, and in the manner prescribed in the Invitation to Bid.

#### 2. <u>BID PROTEST; REQUEST FOR CHANGE OR CLARIFICATION</u>

A bidder may protest, or request a change in items in the bid documents, including contract terms and conditions or specifications, by filing a written protest with the City not less than ten (10) calendar days prior to the bid submission deadline. Such written protest or request for change must include a detailed statement of the grounds for the protest and a statement of the desired changes to the contract terms and conditions or specifications.

The City shall not consider a bidder's protest or request for change after the deadline for submitting such protest or request. The City shall provide notice to the bidder if it entirely rejects the bidder's protest or request for change. If the City agrees with the bidder's protest or request, in whole or in part, the City shall issue a written Addendum to the bid documents or specifications.

Prior to the deadline for submitting a written protest or request for change, a bidder may request that the City clarify any provision of the bid documents. The City's clarification to a bidder, whether orally or in writing, shall not change the bid documents and is not binding on the City unless the City amends the bid documents by issuing a written addendum.

If a written addendum is issued by the City, all bidders must provide written acknowledgement, with their bids, of receipt of all issued addenda.

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#### 3. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents for this Project consist of, but are not necessarily limited to, the Invitation to Bid, Information to Bidders, Bid Form, Construction Contract including Exhibit "A" Standard City Contract Provisions, First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form, Drug Testing Program Certification Form, Bidder's Responsibility Form, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, Public Works Bond Filing Certification form (when required), Pay Equity Compliance Certification (when applicable), General Conditions, Technical Provisions, Special Conditions, Standard Drawings, Specifications and Plans and Supplemental Specifications, all as required for the full execution and satisfactory completion of the Project. Any person contemplating the submission of a bid and being in doubt as to the meaning or intent of said Contract Documents should request of the City, in writing, an interpretation thereof. Any interpretation of said Contract Documents shall be made only in writing by the City.

#### 4. ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

The estimate of quantities of work to be done as stated in the Bid Form, although stated with as much accuracy as possible, is approximate only and is assumed solely for the purpose of comparing bids. The quantities on which payments will be made to the Contractor are to be determined by measurement of the work actually performed and paid at the unit price bid, regardless of the amount of increase or decrease in the estimated quantities as specified in the Contract Documents. The City reserves the right to increase or diminish the amount of any class of work as may be deemed necessary.

#### 5. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS' BOARD - STATE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTORS' BOARD

All contractors bidding on public contracts must be licensed with the Construction Contractors' Board or the State Landscape Contractors Board as required by ORS 701.021 or 671.530. Bids must be identified with the Contractors' Board license number. No bids will be considered without this information.

#### 6. <u>DISCLOSURE OF FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACTORS</u>

When a public improvement contract value is greater than \$100,000, all bidders are required to disclose information about first-tier subcontractors, providing labor or labor and materials, when the contract amount of such first-tier subcontractor is equal to or greater than:

- 1) 5% of the project bid, or \$15,000, whichever is greater; or
- 2) \$350,000 regardless of the percentage of the total bid.

Bidders must disclose the following information about such subcontracts, on the First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form provided by the City and included herein, within two hours of the bid submission deadline:

- 1) The subcontractor's name;
- 2) The subcontract dollar value; and
- 3) The category of work to be performed by the subcontractor.

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Any bidder not using subcontractors subject to the above disclosure form, must write "NONE" on the Disclosure Form and sign and submit the form. The City will reject a bid if the bidder fails to submit the Disclosure Form before the deadline.

#### 7. DRUG TESTING PROGRAM

ORS 279C.505(2) requires public improvement contracts to include a provision requiring contractors to demonstrate that they have an employee drug and alcohol testing program in place. All bidders are required to certify, on the Drug Testing Program Certification Form provided by the City and included herein, that they have such program in place. This certification will become part of the Contract if awarded and contractor will be required to maintain such program throughout the performance of the Contract. Failure to maintain a program shall constitute a material breach of the Contract.

#### 8. PROMPT PAY POLICY - TIMELY PROGRESS PAYMENTS

ORS 279C.570 and 279C.580 require prompt payment to contractors and subcontractors and provides for settlement of compensation disputes between the parties. The City is required to automatically calculate and pay interest on invoices from the contractor when payments become overdue. The interest commences thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the invoice from the contractor, or fifteen (15) calendar days after the payment is approved by the City, whichever is earlier. The rate of interest charged to the City on the amount due shall equal three times the discount rate on 90-day commercial paper, but shall not exceed 30 percent.

The City is also required to ensure that the contractor includes a clause in each subcontract that obligates the contractor to pay first-tier subcontractors for satisfactory performance under its contract. Contractors must pay subcontractors within ten (10) calendar days of receiving payment from the City. Contracts between primary contractors and subcontractors must also contain an interest penalty clause that obligates the contractor, if payment is not made to the subcontractor within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of payment from the City, to pay the first-tier subcontractor an interest penalty on amounts due in the case of each payment not made in accordance with the subcontract payment clause. The contractor is also required to ensure that first-tier subcontractors include these requirements in each of its subcontracts with lower-tier subcontractors or suppliers.

If requested in writing by a first-tier subcontractor, within ten (10) calendar days after receiving the request, the contractor must provide the first-tier subcontractor, a copy of that portion of any invoice or request for payment submitted to the City, or pay document provided by the City to the contractor, specifically related to any labor or materials supplied by the first-tier subcontractor.

#### 9. PRE-QUALIFICATION OF BIDDERS

Pre-qualification is not required.

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#### 10. BID BOND, PUBLIC WORKS BOND, PAYMENT BOND AND PERFORMANCE BOND

A Bid Bond, Public Works Bond Filing Certification, Payment Bond and Performance Bond shall be provided as specified in Subsection 5.4 of the General Conditions. No waivers, special requirements or emergency provisions have been established for this Contract.

#### 11. PAY EQUITY COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION (NEW)

ORS 279A.167 requires businesses with fifty (50) or more employees, and a contract valued at more than \$500,000, to provide proof they are properly trained on Oregon's pay equity laws. A certificate proving the contractor has completed the training shall be provided as specified in Subsection 26 of the "Bid Form".

#### 12. <u>HIGHEST STANDARDS OF WORK AND CONSEQUENCES FOR FAILURE</u>

The work to be performed must meet the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business most closely related to the work to be performed. Failure to meet such standards may result in consequences including, but not limited to a reduction or withholding of payment; a requirement that bidder perform, at bidder's own expense, additional work required to meet such standards; or termination of the contract, with damages being sought.

#### 13. CONDITIONS OF WORK

Bidders must make their own determination of the nature of the work proposed under this Contract, the local conditions which can be encountered in this area, and all other matters which can in any way affect the work proposed under this Contract. It shall also be the bidder's responsibility to be thoroughly familiar with the Contract Documents. Failure to make the examination necessary for this determination or to examine any form, instrument or document of the Contract shall not release the bidder from the obligations of this Contract.

### 14. REVIEW OF BIDS; BASIS FOR AWARD; NOTICE OF INTENT TO AWARD; AND RIGHT TO PROTEST AWARD

In reviewing all bids received and determining the lowest responsible bidder, the City reserves the right to take into account and give reasonable weight to the extent of the bidder's experience on work of the nature involved, on the bidder's record as to dependability in carrying out of contracts, and evidence of present ability to perform the Contract in a satisfactory manner.

The City may make such investigations as deemed necessary to determine the ability of the bidder to perform the work, and the bidder shall furnish to the City all such information and data for this purpose as the City may request. The City reserves the right to reject any bid if the evidence submitted by, or investigation of, such bidder fails to satisfy the City that such bidder is properly qualified to carry out the obligations of the Contract, to complete the work contemplated therein, and to do so in a timely manner. The City specifically reserves the right to reject a bid from a bidder who, at the time bids are opened, has failed to complete work in a timely manner under a contract previously awarded to the bidder by the City. Conditional bids will not be accepted.

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In accordance with ORS 279A.120(2)(b), in determining the lowest responsible bidder, the City shall, for the purpose of awarding the Contract, add a percentage increase on the bid of a non-resident bidder equal to the percent, if any, of the preference given to that bidder in the state in which the bidder resides.

Within forty-five (45) calendar days after the bid opening, the City will accept one of the bids or reject all of the bids received. If the City intends to accept one of the bids, it shall issue a Notice of Intent to Award the Contract to all bidders. The City's award will not be final until seven (7) calendar days after the date of the notice if no protest is filed; or if a protest is filed, until the City provides a written response to all timely-filed protests that denies the protest and affirms the award.

A bidder may submit a formal written protest to the City's Notice of Intent to Award the Contract within seven (7) calendar days of the date of the City's Notice of Intent. The written protest must specify the grounds upon which the protest is based and must show that the protesting party is an adversely affected or aggrieved bidder. A bidder is adversely affected or aggrieved only if the bidder is eligible for award of the Contract as the responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsible bid, is next in line for award and claims that all lower bidders are ineligible for award in accordance with law.

Such protest must be submitted to the City Recorder, 900 SE Douglas, Roseburg, OR 97470 or by email at <a href="mailto:info@roseburgor.gov">info@roseburgor.gov</a>. Any protest received after the 7-day deadline will not be considered. The City Recorder shall forward such protest to the City Manager who shall have the authority to settle or resolve the protest by written decision.

#### 15. EXECUTION OF CONTRACT, BONDS AND DAMAGES FOR FAILURE TO EXECUTE

The bidder whose bid is accepted will be required to appear within ten (10) calendar days after notice that the Contract has been awarded to bidder and to execute the Contract with the City for the full and complete performance of all work specified, and as required by Subsection 5.4 of the General Conditions, deliver the Public Works Bond Filing Certification form, the Payment Bond to assure payment of the obligations incurred in the performance of the Contract and the Performance Bond and to ensure performance of the Contract.

Should the successful bidder fail or refuse to execute the Contract and furnish the Public Works Bond Filing Certification form, Payment Bond and/or Performance Bond when required, then the Bid Bond deposited by said bidder shall be retained by the City as liquidated damages.

#### 16. COMMENCEMENT DATE AND EXPIRATION DATE OF CONTRACT

This Contract shall be in effect from the time the Contract is signed until the Project is completed. The Contractor must be capable of completing substantial completion by April 1, 2026. Final completion shall be 30 days after substantial completion and include any items identified on the punch list.

#### 17. <u>DURATION OF BIDS; RETURN OF BID BONDS</u>

All bids will be binding until the later of:

- 1) the day the contract is executed; or
- 2) forty-five (45) calendar days after the date of bid opening.

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Bid bonds will be returned to unsuccessful bidders not later than the date on which the bids are no longer binding.

#### 18. PUBLIC RECORDS

These Contract Documents and each bid received in response to it, together with copies of documents pertaining to the award of a contract shall be kept on file as a public record by the City Recorder; provided however, such records shall not be disclosed until after the notice of intent to award the contract has been issued.

#### 19. RECORDS REVIEW; CONFIDENTIALITY

After notice of intent to award the resulting contract has been issued, all bids shall be available for public inspection except for those portions of a bid that the bidder designates in its bid as trade secrets or as confidential proprietary data in accordance with applicable state law. If the City determines such designation is not in accordance with applicable law, the City shall make those portions available for public inspection. The bidder shall separate information designated as confidential from other non-confidential information at the time of submitting its proposal. Prices, makes, models or catalog numbers of items offered, scheduled delivery dates and terms of payment are not confidential, and shall be publicly available regardless of a bidder's designation to the contrary.

#### 20. MATERIALS CONTAINING ASBESTOS

Materials containing asbestos may be present in underground pipe systems. All appropriate Federal, State, County and Municipal rules, regulations and guidelines must be followed when working with asbestos containing material. Non friable material must be handled, transported and disposed of in a way that prevents it from becoming friable and releasing asbestos fibers. If AC pipe is shattered, damaged or badly weathered, it is considered to be friable and will likely release asbestos fibers. A DEQ licensed asbestos abatement contractor using DEQ certified workers must remove all friable asbestos material. Any and all permits and fees that are required by the DEQ, Douglas County and any other regulatory agency must be obtained and paid for by the Contractor prior to disposing of the asbestos containing material. For information about asbestos rules, contact the DEQ Western Region office in Medford, Oregon.

#### 21. REQUIRED FEDERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS

Contractor shall comply with the Required Federal Contract Provisions and include in all subcontracts.

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#### 22. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

The requirements of 49 CFR part 26, Regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation, apply to this contract. It is the policy of the City of Roseburg to practice nondiscrimination based on race, color, sex or national origin in the award or performance of this contract. The Owner encourages participation by all firms qualifying under this solicitation regardless of business size or ownership. The City of Roseburg is an equal opportunity and affirmative action employer. Small, minority, veteran, and women-owned businesses are encouraged to submit bids.

A DBE contract goal of **5.43** percent has been established for this contract.

All bidders will be required to submit the following information:

- 1) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
- 2) A description of the work that each DBE will perform. To count toward meeting a goal, each DBE firm must be certified in a NAICS code applicable to the kind of work the firm would perform on the contract:
- 3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating;
- 4) Written documentation of the bidder/offeror's commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal; and
- 5) Written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the prime contractor's commitment. Each DBE listed to perform work as a regular dealer or distributor must confirm its participation according to requirements § 26.53 (c)(1); and
- 6) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts (as elaborated in Appendix A of Part 26). The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

#### **BIDDER'S CHECK LIST**

Bidder's attention is called to the following forms, which must be executed in full as required with the bid:

- **A.** <u>BID FORM(S)</u>: Each bidder shall complete the bid form(s). Prices must be shown in the spaces provided and must be expressed in figures.
- **B.** <u>BID BOND</u>: This form is to be executed by bidder and bidder's Surety. The amount of cash, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit or Bid Bond shall not be less than 10% of the total Bid amount.
- C. <u>FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURE FORM</u>: When required by law, this form must be submitted by the bid submission deadline, at which time bids will be opened and read, or within two (2) working hours of such submission deadline. If no subcontractors for labor or for labor and materials will be used, the bidder must write "NONE" on the disclosure form, sign and submit the form as required. Failure to submit this form within two hours of the bid submission deadline will result in the bid becoming non-responsive and such bid will be returned to the bidder.
- DRUG TESTING PROGRAM CERTIFICATION FORM: This form must be submitted with the bid to demonstrate that bidder has an employee drug and alcohol testing program in place and will continue to keep the program in place throughout the duration of performing the Contract awarded.
- E. <u>PUBLIC WORKS BOND PRE-BID NOTICE & CERTIFICATION FORM</u>: This form must be submitted with the bid to demonstrate contractor's awareness of and intended compliance with the requirement to file a Public Works Bond with the Construction Contractors Board prior to beginning work on the project if awarded the bid.
- F. PAY EQUITY COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION FORM (NEW): If applicable pursuant to Section 11 of "Information for Bidders", this form must be submitted with the bid to demonstrate contractor has completed required training regarding pay equity and the prohibition against discrimination in compensation or wage benefits.
- **G. BIDDER'S LIST:** Each bidder shall complete the form in its entirety.
- H. DBE UTILIZATION STATEMENT: Each bidder shall complete the form in its entirety.
- **I. DBE LETTER OF INTENT:** This form shall be submitted for each DBE firm intended to perform work on the project.
- **J. DBE GOOD FAITH EFFORTS:** Each bidder shall provide evidence of good faith efforts when unable to meet the contract goal.
- K. <u>CERTIFICATION OF OFFERER/BIDDER REGARDING TAX DELIQUENCY AND FELONY</u>
  CONVICTIONS: Each bidder shall check the appropriate boxes, date, and sign.
- L. BUY AMERICAN CERTIFICATION: Each bidder shall check the appropriate boxes and sign.
- **M. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY REPORT STATEMENT:** Each Bidder shall check the appropriate boxes, and sign, and date.

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The following forms are to be executed after the Contract is awarded, prior to beginning work on the project:

- **A. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT:** This agreement is to be executed by the successful bidder.
- **B.** PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND: Both a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond are to be executed by the successful bidder and bidder's Surety Company and submitted at the time the Contract is executed.
- C. <u>PUBLIC WORKS WAGE CERTIFICATION FORM</u>: This form is to be completed in accordance with state law and submitted monthly during the duration of the contract, by the fifth business day of the following month, with request for payment.
- **D. CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE**: This certificate is to be executed by the successful bidder and bidder's insurance company and submitted at the time the Contract is executed.
- E. <u>PUBLIC WORKS BOND FILING CERTIFICATION</u>: This form is to be executed by the successful bidder and submitted at the time the Contract is executed to certify if Contractor has filed the required Public Works Bond or elected not to file the Bond due to qualifying under ORS 200.055.

#### **BID FORM**

City of Roseburg 900 SE Douglas Avenue Roseburg, Oregon 97470

The undersigned bidder has carefully examined the Contract Documents for the construction of the

### Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades Project No. 24GR03

referred to in the Invitation to Bid dated Tuesday, July 29, 2025, inviting bids on such Project and also the site of the Project. Bidder will provide all necessary labor, equipment, tools, apparatus and other means of construction, do all the work and furnish all the materials called for by said Contract Documents in the manner prescribed therein to provide a complete Project.

The undersigned bidder understands that the quantities of work as shown herein are approximate only, unless noted otherwise, and are subject to increase or decrease. The bidder offers to perform the work, at the unit price stated in the following schedule, whether the quantities are increased or decreased.

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## ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CITY NO. 24GR03 BASE BID

ITEM NO.	SECTION/ ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL PRICE (IN FIGURES)
1	C-105	Mobilization (10% Maximum)	1	LS		
2	GP 50-07	Construction Survey	1	LS		
3	P-101	Chain-Link Fence Removal	4,771	LF		
4	P-101	Riprap Slope Protection, 30" Depth	82	SY		
5	P-151	Clearing	1.8	AC		
6	F-162	6-foot Chain-Link Fence, with 3-strand barbed wire	5,050	LF		
7	F-162	5-foot to 6-foot Chain Link Fence Transition, with 3- strand barbed wire	16	LF		
8	F-162	2-foot to 5-foot Chain Link Fence Transition, with 3-strand barbed wire	22	LF		
9	F-162	2-foot Chain-Link Fence, with 3-strand barbed wire	14	LF		
				TOTAL Bas	e Bid in Figures	

**Total Base Bid in Writing:** 

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# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CITY NO. 24GR03 BID ADDITIVE 1

ITEM NO.	SECTION/ ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL PRICE (IN FIGURES)
1	C-105	Mobilization (10% Maximum)	1	LS		
2	GP 50-07	Construction Survey	1	LS		
3	P-101	Chain-Link Fence Removal	560	LF		
4	F-162	6-foot Chain-Link Fence, with 3-strand barbed wire	560	LF		
5	F-162	Single Panel Swing Gate, 6'-5"	1	EA		
6	F-162	3-strand barbed wire installed on 19-foot automatic vertical pivot gate	1	LS		
			Т	OTAL Bid Addi	tive 1 in Figures	

**Total Bid Additive 1 in Writing:** 

			ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT		
			AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES		
			CITY NO. 24GR03		
			BID ALTERNAT	ΓE 1	
ITEM	SECTION/	ITEM DESCRIPTION		OTY	IIN

ITEM NO.	SECTION/ ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNITS	UNIT PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL PRICE (IN FIGURES)
1	F-162	Tension Wire to Replace Top Rail on Chain-Link Fence in Work Area 1	5,102	LF		
	TOTAL Bid Alternate 1 in Figures					

**Total Bid Alternate 1 in Writing:** 

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#### \*Abbreviations:

LS – Lump Sum CY – Cubic Yard EA – Each

LBS – Pounds LF – Lineal Feet IN – Inches

SY – Square Yard TONS – Tons AC - Acres

THE APPARENT LOW BIDDER WILL BE DETERMINED BASED ON THE <u>LOW SUM TOTAL OF THE BASE BID.</u>

SHOULD THE APPARENT LOW BIDDER BE LOW ON THE SUM OF THE BASE BID, BID ADDITIVE 1 AND/OR BID ALTERNATE 1, THEN BID ADDITIVE 1 AND/OR BID ALTERNATE 1 MAY ALSO BE AWARDED TO THE APPARENT LOW BIDDER.

SPLIT AWARDS WILL NOT BE MADE.

ACCEPTED ADDITIVES WILL BE IDENTIFIED IN THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT. THE ORDER OF THE ADDITIVES LISTED ABOVE DOES NOT REPRESENT THE ORDER IN WHICH ANY OF THESE ADDITIVES MAY BE CHOSEN.

#### The undersigned also declares and agrees as follows:

- 1. That the only persons or parties interested in this bid are those named herein, that the bid is in all respects fair and without fraud, and that it is made without any connection or collusion with any person making another bid on this Contract.
- 2. That the bidder, and any subcontractor upon which the bidder is relying, have carefully examined and had an opportunity to comment on, the Contract Documents for the construction of the proposed improvements including a full set of the plans and specifications, including all addenda thereto; that bidder has personally inspected the contemplated construction area or areas; that bidder is satisfied as to the adequacy and completeness of the plans and specifications, the feasibility of the work described therein, quantities of materials, items of equipment and conditions of work involved, including the fact that the description of work and materials as included herein are approximate only; and that this bid is made according to the provisions and under the terms of the Specifications which are hereto attached and hereby made a part of this bid.
- 3. All of the Specifications and Plans which are listed herein have been examined by the undersigned bidder and the terms and conditions thereof are hereby accepted.
- 4. It is understood that the Plans may be supplemented by additional Drawings and Specifications in explanation and elaboration of the Plans and it is agreed that such Supplemental Drawings, when not in conflict with those referred to in Paragraph 3 above, will have the same force and effect as if completed and attached hereto, and that when received, will be considered a part of the Contract Documents.

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- 5. It is understood that all work will be performed under the price schedule outlined herein and that all services, materials, labor and equipment and all work necessary to complete the Project in accordance with the Plans and Specifications shall be furnished for the prices named in the bid. If there is a change in the scope of work or work which cannot be properly classified under the price schedule then bidder agrees to do this work as "extra work". The undersigned bidder agrees to do any extra work and furnish materials, and to accept as full compensation therefore at such prices as may be agreed upon in writing by the City and the Contractor before extra work begins. Each party binds itself to agree to reasonable prices.
- 6. It is understood the work to be performed must meet the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business most closely related to the work to be performed. It is further understood that failure to meet such standards may result in consequences including, but not limited to, a reduction or withholding of payment; a requirement that bidder perform, at bidder's own expense, additional work required to meet such standards; or termination of the contract, with damages being sought.
- 7. The bidder agrees that if this bid is accepted, the bidder will, within ten (10) calendar days after the notification of acceptance, execute the Construction Contract with the City in the form of Contract specified, and will, at the time of execution of the Contract, deliver to the City the Performance Bond, Payment Bond and Public Works Bond Filing Certification form as required herein, and will furnish all the materials necessary to complete the Project in the manner, in the time and according to methods as specified in the Specifications and required by the City.
- 8. The cash, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit or Bid Bond shall be payable to the City to the extent of 10% of the amount of the bid in case this bid is accepted by the City and the undersigned shall fail or refuse to execute the Contract and furnish a Payment Bond, a Performance Bond or the Public Works Bond Filing Certification form as required by the Specifications within the time limit named therein after notification that said bid is accepted, all in accordance with the provisions of this bid and the Plans and Specifications which are a part hereof.
- **9.** All items for the Contract for which forms are provided herein have been completed in full by the showing of prices for each and every item thereof, and for the showing of other information indicated by the Bid Form.
- **10.** Bidder agrees to be substantially complete by April 1, 2026. Final completion shall be 30 days after substantial completion and include any items identified on the punch list. Once work commences, the contractor has 50 working days to complete Work Area 1 and 20 working days to complete Work Area 2.
- 11. In the event the bidder is awarded the Contract and fails to complete the Project within the time limit or extended time agreed upon, as more specifically set forth in the General Conditions, liquidated damages shall be paid to or withheld by the City pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the Construction Contract (Time of Performance Liquidated Damages) at the rate of identified in GP80-08, until the Project has been completed as provided in the General Conditions.

- 12. The undersigned bidder hereby states, as part of this bid, that the applicable provisions of Oregon's Prevailing Wage Law (ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870) and the Federal Prevailing Wage Law (Davis-Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C. 3141-3148), shall be complied with. The Project is subject to both the State and Federal Prevailing Wage Laws and rates and workers in each trade will be paid the higher of the two rates.
- 13. The undersigned bidder and bidder's subcontractors shall comply with ORS 656.017, which requires them to provide Workers' Compensation coverage for all their subject workers.
- **14.** The undersigned bidder hereby states, as part of this bid, that bidder shall comply with ORS 279C.505(2) which requires bidder to have an employee drug testing program in place.
- **15.** The undersigned bidder and bidders' subcontractors shall comply with ORS 279C.570 and 279C.580, which require timely progress payments for public improvement projects and provide interest penalties for late payment.
- **16.** The undersigned bidder hereby states, as part of this bid, bidder and bidder's subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of Exhibit "A" "Standard City Contract Provisions".
- 17. <u>If applicable</u> pursuant to Section 11 of "Information for Bidders", the undersigned bidder hereby states, as part of this bid, that bidder has completed pay equity compliance training and received a certificate of completion from the Oregon Department of Administrative Services.
- 18. If the bidder is awarded the Contract for this work, the name and address of the Surety who will provide the Payment Bond, Performance Bond and Public Works Bond (if required) be: 19. The and address of bidder who is submitting name the this bid is: \_, which is the address to which all communications pertinent to this bid and the Contract shall be sent. The bidder's email address is: 20. The names of the principal officers of the corporation submitting this bid or of the partnership, or of all parties interested in this bid as principals are as follows:
- 21. The undersigned bidder acknowledges that Addenda No. \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_ have been delivered to bidder and have been examined as part of the Contract Documents.
- 22. In the prosecution of this work, the bidder proposes to use the subcontractors listed on the First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form presented within two working hours of the bid submission deadline as set forth in the Invitation to Bid. Any bidder not using subcontractors subject to the above referenced Disclosure Form shall indicate "NONE" on the Disclosure Form and sign and submit the form as required.

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23.	Declaration of Residency: I "am" or "am not" (circle one) a "resident bidder"* as defined by ORS 279A.120
	a contractor that has paid unemployment taxes or income taxes in Oregon during the 12 calendar months
	immediately preceding submission of the bid, has a business address in this state and has stated in the
	bid whether the bidder is a "resident bidder" pursuant to ORS 279A.120.

24.	The bidder's Construction Contracton Number is:	ors Board License Number or Landscape Contractors Board Licens	е
25.	Bidder's Tax Identification Number:	Email:	

Public Works Bond: If the bid is accepted, prior to beginning work on the project, the bidder will file with the Construction Contractors Board, a Public Works Bond in the amount of \$30,000 with a corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Oregon; and before permitting a subcontractor to begin work on the project, the bidder will verify that the subcontractor has also filed the aforementioned bond. If the bidder, as a certified disadvantaged, minority, women or emerging small business enterprise, elects not to file the Public Works Bond, bidder will file written verification of such certification with the Construction Contractors Board and provide the Board and the City of Roseburg with notice of such election.

#### **NON-COLLUSION DECLARATION**

- I, by signing the proposal, hereby declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the following statements are true and correct:
  - 1. That the undersigned person(s), firm, association or corporation has (have) not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the project for which this proposal is submitted.
  - 2. That by signing the signature page of this proposal, I am deemed to have signed and to have agreed to the provisions of this declaration.

#### **CERTIFICATION OF OFFERER/BIDDER REGARDING DEBARMENT**

By submitting a bid/proposal under this solicitation, the bidder or offeror certifies that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred or suspended by any Federal department or agency from participation in this transaction.

#### CERTIFICATION OF LOWER TIER CONTRACTORS REGARDING DEBARMENT

The successful bidder, by administering each lower tier subcontract that exceeds \$25,000 as a "covered transaction", must verify each lower tier participant of a "covered transaction" under the project is not presently debarred or otherwise disqualified from participation in this federally assisted project. The successful bidder will accomplish this by:

- 1. Checking the System for Award Management at website: http://www.sam.gov
- 2. Collecting a certification statement similar to the Certificate Regarding Debarment and Suspension (Bidder or Offeror), above.
- 3. Inserting a clause or condition in the covered transaction with the lower tier contract If the FAA later determines that a lower tier participant failed to disclose to a higher tier participant that it was excluded or disqualified at the time it entered the covered transaction, the FAA may pursue any available remedies, including suspension and debarment of the non-compliant participant.

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#### **CERTIFICATION REGARDING LOBBYING**

The bidder or offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of their knowledge and belief, that:

- 1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the Bidder or Offeror, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- 2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 3. The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all sub-awards at all tiers (including subcontracts, sub-grants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all sub-recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

#### TRADE RESTRICTION CERTIFICATION

By submission of an offer, the Offeror certifies that with respect to this solicitation and any resultant contract, the Offeror -

- 1. is not owned or controlled by one or more citizens of a foreign country included in the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the Office of the United States Trade Representative (U.S.T.R.);
- has not knowingly entered into any contract or subcontract for this project with a person that is a citizen or national of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the U.S.T.R; and
- 3. has not entered into any subcontract for any product to be used on the Federal on the project that is produced in a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the U.S.T.R.

This certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States of America and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.

The Offeror/Contractor must provide immediate written notice to the Owner if the Offeror/Contractor learns that its certification or that of a subcontractor was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. The Contractor must require subcontractors provide immediate written notice to the

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Contractor if at any time it learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

Unless the restrictions of this clause are waived by the Secretary of Transportation in accordance with 49 CFR 30.17, no contract shall be awarded to an Offeror or subcontractor:

- (1) who is owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the U.S.T.R.; or
- (2) whose subcontractors are owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country on such U.S.T.R. list; or
- (3) who incorporates in the public works project any product of a foreign country on such U.S.T.R. list;

Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

The Offeror agrees that, if awarded a contract resulting from this solicitation, it will incorporate this provision for certification without modification in all lower tier subcontracts. The contractor may rely on the certification of a prospective subcontractor that it is not a firm from a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by U.S.T.R, unless the Offeror has knowledge that the certification is erroneous.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making an award. If it is later determined that the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, the Federal Aviation Administration may direct through the Owner cancellation of the contract or subcontract for default at no cost to the Owner or the FAA.

If sole Proprietor or Partnership:			
In witness hereto, the undersigned as set his/her	r hand this	day of,	2025.
	Printed name of bidder:		<del></del>
	Signature of bidder:		
	Title:		
If Corporation:			
In witness whereof, the undersigned corporation by its duly authorized officers this day of _			tits seal affixed
. , _	·		
Name of Corporation:		·····	
Printed name of person signing:			
	Signature:		
	Title:		<del></del>
	Attest:		
	Secretary		

Roseburg Regional Airport Roseburg, Oregon City No. 24GR03

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#### CERTIFICATION REGARDING DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS

(DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS, A28.1 SOURCE, 2 CFR § 200.322, 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(L))

Must be included in all subawards, including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under the grant.

The Bidder or Offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal that, to the greatest extent practicable, the Bidder or Offeror has provided a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including, but not limited to, iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products) in compliance with 2 CFR § 200.322.

Signature and Title

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Revised 10/2024

Date

#### **STANDARD BID BOND**

We,	, "as Principal,"
(Name of Principal)	
	, anCorporation,
(Name of Surety)	con on "Curetu" haveby inight, and according hind according
	gon, as "Surety," hereby jointly and severally bind ourselves, ou sessors and assigns to pay unto the City of Roseburg ("Obligee") th
sum of	(\$
	dollars.
	s bond is that Principal has submitted its proposal or bid to an agend ment document (No) for the project identifie
	which proposal or bid is made a part of to furnish bid security in an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the ement document and ORS 279C.365(5) for competitive bidding of
proposal or bid is awarded to Principal, and if Prir in the procurement document and executes a payment bond and public works bond as requir shall be void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force	bmitted by Principal is accepted, and if a contract pursuant to the ncipal enters into and executes such contract within the time specified and delivers to Obligee its good and sufficient performance bondered by Obligee within the time fixed by Obligee, then this obligation ce and effect.
representatives this day of	
PRINCIPAL:	SURETY:
Ву	RY ATTORNEY-IN-FACT:
Signature	BI ATTORNET IN TAGE.
Official Capacity	Name
Attest:	
Corporation Secretary	Signature
	Address
	City State Zip
	Phone Email

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#### FIRST TIER SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURE FORM INSTRUCTIONS

#### <u>Instructions for First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure:</u>

Bidders are required to disclose information regarding certain first-tier subcontracts (ORS 279C.370). Specifically, when the contract amount of a first-tier subcontract furnishing labor or labor and materials would be great than or equal to: (1) 5% of the project bid, but at least \$15,000; or (2) \$350,000 regardless of the percentage, the bidder must disclose the following information about that subcontract either in its bids submission, or within two hours after bid closing:

- (A) The subcontractor's name;
- **(B)** The category of work that the subcontractor would be performing; and
- (C) The dollar value of the subcontract.

If the bidder will not be using any subcontractors that are subject to the above disclosure requirements, the bidder is required to indicate "NONE" on the accompanying form.

THE CONTRACTING AGENCY MUST REJECT A BID IF THE BIDDER FAILS TO SUBMIT THE DISCLOSURE FORM WITH THIS INFORMATION BY THE STATED DEADLINE (OAR 137-049-0360).

\* The subject form is on the following page.

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#### FIRST TIER SUBCONTRACTOR DISCLOSURE FORM

PROJECT NAME:		
BID#:		
BID CLOSING: DATE:	TIME:	
	ne location or email specified in the Investee safter the advertised bid closing time	vitation to Bid on the advertised bid closing .
be disclosed, the category of work	that the subcontractor will be perform	or or labor and materials and is required to ning and the dollar value of the subcontract. sed. (ATTACH ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF
NAME OF SUBCONTRACTOR	DOLLAR VALUE	CATEGORY OF WORK
	\$	
	\$	
	\$	
	\$	
	\$	<del></del>
	\$	
not be considered for award.	disclosure deadline will result in a no	onresponsive bid. A nonresponsive bid will
Contact name:	Phone #:	<del></del>
**************************************	**************************************	*******
Time: Date: _	Ву:	
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Roseburg Regional Airport Roseburg, Oregon City No. 24GR03

### EMPLOYEE DRUG TESTING PROGRAM CERTIFICATION FORM

BIDDE	R'S NAME:
PROJE	ECT NAME & NUMBER:
demons certifica ORS 27	79C.505 (2) provides that every public improvement contract contain a condition that the Contractor shall strate that an employee drug testing program is in place. The City's award of the Contract for which this ate is required is conditioned, in part, upon the Bidder's demonstration of compliance with the provisions of 79C.505(2). If the Bidder named above is awarded the Contract, this certificate shall become a part of, and constitute a continuing representation and warranty under, the Contract.
	uce the City to award the Contract to the Bidder, the undersigned, as the duly authorized representative of der, hereby represents and warrants, on behalf of the above named Bidder:
1.	That Bidder has and enforces, and at all times during the term of the Contract will have and enforce, a written employee drug testing policy that at a minimum, requires compliance with the Oregon Department of Transportation Commercial Driver's License drug testing regulations;
2.	A copy of the Bidder's current written employee drug testing policy will be available for inspection by the City at any time upon the City's request; and
3.	The Bidder understands and agrees that its representations and warranties herein will become a continuing part of the Contract and that breach of any of the foregoing will be sufficient grounds for disqualification under 279C.440(2)(d).
Bidder/ Bidder/ selection Bidder/ policy,	by shall not be liable, either directly or indirectly, in any dispute arising out of the substance or procedure of Contractor's drug testing program. Nothing in this drug testing provision shall be construed as requiring Contractor to violate any legal, including constitutional rights of any employee, including but not limited to, on of which employees to test and the manner of such testing. The City shall not be liable for Contractor's negligence in establishing or implementing, or failure to establish or implement, a drug testing or for any damage or injury caused by Bidder/Contractor's employees acting under the influence of drugs erforming work covered by the Contract. These are Bidder/Contractor's sole responsibilities.
	ess whereof, the Bidder has caused this document to be executed by its duly authorized representative on e shown below.
	Signature:
	Printed Name, Title:
	Date:

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# PAY EQUITY COMPLIANCE TRAINING CERTIFICATION FORM (NEW)

BIDD	ER'S NAME:
PRO	JECT NAME & NUMBER:
certify forth i Follow for All peop	279A.167(1) provides that the Oregon Department of Administrative Services shall establish a program to that a person that intends to submit a bid or proposal for a public contract understands the prohibition set in ORS 652.220 and in other laws or rules that prohibit discrimination in compensation or wage payments. It is completion of the course, a certificate of completion will be provided. This certification is recommended by contractor in the state of Oregon, and required for any contractor who employs fifty (50) or more the, and for a contract valued at more than \$500,000. Information on how to receive this certification can and by clicking here.
	duce the City to award the Contract to the Bidder when the certification is required, the undersigned, as the authorized representative of the Bidder, hereby represents and warrants, on behalf of the above named er:
1.	That Bidder has completed the training on pay equity as outlined in ORS 652.220; and
2.	A copy of the Certificate of Completion of the pay equity compliance training will be available for inspection by the City at any time upon the City's request.
	ness whereof, the Bidder has caused this document to be executed by its duly authorized representative on ate shown below.
	Signature:
	Printed Name, Title:
	Date:

#### **BIDDER'S LIST COLLECTION FORM**

Firm Name	Firm Address (including ZIP code)	DBE or Non-DBE Status	NAICS Code(s) of Scope Bid	Race/Gender of Majority Owner	Age of Firm	Annual Gross Receipts	
				☐ Black American ☐ Hispanic American ☐ Asian-Pacific American ☐ Subcontinent Asian ☐ Native American ☐ Non-minority Woman ☐ Other	☐ Less than 1 year ☐ 3 years ☐ 4-7 years ☐ 8-10 years ☐ More than 10 years	☐ Less than \$1 million ☐ \$1-3 million ☐ \$6-10 million ☐ Over \$10 million	
				☐ Black American ☐ Hispanic American ☐ Asian-Pacific American ☐ Subcontinent Asian ☐ Native American ☐ Non-minority Woman ☐ Other	☐ Less than 1 year ☐ 3 years ☐ 4-7 years ☐ 8-10 years ☐ More than 10 years	☐ Less than \$1 million ☐ \$1-3 million ☐ \$6-10 million ☐ Over \$10 million	
tach additional page				□ Black American □ Hispanic American □ Asian-Pacific     American □ Subcontinent Asian □ Native American □ Non-minority Woman □ Other	☐ Less than 1 year ☐ 3 years ☐ 4-7 years ☐ 8-10 years ☐ More than 10 years	☐ Less than \$1 million ☐ \$1-3 million ☐ \$6-10 million ☐ Over \$10 million	

Attach additional pages, as necessary.

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#### Demonstration of Good Faith Efforts - Forms 1, 2, and 3

#### FORM 1: DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) UTILIZATION

#### **FORM 2: LETTER OF INTENT**

Note: The authorized representative (AR) named below must be an individual vested with the authority to make contracting decisions on behalf of the firm. Name of bidder/offeror's firm: Name & title of firm's AR: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_ Name of DBE firm: Name & title of DBE firm's AR: City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_ Work to be performed by DBE firm: NAICS Dollar Amount / %\* Manufacturer/Regular Dealer/Distributor/Broker\*\* Description of Work \*Percentage is to be used only in negotiated procurements \*\*For DBE suppliers only, state how the DBE will perform. For dealer/distributor/broker, Form 3 must be included. The undersigned bidder/offeror is committed to utilizing the above-named DBE firm for the work described above. The total expected dollar value of this work is . The bidder/offeror understands that if it is awarded the contract/agreement resulting from this procurement, it must enter into a subcontract with the DBE firm identified above that is representative of the type and amount of work listed. Bidder/offeror understands that upon submitting this form with its bid/offer, it may not substitute or terminate the DBE listed above without following the procedures of 49 CFR Part 26, §26.53. Date: Signature of Bidder/Offeror's Authorized Representative The undersigned DBE affirms that it is ready, willing, and able to perform the amount and type of work as described above, and is properly certified to be counted for DBE participation, therefore. Date: Signature of DBE's Authorized Representative If the bidder/offeror does not receive award of the prime contract, all representations in this Letter of Intent shall be null and void.

Submit this page for each DBE subcontractor.

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#### Form 3: DBE Regular Dealer/Distributor Affirmation Form

OMB Approval Pending 04/17/2024



### DBE Regular Dealer/Distributor Affirmation Form

Bidder Name:	
Contract Name/Number:	

Sections 26.53(c)(1) of Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations requires recipients to make a preliminary counting determination for each DBE listed as a regular dealer or distributor to assess its eligibility for 60 or 40 percent credit, respectively, of the cost of materials and supplies based on its demonstrated capacity and intent to perform as a regular dealer or distributor, as defined in section 26.55(e)(2)(iv)(A),(B),(C), and (3) under the contract at issue. The regulation requires the recipient's preliminary determination to be made based on the DBE's written responses to relevant questions and its affirmation that its subsequent performance of a commercially useful function will be consistent with the preliminary counting of such participation. The U.S. Department of Transportation is providing this form as a tool for recipients, prime contractors, regular dealers, and distributors to use to carry out their respective responsibilities under this regulation. The form may be used by each DBE supplier whose participation is submitted by a bidder for regular dealer or distributor credit on a federally-assisted contract with a DBE participation goal. The form may also be used by prime contractors in connection with DBE regular dealer or distributor participation submitted after a contract has been awarded provided such participation is subject to the recipient's prior evaluation and approval. If this form is used, it should be accompanied by the bidder's commitment, contract, or purchase order showing the materials the DBE regular dealer or distributor is supplying. Use of this tool is not mandatory. If a recipient chooses a different method for complying with Section 26.53(c)(1), it must include that method in its DBE Program Plan.

DISCLAIMER: This form has not yet received OMB/PRA approval and is subject to change. We are making it available for your voluntary use.

this form is used, it should be accompanied by the bidder's commitment, contract, or purchase order shuse of this tool is not mandatory. If a recipient chooses a different method for complying with Section DISCLAIMER: This form has not yet received OMB/PRA approval and is subject to change	26.53(c)(1), it must include that method in its DBE Program Plan.
DBE Name:	Total Subcontract/Purchase Order Amount:
Authorized DBE Representative (Name and Title):	NAICS Code(s) Related to the Items to be Sold/Leased:
Will <u>all</u> items sold or leased be provided from the on-hand inventory at your es     (If "YES," you have indicated that your performance will satisfy the regular d     be counted at 60%. STOP here. Read and sign the affirmation below. If "NO"	lealer requirements and may
	NO (If "YES," Go to Question 2. If "NO" Continue.)
<ul> <li>Will at least 51% of the items you are selling be provided from the inventory quantities of items delivered from and by other sources be of the general ch</li> </ul>	
YES NO* (If "YES," you have indicated that your performal may be counted at 60%. STOP here. Read and sig	nce will satisfy the regular dealer requirements and in the affirmation below.
*If I.,I.a), and I. b) above are "NO," your performance on the whole will n therefore, only the value of items to be sold or leased from inventory can b determine if the items delivered from and by other sources are eligible for	
2. Will you deliver all bulk or specialty items using distribution equipment you own  (If "YES," you have indicated that your performance will satisfy the requirem	YES NO
counted at 60%. STOP here. Read and sign the affirmation below.)	
I If "NO," your performance will not satisfy the requirements for a regular d be sold or leased cannot be counted at 60%. (Go to Question 3.)	dealer of bulk items; the value of items to
3. Will the written terms of your purchase order or bill of lading from a third party damage, to your company at the point of origin (e.g. a manufacture's facility)?	y transfer responsibility, including risk for loss or YES <sup>2</sup> NO <sup>3</sup>
a) Will you be using sources <u>other than</u> the manufacturer (or other sold or leased?	eller) to deliver or arrange delivery of the items  YES <sup>2</sup> NO <sup>3</sup>
<sup>2</sup> If your responses to 3 and 3.a) are "YES," you have indicated that your perfo	ormance will satisfy the requirements of a distributor;
therefore, the value of items sold or leased may be counted at 40%.	
<sup>3</sup> If you responded "NO" to either 3 or 3.a), counting of your participation charged, including transportation charges for the delivery of materials or support of the delivery of materials or support of the delivery of materials or support of the delivery of the del	n is limited to the reasonable cost of fees or commissions plies; the cost of materials or supplies may not be counted.
I affirm that the information that I provided above is true and correct and that my compa be consistent with the above responses. I further affirm that my company will independent items listed in the bidder's commitment. This includes my company's responsibility for the processing of any warranty claims for damaged or defective materials.  Printed Name and Signature of DBE Owner/Authorized Representative:	ently negotiate price, order specified quantities, and pay for the
The bidder acknowledges its responsibility for verifying the information provided by the counting of the DBE's participation is accurate. Any shortfall caused by errors in countin Printed Name and Signature of Bidder's Authorized Representative:	

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#### APPENDIX A TO PART 26—GUIDANCE CONCERNING GOOD FAITH EFFORTS

- I. When, as a recipient, you establish a contract goal on a DOT-assisted contract for procuring construction, equipment, services, or any other purpose, a bidder must, in order to be responsible and/or responsive, make sufficient good faith efforts to meet the goal. The bidder can meet this requirement in either of two ways. First, the bidder can meet the goal, documenting commitments for participation by DBE firms sufficient for this purpose. Second, even if it does not meet the goal, the bidder can document adequate good faith efforts. This means that the bidder must show that it took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient DBE participation, even if they were not fully successful.
- II. In any situation in which you have established a contract goal, Part 26 requires you to use the good faith efforts mechanism of this part. As a recipient, you have the responsibility to make a fair and reasonable judgment whether a bidder that did not meet the goal made adequate good faith efforts. It is important for you to consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts that the bidder has made, based on the regulations and the guidance in this Appendix. The efforts employed by the bidder should be those that one could reasonably expect a bidder to take if the bidder were actively and aggressively trying to obtain DBE participation sufficiently to meet the DBE contract goal. Mere proforma efforts are not good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract requirements. We emphasize, however, that your determination concerning the sufficiency of the firm's good faith efforts is a judgment call. Determinations should not be made using quantitative formulas.
- III. The Department also strongly cautions you against requiring that a bidder meet a contract goal (i.e., obtain a specified amount of DBE participation) in order to be awarded a contract, even though the bidder makes an adequate good faith efforts showing. This rule specifically prohibits you from ignoring bona fide good faith efforts.
- IV. The following is a list of types of actions which you should consider as part of the bidder's good faith efforts to obtain DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.
  - A. (1) Conducing market research to identify small business contractors and suppliers and soliciting through all reasonable and available means the interest of all certified DBEs that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. This may include attendance at pre-bid and business matchmaking meetings and events, advertising and/or written notices, posting of Notices of Sources Sought and/or Requests for Proposals, written notices or emails to all DBEs listed in the State's directory of transportation firms that specialize in the areas of work desired (as noted in the DBE directory) and which are located in the area or surrounding areas of the project.
    - (2) The bidder should solicit this interest as early in the acquisition process as practicable to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation and submit a timely offer for the subcontract. The bidder should determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- B. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units (for example, smaller tasks or quantities) to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces. This may include, where possible, establishing flexible timeframes for performance and delivery schedules in a manner that encourages and facilitates DBE participation.
- C. Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation with their offer for the subcontract.
- D. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional Agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the work.
- (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- E. (1) Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project goal. Another practice considered an insufficient good faith effort is the rejection of the DBE because its quotation for the work was not the lowest received. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require the bidder or prime contractor to accept unreasonable quotes in order to satisfy contract goals.
  - (2) A prime contractor's inability to find a replacement DBE at the original price is not alone sufficient to support a finding that good faith efforts have been made to replace the original DBE. The fact that the contractor has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces does not relieve the contractor of the obligation to make good faith efforts to find a replacement DBE, and it is not a sound basis for rejecting a prospective replacement DBE's reasonable quote.
- F. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.

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- G. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- H. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, State, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- V. In determining whether a bidder has made good faith efforts, it is essential to scrutinize its documented efforts. At a minimum, you must review the performance of other bidders in meeting the contract goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the contract goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional efforts, the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but meets or exceeds the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders, you may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made good faith efforts. As provided in §26.53(b)(2)((vi), you must also require the contractor to submit copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract to review whether DBE prices were substantially higher; and contact the DBEs listed on a contractor's solicitation to inquire as to whether they were contacted by the prime. Pro forma mailings to DBEs requesting bids are not alone sufficient to satisfy good faith efforts under the rule.
- VI. A promise to use DBEs after contract award is not considered to be responsive to the contract solicitation or to constitute good faith efforts.

#### CERTIFICATION OF OFFER/BIDDER REGARDING TAX DELINQUENCY AND FELONY CONVICTIONS

(Reference: Sections 415 and 416 of Title IV, Division L of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014

(Pub. L. 113-76), and similar provisions in subsequent appropriations acts.)

(Reference: DOT Order 4200.6 - Requirements for Procurement and Non-Procurement Regarding Tax Delinquency and Felony Convictions)

The bidder must complete the following two certification statements. The bidder must indicate its current status as it relates to tax delinquency and felony conviction by inserting a checkmark () in the space following the applicable response. The bidder agrees that, if awarded a contract resulting from this solicitati

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L.e	rtiti	cati	nns	

solicita	tion, it will incorporate this provision for certification in all lower tier subcontracts.
Certific	cations
1)	The bidder represents that it is is not a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.
2)	The bidder represents that it is is not a corporation that was convicted of a criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months.
receive official not rec owner which	bidder responds in the affirmative to either of the above representations, the bidder is ineligible to an award unless the sponsor has received notification from the agency suspension and debarment (SDO) that the SDO has considered suspension or debarment and determined that further action is uired to protect the Government's interests. The bidder therefore must provide information to the about its tax liability or conviction to the Owner, who will then notify the FAA Airports District Office, will then notify the agency's SDO to facilitate completion of the required considerations before award are made.
Term [	Definitions
felony the U.S as a fe that ha lapsed	conviction: Felony conviction means a conviction within the preceding twenty-four (24) months of a criminal violation under any Federal law and includes conviction of an offense defined in a section of a code that specifically classifies the offense as a felony and conviction of an offense that is classified lony under 18 U.S.C. § 3559. <b>Tax Delinquency</b> : A tax delinquency is any unpaid Federal tax liability s been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible ecting the tax liability.
 Date	Signature of Authorized Agent

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Revised 10/2024

Company Name

Printed Name of Authorized Agent

#### **BUY AMERICAN CERTIFICATION**

(Title 49 U.S.C. Section 50101)

**Project name:** Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades

Airport name: Roseburg Regional Airport

**AIP number:** 3-41-0054-033-2025

The Contractor certifies that its bid/offer is in compliance with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related Made in America Laws, U.S. statutes, guidance, and FAA policies, which provide that Federal funds may not be obligated unless all iron, steel and manufactured goods used in AIP funded projects are produced in the United States, unless the Federal Aviation Administration has issued a waiver for the product; the product is listed as an Excepted Article, Material Or Supply in Federal Acquisition Regulation subpart 25.108; or is included in the FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued list.

The bidder or offeror must complete and submit the certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference, BABA and Made in America laws included herein with their bid or offer. The Airport Sponsor/Owner will reject as nonresponsive any bid or offer that does not include a completed certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference and BABA.

The bidder or offeror certifies that all constructions materials, defined to mean an article, material, or supply other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives that are or consist primarily of: non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber; or drywall used in the project are manufactured in the U.S.

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<sup>1</sup> Per Executive Order 14005 "Made in America Laws" means all statutes, regulations, rules, and Executive Orders relating to federal financial assistance awards or federal procurement, including those that refer to "Buy America" or "Buy American," that require, or provide a preference for, the purchase or acquisition of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States, including iron, steel, and manufactured products offered in the United States.

#### CERTIFICATE OF BUY AMERICAN COMPLIANCE WITH FAA BUY AMERICAN PREFERENCE

(Construction Projects)

As a matter of bid responsiveness, the bidder or offeror must complete, sign, date, and submit this certification statement with its proposal. The bidder or offeror must indicate how it intends to comply with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related Made in America Laws, U.S. statutes, guidance, and FAA policies, by selecting one of the following certification statements. These statements are mutually exclusive. Bidder must select one or the other (i.e., not both) by inserting a checkmark ( $\checkmark$ ) or the letter "X".

Bidder or offeror hereby certifies that it will comply with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other relative	tec
U.S. statutes, guidance, and policies of the FAA by:	

- a) Only installing iron, steel and manufactured products produced in the United States;
- b) Only installing construction materials defined as: an article, material, or supply other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives that are or consist primarily of non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber or drywall that have been manufactured in the United States.
- Installing manufactured products for which the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has issued a waiver as indicated by inclusion on the current FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued listing; or
- d) Installing products listed as an Excepted Article, Material or Supply in Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 25.108.

By selecting this certification statement, the bidder or offeror agrees:

- a) To provide to the Airport Sponsor or the FAA evidence that documents the source and origin of the iron, steel, and/or manufactured product.
- b) To faithfully comply with providing U.S. domestic products.
- c) To refrain from seeking a waiver request after the establishment of the contract, unless extenuating circumstances emerge that the FAA determines justified.
- d) Certify that all construction materials used in the project are manufactured in the U.S.

The bidder or offeror hereby certifies it cannot comply with the 100 percent Buy American Preferences
of 49 USC § 50101(a) but may qualify for a Type 3 or Type 4 waiver under 49 USC § 50101(b). By
selecting this certification statement, the apparent bidder or offeror with the apparent low bid agrees

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- a) To submit to the Airport Sponsor or FAA within 15 calendar days of being selected as the responsive bidder, a formal waiver request and required documentation that supports the type of waiver being requested.
- b) That failure to submit the required documentation within the specified timeframe is cause for a non-responsive determination that may result in rejection of the proposal.
- c) To faithfully comply with providing U.S. domestic products at or above the approved U.S. domestic content percentage as approved by the FAA.
- d) To furnish U.S. domestic product for any waiver request that the FAA rejects.
- e) To refrain from seeking a waiver request after the establishment of the contract, unless extenuating circumstances emerge that the FAA determines justified.

#### **Required Documentation**

**Type 2 Waiver (Nonavailability) -** The iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials or manufactured goods are not available in sufficient quantity or quality in the United States. The required documentation for the Nonavailability waiver is

- a) Completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire
- b) Record of thorough market research, consideration where appropriate of qualifying alternate items, products, or materials including;
- c) A description of the market research activities and methods used to identify domestically manufactured items capable of satisfying the requirement, including the timing of the research and conclusions reached on the availability of sources.

**Type 3 Waiver** – The cost of components and subcomponents produced in the United States is more than 60 percent of the cost of all components and subcomponents of the "facility/project." The required documentation for a Type 3 waiver is:

- a) Completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire including;
- b) Listing of all manufactured products that are not comprised of 100 percent U.S. domestic content (excludes products listed on the FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued listing and products excluded by Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 25.108; products of unknown origin must be considered as non-domestic products in their entirety).
- c) Cost of non-domestic components and subcomponents, excluding labor costs associated with final assembly and installation at project location.
- d) Percentage of non-domestic component and subcomponent cost as compared to total "facility" component and subcomponent costs, excluding labor costs associated with final assembly and installation at project location.

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**Type 4 Waiver** (Unreasonable Costs) - Applying this provision for iron, steel, manufactured goods or construction materials would increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent. The required documentation for this waiver is:

- a) A completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire from
- b) At minimum two comparable equal bids and/or offers;
- c) Receipt or record that demonstrates that supplier scouting called for in Executive Order 14005, indicates that no domestic source exists for the project and/or component;
- d) Completed waiver applications for each comparable bid and/or offer.

**False Statements**: Per 49 USC § 47126, this certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of the Federal Aviation Administration and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under Title 18, United States Code.

Date	Signature
Company Name	Printed Name and Title

Federal Aviation
Administration

## FAA Form 5100-136, Buy American Project/Product Content Percentage Calculation – Worksheet

### Instructions for FAA Form 5100-136, Buy American Preference - Content Percentage Worksheet

#### **General Instructions/Information**

This form is intended for use by applicants (manufacturers, contractors, suppliers) for an FAA Buy American Preference waiver of the requirements of section 70914 of the Build America, Buy America (BABA) Act included in the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) (Pub. L. No. 117-58). This form and the Final Assembly Questionnaire (FAA form 137) must be submitted together for all waiver requests. Complete the below sections.

#### **Applicant Information Section**

Enter applicant and point-of-contact information.

#### **Project/Product Information Section (The Final Project)**

Enter summary information about the specific FAA eligible project for which this waiver is requested, including the calculated costs and percentage information from the project material structure worksheet.

#### FAA Buy American Preference Compliance Section ("Construction Materials")

Enter summary cost and percentage information about the presence of non-domestic portions of iron, steel, or other singular "construction materials" that consist primarily of non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber; or drywall which are not combined with any of other materials through a manufacturing process.

#### **Use of Non-Domestic Construction Materials Justification Section**

Enter a description of your good faith efforts made to locate and secure domestic materials that are not 100% domestically produced in the United States, including the use of the Supplier Scouting by the Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) or market research. This information is required for any non-U.S. portions of structural steel and or iron.

#### **Project Material Structure Worksheet (Manufactured Goods)**

Enter onto the worksheet the final project and manufactured component/subcomponent items, prices, and total costs, excluding labor and retail markup through level 2 only.

Eligible materials below level two should be included with its associated component or subcomponent. Price multiplied by quantity equals costs.

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For additional information on how to complete this form, contact the FAA regional or airport district office associated with the airport worksite, or for assistance for other waivers, contact FAA headquarters via the AIP Buy American Preference Requirements webpage.

**Level**. Enter material level 0, 1, or 2. Level 0 is the final product, Level 1 is a component, and Level 2 is a subcomponent.

Part Number. Enter a reference number used to track the item.

Item Description. Enter a concise but clear description of the item.

Quantity. Enter the quantity of the item described in the product/project.

Unit of Measure. Enter the unit of measure used for the item. Examples: Each, Ton, or Sq. Ft.

Price/Unit of Measure. Enter the price for each unit of the item.

U.S. Origin Price/Unit of Measure. Enter the price for each unit of U.S. origin.

U.S. Origin Cost. Enter the total cost.

Non-U.S. Price/Unit of Measure. Enter the price for each unit not of U.S. origin.

Non-U.S. Cost. Enter the total cost of the item not of U.S. origin.

**Country of Non-U.S. Materials**. Enter the country or countries of origin for all non-U.S. materials. Enter "Not applicable" if only U.S. materials are used for the item.

#### **EXAMPLE Completed Material Structure Worksheet**

On the next page is an illustration of a Project Material Structure Worksheet. In this illustration, the final project, and each manufactured component/subcomponent costs, excluding labor and retail mark-up, are listed. The total cost of materials, excluding labor and retail mark-up is \$720,000 (\$565,000 of U.S. costs and \$155,000 Non-U.S. costs). Items [materials] combined through a manufacturing process may be indicated as a manufactured component/subcomponent.

Unit of measure prices are multiplied by the quantity to identify costs. The sum of each component/subcomponents is equal to the amounts in the final project. Eligible materials below level 2 may be included within a manufactured good in levels 1 or 2.

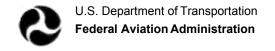
Ineligible or excluded materials should be omitted.

The country of origin of all non-U.S. material are listed by each component and the final product. Other variations of the project components/subcomponents are possible as each manufacturer may produce or apply components/subcomponents differently.

Level (0,1, 2)	Part Number	Item Description	Quantity	Unit of Measure	Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Cost	Non-U.S Price/Unit of Measure	Non-U.S. Cost	Country of Non U.S. Materials
0	Ref#	Final Project	1	Each	\$720,000	\$425,000	\$565,000	\$72,500	\$155,000	Country A, Country B, Country C
1	Ref#	Manufactured Component	4	Ton	\$320,000	\$70,000	\$210,000	\$27,500	\$110,000	Non-U.S. Country A
1	Ref#	Manufactured Component	1	Each	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	Not Applicable
1	Ref#	Manufactured Component	1	Each	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$0	\$0	Not Applicable
1	Ref#	Manufactured Component	1	Sq. Ft.	\$100,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	Non-U.S. Country B
2	Ref#	Manufactured Subcomponent	1	Each	\$25,000	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	Non-U.S. Country C
1	Ref#	Manufactured Component	1	Each	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	Not Applicable
1	Ref#	Structural Steel Material	1	Tons	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	Not Applicable

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OMB CONTROL NUMBER: 2120-0569

EXPIRATION DATE: 6/30/2023

# Buy American Project/Product Content Percentage Calculation – Worksheet

Applicant information		
Date of Application:		
Applicant Name:		
Applicant Type (choose one):  Prime Contractor Manufacturer Supplier		
Point of Contact (First and Last Name):		
Applicant Business Address:		
Email address:		
Telephone: Extension:		
Project/Product Information		
FAA Eligible Project:		
Airport Sponsor: Airport LOCID:		
FAA Award Number:		
FAA Item Number (FAA Advisory Circular reference, if applicable): Total		
Material Cost:		
Total <b>U.S.</b> Material Content Cost:	Percentage:	%
Total Non-U.S. Material Content Cost:	Percentage:	%

FAA Form 5100-136 (6/2023) SUPERSEDES PREVIOUS EDITION

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Revised 10/2024

#### FAA Buy American Preference (Including Buy American Build American) Compliance Does this project include any iron, steel, or any of the following construction materials, not 100% produced in the United States? Yes No If "Yes," indicate the cost and percentage of the project below. Steel (e.g., structural steel, rebar) Cost: Percentage: Iron Cost: Percentage: Non-ferrous metals Cost: Percentage: Plastic and polymer-based products Cost: Percentage: Glass (including optic glass) Cost: Percentage: Cost: Percentage: Lumber Cost: Drywall Percentage:

#### **Use of Non-Domestic Construction Materials Justification**

Provide a description of your efforts to locate and secure a domestic source for those "construction materials" or final manufactured goods that are not 100% produced in the U.S., including use of the Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) and market research.

FAA Form 5100-136 (6/2023) SUPERSEDES PREVIOUS EDITION

Revised 10/2024

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#### - CONFIDENTIAL -

#### NOT SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE UNDER EXEMPTION # 4 OF THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

#### **Project Material Structure Worksheet**

Level (0,1, 2)	Part Number	Item Description	Quantity	Unit of Measure	Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Cost (Each)	Non-U.S Price/Unit of Measure	Non-U.S. Cost (Each)	Country of Non U.S. Materials
0			1	Each						

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#### - CONFIDENTIAL -

#### NOT SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE UNDER EXEMPTION # 4 OF THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

Level (0,1, 2)	Part Number	Item Description	Quantity	Unit of Measure	Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Price/Unit of Measure	U.S. Origin Cost (Each)	Non-U.S Price/Unit of Measure	Non-U.S. Cost (Each)	Country of Non U.S. Materials

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#### - CONFIDENTIAL -

#### NOT SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE UNDER EXEMPTION # 4 OF THE FREEDOM OF **INFORMATION ACT**

#### **CERTIFICATION**

The undersigned certifies that this information is true and accurate to the best of their knowledge. A false certification represents a violation of 18 U.S.C § 1001 and 49 U.S.C § 47126. Signatory has the burden of proof to establish compliance

Name: _	
Title:	
	Submit by Email
	FOR FAA USE ONLY
(Mark th	e appropriate Waiver Type & Scope)
APPI IC	ABLE FAA WAIVER TYPE
	Type I Public Interest (HQ Only) Type II Nonavailability (HQ Only)
$\overline{\Box}$	Type III More than 60% and Final Assembly within the U.S.
$\Box$	Type IV Unreasonable Cost (Requires MEP/requires HQ coordination)
	BABA Iron, Steel, or Construction Material (requires justification) (Apply BABA Flag)
APPLIC	ABLE FAA WAIVER SCOPE
	Project Specific
	Nationwide – (General Applicability) (For HQ Only)
JUSTIFI	CATIONS
	Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) Coordinated
	FICIAL'S SIGNATURE:

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## **EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY REPORT STATEMENT**

Each bidder shall complete and sign the Equal Employment Opportunity Report Statement. A bid may be considered unresponsive and may be rejected, in the Owner's sole discretion, if the bidder fails to provide the fully executed statement or fails to furnish the required data. The bidder shall also, prior to award, furnish such other pertinent information regarding its own employment policies and practices as well as those of its proposed subcontractors as the FAA, the Owner, or the Executive Vice Chairman of the President's Committee may require.

The bidder shall furnish similar statements executed by each of its first-tier and second-tier subcontractors and shall obtain similar compliance by each subcontractor, before awarding subcontracts. No subcontract shall be awarded to any non-complying subcontractor.

## **Equal Employment Opportunity Report Statement**

As Required in 41 CFR 60-1.7(b)

The bidder shall complete the following statements by checking the appropriate blanks. Failure to complete these blanks may be grounds for rejection of the bid:

1.	The Bidder has has not deve programs pursuant to 41 CFR 60-1.40	eloped and has on file at each establishment affirmative action and 41 CFR 60-2.
2.	The Bidder has has not participated in any previous contract or subcontract subject to the equal opportunity clause prescribed by Executive order 11246, as amended.	
3.	The Bidder has has not filed with the Joint Reporting Committee the annual compliance report on Standard Form 100 (EEO-1 Report).	
4.	The Bidder does does not e	mploy fifty or more employees.
Date		Signature of Authorized Agent
Compa	ny Name	Printed Name of Authorized Agent

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Intentionally left blank

# CITY OF ROSEBURG PUBLIC WORKS BOND - PRE-BID NOTICE AND CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned contractor, hereby certify that if awarded the contract for which I am submitting this bid, prior to beginning work on such Project, unless exempt under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, I will file with the Construction Contractors Board, a Public Works Bond in the amount of \$30,000 with a corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Oregon. I further certify that before permitting a subcontractor to start work on the Project upon which I am submitting this bid, I will verify that the subcontractor has also filed such Public Works Bond or has elected not to file such bond as allowed by state law. The Public Works Bond shall provide that the contractor or subcontractor will pay claims ordered by the Bureau of Labor and Industries to workers performing labor upon public works projects. The bond shall be a continuing obligation and remain continuously in effect.

If, as a contractor, I qualify as a disadvantaged, minority, women, disable veteran or emerging small business enterprise certified under ORS 200.055 and I have elected not to file the aforementioned Public Works Bond, I hereby certify that I will file written verification of such certification with the Construction Contractors Board. I also certify that before beginning any work on the Project, I will provide the City of Roseburg and the Construction Contractors Board written notice that I have elected not to file the Public Works Bond. If so certified under ORS 200.055, I understand that my election not to file the Public Works Bond will expire one year from the date it was filed and that a claim for unpaid wages may be filed against the payment bond I submitted on the Project.

I further certify that I understand the Public Works Bond described above is in addition to any other bond that I am required to provide, or that may be required of a subcontractor, for this Project.

Project Name:		
Project Number:		
Contractor's Printed Name:		
Contractor's Signature:		
	Dated:	

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## CITY OF ROSEBURG CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT Project No. 24GR03

City of Roseburg A municipal corporation in the State of Ore 900 SE Douglas Avenue Roseburg, OR 97470	("CITY") gon
and	
[Name of Company]	("CONTRACTOR")
ndependent Contractor Information:	
be of Entity:  Sole Proprietorship  Partnersh dress: ephone: k No: ail: nstruction Contractor Board No.	nip
	ay of, 2025, by and between _, and the City of Roseburg, a municipal corporation of
WITNESS	ETH
entractor and City, for the consideration hereinal	ter described agree as follows:
ools and equipment for the completion of the GR03 in accordance with the bid made by the	ees to do all the work and furnish all necessary labor.  Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades – Project Contractor on the day of, 2025, erred to herein, and guarantees all materials and
	A municipal corporation in the State of Ore 900 SE Douglas Avenue Roseburg, OR 97470  and  [Name of Company]  Independent Contractor Information:  Independent

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- **CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.** The Contract Documents include the City's Invitation to Bid, Information to Bidders, the Bid Form signed by the Contractor, this Construction Contract with Exhibit A, First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form, Drug Testing Program Certification Form, Bidder's Responsibility Form, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, Public Works Bond Filing Certification form (when required), General Conditions, Technical Provisions, Special Conditions, Standard Drawings, Specifications and Plans and Supplemental Specifications, all as required for the full execution and satisfactory completion of the work. All of the Contract Documents are incorporated herein by this reference and made a part of this Contract.
- **PAYMENT.** In consideration of the faithful performance of the work herein described, the City agrees to pay the Contractor (insert cost/bid amount) as payment in full per the provisions of the Contract Documents. The Contractor may elect to receive payments directly to their bank account by completing the attached Vendor Automatic Payment Authorization form.
- 4. <u>TIME OF PERFORMANCE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.</u> The Contractor shall commence work under this Contract upon receiving notification to proceed from the City. The Contractor agrees that the work under this Contract shall be completed within the allowed construction time identified GP 80-08 after notification to begin work. If the Contractor fails to complete the Project within the time hereinbefore mentioned, or in the extended time agreed upon, liquidated damages shall be paid to or withheld by the City in accordance with GP 80-08 until the Project is completed. It has been agreed that the damages arising from a delay in completion would be difficult to ascertain with any degree of accuracy, even after the Project is completed. It has also been agreed that the amount of liquidated damages specified herein is a reasonable forecast of just compensation for the harm that will be caused by a delay in completion of the Project. Any such sum which the Contractor may be obligated to pay under the terms of this Paragraph is paid as liquidated damages, and not as a penalty.
- 5. <u>COMPLIANCE WITH LAW</u>. The Contractor shall comply with all local, state and federal laws, ordinances and regulations applicable to contracts covering municipal contracts, and shall make prompt payment of all amounts that may be due from said Contractor in the way of taxes, other governmental charges or lawful deductions, and shall make prompt payment of all labor and materials and shall save the City harmless from any damages or claims whatsoever in the performance of the Contract. Contractor and all subcontractors agree to comply with the City's Standard Contract Provisions, attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by this reference, and Roseburg Municipal Code Regulations relating to business registration.
- **NOTICE.** Any notice required or permitted by this Contract must be delivered and served personally, or alternatively, deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, registered or certified, return receipt requested, addressed to the parties as shown below:

CITY:	CONTRACTOR:
City of Roseburg	
ATTN: City Manager	
900 SE Douglas Avenue	
Roseburg OR 97470	

Such notice, if mailed within the State of Oregon, shall be deemed delivered upon the second day following the date postmarked. If mailed outside the State of Oregon, notice shall be deemed delivered upon the fifth day following the date postmarked.

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- **7. GOVERNING LAW; VENUE LOCATION.** Oregon law shall be applied to all actions relating to the Contract, and the venue in any such action shall lie in the Circuit Court of Douglas County, Oregon.
- **8. ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES.** This Contract and any amendments may be signed by facsimile, PDF, or other electronic means, each of which will be deemed an original and all of which when taken together will constitute one contract. Facsimile and electronic signatures will be binding for all purposes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Contract the day and year first above written.

CITY	CONTRACTOR
Nicole Messenger City Manager	(Authorized Signature) Title:
Date:	Date:
ATTEST:	Tax Identification Number
	Email:
Amy Nytes, City Recorder	

## **EXHIBIT "A"**

# STANDARD CONTRACT PROVISIONS PREVAILING WAGE CONTRACT (OPS 279C 800 - 279C 870)

(ORS 279C.800 - 279C.870)

The following provisions, if applicable, are hereby included in and made a part of the attached public contract which is subject to Prevailing Wage Laws and rates, between the City of Roseburg and the Contractor named therein as provided for in the Roseburg Code, Oregon Revised Statutes, and Federal laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines. If a Contractor or Subcontractor violates the provisions below, the City may, at its option, terminate the contract or a subcontract and said Contractor or Subcontractor in such event shall forfeit all rights under the contract except to payment for actual labor and materials furnished to the City. The City may waive in whole or in part any forfeitures or sanctions provided in this Exhibit.

# 1. PREFERENCE FOR OREGON GOODS AND SERVICES; NONRESIDENT CONTRACTOR REPORT TO DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE - ORS 279A.120:

- **1.1** For purposes of awarding the contract the City will:
  - **1.1.1** give preference to goods and services that have been manufactured or produced in Oregon if the price, fitness, availability and quality are otherwise equal; and
  - **1.1.2** add a percentage increase to the bid of a non-resident bidder equal to the percentage, if any, of the preference given to the contractor in the same state in which the contractor lives.
- **1.2** As used in this Section:
  - **1.2.1** "nonresident contractor" means a contractor that is not a resident contractor;
  - **1.2.2** "resident contractor" means a contractor that has paid unemployment taxes or income taxes in the state of Oregon during the twelve (12) calendar months immediately preceding submission of the bid for the contract; has a business address in this state; and stated in the bid for the contract that it was not a "resident bidder" under ORS 279A.120.
- 1.3 If the Contractor is a nonresident contractor and the contract price exceeds \$10,000, the Contractor shall promptly report to the Department of Revenue on forms to be provided by the Department, the total contract price, terms of payment, length of contract and such other information as the Department may require before the Contractor may receive final payment on the public contract. The City shall satisfy itself that the requirement of this Subsection has been complied with before it issues a final payment on the contract.
- 2. PAYMENT OF LABORERS AND MATERIALMEN, CONTRIBUTIONS TO INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT FUND, LIENS, AND WITHHOLDING TAXES ORS 279C.505(1): The Contractor shall:
- 2.1 Make payment promptly, as due, to all persons supplying to such Contractor, labor or material for the performance of the work provided for in the contract.

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- 2.2 Pay all contributions or amounts due the Industrial Accident Fund from such Contractor or Subcontractor incurred in the performance of the contract.
- 2.3 Not permit any lien or claim to be filed or prosecuted against the City of Roseburg or any subdivision thereof on account of any labor or material furnished.
- 2.4 Pay to the Department of Revenue all sums withheld from employees pursuant to ORS 316.167.

## 3. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS BY PUBLIC OFFICERS - ORS 279C.515:

- 3.1 If the Contractor fails, neglects or refuses to make prompt payment of any claim for labor or services furnished to the Contractor or a Subcontractor by any person in connection with the contract as such claim becomes due, the public officer or officers representing the City of Roseburg may pay such claims to the person furnishing the labor or services and charge the amount of the payment against funds due or to become due the Contractor by reason of the contract. The payment of a claim in the manner authorized shall not relieve the Contractor or his/her surety from his or her obligations with respect to any unpaid claims.
- 3.2 If the Contractor or a first-tier Subcontractor fails, neglects or refuses to make payment to a person furnishing labor or materials in connection with the contract within thirty (30) days after receipt of payment from the City of Roseburg or the Contractor, the Contractor or first-tier Subcontractor shall owe the person the amount due plus interest charges commencing at the end of the 10-day period that payment is due under ORS 279C.580(4) and ending upon final payment, unless payment is subject to a good faith dispute as defined in ORS 279C.580. The rate of interest charged to the Contractor or first-tier Subcontractor on the amount due shall equal three times the discount rate on 90-day commercial paper in effect at the Federal Reserve Bank in the Federal Reserve District that includes Oregon on the date that is thirty (30) calendar days after the date when payment was received from the City of Roseburg or from the Contractor, but the rate of interest shall not exceed 30 percent. The amount of interest may not be waived.
- 3.3 If the Contractor or Subcontractor fails, neglects or refuses to make payment to a person furnishing labor or materials in connection with the contract, the person may file a complaint with the Construction Contractors Board, unless payment is subject to a good faith dispute as defined in ORS 279C.580. The Contractor shall announce the foregoing in any Subcontract issued.
- **4. HOURS OF LABOR ORS 279C.520**: No person shall be employed for more than 10 hours in any one day, or 40 hours in any one week, except in cases of necessity, emergency, or when the public policy absolutely requires it, and in such cases the employee shall be paid at time and a half pay:
- **4.1** For all overtime worked in excess of 8 hours a day or 40 hours in any one week, when the work week is five consecutive days, Monday through Friday; or
- **4.2** For all overtime in excess of 10 hours a day or 40 hours in any one week when the work week is four consecutive days, Monday through Friday; and
- **4.3** For all work performed on Saturday and on any legal holiday specified in ORS 279C.540, or all holidays specified in a collective bargaining agreement.

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The Contractor must give notice to employees who perform work on the contract, in writing, either at the time of hire or before commencement of work on the contract, or by posting a notice in a location frequented by employees, the number of hours per day and days per week that the employees may be required to work.

## 5. PAYMENT FOR MEDICAL CARE AND ATTENTION TO EMPLOYEES - ORS 279C.530:

- 5.1 The Contractor shall promptly as due, make payment to any person, co-partnership or association or corporation furnishing medical, surgical, and hospital care or other needed care and attention, incident to sickness or injury, to the employees of such Contractor, of all sums which the Contractor agrees to pay for such services and all monies and sums which the Contractor collected or deducted from the wages of employees pursuant to any law, contract or agreement for the purpose of providing or paying for such service.
- 5.2 The Contractor, its subcontractors, if any, and all employers providing work, labor or materials under this Contract who are subject employers under the Oregon Workers' Compensation Law shall comply with ORS 656.017, which requires them to provide workers' compensation coverage that satisfies Oregon law for all their subject workers. Out-of-state employers must provide workers' compensation coverage that complies with ORS 656.126 for their workers. Employer's Liability Insurance with coverage of not less than \$500,000 each accident shall be included.

## 6. PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS - ORS 279C.580:

- 6.1 The Contractor shall include in each subcontract for property or services entered into by the Contractor and a first-tier Subcontractor, including a material supplier, for the purpose of performing the public contract:
  - **6.1.1** A payment clause that obligates the Contractor to pay the first-tier Subcontractor for satisfactory performance under its subcontract within ten (10) calendar days of payment by the City out of such amounts as are paid to the Contractor by the City of Roseburg under the contract; and
  - **6.1.2** An interest penalty clause that obligates the Contractor, if payment is not made within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of payment from the City of Roseburg, to pay to the first-tier Subcontractor an interest penalty on amounts due in the case of each payment not made in accordance with the payment clause included in the subcontract pursuant to Paragraph 6.1.1 of this Subsection. A Contractor or first-tier Subcontractor shall not be obligated to pay an interest penalty if the only reason that the Contractor or first-tier Subcontractor did not make payment when payment was due is that the Contractor or first-tier Subcontractor did not receive payment from the City of Roseburg or Contractor when payment was due. The interest penalty shall be:
    - **6.1.2.1** For the period beginning on the day after the required payment date and ending on the date on which payment of the amount due is made; and
    - 6.1.2.2 Computed at the rate specified in ORS 279C.515(2).

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- 6.2 The Contractor shall include in each of its subcontracts, for the purpose of performance of such contract condition, a provision requiring the first-tier Subcontractor to include a payment clause and an interest penalty clause conforming to the standards set forth in Paragraphs 6.1.1 and 6.1.2 and requiring each of its Subcontractors to include such clauses in their subcontracts with each lower-tier Subcontractor or supplier.
- None of the provisions of this Section 6 are intended to prevent the Contractor or any Subcontractor from including in its contracts the provisions described in ORS 279C.580(5) and (6).
- 7. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATORY WAGE RATES BASED ON SEX ORS 652.220: The Contractor shall not:
- 7.1 Discriminate between employees on the basis of a protected class in the payment of wages or other compensation for work of comparable character, the performance of which requires comparable skills;
- 7.2 Pay wages or other compensation to any employee at a rate greater than that at which the employer pays wages or other compensation to employees of a protected class for work of comparable character, the performance of which requires comparable skills. This section does not apply where:
  - (a) Payment is made pursuant to a seniority or merit system which does not discriminate on the basis of a protected class; or
  - (b) A system measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, including piece-rate work; or
  - (c) Travel is necessary and regular for the employee; or
  - (d) Education, training, experience, or any combination of factors account for the entire compensation differential.
- 7.3 Discriminate in the payment of wages or other compensation against any employee because the employee has filed a complaint in a proceeding, has testified or is about to testify, or because the employer believes that the employee may testify in any investigation, proceedings or criminal action pursuant to ORS 652.210 to 652.235.
- 8. DRUG TESTING ORS 279C.505(2):
- 8.1 The Contractor shall demonstrate that an employee drug testing program is in place at the time of submitting its bid, and that such program will be maintained throughout the contract period, including any extensions. The failure of Contractor to have, or to maintain such a drug testing program is grounds for rejection of a bid or immediate termination of the contact.

8.2 The City of Roseburg shall not be liable, either directly or indirectly, in any dispute arising out of the substance or procedure of Contractor's drug testing program. Nothing in this drug testing provision shall be construed as requiring Contractor to violate any legal, including constitutional, rights or any employee, including but not limited to, selection of which employees to test and the manner of such testing. The City shall not be liable for Contractor's negligence in establishing or implementing, failure to establish or implement a drug testing policy, or for any damage or injury caused by Contractor's employees acting under the influence of drugs while performing work covered by the contract. These are Contractor's sole responsibilities and nothing in this provision is intended to create any third party beneficiary rights against the City.

# 9. PREVAILING WAGE PROVISIONS - ORS 279C.800 - 279C.870; 40 U.S.C. 3141 – 3148:

- 9.1 The hourly rate of wage to be paid by the Contractor and all Subcontractors to workers under the contract shall not be less than the prevailing rate of wage for an hour's work in the same trade or occupation in the locality where the labor is performed as set forth in the specifications for the public contract; provided however, if the public contract is also subject to the Federal Prevailing Wage Rate pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 3148), then the higher of the two rates shall be paid. The Contractor will comply with the provisions of ORS 279C.840 and all applicable provisions of ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 and/or the Davis-Bacon Act. 40 U.S.C. 3141 3148.
- 9.2 The Contractor or the Contractor's surety and every Subcontractor or the Subcontractor's surety shall file certified statements with the City in writing using the form prescribed by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries certifying the hourly rate of wage paid each worker whom the Contractor or the Subcontractor has employed in the Work under the contract and further certifying that no worker employed under such public contract has been paid less than the prevailing rate of wage or less than the minimum hourly rate of wage specified in the contract. The certified statement shall be verified by the oath of the Contractor or the Contractor's surety or Subcontractor or the Subcontractor's surety that the Contractor or Subcontractor has read the certified statement and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true to the Contractor's or Subcontractor's knowledge. The certified statements shall set out accurately and completely the payroll records for the prior week including the name and address of each worker, the worker's correct classification, rate of pay, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid.

9.3 Each certified statement shall be delivered or mailed by the Contractor or Subcontractor to the City. A true copy of the certified statement shall also be filed at the same time with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries. Certified statements for each week during which the Contractor or Subcontractor employs a worker under the public contract shall be submitted once a month, by the fifth business day of the following month. Information submitted on certified statements may be used only to ensure compliance with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 to 279C 870. The City shall retain 25% of the amount earned by the Contractor if the certified statements are not submitted as required. The City shall pay the Contractor the amount retained within 14 days after the Contractor files the certified statements regardless of whether a Subcontractor has failed to file the required certified statements. The Contractor shall retain 25% of any amount earned by a first-tier Subcontractor until the Subcontractor has filed with the City, the required certified statements. The Contractor shall verify the first-tier Subcontractor has filed the certified statements before the Contractor may pay the Subcontractor any amount retained. The Contractor shall pay the first-tier Subcontractor the amount retained within 14 days after the Subcontractor files the required certified statements.

## 10. PUBLIC WORKS BOND REQUIREMENTS – ORS 279C.836:

- 10.1 If the public contract involves public works, unless exempt under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, prior to beginning work on the contract, the Contractor shall file with the Construction Contractors Board, a Public Works Bond in the amount of \$30,000 with a corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Oregon.
- 10.2 Before allowing a Subcontractor to begin work under a public contract involving public works, for which the Contractor has been awarded the contract, the Contractor shall verify that the Subcontractor has also filed a Public Works Bond with the Construction Contractors Board or elected not to file such bond as allowed by state law.
- 10.3 The Public Works Bond shall provide that the Contractor or Subcontract will pay claims ordered by the Bureau of Labor and Industries to workers performing labor under the public contract involving public works. The bond shall be a continuing obligation and remain continuously in effect.
- 10.4 If the Contractor or Subcontractor qualifies as a disadvantaged, minority, women, disabled veteran or emerging small business enterprise certified under ORS 200.055 and has elected not to file the Public Works Bond, the Contractor or Subcontractor will file written verification of such certification with the Construction Contractors Board. If the Contractor or Subcontractor elects not to file the Public Works Bond, before beginning any work on the public contract involving public works, the Contractor or Subcontractor shall provide the City and the Construction Contractors Board with written notification of such election.

# 11. <u>DEMOLITION CONTRACTS; LAND AND LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE - ORS</u> 279C.510:

**11.1** If the public contract includes demolition, the Contractor shall salvage or recycle construction and demolition debris, if feasible and cost effective.

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**11.2** If the public contract includes services for lawn and landscape maintenance, the Contractor shall compost or mulch yard waste material at an approved site.

# 12. <u>DISCRIMINATION IN SUBCONTRACTING PROHIBITED; REMEDIES - ORS 279A.110</u>:

- 12.1 The Contractor may not discriminate against a Subcontractor in the awarding of a subcontract because the Subcontractor is a minority, women, disabled veteran or emerging small business enterprise certified under ORS 200.055.
- 12.2 By entering into the contract, the Contractor certified it has not discriminated and will not discriminate, in violation of Subsection 12.1, against any minority, women, disabled veteran or emerging small business enterprise in obtaining any required subcontract.
- 12.3 If the Contractor violates the nondiscrimination certification made under Subsection 12.2, the City may regard the violation as a breach of contract that permits the City to terminate the contract or exercise any remedies for breach permitted under the contract.
- 13. <u>HIGHEST STANDARDS; CONSEQUENCES FOR FAILURE ORS 279B.060</u>:
- **13.1** By entering into the Contract, Contractor agrees to perform the work to the highest standards prevalent in the industry or business most closely related to the work to be provided;
- 13.2 Contractor understands that failure to meet the highest standards in the industry may result in consequences including, but not limited to:
  - **13.2.1** reducing or withholding of payment;
  - **13.2.2** requiring Contractor to perform, at Contractor's own expense, additional work required to meet such standards; or
  - **13.2.3** declaring a default, terminating the Contract and seeking damages and other relief available under the terms of the Contract or other applicable law.
- **14. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS:** The Contractor and Subcontractor shall comply with all federal, state and local laws, rules, ordinances and regulations at all times and in the performance of the contract.

# Committed to Continuous Improvement and Quality Customer Service

# Vendor Automatic Payment Authorization

As a City of Roseburg vendor you now have the option to receive payments directly to your bank account. No more waiting for the check to arrive through the mail or need to run to the bank to make the deposit.

# How do I sign up?

ø∢

Ø Simply complete and return the attached authorization form. You must include voided check.

# How soon will the Automatic Payment Plan Start? ø∢

Once we have your authorization and have verified the banking information, we will begin making future payments to you through the Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

# How can I be sure that I have received payment from you? ø ∢

postal service at the time the electronic payment is made by selecting the appropriate You can request notification of the payment to be sent to you via e-mail or through the box on the authorization form. Also, your monthly bank statement will clearly reflect the automatic payment.

# What if I have a question about my payment? ď∢

the 9 to speak ask at (541) 492-6710 and Simply call the City of Roseburg Accounts Payable Department.

# What if I try the Automatic Payment Plan and don't like it?

You can cancel your authorization for automatic payments at any time by notifying us ď∢

City of Roseburg, 900 SE Douglas Avenue, Roseburg, OR 97470, Finance@cityofroseburg.org

# We hereby authorize the City of Roseburg to make credit entries to our bank account for payments owed **AUTHORIZATION STATEMENT FOR AUTOMATIC VENDOR PAYMENT** Remittance Name City, State, Zip Phone Number Email Address to us by the City. Address Contact

# Notify via email once payment is made. Notify via postal service. Payment Notification Request: ☐ Notify via email once payment ☐ Notify via postal service. ☐ No notification necessary.

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# CITY OF ROSEBURG PUBLIC WORKS BOND FILING CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, I, the undersigned contractor, do hereby certify that, prior to beginning work on the Project for which I have been awarded the bid by the City of Roseburg:

	Dated:	<del></del>
	Contractor's Signature:	
	Contractor's Printed Name:	
	Project Number:	
	Project Name:	
	erstand the Public Works Bond described above is in addition to any other bond that I am It may be required by a subcontractor, for this Project.	n required to provide,
	(a) I have verified that any subcontractor involved in this Project that has elected Works Bond has provided the Board written verification of its certification under ORS notification of its election not to file the Public Works BondYesNo (C	200.055 and written
subcor	I have verified any subcontractor involved in the Project has, prior to beginning any filed the Public Works Bond with the Board or has elected not to file the Public Work ontractor is a disadvantaged, minority, women, disabled veteran or emerging small ed under ORS 200.055YesNo (Check one)	s Bond because the
the Boa Bond.	I have elected not to file a Public Works Bond with the Board because I am a disacen, disabled veteran or emerging small business enterprise certified under ORS 200.0 coard written verification of such certification and written notification of my election not to I understand that my election not to file the Public Works Bond will expire one year and that a claim for unpaid wages may be filed against the payment bond I submi	055. I have provided file the Public Works from the date it was
<b>1.</b> \$30,00	I have filed with the Construction Contractors Board ("Board"), a Public Works Bo 00 with a corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Oregon. YesNo (Check one)	nd in the amount of

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# CITY OF ROSEBURG STANDARD PERFORMANCE BOND

Bond No.:  Solicitation:  Project Name:	
	(Surety #1) Bond Amount No. 1: \$
	(Surety #2)* Bond Amount No. 2: \$
*If using multiple sureties	Total Penal Sum of Bond \$
surety business in Oregon, administrators, successors	as Principal, and the above identified Surety(ies), authorized to transact as Surety, hereby jointly and severally bind ourselves, our respective heirs, executors and assigns, firmly by these presents to pay to the City of Roseburg the sum of (Tota
(Provided that we the Suret purpose of allowing a joint	es bind ourselves in such sum "jointly and severally" as well as "severally" only for the action or actions against any or all of us, and for all other purposes each Surety binds with the Principal, for the payment of such sum only as is set forth opposite the name

**WHEREAS**, the Principal has entered into a contract with the City of Roseburg, the plans, specifications, terms and conditions of which are contained in the above-referenced Solicitation;

**WHEREAS**, the terms and conditions of the contract, together with applicable plans, standard specifications, special provisions, schedule of performance, and schedule of contract prices, are made a part of this Performance Bond by reference, whether or not attached to the contract (all hereafter called "Contract"); and

**WHEREAS**, the Principal has agreed to perform the Contract in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, plans and specifications, and all authorized modifications of the Contract which increase the amount of the work, the amount of the Contract, or constitute an authorized extension of the time for performance, notice of any such modifications hereby being waived by the Surety:

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND IS SUCH that if the Principal herein shall faithfully and truly observe and comply with the terms, conditions and provisions of the Contract, in all respects, and shall well and truly and fully do and perform all matters and things undertaken by Contractor to be performed under the Contract, upon the terms set forth therein, and within the time prescribed therein, or as extended as provided in the Contract, with or without notice to the Sureties, and shall indemnify and save harmless the City of Roseburg and members thereof, its officers, employees and agents, against any direct or indirect damages or claim of every kind and description that shall be suffered or claimed to be suffered in connection with or arising out of the performance of the Contract by the Principal or its subcontractors, and shall in all respects perform said Contract according to law, then this obligation is to be void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

Nonpayment of the bond premium will not invalidate this bond nor shall the City of Roseburg be obligated for the payment of any premiums.

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This bond is given and received under authority of ORS Chapters 279A, 279B and 279C, the provisions of which hereby are incorporated into this bond and made a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, WE HAVE CAUSED THIS INSTRUMENT TO BE EXECUTED AND SEALED BY OUR

DULY AUTHORIZED LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES. Dated this \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2025. PRINCIPAL: Signature Official Capacity Attest: \_\_\_\_\_ Corporation Secretary SURETY: \_\_\_\_ [Add signatures for each surety if using multiple bonds] BY ATTORNEY-IN-FACT: [Power-of-Attorney must accompany each surety bond] Name Signature Address City State Zip Phone Email

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# CITY OF ROSEBURG PAYMENT BOND

Bond No.:  Solicitation:  Project Name:	
	(Surety #1) Bond Amount No. 1: \$
	(Surety #2)* Bond Amount No. 2: \$
*If using multiple sureties	Total Penal Sum of Bond \$
	as Principal, and the above identified Surety(ies), authorized to transact
•	as Surety, hereby jointly and severally bind ourselves, our respective heirs, executors, and assigns, firmly by these presents to pay to the City of Roseburg the sum of (Total
purpose of allowing a joint	ties bind ourselves in such sum "jointly and severally" as well as "severally" only for the action or actions against any or all of us, and for all other purposes each Surety binds with the Principal, for the payment of such sum only as is set forth opposite the name

**WHEREAS**, the Principal has entered into a contract with the City of Roseburg, the plans, specifications, terms and conditions of which are contained in the above-referenced Solicitation;

**WHEREAS**, the terms and conditions of the contract, together with applicable plans, standard specifications, special provisions, schedule of performance, and schedule of contract prices, are made a part of this Payment Bond by reference, whether or not attached to the contract (all hereafter called "Contract"); and

**WHEREAS**, the Principal has agreed to perform the Contract in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, plans and specifications, and schedule of Contract prices which are set forth in the Contract and any attachments, and all authorized modifications of the Contract which increase the amount of the work, or the cost of the Contract, or constitute authorized extensions of time for performance of the Contract, notice of any such modifications hereby being waived by the Surety:

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS BOND IS SUCH that if the Principal shall faithfully and truly observe and comply with the terms, conditions and provisions of the Contract, in all respects, and shall well and truly and fully do and perform all matters and things by it undertaken to be performed under said Contract and any duly authorized modifications that are made, upon the terms set forth therein, and within the time prescribed therein, or as extended therein as provided by the Contract, with or without notice to the Sureties, and shall indemnify and save harmless the City of Roseburg and members thereof, its officers, employees and agents, against any direct or indirect damages or claim of every kind and description that shall be suffered or claimed to be suffered in connection with or arising out of the performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its subcontractors, and shall promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials or both to the Principal or its subcontractors for prosecution of the work provided in the Contract; and shall promptly pay all contribution due according to workers compensation requirements and the State Unemployment compensation Fund from the Principal or its subcontractors in connection with the performance of the Contract; and shall pay over to the Oregon

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Department of Revenue all sums required to be deducted and retained from the wages of employees of the Principal and its subcontractors pursuant to ORS 316.167, and shall permit no lien nor claim to be filed or prosecuted against the City on account of any labor or materials furnished; and do all things required of the Principal by the laws of this State, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise, it shall remain in full force and effect.

Nonpayment of the bond premium will not invalidate this bond nor shall the City of Roseburg be obligated for the payment of any premiums.

This bond is given and received under authority of ORS Chapters 279A, 279B and 279C, the provisions of which hereby are incorporated into this bond and made a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, WE HAVE CAUSED THIS INSTRUMENT TO BE EXECUTED AND SEALED BY OUR

DULY AUTHORIZED LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES. Dated this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2025. PRINCIPAL: Signature Official Capacity Attest: Corporation Secretary SURETY: [Add signatures for each surety if using multiple bonds] BY ATTORNEY-IN-FACT: [Power-of-Attorney must accompany each surety bond] Name Signature Address City State Zip

Phone

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Revised 10/2024

Email

# LOWEST BIDDER RESPONSIBILITY DETERMINATION FORM (TO BE COMPLETED BY THE CITY UPON NOTICE OF INTENT TO AWARD)

**"Lowest responsible bidder"** means the lowest bidder who is not on the list established by the Construction Contractors Board pursuant to ORS 701.227 and who has:

- 1. Substantially complied with all prescribed public contracting procedures and requirements of the State of Oregon and the City of Roseburg;
- 2. Met the standards of responsibility described in ORS 279B.110 and 279C.375, and Roseburg Municipal Code Chapter 3.06; and
- 3. Not been disbarred or disqualified from bidding or debarred by the State of Oregon under ORS 279B.130 or 279C.440, or by the City under the provisions of Roseburg Municipal Code Chapter 3.06.

Project	t Name:				
Bid/Pro	Bid/Project Number:				
Busine	ess Entity/ Bidder's Name:				
CCB L	cense Number:				
	submitted by City of Roseburg. submitted by: Name:				
	Title:				
	Date:				
The Cit	y has (check all of the following):				
[]	Checked the list created by the Construction Contractors Board under ORS 701.227 not qualified to hold a public improvement contract.	for bidders who are			
[]	Determined whether the bidder has met the standards of responsibility. In so doing, that the bidder demonstrated that the bidder:	the City has found			
	[] Has available the appropriate financial, material, equipment, facility and person expertise, or the ability to obtain the resources and expertise necessary to make responsibilities.				
	[] Holds current licenses that businesses or service professionals operating in in order to undertake or perform the work specified in the Contract.	this state must hold			

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	[] docum	Is covered by liability insurance and other insurance in amounts required in the solicitation ents.
	[] elected	Qualifies as a carrier-insured employer or a self-insured employer under ORS 656.407, or has coverage under ORS 656.128.
	[]	Has disclosed the bidder's first-tier subcontractors in accordance with ORS 279C.370.
	[]	Has a satisfactory record of performance.
	[]	Has a satisfactory record of integrity.
	[]	Is legally qualified to contract with the City.
	[]	Possesses a certificate that the Oregon Department of Administrative Services issued under ORS 279A.167 – Pay Equity Compliance (if applicable). <b>(NEW)</b>
	[]	Has supplied all necessary information in connection with the inquiry concerning responsibility.
[]	Determ	nined the bidder to be (check one of the following):
	[] Responsible under ORS 279C.375(3)(a) and (b).	
	[] Not	responsible under ORS 279C.375(3)(a) and (b).
If the City has found the bidder not to be responsible, please see attached document explaining the City's determination.		

Note: This form is to be submitted by the City of Roseburg to the Construction Contractors Board immediately

**Note:** This form is to be submitted by the City of Roseburg to the Construction Contractors Board immediately following issuance of the City's Notice of Intent to Award the subject contract. A copy must immediately be filed with the City Recorder.

# BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES PREVAILING WAGE RATES FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTS

Prevailing Wage Rates are the minimum wages that must be paid to all workers employed in the construction, reconstruction, major renovation or painting of all public works, unless specifically exempted by state or federal law. Rather than including the entire State and/or Federal Prevailing Wage Rate publications in the bid specifications and contract, public entities may make reference to the specific prevailing wage rate publication where the prevailing wage rates are found *or* provide a link to the specific prevailing wage rate publication where the prevailing wage rates are found.

Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries Prevailing Wage Rates applicable to the subject project/contract are available on BOLI's website at <u>BOLI: Prevailing Wage Rates: For Employers: State of Oregon</u>. The prevailing wages to be applied throughout the duration of this project are those in effect for BOLI Prevailing Wage Rate District 6, (Douglas County Oregon), upon the date the project is first advertised.

Federal Prevailing Wages Rates under the Davis Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.) may be found at <u>SAM.gov</u> <u>Home</u>. The prevailing wages to be applied throughout the duration of this project are those in effect for Federal Prevailing Wage Rates under the Davis Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.) at the time the initial specifications were first advertised for bid solicitations.

This project is subject to both ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 and to the Davis Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3414 et seq.), the contractor and every subcontractor shall pay the higher of the applicable state or federal prevailing rate of wage to all workers on the projects.

For specific information or questions regarding the Prevailing Wage Rate Law, you may log on to the above referenced websites or contact the nearest Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries office listed below.

## **BOLI Office Locations**

Eugene - 1400 Executive Parkway, Eugene, OR 97401	541/686-7623
Medford - 700 E. Main, Suite 105, Medford, OR 97504	541/776-6270
Portland - 800 NE Oregon St., #32, Portland, OR 97232	503/731-4074
Salem - 3865 Wolverine St. NE, Bldg. E-1, Salem, OR 97305	503/378-3292

THIS PROJECT INCLUDES FEDERAL FUNDS AND IS SUBJECT TO THE HIGHEST WAGE OF EITHER OREGON BOLI EFFECTIVE ON (FILL IN DATE) OR DAVIS BACON UNDER FEDERAL LAWS EFFECTIVE ON AUGUST 19, 2025.

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### **GENERAL CONDITIONS**

## 1. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

- **1.1** Whenever used in these General Conditions or in the other Contract Documents, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated which shall be applicable to both the singular and plural thereof:
  - "Acceptance" means that the work has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents and approved in writing by the Owner.
  - "Act of God or Nature" means a natural phenomenon of such catastrophic proportions or intensity as would reasonably prevent performance.
  - "Addendum" means any written document, signed by all parties, pertaining to additions, deletions, revisions or other issues with the Contract Documents issued after the Contract Documents have been issued.
  - **"Bid"** means the offer of a bidder to perform the work described by the Contract Documents when made out and submitted on the prescribed Bid Form and properly signed.
  - "Bidder" means any person, firm, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other entity submitting a bid for the work described hereunder.
  - "Change Order" means a document recommended by the Project Manager which is signed by the Contractor and the City and authorizes an addition, deletion or revision in the work or an adjustment in the Contract price or Contract times, issued on or after the effective date of the Contract.
  - "City" means the City of Roseburg located in the State of Oregon, and owner of the Project and work related thereto.
  - "Contract Documents" means and includes the Invitation to Bid, Information for Bidders, Bid Form, Construction Contract with Exhibit "A" Standard Contract Provisions, First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form, Drug Testing Program Certification Form, Bidder's Responsibility Form, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, Public Works Bond Filing Certification form (when required), General Conditions, Technical Provisions, Special Conditions, Standard Drawings, Specifications & Plans, and Supplemental Specifications all as required for the full execution and satisfactory completion of the Project.
  - "Contractor" means the firm, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other entity executing the Contract with the City for the performance of the work herein described.
  - "**Defective**" means, when modifying the work, refers to work that is unsatisfactory, faulty or deficient in that it:
    - a. does not conform to the Contract Documents; or

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- b. does not meet the requirements of any applicable inspection, reference standard, test or approval referred to in the Contract Documents: or
- c. has been damaged prior to the Project Manager's recommendation of final payment (unless responsibility for the protection thereof has been assumed by the City at Substantial Completion in accordance with the Contract Documents).
- "Design Consultant" means the firm who prepared the Plans and Specifications and shall not mean the Project Manager.
- "Engineer" means the City's authorized Engineer, as designated by the City Manager or Public Works Director for the Contract, either acting directly or through the inspector, within the scope of assigned duties.
- **"Final Completion"** means that all work has been completed in conformance with the Contract Documents and the Contract has been fully performed.
- "Holidays" means any Oregon legal holiday.
- "Liquidated Damages" means that which is set forth in Subsection 6.9 herein.
- "Milestone" means a principal event specified in the Contract Documents relating to an intermediate completion date or time prior to Substantial Completion of all of the work.
- "Pay Equity Compliance Certificate" means a certificate issued by the Department of Administrative Services pursuant to ORS 279A.167 following completion of pay equity training.
- **"Payment Bond"** means the approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and Contractor's Surety as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the Contractor to make all payments that are the Contractor's obligations, in accordance with the terms of the Contract.
- "Performance Bond" means the approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and Contractor's Surety as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the Contractor to execute the work that is the Contractor's obligation, in accordance with the terms of the Contract.
- "Plans" means and includes the City approved maps, standard drawings, work order drawings and supplemental drawings and sketches which will show the locations, character, dimensions and details of the work to be done.
- "Project" means all work described and specified herein and as indicated on the Plans.
- **"Project Manager"** means the City's authorized Project Manager for the Contract, as designated by the City Manager or Public Works Director, either acting directly or through a designated representative, within the scope of assigned tasks.

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"Proposal Request" means a written statement issued by the Project Manager to the Contractor on or after the effective date of the Contract and signed by the City and the Contractor identifying additions, deletions or revisions in the work, or responding to differing or unforeseen subsurface or physical conditions under which the work is to be performed or to emergencies. A Proposal Request will not change the Contract price or the Contract times but is evidence that the parties expect that the change ordered or documented by a Proposal Request will be incorporated in a subsequently issued Change Order.

**"Public Works Bond"** means a \$30,000 form of security furnished by the Contractor and/or Subcontractor and Contractor's and/or Subcontractor's Surety to the Construction Contractors Board to pay claims ordered by the Bureau of Labor and Industries to workers performing labor under a public works project.

**"Punch List"** means a list developed by the Project Manager after Substantial Completion that identifies defects or deficient workmanship or work not completed in conformance with the Contract Documents.

"Request for Information" means a formal request from the Contractor to the Project Manager requesting clarification and/or direction necessary to complete the work.

"Signature" means either a hand written or electronic signature.

"Specifications" means and includes the directions, provisions and requirements contained herein and referred to herein pertaining to the Project.

"Submittals" means all drawings, diagrams, material data, schedules and other information which are specifically prepared or assembled by or for the Contractor and submitted by the Contractor to illustrate some portion of the work.

"Substantial Completion" means that the degree of completion of the Project, or portion of the Project as evidenced by the Project Manager's written notice of Substantial Completion, sufficient to provide the City, the full-time use of the Project, or portion of the Project, for the purpose for which it was intended. Determination of Substantial Completion is solely at the discretion of the Project Manager. Substantial Completion does not mean complete in accordance with the Contract nor shall Substantial Completion of all or any part of the Project entitle the Contractor to final acceptance under the Contract. The criteria the Project Manager may use in exercising his/her discretion in determining Substantial Completion includes, but is not limited to, the completion of all equipment contained in the Project, or portion of the Project, all other components necessary to enable the City to operate the facility in the manner that was intended.

"Superintendent" means the executive representative of Contractor, authorized to receive and fulfill instructions from the Project Manager or Project Manager's representatives.

"Supplemental Specifications" means specific instructions setting forth conditions or requirements peculiar to the Project under consideration when said Project is not completely covered by the Specifications contained herein.

**"Surety"** means the person, firm, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other entity that has the requisite authority to execute the bonds required from the Contractor.

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## 2. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 Award, Execution of Documents, Delivery of Bonds.
  - **2.1.1** If awarded, the Contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder whose qualifications indicate the award will be in the best interest of the City and whose bid complies with all the prescribed requirements. No award will be made until the City has concluded such investigations as the City deems necessary to establish the responsibility, qualifications and financial ability of the Bidders to do the work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
  - **2.1.2** In determining the lowest responsible bidder for the purpose of awarding the Contract, the City, pursuant to ORS 279A.120 shall:
    - 2.1.2.1 give preference to goods and services that have been manufactured or produced in Oregon if the price, fitness, availability and quality are otherwise equal; and
    - 2.1.2.2 add a percentage increase on the bid of a nonresident bidder equal to the percent, if any, of the preference given to that bidder in the state in which the bidder resides.
  - **2.1.3** The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids not in compliance with all public bidding procedures and requirements or when such rejection is in the interest of the City; to reject the bid of a bidder who has previously failed to perform properly or complete contracts of a similar nature on time; and to reject the bid of a bidder who is not, in the opinion of the City, in a position to perform the Contract. If the Contract is awarded, the City will give the successful bidder written notice of award within forty-five (45) calendar days after bid opening.
  - **2.1.4** At least three (3) counterparts of the Construction Contract and such other Contract Documents as practicable will be signed by the City and Contractor. The Contractor shall receive one (1) executed counterpart of the Contract Documents.
  - **2.1.5** When required by the specifications, the Contractor shall deliver simultaneously with the execution of the Contract Documents a good and sufficient Payment Bond to ensure payment of the obligations incurred in the performance of this Contract, a Performance Bond to assure performance of the Contract and the Public Works Bond Filing Certification form executed by the Contractor. No exceptions will be made to this provision.
  - **2.1.6** Failure of the successful bidder to execute the Contract Documents and deliver the required Payment Bond, Performance Bond and Public Works Bond Filing Certification form within ten (10) calendar days of the notification of the award of the Contract shall be just cause for the City to annul the award.

- 2.2 Correlation, Interpretation, and Intent of Contract Documents.
  - **2.2.1** The intent of the Plans and Specifications as contained herein is to describe the complete Project which the Contractor shall undertake to do in full compliance with the Construction Contract with Exhibit "A", Plans and Specifications. The Contract Documents comprise the entire agreement between the City and the Contractor. The Contract Documents may only be altered as provided in the General Conditions of the Contract.
  - The Plans and Specifications are intended to be explanatory and complimentary of each 2.2.2 other. Contractor shall execute any work indicated in the Plans and not in the Specifications, or vice versa, as if indicated in both. Should any work or materials be reasonably required or intended for carrying the Project to satisfactory completion, which is inadvertently omitted on the Plans and Specifications, Contractor shall furnish the same as fully as if particularly delineated or described. Should it appear that the work to be done or any of the matters relative thereto are not sufficiently detailed or explained in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall apply to the Project Manager for further explanations as may be necessary and shall conform thereto so far as may be consistent with the terms of the Contract. In the event any doubt or question arising respecting the true meaning of the Plans or Specifications, Contractor may seek a determination by the Project Manager according to Subsection 3.2 and Paragraph 3.3.3. Should the Contractor disagree with the Project Manager's decision, the Contractor may appeal to the City Manager in accordance with Paragraph 3.4.2. In resolving such conflicts, errors and/or discrepancies, the Contract Documents shall be given precedence in the following order: Construction Contract with Exhibit "A", the Plans and the Specifications. Within the Specifications, the order of precedence shall be as follows: General Conditions, Information for Bidders, Special Conditions and Technical Provisions.
  - **2.2.3** Figure dimensions on Plans shall govern over scale dimensions, and detailed drawings shall govern over general drawings. Any work that may reasonably be inferred from the Plans and/or Specifications as being required to produce the intended result shall be supplied whether or not it is specifically called for. Work, materials or equipment described in words which so applied have a well-known technical or trade meaning shall be deemed to reference such recognized standards. The Contractor assumes full responsibility for having familiarized himself with the nature and extent of the Contract Documents, work locality and local conditions that may in any manner affect the work to be done.
- 2.3 Verification and Warranty. The Contractor shall make the determination of the nature of the work proposed under the Contract, local conditions which can be encountered within the Project area and all other matters which can in any way affect the work proposed under the Contract. It shall also be the responsibility of the Contractor to be thoroughly familiar with the Contract Documents. Failure to make the examination necessary for this determination or to examine any form, instrument or document of the Contract with Exhibit "A" shall not release the Contractor from the obligations of the Contract with Exhibit "A". The Contractor warrants that no oral or written agreement or conversation with any officer, agent or employee of the City, either before or after the execution of the Contract, has affected or modified any of the terms or obligations herein contained.

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- **2.4 Documents to be Kept on the Jobsite.** The Contractor shall keep at least one (1) copy of the Contract Documents at the jobsite, in good order, available to the Project Manager.
- **2.5** Additional Contract Documents. The City will furnish to the Contractor, on request and free of charge, up to three (3) copies of the Contract Documents. Additional copies of Contract Documents may be obtained upon request by paying the actual cost of reproduction.
- **2.6 Surveys.** When required for the Project, surveying and staking of the component parts of the work shall be as detailed in the Specifications and on the Plans. The Contractor shall construct the work in accordance with the construction stakes and shall be charged with full responsibility for conformity and agreement of the work with said construction stakes.

## 3. PROJECT MANAGER-CITY CONTRACTOR RELATIONS

- 3.1 General. The City has the authority to act as the sole judge of the work with respect to both quantity and quality as set forth in the Contract. It is expressly stipulated that the Plans, Specifications and other Contract Documents set forth the requirements as to the nature of the completed work and do not purport to control the method of performing work except in those instances where the nature of the completed work is dependent on the method of performance.
- 3.2 Project Manager. The Project Manager is the representative of the City and is employed to act as advisor and consultant to the City in project managing matters related to the Contract. The City has delegated its authority to the Project Manager to make initial decisions regarding all claims and questions, which may arise as to the quality or acceptability of materials furnished and work performed and as to the manner of performance and rate of progress of the work under the Contract. The Project Manager determines the intent and meaning of the Contract and makes initial decisions with respect to the Contractor's fulfillment of the Contract and the Contractor's entitlement to compensation. Should the Contractor disagree with a decision of the Project Manager with respect to the Contract, the Contractor may request that the City Manager review the Project Manager's decision and make a determination in the manner provided under Paragraph 3.4.2.

The Project Manager may designate a field representative as an alternate in his/her capacity on the job site. All notifications required under the Contract shall be made directly to the Project Manager or the designated representative.

## 3.3 Duties and Responsibilities of the Project Manager

**3.3.1** The Project Manager will make periodic visits to the site of the Project to observe the progress and quality of the work and to determine, in general, if the work is proceeding in accordance with the intent of the Contract Documents. The Project Manager shall not be required to make comprehensive or continuous inspections to check the quality or quantity of the work, and shall not be responsible for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with the Project. Visits and observations made by the Project Manager shall not relieve the Contractor of obligations to conduct comprehensive inspections of the work, to perform acceptable work and to provide adequate safety precautions.

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- **3.3.2** The Project Manager or the field representative thereof will be assigned to periodically observe the work and to act in matters of construction under the Contract. It is understood the Project Manager or field representative shall have the power to issue instructions and make decisions within the limitations of the authority granted by the City. Such inspection shall not relieve the Contractor of obligations to conduct comprehensive inspections of the work, perform acceptable work and provide adequate safety precautions.
- **3.3.3** All claims of the Contractor shall be presented to the Project Manager or designated representative, for a decision which shall be made in writing within a reasonable time. All decisions of the Project Manager shall be final subject only to the Contractor's right to appeal the Project Manager's decision to the City Manager in the manner provided in Subsection 3.4.

## 3.4 Appeal to the City Manager by the Contractor.

- **3.4.1 Determination by the Project Manager.** As provided in Subsections 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3, the Contractor shall refer questions regarding meaning and intent of the Contract Documents in writing to the Project Manager for his/her decision. The Project Manager shall, within a reasonable time, respond to the Contractor in writing with his/her decision. If the Contractor disagrees with the Project Manager's decision or considers the decision requires extra work, Contractor may appeal the decision to the City Manager. Any related work performed by the Contractor prior to the Project Manager's decision is done at Contractor's risk unless otherwise authorized by the Project Manager.
- **3.4.2 City Manager Appeal Process.** In the event the Contractor disagrees with any decision of the Project Manager, the Contractor may, within ten (10) calendar days of the date of such a decision, appeal the decision to the City Manager for review. The appeal must be in writing and must set forth the questions referred to the Project Manager, the Project Manager's decision and the Contractor's basis for disagreement. The Contractor shall deliver a copy of the appeal to the Project Manager at the time it is filed with the City Manager. The City Manager shall make all reasonable efforts to review the appeal and deliver his/her decision in writing to the Contractor within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of receipt of the appeal. Failure of the Contractor to appeal the decision of the Project Manager within the said ten (10) calendar day period constitutes a knowing and voluntary waiver of the Contractor's right to thereafter assert any claim resulting from such decision. This procedure is not meant to preclude or discourage informal resolution of disagreements between the Project Manager and the Contractor.

In the event the City Manager elects to do so, the City Manager may establish a "Claims Review Board" either to assist in reviewing an appeal hereunder or to consider Contractor appeals directly. Once established, the Claims Review Board will hear all future appeals of claims for this Contract.

During the pendency of any appeal, any related work performed by the Contractor shall be done at the Contractor's risk unless otherwise authorized by the Project Manager.

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The filing of an appeal does not automatically extend the milestones and/or deadlines set forth in the Contract Documents and the Contractor continues to be subject to liquidated damages for failure to complete the Project within the time allotted.

In the event the City Manager or the Contractor commences arbitration or other legal action against the other for damages or for equitable relief, the prevailing party in such arbitration or other legal action is entitled to recover its reasonable attorney's fees therein and in any appeal therefrom.

The parties hereby stipulate and consent that venue for all arbitration or other legal actions arising under the Contract is in Douglas County, Oregon and that jurisdiction for all legal actions that are brought in or transferred to court is in the Douglas County Circuit Court of the State of Oregon; except, if a claim must be brought in a federal forum, then it must be brought and adjudicated solely and exclusively in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon located in Eugene, Oregon.

- 3.5 Suspension of Work. The Project Manager shall, in addition to its other authority, have the authority to suspend the work, wholly or in part, for such period or periods as may be deemed necessary due to unsuitable weather or such other conditions as are considered unfavorable for prosecution of the work, or failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out the provisions of the Contract. The Contractor shall not suspend operation without the permission of the Project Manager or Project Manager's authorized representative.
- 3.6 Notice of Potential Claim for Additional Compensation and/or Time.
  - **3.6.1** The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation or extension of time for any act or failure to act by the Project Manager or the City, the happening of any event or occurrence or any other cause, unless the Contractor shall have given the Project Manager a written notice of potential claim.
  - **3.6.2** The written notice of potential claim shall set forth the reasons for which the Contractor believes additional compensation or time will or may be due, the nature of the costs involved and insofar as possible, the amount of the potential claim. If based on an act or failure to act by the Project Manager or the City, except in case of emergency, such notice shall be given to the Project Manager prior to the time that the Contractor starts performance of the work giving rise to the potential claim for additional compensation. In all other cases, notice shall be given within ten (10) calendar days after the happening of the event or occurrence giving rise to the potential claim.
  - **3.6.3** It is the intention of this section that differences between the parties arising under and by virtue of the Contract shall be brought to the attention of the Project Manager at the earliest possible time in order that such matters may be settled if possible or other appropriate action may be taken promptly.

- 3.7 Examination of Completed Work. If the Project Manager requests it, the Contractor at any time before acceptance of the Project by the City, shall remove or uncover such portions of the finished work as may be directed. After examination, the Contractor shall restore said portions of the work to the standards required by the Contract Documents. Should the work thus exposed or examined prove to be in accordance with the Contract Documents, the uncovering or removing, the replacing of the covering or making good of the parts removed, shall be paid for by the City; but should the work so exposed or examined prove to be not in accordance with the Contract Documents, the uncovering or removing and the replacing of the covering or the making good of the parts removed, shall be at Contractor's expense. Should any work be performed without giving notice of plan of work, thereby eliminating an opportunity of inspection by the Project Manager, the Project Manager may require the Contractor to uncover such work at Contractor's own expense for examination by the Project Manager. Cost of uncovering such work shall be borne by the Contractor, whether or not the work is found acceptable. The work shall also be subject to inspection by appropriate governmental inspectors at all times.
- 3.8 Contractor's Superintendent. A qualified superintendent, who is acceptable to the Project Manager, shall be maintained by the Contractor on the Project to give efficient supervision over the Project until its completion. The superintendent shall have full authority to act on behalf of the Contractor, and all directions given to the superintendent shall be considered given to the Contractor. In general, the Project Manager's instructions shall be confirmed in writing and always upon written request from the Contractor.
- 3.9 Information Regarding Existing Facilities and Utilities.
  - **3.9.1 Facilities.** Any information relative to the location of other structures as might be shown on the Contract Documents will be obtained from the best information available and field observations; however, the City cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information.
  - **3.9.2 Utilities.** The Design Consultant has endeavored to determine the existence of utilities at the job site from the records of positions of these utilities as derived from such records as are shown on the Drawings. No excavations were made to verify the location shown for underground utilities. The service connections to these utilities are not shown on the Drawings. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the exact location of all utilities and service connections hereto. The Contractor shall make its own investigations, including contacting the owners of appropriate utilities and making exploratory excavations to determine the locations and type of existing utilities, including service connections, prior to commencing work that could result in damage to such utilities and/or surrounding structures. The Contractor shall immediately notify the Project Manager as to any utility discovered by the Contractor that is not shown on the Drawings or that is in a different position than shown on the Drawings.

In the event it is necessary to remove, relocate or temporarily maintain a utility because of interference with the work, the Contractor shall perform the work on the utility and the City shall pay Contractor as follows:

- 3.9.2.1 When it is necessary to remove, relocate or temporarily maintain a service connection, the cost of which is not required to be borne by the owner thereof, the Contractor bears all expenses incidental to the work on the service connection. The Contractor shall perform the work on the service connection in a manner satisfactory to the owner thereof; if being understood that the owner of the service connection has the option of doing such work with its own forces, or permitting the work to be done by the Contractor.
- 3.9.2.2 When it is necessary to remove, relocate or temporarily maintain a utility or underground obstruction that is in the position shown on the Drawings, the cost of which is not required to be borne by the owner thereof, the Contractor bears all expenses incidental to the work on the utility. The Contractor shall perform the work on the utility in a manner satisfactory to the owner thereof; it being understood that the owner of the utility has the option of doing such work with its own forces, or permitting the work to be done by the Contractor.
- 3.9.2.3 When it is necessary to remove, relocate or temporarily maintain a utility or underground obstruction that is not shown on the Drawings or is in a position different from that shown on the Drawings and were it in the position shown on the Drawings would not need to be removed, relocated or temporarily maintained, the cost of which is not required to be borne by the owner thereof, the City will make arrangements with the owner of the utility for such work to be done at no cost to the Contractor.

No representations are made that the obligations to move or temporarily maintain any utility and to pay the cost thereof, is or is not required to be borne by the owner of such utility, and it is the responsibility of the Contractor to investigate to determine whether or not said cost is required to be borne by the owner of the utility.

Governmental agencies and owners of utilities reserve the right to enter at any time upon any street, alley, right-of-way or easement for the purpose of making changes in their property made necessary by the work and for the purpose of maintaining and making repairs to their property.

### 3.10 Use of Premises

**3.10.1** All work included under the Contract is to be constructed on land belonging to the City, on public right-of-way administered and regulated by state and/or local government or on easements to the benefit of the City or the public. The Contractor shall abide by special conditions or requirements of the property owner or governing authority. The Contractor shall confine equipment, the storage of materials and the operation of Contractor's workers to the limits as shown on the Plans or as indicated by law, ordinances, permits or directions of the Project Manager and shall not unreasonably encumber the premises with materials.

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- **3.10.2** Any additional land and access thereto which the Contractor might desire for temporary construction facilities or for storage of materials shall be provided by the Contractor with no liability to the City. The Contractor shall pay all costs involved in acquiring such rights and all clean up shall be made as required by these Specifications.
- 3.11 Private Property. The Contractor shall not enter upon private property for any purpose without obtaining permission and shall be responsible for the preservation of all public property, trees, monuments, etc. along and adjacent to the street and/or right-of-way, and shall use every precaution necessary to prevent damage or injury thereto. The Contractor shall use suitable precautions to prevent damage to pipes, conduits and other underground structures, including but not limited to, verifying with all appropriate utilities where underground structures are located, and shall protect carefully from disturbance or damage all monuments and property marks until an authorized agent has witnessed or otherwise referenced their location and shall not remove them until directed.
- 3.12 Assignment of Contract. Contractor shall not sublet, sell or assign the Contract or sublet any of the work to be performed hereunder without the written consent of the City. Any such assignment or subletting of any such work without City's consent shall be null and void and without force or effect.
- 3.13 City's Right to do Work. If, in the sole opinion of the Project Manager, the Contractor neglects to prosecute the work properly or neglects or refuses at Contractor's own cost, to take up and replace work that has been rejected by the Project Manager, the Project Manager shall notify the City who shall notify the Surety of the condition. After at least ten (10) calendar days written notice to the Contractor and the Contractor's Surety, or without notice if an emergency or danger to the Project or public exists, and without prejudice to any other right which the City may have under the Contract, the City may take over that portion of the Project which has been improperly executed, make good the deficiencies and deduct the actual costs thereof from the payments then or thereafter due the Contractor. If no amount is owed to the Contractor, then the City may still pursue all of its other legal and/or equitable remedies.

### 3.14 City's Right to Terminate Contract.

- **3.14.1** Upon the occurrence of any one or more of the following, the City may terminate the Contract at any time, immediately or upon such notice as the City in its sole discretion deems appropriate, by providing written notice to the Contractor which describes the reason for termination:
  - 3.14.1.1 Contractor persistently fails to perform the work in accordance with the Contract Documents, including but not limited to, failure to supply sufficient skilled workers, suitable materials or equipment and failure to adhere to the progress schedule as the schedule may be revised from time to time:
  - 3.14.1.2 Contractor fails to comply with applicable laws or the provisions of any of the Contract Documents, including, but not limited to the Construction Contract with Exhibit "A" Standard City Contract Provisions;
  - **3.14.1.3** Contractor disregards the authority of the Project Manager;

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- **3.14.1.4** Contractor violates any provision of the Contract and, after receiving notice of the violation, fails to remedy the breach immediately; or
- 3.14.1.5 Contractor files for bankruptcy under any chapter of the Bankruptcy Code (Title 11, United States Code); or a petition in bankruptcy is filed against Contractor under the Bankruptcy Code or any other provision of law seeking substantial relief; or Contractor makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; or a trustee, receiver or similar agent is appointed to take charge of Contractor's property for the benefit of creditors; or Contractor otherwise admits in writing to being unable to pay its debts as they become due.
- **3.14.2** Upon the City's issuance of written notice of termination, the Contractor shall immediately cease all work under this Contract, unless, as shall be specified in the notice, the City, in its sole discretion, would be harmed by any uncompleted work, in which case, Contractor shall complete those items specified by the City in its notice.
- **3.14.3** The City may terminate the Contract upon seven (7) calendar days' notice if the City determines for any reason that the completion of the Contract is no longer in the best interests of the City.
- **3.14.4** If the City terminates the Contract pursuant to Paragraph 3.14.1, the City may choose any remedy available to it under the Contract, applicable statutes, City Code or common law, including but not limited to, completing the Project itself or through another contractor. The Contractor shall pay the City for all additional costs incurred by the City to obtain substitute performance. The Contractor shall be entitled to payment for that portion of the work that the Contractor completed according to the Contract, less the City's costs to obtain substitute performance for the balance of the work.
- **3.14.5** If the City terminates the Contract pursuant to Section 3.14.3, the City shall pay Contractor for that portion of the work the Contractor has completed according to the Contract, plus Contractor's cost for materials ordered and delivered to the site before Contractor receives the City's notice of termination; provided that such materials shall then belong to the City.
- 3.15 Contractor's Right to Stop Work or Terminate Contract. The Contractor may suspend work or terminate the Contract upon ten (10) calendar days written notice to the City, for any of the following reasons:
  - **3.15.1** If an order of any court or other public authority caused the work to be stopped or suspended for a period of ninety (90) calendar days through no act or fault of the Contractor or his employees;
  - **3.15.2** If the City should fail to act upon any request for payment within thirty (30) calendar days after its approval by the Project Manager; or

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- **3.15.3** If the City should fail to pay the Contractor any sum within thirty (30) calendar days after its award by arbitrators.
- **3.16 Rights of Various Interests.** Wherever work being done by the City's forces is contiguous to work covered by the Contract, the respective rights of the various interests involved shall be established by the Project Manager to secure the completion of the various portions of the work in general harmony.

#### 3.17 Subcontracts.

- **3.17.1** The Contractor shall not be permitted to subcontract any of the work to be performed under the Contract without the written consent of the City, submission of the First-Tier Subcontractor Disclosure Form as required prior to the Bid opening deadline and verification that the Subcontractor has filed a Public Works Bond, when required, with the Construction Contractors Board prior to beginning any work on the Project. The Contractor shall not employ any subcontractor that the Project Manager may object to due to subcontractor lacking the capability of performing work of the type and scope anticipated. No changes will be allowed from the approved subcontractor list without approval of the Project Manager.
- **3.17.2** The Contractor agrees to be as fully responsible to the City for the acts and omissions of the Contractor's subcontractors or of any persons either directly or indirectly, employed by Contractor's subcontractors as Contractor is for the acts and omissions of persons directly employed by Contractor.
- **3.17.3** Nothing contained in the Contract Documents shall create any contractual relation between any subcontractor and the City.
- 3.18 Unforeseen Difficulties. The Contractor shall protect the work and materials from damage due to the nature of the work, the elements, carelessness of other contractors or from any cause whatever until completion and acceptance of the Project. All loss or damages arising out of the nature of the work to be done under the Contract Documents, from any unseen obstruction or defects which may be encountered in the prosecution of the work, or from the action of the elements, shall be sustained by the Contractor.
- 3.19 Work During an Emergency. The Contractor shall be responsible for and must have resources available for all emergency work which might occur on the Project under construction for which the Contractor is responsible. The Contractor shall perform any work and furnish and install any materials and equipment necessary during an emergency endangering life or property. In all cases the Contractor shall notify the Project Manager of the emergency as soon as practicable, but the Contractor shall not wait for instructions before proceeding to properly protect both life and property.
- 3.20 Oral Agreements. No oral order, objection, claim or notice by any party to the others shall affect or modify any of the terms or obligations contained in any of the Contract Documents. No provision of the Contract Documents shall be held to be waived or modified by reason of any act whatsoever, other than by a definitely agreed waiver or modification thereof in writing. No evidence shall be introduced in any proceeding of any other waiver or modification.

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3.21 Liens and Claims Against Contractor. The Contractor shall not permit any lien or claim to be filed or prosecuted against the City on account of any labor or material furnished under this Contract whether the same be furnished by the Contractor or any Subcontractor. If the Contractor fails, neglects or refuses to make prompt payment of any claim for labor or services furnished to the Contractor or a Subcontractor by any person in connection with the Contract as such claim becomes due, the City may pay such claim to the person furnishing the labor or services and charge the amount of the payment against funds due or to become due to the Contractor under this Contract. The payment of a claim in this manner does not relieve the Contractor or its surety from obligation with respect to any unpaid claims.

Any claim, by a person claiming to have supplied labor or materials for the performance of the work, for payment asserted against the Contractor's payment bond must be asserted in conformity with ORS 279C.600 et. Seq.

# 4. MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP

#### 4.1 Materials to be Reviewed Before Use.

- **4.1.1** Only materials conforming with the specified requirements and conditionally accepted by the Project Manager shall be used in the Project.
- **4.1.2** Before any material to be used in the Project is delivered, the Contractor shall advise the Project Manager of the source from which the material is to be obtained, furnish such samples as may be required for testing purposes, and receive the Project Manager's conditional acceptance for the use of that particular material. The conditional acceptance of any source of supply by the Project Manager does not imply that all material from that source will be accepted. Should material from any conditionally accepted source fail to maintain a quality meeting the requirements of the Specifications, use of material from that source shall be discontinued and the Contractor shall furnish acceptable material from other sources. Regardless of the source, any material delivered for the Project which fails to meet the requirements will be rejected. Only material meeting all requirements will be allowed to be incorporated in the Project. Any material or item incorporated in the Project which does not meet requirements of the Contract Documents, even if it was used with the consent and/or the presence of an inspector, shall be removed and acceptable material shall be used in its place, with all costs related to such removal and installation being borne by the Contractor.
- **4.1.3** Any material which, after conditional acceptance, has for any reason become unsuitable for use shall be rejected and not used.

#### 4.2 Tests of Materials.

**4.2.1** All tests of materials shall be made in accordance with acceptable methods as described and designated in the Specifications. When tests of materials are required, such tests shall be made by a testing laboratory accepted by the Project Manager and at the expense of the Contractor. The Contractor shall afford such facilities as may be required for collecting and forwarding samples and shall hold the materials represented by the samples until tests have been made and the materials found equal to the requirements of the Specifications or to approved samples. The Contractor in all cases shall furnish the required samples without charge.

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- **4.2.2** In the absence of any definite Specification or reference to a Specification in the Technical Specifications or in the Special Provisions for the particular Project involved, it shall be understood that such materials shall meet the Specifications and requirements of the American Society for Testing Materials. Unless otherwise specified, all tests of materials shall be made in accordance with the methods prescribed by the American Society for Testing Materials.
- **4.2.3** In cases where compliance of materials or equipment with Contract requirements is not readily determinable through inspection and tests, the Project Manager shall request the Contractor provide properly authenticated documents, certificates or other satisfactory proof of compliance. These documents, certifications and proofs must cover performance characteristics, materials or construction and the physical or chemical characteristics of materials.
- **4.2.4** If the Specifications require, or the Contractor's request is approved by the Project Manager, inspection or testing may take place away from the job site. The additional cost to the City for such remote inspection or testing includes travel and subsistence expenses and will be paid by the Contractor through a reduction in payment to the Contractor equal to the travel and subsistence expenses. In the event the remote inspection or testing is not specified and is required by the City, the required travel and subsistence expense will be paid for by the City.
- **4.3 Storage of Materials.** Materials shall be so stored as to insure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the Project. When considered necessary, they shall be placed on wooden platforms or other hard, clean surfaces, and not on the ground, and/or they shall be placed under cover. Stored materials shall be located so as to facilitate prompt inspection. Private property shall not be used for storage purposes without the written permission of the City and the private property owner.
- 4.4 Character of Workers. The Contractor shall at all times be responsible for the conduct and discipline of Contractor's employees and/or any subcontractor or persons employed by subcontractors. All workers must have sufficient knowledge, skill and experience to properly perform the work assigned to them. Any foreman or worker employed by the Contractor or Subcontractor who, in the opinion of the Project Manager, does not perform the work in a skillful manner, appears to be incompetent or acts in a disorderly or intemperate manner shall, at the written request of the Project Manager, be removed from work on any portion of the Project except as allowed by the Project Manager.
- 4.5 Construction Means, Methods, Techniques, and Procedures. The Contractor shall have the full power and authority to select the means, methods, techniques and procedures for performing the work covered under the Contract, provided said means, methods, techniques and procedures are in strict compliance with the requirements of all local, state and federal authorities and with these Specifications, and are not in conflict with the recommended installation practices of the manufacturers who are the suppliers of the materials to be utilized on the contemplated Project. The construction means, methods, techniques and procedures utilized shall produce a satisfactory quality of workmanship and shall be adequate to maintain the schedule of progress as required under the provisions of these Specifications.

- 4.6 Contractor's Tools and Equipment. The Contractor's tools and equipment used on the work covered under the Contract shall be furnished in sufficient quantity and of a capacity and type that will safely perform the work specified, and shall be maintained and used in a manner that will not create a hazard to persons or property, or cause a delay in the progress of the work.
- 4.7 Rejected Materials and Work. Any material supplied by the Contractor which is condemned or rejected by the Project Manager or the Project Manager's authorized representative because of non-conformity with the Contract Documents shall be removed at once from the vicinity of the Project by the Contractor at his own expense, and the same shall not be used on the Project. Any defective work whether the result of poor workmanship, use of defective materials, damage through carelessness or any other cause shall be removed within ten (10) calendar days after written notice is given by the Project Manager, and the work shall be re-executed by the Contractor at his own expense.
- 4.8 Unnoticed Defects. Any defective work or materials furnished by the Contractor and discovered by the Project Manager before the Project has been given final acceptance or final payment has been made, or during the guarantee period, shall be removed and replaced by work and materials which shall conform to the provisions of the Contract Documents. Failure on the part of the Project Manager or his representative to condemn or reject bad or inferior work or materials shall not be construed to imply acceptance of such work or materials.
- 4.9 Right to Retain Imperfect Work. If any part or portion of the work done or material furnished by the Contractor under the Contract proves to be defective and not in accordance with the Plans and Specifications, and if the imperfection in the same is not of sufficient magnitude or importance as to make the work dangerous or unsuitable, or if the removal of such work will create conditions which are dangerous or undesirable, the City shall have the right and authority to retain such work but shall make such deductions in the payment therefore as may be just and reasonable.
- 4.10 Correction of Defective Work. When, and as often as the Project Manager determines through its inspection procedures, material, equipment or workmanship incorporated in the Project do not meet the requirements of the Contract, the Project Manager may give notice of the noncompliance to the Contractor in writing. Within five (5) calendar days of receipt of such notice, the Contractor shall undertake all work necessary to correct the deficiency and to comply with the Contract. The Contractor agrees to pay all costs of correcting the defective work, including wages and overhead charges for inspection. If the Contractor disagrees with the Project Manager's determination and believes the corrective work should be covered by a Change Order, the Contractor shall immediately notify the City, in writing, setting forth the basis for its position. The City will review the matter and notify the Contractor, in writing, of its determination within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the Contractor's notification. If the City determines the corrective work is required to comply with the Contract, the Contractor shall proceed with such work.

As a condition precedent to the Contractor's claim for either additional compensation or time extension or both resulting from the performance of such corrective work, the Contractor shall, within fifteen (10) calendar days after receipt of the City's determination, notify the City in writing of its intent to claim additional compensation, time or both. The Contractor shall document all cost information associated with the corrective work and shall submit such information to the Project Manager on a monthly basis. Receipt of the cost data by the Project Manager does not constitute an Acceptance of the corrective work or an authorization for a Change Order to cover the corrective work.

4.11 Cutting and Patching. The Contractor shall do, or be responsible for, all cutting, fitting or patching that may be required by, shown on or reasonably implied by the Plans and Specifications. Any defective work performed or material furnished by the Contractor, which is discovered by the Project Manager before final acceptance of the Project or before final payment has been made, shall be removed and replaced or patched at the Contractor's expense in a manner approved by the Project Manager or his representative.

### 4.12 Cleanup.

- **4.12.1** As the Project progresses and immediately after completion of the Project, the Contractor shall clean up and remove all refuse and unused materials of any kind resulting from the Project. If the Contractor fails to commence the cleanup within 24 hours after being directed to do so by the Project Manager, the Project Manager may have the cleanup performed by others. The cost shall be borne by the Contractor and may be deducted from payments due or to become due the Contractor.
- **4.12.2** After the Project is completed and before final acceptance of the Project, all areas affected by the Project shall be neatly finished and all equipment, temporary structures, rubbish and waste shall be removed from the Project area.

#### 4.13 Guarantee.

- **4.13.1** The Contractor shall fully warrant all work for at least one (1) full calendar year from the City's Final Acceptance of the Project, regardless of the length of manufacturers' or installers' warranties.
- **4.13.2** In addition to any other warranties that are required, the Contractor shall make all necessary repairs and replacements to remedy any and all defects, breaks or failures of the work occurring within one (1) calendar year following the date of the City's Final Acceptance due to faulty or inadequate materials or workmanship. Such repairs and replacements must conform to the Contract Specifications under which the Contractor originally performed the work.
- **4.13.3** In the event of a dispute regarding any portion of the work, the Contractor shall nonetheless provide any warranty service, repairs or replacements as described in Paragraphs 4.13.1 and 4.13.2 above, for that portion of the work that is not in dispute. In the event a dispute delays the City's Final Acceptance of the work, the warranty for portions of the work not in dispute runs from the date of the City's Final Acceptance of the remaining portions of the work.

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- **4.13.4** The Contractor shall also repair any damage or remedy any disturbance to other publicly owned property or improvements thereon if caused by the Contractor's work and if the damage or remedy occurs during the warranty period.
- **4.13.5** If the Contractor performs warranty work, then the warranty work for repetitive defects in materials, workmanship or equipment also shall have a one (1) calendar year warranty period from the date of its completion and the City's Final Acceptance of that work. The Contractor shall continue to provide warranty work pursuant to the terms of the Contract until the defects are completed and the City provides notice of its Final Acceptance of the work.
- **4.13.6** The City shall provide the Contractor with written notice of the need to perform warranty work unless it is determined that an emergency exists, that delay would cause serious additional loss or damage, or if any delay in performing the work might cause injury to any member of the public. If the Contractor, after written Notice, fails within ten (10) calendar days to comply with the City's request, the City has the right to perform the warranty work either by hiring another Contractor or by using its own forces. In either event, the Contractor and its Surety remain liable to the City for the cost of the work performed and any additional damage suffered by the City.
- **4.13.7** The Contractor shall provide a bond during the one (1) calendar year warranty period to guarantee the Contractor's performance of warranty work. The Contractor shall provide to the City a bond in the amount of 20% of the final Contract Amount in one of the following ways:
  - **4.13.7.1** Continuance of the Contract performance and payment bond.
  - **4.13.7.2** Any new performance and payment bond, acceptable to the City, which covers the Contractor's warranty obligations imposed by the Contract Documents.
  - **4.13.7.3** Cash deposit to the City Finance Department. A receipt from the City Finance Director constitutes proof of the deposit.
  - **4.13.7.4** Other arrangements proposed by the Contractor that the City finds acceptable in the City's sole discretion.

### 5. INSURANCE, LEGAL AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY, AND PUBLIC SAFETY

#### 5.1 Insurance.

- Policy Requirements. The insurance policies specified herein shall be approved as to form by the City. Contractor shall deliver a certificate of all required policies to City upon execution of the Contract Documents and prior to commencement of any work under the Contract. If requested by the City, Contractor shall furnish the City with executed copies of such policies of insurance. Coverage provided by the Contractor must be underwritten by an insurance company deemed acceptable to the City. Insurance coverage shall be provided by companies admitted to do business in Oregon and rated A- or better by AM Best. A thirty (30) day notice of cancellation, termination or non-renewal in coverage clause shall be included in all insurance policies. Failure to maintain any required insurance coverage in the minimum required amount shall constitute a material breach of the Contract and shall be grounds for immediate termination of the Contract. If the insurer is unwilling or unable to provide such commitment, the Contractor shall provide the City with the relevant sections of its policies describing how the insurer may reduce, modify or cancel the insurance. Furthermore, the Contractor has an affirmative duty to provide the City with any notice the Contractor receives regarding the reduction, modification or cancellation of its insurance within 24 hours of Contractor's receipt of such notice. All policies required by these provisions shall:
  - 5.1.1.1 also name the City as an additional insured, protecting City from any and all claims, losses, actions or omissions of Contractor or as a result of the joint concurring or contributory act, omission or negligence of Contractor and City arising with or related to activities specified under the Contract;
  - **5.1.1.2** be written as primary policies, not contributing with, or in excess of, any coverage City may have; and
  - **5.1.1.3** have loss payable clauses in favor of and reasonably satisfactory to City.
- **5.1.2 Commercial General Liability Insurance**. During the performance of the Contract, Contractor shall obtain and maintain continuously in effect a commercial general liability insurance policy, including personal and advertising injury liability and products, completed operations and construction site coverage, with a combined single limit per occurrence of not less than \$2,000,000. The aggregate limit shall not be less than \$4,000,000. The policy shall be endorsed to state that the aggregate limit of liability shall apply separately to the Contract. Coverage may be written in combination with Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance with separate limits for Commercial General Liability and Commercial Automobile Liability. If available, such policy shall contain a contractual liability endorsement to cover Contractor's indemnification obligations under the Contract. Claims Made policies will not be accepted.

- **5.1.3 Commercial Automobile Liability Insurance.** At all times during the term of the Contract, and at the sole expense of Contractor, Contractor shall maintain continuously in effect, "Symbol 1" commercial automobile liability coverage covering all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles. This coverage may be written in combination with the Commercial General Liability Insurance with separate limits for Commercial Automobile Liability and Commercial General Liability. Combined single limit per occurrence shall not be less than \$2,000,000. If this coverage is written in combination with the Commercial General Liability, the aggregate limit for Commercial General Liability shall not be less than \$4,000,000 and the policy shall be endorsed to state that the aggregate limit of Commercial General Liability shall apply separately to the Contract.
- **5.1.4 Workers Compensation.** At all times during the term of the Contract, and at the sole expense of the Contractor and Subcontractors, the Contractor and all Subcontractors shall comply with ORS 656.017, which requires them to provide Workers Compensation coverage for all their subject workers.
- **5.1.5 Pollution Liability.** Contractor or appropriate Subcontractor shall obtain, at their expense, and keep in effect during the term of the Contract, Pollution Liability Insurance covering their liability for bodily injury, property damage and environmental damage resulting from sudden accidental or gradual pollution and related cleanup costs incurred by the Contractor or appropriate Subcontractor, all arising out of the work or services (including the transportation risk, when applicable) to be performed under the Contract. Combined single limit per occurrence shall not be less than \$2,000,000, with an annual aggregate limit of not less than \$4,000,000. If available, such policy shall contain a contractual liability endorsement to cover Contractor's indemnification obligations under the Contract. Claims Made policies will not be accepted.
- 5.2 Indemnification. The Contractor shall hold the City harmless from, and indemnify it for, all loss, costs, claims, demands, damages, suits, actions and judgments for property damage and/or personal injury, including death, arising out of the Project or performance under the Contract by the Contractor's agents or employees, or any of them. In any event any such action or claim is brought against City, Contractor shall, if City so elects, upon tender by City, defend the same at Contractor's sole cost and expense, promptly satisfy any judgment adverse to City or to City and Contractor jointly and reimburse City for any loss, costs, damage or expense (including legal fees) suffered or incurred by City.
- 5.3 Taxes and Charges. The Contractor shall pay state and local sales and use taxes on all items as required by the laws and statutes of the state and its political subdivisions. The Contractor shall withhold and pay any and all withholding taxes, whether state or federal; pay all social security charges and state unemployment compensation charges; and pay or cause to be withheld, as the case may be, any and all taxes, charges, fees or sums whatsoever which are now or may hereafter be required to be paid or withheld under the laws.

- 5.4 Bid Bond, Payment Bond, Performance Bond and Public Works Bond.
  - **5.4.1** Contracts for Under \$25,000.00. Except when required by the Purchasing Agent, and except for public improvement contracts, bids on all public contracts under twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) are exempt from the requirements for a Bid Bond, a Performance Bond to assure performance of the Contract and a Payment Bond to assure payment of the obligations incurred in the performance of the Contract. The Information for Bidders shall state when Bonds are required for contracts under \$25,000.00.
  - **5.4.2 Contracts for \$25,000.00 or More.** Except for public improvement contracts, or except when waived by the Council, bids on all public contracts of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) or more, shall be accompanied by a Bid Bond, and the Contractor shall post a Performance Bond to assure performance of the Contract and a Payment Bond to assure payment of the obligations incurred in the performance of the Contract. The Information for Bidders shall state when the requirement for Bonds have been waived for contracts of \$25,000.00 or more.
    - 5.4.2.1 Bid Bonds with Paper Bids. For bids submitted in paper format, the bidder must include a certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit or Bid Bond in an amount equal to not less than ten percent (10%) of the total amount of the bid.
    - **5.4.2.1** Bid Bonds with Electronic Bids. For bids submitted electronically, the bidder has the following options:
      - Submit an electronic Bid Bond as part of the digitally signed bid document prior to the time of the Bid Closing; or
      - Submit a paper Bid guaranty in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit issued by an insured institution as defined in ORS 706.008, or a cashier's check or certified check made payable to the City of Roseburg prior to the time of Bid Closing.

# 5.4.3 Public Improvement Contracts & Contracts for Highways, Bridges and Other Transportation Projects:

- 5.4.3.1 Bids on Public Improvement contracts for one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) or less, and contracts for highways, bridges and other transportation projects for fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) or less, are exempt from the requirement of a Bid Bond, a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond.
- 5.4.3.2 Bids on Public Improvement contracts for more than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), and contracts for highways, bridges and other transportation projects for more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), must be accompanied by a Bid Bond, Performance Bond and Payment Bond.

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- **5.4.4 Emergency Contracts.** For all contracts awarded under Roseburg Municipal Code Subsection 3.06.025(F), the City Council or the Purchasing Agent may waive the requirements for Bid Bond, the Payment Bond and the Performance Bond. Upon receiving the Purchasing Agent's report regarding the emergency conditions necessitating waiver, as required by Roseburg Municipal Code Subsection 3.06.025(F), the Council may modify or reject the Purchasing Agent's decision to waive Bond requirements.
- **5.4.5 Public Works Bond.** Before beginning work on a public works contract, a contractor or subcontractor, unless exempt under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, shall submit a \$30,000 Public Works Bond to the Construction Contractors Board and certify to the City that such Bond has been submitted. In case of an emergency, or when the City's interest or property would probably suffer material injury by delay or other cause, the requirement to file a Public Works Bond may be excused if the Purchasing Agent has declared an emergency under Roseburg Municipal Code Section 3.06.025.
- **5.4.6** Submittal and Return of Bid Bonds. When required by the above Subparagraphs, the Bid Bond shall accompany the bid in the form of cash, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit or Bid Bond in a form approved by City, and in an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the total amount of the bid. There shall be no exceptions to this provision. All required Bid Bonds, excepting that of the Contractor submitting the successful bid, will be returned by mail for paper Bid Bonds, and by email for electronic Bid Bonds, within thirty (30) calendar days after the Contract has been awarded. The Bid Bond from the successful Contractor will be retained until bidder has entered into a satisfactory Contract with the City, and when required, furnished a Performance Bond to assure performance of the Contract, a Payment Bond to assure payment of the obligations incurred in the performance of the Contract and the Public Works Bond Confirmation form executed by the Contractor. Should the successful bidder fail or refuse to execute the Contract and/or furnish the Payment Bond, Performance Bond or Public Works Bond Confirmation form as required, the Bid Bond deposited by said bidder shall be retained as liquidated damages by the City.
- **5.4.7 Bond Form.** The form of all bonds required by the City shall be as the City may prescribe, and shall be with a Surety company satisfactory to the City and authorized to do business in the State of Oregon. Bonds shall be in force for one year after acceptance of the completed Project to cover all guarantees against defective materials and workmanship and all claims by subcontractors or third parties for services or materials provided to Contractor or Contractor's Subcontractors.
- **5.5 Royalties and Patents.** The Contractor shall pay all royalty and license fees, unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall defend all suits or claims for infringement of any patent rights and shall save the City and the Project Manager harmless from loss on account thereof.
- 5.6 Permits and Licenses.
  - **5.6.1** The Contractor shall apply for and obtain, but the City shall cover the cost of, all rights-of-way permits, easements, franchises, highway crossing permits and railroad crossing permits as required. The Contractor shall comply with all specifications or requirements stipulated in the permits granted to the City.

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- **5.6.2** The Contractor shall obtain at Contractor's expense, all other permits (such as building permits, burning permits, blasting permits and safety permits), licenses and inspection fees necessary for construction purposes as required by appropriate local, county, state or federal laws and/or ordinances. The Contractor shall also be registered to do business with the City of Roseburg prior to beginning work on the Contract.
- 5.7 Laws to be Observed. The Contractor shall keep fully informed of all local and county ordinances, state and federal laws in any manner affecting the Project herein specified. Contractor shall at all times comply with said ordinances, laws and regulations, and the City's Standard Contract Provisions in Exhibit "A" of the Construction Contract; and protect and indemnify the City and City's officers and agents against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of any such laws, ordinances, provisions or regulations.

#### 5.8 Safety.

- **5.8.1** The Contractor will be solely and completely responsible for conditions of the jobsites, including safety of all persons and property during work on the Project. This requirement will apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours. Safety provisions shall conform to all applicable federal, state, county and local laws, ordinances and codes. The Contractor shall comply with ORS 279C.505(2) drug testing program requirements at all times throughout the completion of the Project.
- **5.8.2** The Contractor shall also comply with the "U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Act", the "Construction Safety Act" administered by the U.S. Department of Labor, and the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" published by the Associated General Contractors of America, except where these are in conflict with state laws, in which case the more stringent requirement must be followed.
- 5.8.3 Contractor shall comply with all federal, state and local safety requirements, including but not limited to regulations pertaining to health hazard notification, control of hazardous energy, use of hazardous substances, handling and disposal of hazardous waste, removal and disposal of asbestos, entry into and work in confined spaces and handling of materials containing lead. City will notify Contractor of any hazardous conditions of which City is aware and will provide Contractor with information about City's safety and hazard notification programs. Such notification from the City does not relieve Contractor of any responsibility under the Contract or under federal or state statute, regulation or common law to inform itself of existing and potential hazards, to communicate those hazards to its employees, and to use all reasonable steps to minimize the risk of harm to its employees, other workers and the public.
- **5.8.4** The Contractor shall maintain at the jobsite all articles necessary for giving first aid to the injured and shall establish the procedure for the immediate removal to a hospital or a doctor's care of persons (including employees) who may be injured on the jobsite.
- **5.8.5** The duty of the Project Manager to conduct construction review of the Contractor's performance is not intended to include review of the adequacy of the Contractor's safety measures in, on or near the construction sites.

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- **5.8.6** If death, serious injuries or serious damages are caused, the accident shall be reported immediately by telephone or messenger to both the Project Manager and the City. In addition, the Contractor must promptly report in writing to the Project Manager all accidents whatsoever arising out of, or in connection with, work on the Project or adjacent to the sites, giving full details and statements of witnesses.
- **5.8.7** If any claim is made by anyone against the Contractor or any Subcontractor because of any accident, the Contractor shall promptly report the facts in writing to the Project Manager, giving full details of the claim.
- **Equal Opportunity Clause.** The provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and the Rules and Regulations issued therein are hereby incorporated by reference, and the Contractor agrees, by acceptance of the Contract, to comply with such Executive Order, rules, regulations and amendments thereto, to the extent the same are applicable to the contracting and/or subcontracting of services or work hereunder.
- 5.10 Warning Signs and Barricades. The Contractor shall provide adequate signs, barricades and lights and take all necessary precautions for the protection of the work under the Project and the safety of the public. All barricades and obstructions shall be protected at night by signal lights which shall be kept burning from sunset to sunrise. Barricades shall be of substantial construction and shall be painted white or whitewashed to increase their visibility at night. Suitable warning signs shall be so placed and illuminated at night as to show in advance where construction, barricades or detours exist.
- **5.11 Flaggers.** In addition to furnishing and maintaining adequate signs, barricades and lights, the Contractor is required to furnish any and all flaggers that are required to control traffic. The City is hereby specifically exempted from furnishing any flaggers for the Project. If flaggers are required on any job site, they shall be supplied by the Contractor at no additional cost to the City.
- 5.12 Public Safety and Convenience. The Contractor shall at all times conduct work on the Project so as to ensure the least possible obstruction to traffic and inconvenience to the general public and residents in the vicinity of the Project, and to ensure the protection of persons and property in a manner satisfactory to the Project Manager. No road or street shall be closed to the public except with the permission of the Project Manager and proper governmental authority. Temporary provisions shall be made by the Contractor to insure the use of sidewalks and the proper functioning of all gutters, sewer inlets, drainage ditches and irrigation ditches, which shall not be obstructed except as approved by the Project Manager.
- 5.13 Protection of Work and City's Property. The Contractor shall at all times safely guard the City's property and equipment from injury or loss in connection with Contractor's work under the Contract. The Contractor shall at all times safely guard and protect the Project and adjacent property (as provided by law and the Contract Documents) from damage. Contractor shall be responsible for any damage to the City's property and equipment which is a result of the Contractor's negligence.
- **5.14 Sanitary Provisions.** The Contractor shall provide and maintain such sanitary accommodations for the use of its employees and those of its subcontractors as may be necessary to comply with the requirements and regulations of the local and state departments of health and as directed by the Project Manager.

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#### 5.15 Payment of Prevailing Wages on Public Works in Oregon.

- **5.15.1** The Contractor and all Subcontractors on the Project shall pay not less than the "prevailing rate of wage" as that term is defined in ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, and if applicable, the Federal Prevailing Wage required under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 3148), whichever is higher. The determination and application of such prevailing rate of wage is provided for in ORS 279C.800 through 279C.870, and if applicable, the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 3148).
- **5.15.2** If the Bureau of Labor has made no determination of the prevailing rate of wage, it shall be the obligation of the Contractor to determine the same by making application to the Bureau of Labor or otherwise.
- **5.15.3** The Contractor or the Contractor's surety and every Subcontractor or the Subcontractor's surety shall file certified statements with the City in writing using the form prescribed by the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries certifying the hourly rate of wage paid each worker whom the Contractor or the Subcontractor has employed in the work under this Contract and further certifying that no worker employed upon such public work has been paid less than the prevailing rate of wage or less than the minimum hourly rate of wage specified in this Contract. The certified statement shall be verified by the oath of the Contractor or the Contractor's surety or Subcontractor or the Subcontractor's surety that the Contractor or Subcontractor has read the certified statement and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true to the Contractor's or Subcontractor's knowledge. The certified statements shall set out accurately and completely the payroll records for the prior week including the name and address of each worker, the worker's correct classification, rate of pay, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid.
- **5.15.4** Each certified statement shall be delivered or mailed by the Contractor or Subcontractor to the City. A true copy of the certified statement shall also be filed at the same time with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries. Certified statements for each week during which the Contractor or Subcontractor employs a worker upon the public work shall be submitted once a month, by the fifth business day of the following month. Information submitted on certified statements may be used only to ensure compliance with the provisions of ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870 or the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141 3148), whichever applies.
- **5.15.5** As provided by ORS 279C.810, the contract amount threshold for application of the state prevailing wage rate law is \$50,000.00.
- **5.16 Subcontractor and Supplier Agreements.** The Contractor shall include in its subcontracts for property or services entered into by the Contractor and a first-tier subcontractor, including a material supplier, for the purpose of performing the Contract:
  - **5.16.1** A payment clause that obligates the Contractor to pay the first-tier subcontractor for satisfactory performance under its subcontract within ten (10) calendar days of payment by the City out of such amounts as are paid to the Contractor by the City under the Contract; and

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- **5.16.2** An interest penalty clause that obligates the Contractor, if payment is not made within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of payment from the City, to pay to the first-tier subcontractor, an interest penalty on amounts due in the case of each payment not made in accordance with the payment clause included in the subcontract pursuant to this requirement. The Contractor or first-tier subcontractor shall not be obligated to pay an interest penalty if the only reason that the Contractor or first-tier subcontractor did not make payment when payment was due, is that the Contractor or first-tier subcontractor did not receive payment from the City or Contractor when payment was due. The interest penalty shall be:
  - **5.16.2.1** For the period beginning on the day after the required payment date and ending on the date on which payment of the amount is made; and
  - **5.16.2.2** Computed at the rate specified in ORS 279C.515(2).
- **5.16.3** The Contractor shall include in each of its subcontracts, for the purpose of performance of the Contract condition, a provision requiring the first-tier subcontractor to include a payment clause and an interest penalty clause conforming to the standards set forth in this section and requiring each of its subcontractors to include such clauses in their subcontracts with lower-tier subcontractors or suppliers.
- **5.16.4** None of the provisions of this section are intended to prevent the Contractor or any subcontractor from including in its contracts the provision described in ORS 279C.580 (5) and (6).
- 5.17 Application for and Processing of Subcontractor and Supplier Payments. The Contractor shall provide each first-tier Subcontractor, including a material supplier, with a standard form that the first-tier Subcontractor may use as an application for payment or as another method by which the Subcontractor may claim a payment due from the Contractor. The Contractor, except as otherwise provided in this Subsection, shall use the same form and regular administrative procedures for processing payments during the entire term of the subcontract. The Contractor may change the form or the regular administrative procedures the Contractor uses for processing payment if the Contractor:
  - **5.17.1** Notifies the Subcontractor in writing at least forty-five (45) calendar days before the date on which the Contractor makes the change; and
  - **5.17.2** Includes with the written notice a copy of the new or changed form or a description of the new or changed procedure.

### 6. PROGRESS AND COMPLETION OF PROJECT

- 6.1 Contract Time and Commencement of Construction. The Contractor shall be capable of commencing construction on the Project covered under the Contract within ten (10) calendar days after signing of the Construction Contract. The Contract shall be in effect from the time it is signed until the Project is complete and accepted by the City. During periods when weather or other conditions are unfavorable for construction, the Contractor shall pursue only such portions of the work that will not be damaged thereby. Contractor shall not construct any portion of the work during the time unfavorable conditions exist that are likely to adversely affect the quality or efficiency of the work. It is expressly understood and agreed by and between the Contractor and the City that the Contract time specified for completion of the work described herein is a reasonable time, taking into consideration the average climatic and economic conditions and other factors prevailing in the locality of the work.
- **Preconstruction Conference.** A preconstruction conference will be scheduled by the City prior to commencement of construction. The Contractor will be notified of the time and place of this conference and shall be required to attend. Ten (10) calendar days prior to the preconstruction conference, the Contractor shall provide to the Project Manager four (4) copies of a project work schedule for review and approval. The Contractor has an affirmative duty to update the construction schedule each time changes occur.

### 6.3 Prosecution of the Project.

- **6.3.1** It is expressly understood and agreed that the time of beginning, rate of progress and time of completion of the Project are of the essence of the Contract. The Contractor shall perform the construction of said Project with due diligence and at such a rate and in such a manner as, in the opinion of the Project Manager, is necessary for completion within the time set forth in Paragraph 4 of the Contract.
- **6.3.2** After commencement of construction on the Project by the Contractor, if the Contractor is delayed by reason of the failure of the City to provide sufficient materials for construction thereof or to provide continuous open right-of-way, then the completion date of said Project shall be extended to the extent that the Contractor is delayed in carrying on said Project by reason of such failure on the part of the City.
- **6.3.3** The Contractor shall arrange its work and dispose of materials so as to insure the least possible interference and inconvenience to the landowners on or beside whose property the construction is taking place, or to the public where the construction lies in or near a public thoroughfare. Contractor shall employ only such number of construction crews as are reasonably necessary to construct said Project within the allotted time. The City may require the employment of an additional crew or crews, if in its judgment it is necessary in order to complete said Project with the time required.
- **6.3.4** If the Contractor desires to carry on work at night or outside the regular hours, timely notice shall be given to the Project Manager to allow satisfactory arrangements to be made for inspecting the Project in progress.

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#### 6.4 Provisions for Delays:

- **6.4.1 Notice of Delays.** Whenever the Contractor foresees any delay in the prosecution of the work, and in any event, immediately upon the occurrence of any delay which the Contractor regards as unavoidable, Contractor shall notify the Project Manager in writing on the probability of the occurrence of such delays, the probable duration and cause. The Contractor shall take immediate steps to prevent the occurrence or continuance of the delay. If this cannot be done, the Project Manager shall determine how long the delay will probably continue and to what extent the prosecution and completion of the work are being delayed thereby. The Project Manager shall also determine whether the delay is to be considered avoidable or unavoidable and shall notify the Contractor of his/her determination. The Contractor shall not make a claim for delays that are not called to the attention of the Project Manager at the time of their occurrence.
- **6.4.2** Avoidable Delays Defined. Avoidable delays in the prosecution or completion of the work include, but are not limited to:
  - 6.4.2.1 All delays that could have been avoided by the exercise of care, prudence, foresight and diligence on the part of the Contractor or its Subcontractor;
  - Delays that do not necessarily prevent or delay the prosecution of other parts of the work or the completion of the whole work within the time specified;
  - 6.4.2.3 Reasonable delays resulting from time required by the City and Project Manager for approval of plans submitted by the Contractor and for the making of surveys, measurements, testing and inspections; and
  - Delays arising from interruptions occurring in the prosecution of the work on account of the reasonable interference from other contractors employed by the City which do not necessarily prevent the completion of the whole work within the time specified.
- **6.4.3 Unavoidable Delays Defined.** Unavoidable delays in the prosecution or completion of the work include, but are not limited to, all delays (other than avoidable delays as defined above) that result from causes beyond the control of the Contractor and that could not have been avoided by the exercise of care, prudence, foresight and diligence on the part of the Contractor or its Subcontractors. Delays caused by other contractors employed by the City will be considered unavoidable delays only insofar as they interfere with the Contractor's completion of the work. Delays due to normal weather condition are not regarded as unavoidable delays insofar as they interfere with the Contractor's completion of the work. If the Project Manager determines the Contractor has experienced an unavoidable delay, and further that such delay has affected the controlling operations of the work, the City shall grant to the Contractor an extension of time for

Contract performance, not to exceed the number of calendar days of unavoidable delay experienced by the Contractor. The Contractor has no remedy for unavoidable delay except as provided by this paragraph. Delays due to normal weather conditions are not regarded as unavoidable as the Contractor agrees to plan its work with prudent allowances for interference by normal weather conditions. Delays caused by acts of God, fire, unusual storms, flood, earthquakes, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, labor disputes and freight embargoes are considered unavoidable delays insofar as they interfere with the Contractor's completion of the work. Delays caused by shortages of materials are considered unavoidable providing the Contractor can prove to the City that the Contractor has made reasonable and timely attempts to secure the material(s).

A rainstorm, windstorm, high water or other natural phenomenon for the specific locality of the work, which might reasonably have been anticipated from historical records of the general locality of the work, do not constitute unusually severe weather. For the purposes of this Contract, rainfall data is assumed to be the same as that measured at the Roseburg Regional Airport by the Environmental Data Service of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

# 6.4.4 Time Extension for Delays.

6.4.4.1

- Extensions for Avoidable Delays. In case the work is not completed in the time specified, including extensions of time as may have been granted for unavoidable delays, the Contractor will be assessed damages for those costs incurred by the City that are attributable to the fact the work was not completed on schedule. The City may grant an extension of time for avoidable delay if the City deems it in its best interest. The Contractor shall compensate the City, in exchange for granting an extension of time for avoidable delay, for the actual costs to the City of Project management, inspection, general supervision and overhead expenses which are directly chargeable to the work and that accrue during the period of such extension. The actual costs do not include charges for final inspection and preparation of the final estimate by the City.
- 6.4.4.2 Extensions for Unavoidable Delays. For delays the Contractor considers unavoidable, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager, complete information demonstrating the effect of the delay on the controlling operation in its construction schedule. The submission must be made within ten (10) calendar days of the beginning of the occurrence which is claimed to be responsible for the unavoidable delay. The Project Manager shall review the Contractor's submittal and determine the number of calendar days of unavoidable delay, if any, and the effect of such delay on the controlling operations of the work. If the Project Manager determines the Contractor has experienced an unavoidable delay, and further that such delay has affected the controlling operations of the work, the City shall grant to the Contractor

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an extension of time for Contract performance, not to exceed the number of calendar days of unavoidable delay experienced by the Contractor. The Contractor has no remedy for the unavoidable delay except as provided in this Section. During such extension of time, neither charges for the inspection nor administration nor damages for delay will be assessed against the Contractor. It is understood and agreed by the Contractor and the City that time extensions due to unavoidable delays involve controlling operations that would prevent completion of the whole work within the specified time.

If the Contractor disagrees with the Project Manager's determination, the Contractor may appeal such determination to the City Manager in accordance with Paragraph 3.4.2.

- **Changes in the Project.** The City may, as the need arises, order changes in the Project through additions, deletions or modifications without invalidating the Contract. Compensation and time of completion affected by the change shall be adjusted at the time of ordering such change.
- 6.6 Extra Work. New and unforeseen items of work found to be necessary but which cannot be covered by any item or combination of items for which there is an established Contract price, shall be classified as extra work. Upon written order from the City and approval from the Project Manager, the Contractor shall do such extra work as may be required for the proper completion or construction of the whole Project contemplated. In the absence of such written order, no claim for extra work shall be considered. Extra work shall be performed in accordance with these Specifications where applicable and work not covered by the Specifications or special provisions shall be done in accordance with the best practice as approved by the Project Manager. Extra work required in an emergency to protect life and property shall be performed by the Contractor as required. Contractor shall notify the Project Manager of the emergency as soon as possible, but shall begin work prior to providing notice if immediate work is necessary to protect life or property.
- 6.7 Unforeseen Difficulties. A delay beyond the Contractor's control occasioned by an act of God, or by strikes, lockouts, fire, etc., may entitle the Contractor to an extension of time to complete the Project as determined by the Project Manager, provided however, that the Contractor shall immediately give written notice to the Project Manager of the cause of such delay. In no event shall the Contractor be entitled under the Contract to collect or recover any damages, loss or expense incurred by any delay other than as caused by the City as stipulated hereinabove in Subsection 6.3 "Prosecution of the Project".
- **6.8 Use of Completed Portions.** The City shall have the right to take possession of and use any completed or partially completed portions of the Project. Such use shall not be considered as final acceptance of any portion of the Project, nor shall such use be considered as cause for an extension of Contract completion time unless authorized by a change order issued by the City.

6.9 Liquidated Damages. If the Contractor fails to complete the work, or any part thereof, in the time agreed upon in the Contract or within such extra time as may have been allowed for delays by extensions granted as provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall reimburse the City for the additional expense and damage for each calendar day that the Contract remains uncompleted after the Contract completion date. It is agreed that the amount of such additional expense and damage incurred by reason of failure to complete the Contract is the per diem rate as stipulated in the Bid. The amounts are hereby agreed upon as liquidated damages for the loss to the City.

It is expressly understood and agreed that this amount is not to be considered in the nature of a penalty but as damages for delay which have accrued against the Contractor. The exact amount of damage that would be sustained by the City due to delay is difficult, if not impossible, to accurately ascertain, but the parties believe the specified amount of liquidated damages to be a reasonable forecast of the damage for delay that the City would likely sustain. Such liquidated damages are in addition to any other ascertainable damage, other than for delays that the City sustains for Contractor's breach of the Contract. The City may deduct such damages from any amount due, or that may become due the Contractor or the amount of such damages becomes due and may be collected from the Contractor of is Surety.

**Substantial Completion.** Substantial Completion shall have the meaning set forth in Subsection 1.1 "Definitions" of these General Conditions.

Upon consideration by the Contractor that a determination of Substantial Completion of the Project, or a designated portion thereof, is completed, the Contractor shall so notify the Project Manager in writing. This notice shall include the Contractor's list of any minor incomplete contract work items to finish the Project. Upon receipt of the written notification, the Project Manager will promptly, by personal inspection, determine the actual status of the work in accordance with the terms of the Contract. If the Project Manager finds that the terms of Substantial Completion of the Contract have not yet been met, the Project Manager will so inform the Contractor. If, instead, the Project Manager determines from the inspection that the work, or the designated portion thereof, has met the terms of Substantial Completion, the Project Manager will issue to the Contractor a "Written Notice of Substantial Completion" along with a Punch List of any deficient work items needing repair or correction. The Contractor agrees to complete all such corrective work within thirty (30) calendar days after submission of the Punch List to the Contractor by the Project Manager. If the Contractor fails to complete the corrective work within the thirty (30) calendar days, the Contractor is liable to the City in the amount stated in the liquidated damages section of the Contract for each day thereafter until all corrective work is completed. The City shall be entitled to deduct liquidated damages from final payment.

6.11 Final Completion. The Contractor shall notify the Project Manager in writing requesting a designation of Final Completion at the completion of the punch list items related to the Substantial Completion designation, and at the completion of any other items necessary to the completion of the Project. The Project Manager will inspect these remaining items, and upon satisfactory completion, will issue a written "Notice of Final Completion" which shall be subject to the City's Final Acceptance. In the event some items are not ready for the City's Final Acceptance the City may, without waiving any of the City's right to the portion(s) of the Project not yet receiving Final Acceptance, nonetheless provide Final Acceptance for those portion(s) of the items of the Project the City deems appropriate. As stated in Subsection 4.13, the terms of the guarantee commence on the date of the City's Written Notice of Final Acceptance for that portion of the work.

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# 7. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

#### 7.1 General.

- **7.1.1** All work acceptably completed under the Contract shall be measured by the Project Manager according to United States Standard Measures, and the quantities of work performed or materials furnished shall be computed on the basis of such measurements.
- **7.1.2** The Contractor shall accept the compensation as herein provided in full payment for furnishing all materials not provided by the City and all labor, tools and equipment; for performing all work under the Contract; for all loss or damage arising from the nature of the Project other than unforeseeable environmental conditions as described in ORS 279C.525, the action of the elements or any unforeseen difficulties which may be encountered during the prosecution of the Project, until its final acceptance by the City.
- **7.2 Payments.** The City shall make monthly progress payments within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the pay request for work which has been completed and accepted by the City per ORS 279C.570.
- **7.3 Final Payment.** The City shall retain five percent (5%) of all payments until the entire Project has been given Final Acceptance by the City. The entire Project must be accepted by the City prior to releasing retainage. Upon the City's acceptance of the entire Project, the retainage will be released and the Contractor shall be responsible for the workmanship and materials for one year thereafter as provided in Subsection 4.13.

If the contract price exceeds \$500,000, the City will place amounts deducted as retainage into an interestbearing escrow account. Interest on the retainage amount accrues from the date the payment request is approved until the date the retainage is paid to the Contractor.

- 7.4 City's Right to Withhold Payment. The City may withhold payment in whole or in part on an approved invoice to the extent necessary to protect City from loss due to any of the following causes discovered subsequent to approval of the invoice by the Project Manager or the Project Manager's representative:
  - **7.4.1** Defective work;
  - **7.4.2** Evidence indicating the probable filing of claims by other parties against the Contractor;
  - **7.4.3** Failure of the Contractor to make payments to Subcontractors, material suppliers or workers; or
  - **7.4.4** Damage to another contractor.
- **7.5 Payment for Uncorrected Work.** Should the Project Manager direct the Contractor not to correct work that has been damaged or that was not performed in accordance with the Contract Documents, the City may make an equitable deduction from the amount due to the Contractor on the Project in order to compensate the City for the uncorrected work.

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7.6 Payment for Extra Work. In any case where the Contractor deems additional compensation is due Contractor for work or materials not clearly covered in the Contract Documents or not ordered by the Project Manager according to provisions of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall notify the Project Manager, in writing, of his intention to make a claim in order that such matters may be settled, if possible, or other appropriate action promptly taken. If such notification is not given, or the Project Manager is not afforded proper facilities by the Contractor for keeping strict account of actual cost, then the Contractor hereby waives the claim for such extra compensation. Such notice by the Contractor, and the fact that the Project Manager has kept account of the cost as aforesaid, shall not in any way be construed as proving the validity of the claim. Claims for additional compensation shall be made in itemized detail and submitted, in writing, to the City and Project Manager within ten (10) calendar days following completion of that portion of the Project for which the Contractor makes his claim. In case the claim is found to be just, it shall be allowed and paid under a supplemental agreement to be entered into between the parties to the Contract.

#### 7.7 Release of Liens.

- **7.7.1** Before the City pays the Contractor for the work included under the Contract, the Contractor shall sign and deliver to the City a release of liens or claims sworn to under oath and duly notarized. The release shall state that the Contractor has satisfied all claims and indebtedness of every nature in any way connected with the Project, including but not limiting the generality of the foregoing, all payrolls, amounts due to subcontractors, accounts for labor performed and materials furnished, incidental services, liens and judgments.
- **7.7.2** If any lien or claim remains unsatisfied after payment to the Contractor is made, the Contractor shall refund to the City all monies that the City may be compelled to pay in discharging such a lien or claim, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 7.8 Acceptance of Payment Constitutes Release. The acceptance by the Contractor of a payment for the invoice shall release the City from all claims and liability to the Contractor for all things done or furnished in connection with the work specified on said invoice, and every act of the City and others relating to or arising out of the Project. No payment, however, final or otherwise, shall operate to release the Contractor or his Sureties from obligations under the Contract, the Performance Bond or the Payment Bond as herein provided.
- 7.9 Correction of Defective Work. The Project Manager's approval of the invoice for work completed and the City's payment to the Contractor on such invoice, shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for faulty materials or workmanship on said work during the one-year guarantee period as stipulated in Subsection 4.13. The one-year guarantee period for each portion of the Project begins when each portion of the Project receives written notice of Final Acceptance from the City. The City shall promptly give notice of faulty materials or workmanship which are discovered within the one-year guarantee period and the Contractor shall promptly replace any such defects. If the Contractor fails to make the repairs and replacements promptly, the City may do the work, and the Contractor and Contractor's Surety shall be liable for the cost thereof.

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# 8. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

- **8.1 Contractor Compliance.** Contractor shall comply with, and require its Subcontractors to comply with, all applicable federal, state and local statues, ordinances, orders, rules and regulations relating to the protection of human health and environment, including but not limited to, the use, storage, release, spill, disposal or other handling of petroleum products and other hazardous substances.
- 8.2. Unanticipated Regulatory Compliance and Site Conditions.
  - **8.2.1** If Contractor is delayed or additional work is required due to the enactment of new or an amendment to existing statutes, ordinances or regulations relating to the prevention of environmental pollution and the preservation of natural resources occurring after submission of the successful bid, City may, at its sole discretion:
    - **8.2.1.1** terminate the Contract;
    - **8.2.1.2** complete the Project itself;
    - **8.2.1.3** use non-City forces already under contract with the City;
    - **8.2.1.4** require that the underlying property owner be responsible for the additional work;
    - **8.2.1.5** call for bids for a new contractor to provide the necessary services; or
    - **8.2.1.6** issue Contractor a change order setting forth the additional work that must be undertaken.
  - **8.2.2** If Contractor encounters a condition not referred to in the Contract Documents, not caused by Contractor and not discoverable by a reasonable pre-bid visual site inspection, and such condition requires compliance with the regulations referred to in Paragraph 8.2.1 above, Contractor shall immediately provide City notice of the condition. Except as required by any environmental or natural resource regulation, or, in case of an emergency, Contractor shall not commence work or incur any additional job site costs with regard to the condition encountered without written direction from the City. Upon request, Contractor shall estimate emergency or regulatory compliance costs as well as the anticipated delay and costs resulting from the encountered condition, and promptly deliver such estimate to City for resolution.
  - **8.2.3** In the event of an occurrence of an unanticipated site condition as described in Paragraph 8.2.2 above, City, within a reasonable period of time, may do any of the following at its sole discretion:
    - **8.2.3.1** terminate the Contract;
    - **8.2.3.2** complete the Project itself;
    - **8.2.3.3** use non-City forces already under contract with the City;

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- **8.2.3.4** require that the underlying property owner be responsible for the additional work;
- **8.2.3.5** call for bids for a new contractor to provide the necessary services; or
- **8.2.3.6** issue Contractor a change order setting for the additional work that must be undertaken.
- **8.2.4** In the event City terminates the Contract under Subparagraph 8.2.1.1 or 8.2.3.1, Contractor shall be entitled to all costs and expenses incurred to the date of the termination, including overhead and reasonable profits, on the percentage of the Project completed. Contractor shall not be entitled to profits or consequential damages on the uncompleted portion of the Contract. If the City chooses to issue a change order or terminate the Contract for either of the reasons set forth in Paragraph 8.2.1 or 8.2.3, Contractor agrees to provide the City access to Contractor's documentation used to prepare Contractor's bid in order to assist City in making the City's determination of the additional compensation to be paid.

#### 9. CHANGE ORDERS.

- 9.1 Authorized Changes in the Work. Changes to the drawings, specifications, quantities or details of the Project are inherent in the nature of construction and may be necessary or desirable during the course of Project construction. Without impairing or invalidating the Contract, the City may at any time, without notice to any surety, by written order designed or indicated to be a Change Order or a Proposal Request, make any change in the work within the general scope of the Contract, including, but not limited to changes:
  - **9.1.1** In the Plans and Specifications (including drawings and designs);
  - **9.1.2** In the time, method, or manner of performance of the work;
  - **9.1.3** In the City-furnished facilities, equipment, materials, services or site; or
  - **9.1.4** Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.
- 9.2 Unauthorized Changes in the Work. The Contractor shall not be entitled to an increase in the Contract price or an extension of the Contract times with respect to any work performed that is not required by the Contract Documents as amended, modified or supplemented except in the case of an emergency. In the event of an emergency, the Contractor has seven (7) calendar days to notify the Project Manager of the nature and extent of the emergency. If notification is not provided within seven (7) calendar days, no time adjustment or cost compensation will be allowed.

- 9.3 Execution of Change Orders. The City and the Contractor shall execute appropriate Change Orders and Proposal Requests and upon receipt of an approved Change Order or Proposal Request, the Contractor shall perform the work as modified. If the Change Order increases the Contract amount, the Contractor shall notify Contractor's Surety of the increase and shall provide the City with a copy of any resulting modification to the Bond documents. Change Order and Proposal Requests shall clearly state all costs and schedule adjustments.
- **9.4 No Oral Change Orders**. No oral order, statement or conduct of the City constitutes a Change Order or entitles the Contractor to an equitable adjustment.
- 9.5 Change of Contract Price.
  - **9.5.1** The Contract price may only be changed by a Change Order.
  - **9.5.2** The value of any work covered by a Change Order or of any claim for an adjustment in the Contract price will be determined as follows:
    - **9.5.2.1** Where the work involved is covered by the unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, by application of such unit prices to the quantities of the items involved; or
    - **9.5.2.2** Where the work involved is not covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents, by a mutually agreed lump sum; or
    - **9.5.2.3** Where the work involved is not covered by the unit prices contained in the Contract Documents and agreement to a lump sum is not reached under Subparagraph 9.5.2.2, time and materials basis plus the Contractor's fee for overhead and profit as defined in Paragraph 9.5.3.
  - **9.5.3 Percentage Allowances.** For work negotiated and completed on a time and materials basis the Contractor's maximum allowable percentage markup of such costs shall be as follows:

Materials 15%
Equipment 15%
Labor 20%
Special Services 15%

- **9.5.3.1** When a subcontractor performs work under a time and materials Change Order, the Contractor will be allowed a supplemental markup of 5% on the subcontractor's charges.
- 9.6 Lump Sum Change Orders. Whenever practicable, changes in Contract price resulting from extra work will be determined by a mutually agreed-upon lump sum price. The Contractor's proposal for such changes must include a detailed breakdown of all labor and materials to be performed by its forces and by the forces of its Subcontractors and material suppliers.

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Costs for labor, material, rentals, approved services, and for overhead and profit for the Contractor, Subcontractor and material suppliers must be calculated as specified under the Subsection 9.7.

When the City desires a price quotation from the Contractor for a proposed change to the Contract, the Project Manager will issue a Proposal Request describing the proposed changes. The Contractor shall respond with a price quote within ten (10) calendar days of the issuance of the Proposal Request.

Contractor's quotations for Change Orders and Proposal Requests must be in writing and firm for a period of thirty (30) calendar days. Any compensation paid in conjunction with the terms of a Change Order compromises the total compensation due the Contractor for the modification defined in the Change Order. By signing the Change Order or Proposal Request, the Contractor acknowledges that the stipulated compensation includes payment for the modification plus all payment for the interruption of schedules, extended overhead, delay or any other impact claim or ripple effect, and by such signing specifically waives any reservation or claim for additional compensation or claim for Contract time extension in respect to the subject Change Order or Proposal Request.

The City's request for quotations on modifications to the work is not considered authorization to proceed with the work prior to the approval of a formal Proposal Request or Change Order, and such request does not justify any delay in existing work.

- 9.7 Time and Material Change Orders. Whenever the Contractor is directed by written notice from the Project Manager as the City's representative, to perform extra work on a time and material basis, the Contractor shall furnish labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete the work in a satisfactory manner and within a reasonable period of time. For the work performed, payment will be made for the documented actual necessary expense of the following:
  - **9.7.1** Field and office labor, including estimating and procurement personnel and foremen, who are directly assigned to the time and materials work (actual payroll cost, including wages, fringe benefits as established by law). The cost of labor includes any employer payment to or on behalf of the worker for health and welfare, pension, vacation and similar purposes. Where subsistence and travel allowances are required for performance of extra work, the charges consist of the actual amount paid to each worker. No other fixed labor burdens will be considered unless approved in writing by the City.
  - **9.7.2** Material delivered and used on the designated work, including sales tax, if paid by the Contractor or its Subcontractor.

**9.7.3** Rental or equivalent rental cost of equipment, including necessary transportation, for items having a value in excess of \$100. When equipment is not rented, the equivalent rental cost of equipment is based on the standard rental rates for Contractor-owned equipment, but in no event exceeds the rental rates set forth in the most current edition of the "Equipment Watch Rental Rate Blue Book", published by Penton Media. For equipment not listed in the Blue Book, the rental rate is as listed by the local section of the Associated General Contractors. If the equipment is not listed by the Associated General Contractors, the rental rate will be mutually agreed upon in writing between the Contractor and City prior to the use of the unlisted equipment. The reasonable cost of moving equipment onto and off the job site may be included, but equipment rental will not be paid when the equipment is inoperative due to breakdowns. Individual pieces of equipment or small tools having a replacement value of \$100 or less are considered as included in the overhead allowances and no additional payment therefore will be made.

When equipment is used on the extra work for less than five (5) business days, hourly rates will be used. Less than thirty (30) minutes of operation are considered ½ hour of operation. When equipment is used on the extra work for more than five (5) business days, weekly rates apply. In this case, less than four (4) hours of operation is considered to be ½ calendar day of operation.

Rental or equivalent rental cost will be allowed for only those days or hours during which the equipment is in actual use. Rental and transportation allowances must not exceed the current rental rates prevailing in the locality. The rentals allowed for equipment are understood to cover all fuel, supplies, repairs, and renewals.

The City reserves the right to furnish such materials and equipment as it deems expedient, and the Contractor has no claim for profit or added fees on the cost of such materials and equipment.

- **9.7.4** The added fixed fees defined in Paragraph 9.5.3 constitute full compensation for the cost of general supervision, overhead, profit and any other general expense.
- **9.7.5** If a dispute occurs over payment for work provided on a time and material basis, the dispute is not cause for stopping work.
- **9.7.6** The Contractor shall maintain accurate and detailed records for all work performed on a time and materials basis. These records must reflect all the actual necessary expenses pertaining to the extra work and must at all times be available for audit by the City.
- **9.7.7** The Contractor shall make clear distinction in its records between the direct costs of work paid for on a time and materials basis and the costs of other work. The Contractor shall furnish the Project Manager report sheets in duplicate of each day's work that itemize the labor, materials and equipment used, and shall make the report sheets available for the City's review. The daily report sheet must provide names or identifications and classifications of workers, the hours worked, the sizes, types and identification numbers of equipment, and hours operated. Daily report sheets must be signed by the Contractor or its authorized agent and verified by the Project Manager.

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**9.7.8** To receive partial payments and final payment for time and materials work, the Contractor shall submit to the Project Manager, in a manner approved by the Project Manager, detailed and complete documented verification of the Contractor's and any of its Subcontractor's actual cost incurred. Material and rental charges must be substantiated by copies of vendors' invoices. Such costs must be submitted within thirty (30) calendar days after said work has been satisfactorily competed.

**END OF GENERAL CONDITIONS** 

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# GENERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS



July 2025 Mead & Hunt, Inc.

# **General Contract Provisions**

# **Section 10 Definition of Terms**

When the following terms are used in these specifications, in the contract, or in any documents or other instruments pertaining to construction where these specifications govern, the intent and meaning shall be defined as follows:

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-01	AASHTO	The American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.
10-02	Access Road	The right-of-way, the roadway and all improvements constructed thereon connecting the airport to a public roadway.
10-03	Advertisement	A public announcement, as required by local law, inviting bids for work to be performed and materials to be furnished.
10-04	Airport	Airport means an area of land or water which is used or intended to be used for the landing and takeoff of aircraft; an appurtenant area used or intended to be used for airport buildings or other airport facilities or rights of way; airport buildings and facilities located in any of these areas, and a heliport.
10-05	Airport Improvement Program (AIP)	A grant-in-aid program, administered by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
10-06	Air Operations Area (AOA)	The term air operations area (AOA) shall mean any area of the airport used or intended to be used for the landing, takeoff, or surface maneuvering of aircraft. An air operation area shall include such paved or unpaved areas that are used or intended to be used for the unobstructed movement of aircraft in addition to its associated runway, taxiway, or apron.
10-07	Apron	Area where aircraft are parked, unloaded or loaded, fueled and/or serviced.
10-08	ASTM International (ASTM)	Formerly known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
10-09	Award	The Owner's notice to the successful bidder of the acceptance of the submitted bid.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-10	Bidder	Any individual, partnership, firm, or corporation, acting directly or through a duly authorized representative, who submits a proposal for the work contemplated.
10-11	Building Area	An area on the airport to be used, considered, or intended to be used for airport buildings or other airport facilities or rights-of-way together with all airport buildings and facilities located thereon.
10-12	Calendar Day	Every day shown on the calendar.
10-13	Certificate of Analysis (COA)	The COA is the manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance (COC) including all applicable test results required by the specifications.
10-14	Certificate of Compliance (COC)	The manufacturer's certification stating that materials or assemblies furnished fully comply with the requirements of the contract. The certificate shall be signed by the manufacturer's authorized representative.
10-15	Change Order	A written order to the Contractor covering changes in the plans, specifications, or proposal quantities and establishing the basis of payment and contract time adjustment, if any, for work within the scope of the contract and necessary to complete the project.
10-16	Contract	A written agreement between the Owner and the Contractor that establishes the obligations of the parties including but not limited to performance of work, furnishing of labor, equipment and materials and the basis of payment.  The awarded contract includes but may not be limited to: Advertisement, Contract form, Proposal, Performance bond, payment bond, General provisions, certifications and representations, Technical Specifications, Plans, Supplemental Provisions, standards incorporated by reference and issued addenda.
10-17	Contract Item (Pay Item)	A specific unit of work for which a price is provided in the contract.
10-18	Contract Time	The number of calendar days or working days, stated in the proposal, allowed for completion of the contract, including authorized time extensions. If a calendar date of completion is stated in the proposal, in lieu of a number of calendar or working days, the contract shall be completed by that date.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-19	Contractor	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation primarily liable for the acceptable performance of the work contracted and for the payment of all legal debts pertaining to the work who acts directly or through lawful agents or employees to complete the contract work.
10-20	Contractors Quality Control (QC) Facilities	The Contractor's QC facilities in accordance with the Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP).
10-21	Contractor Quality Control Program (CQCP)	Details the methods and procedures that will be taken to assure that all materials and completed construction required by the contract conform to contract plans, technical specifications and other requirements, whether manufactured by the Contractor, or procured from subcontractors or vendors.
10-22	Control Strip	A demonstration by the Contractor that the materials, equipment, and construction processes results in a product meeting the requirements of the specification.
10-23	Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP)	The overall plan for safety and phasing of a construction project developed by the airport operator, or developed by the airport operator's consultant and approved by the airport operator. It is included in the invitation for bids and becomes part of the project specifications.
10-24	Drainage System	The system of pipes, ditches, and structures by which surface or subsurface waters are collected and conducted from the airport area.
10-25	Engineer	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation duly authorized by the Owner to be responsible for engineering, inspection, and/or observation of the contract work and acting directly or through an authorized representative.
10-26	Equipment	All machinery, together with the necessary supplies for upkeep and maintenance; and all tools and apparatus necessary for the proper construction and acceptable completion of the work.
10-27	Extra Work	An item of work not provided for in the awarded contract as previously modified by change order or supplemental agreement, but which is found by the Owner's Engineer or Resident Project Representative (RPR) to be necessary to complete the work within the intended scope of the contract as previously modified.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-28	FAA	The Federal Aviation Administration. When used to designate a person, FAA shall mean the Administrator or their duly authorized representative.
10-29	Federal Specifications	The federal specifications and standards, commercial item descriptions, supplements, amendments, and indices prepared and issued by the General Services Administration.
10-30	Force Account	<ul> <li>a. Contract Force Account - A method of payment that addresses extra work performed by the Contractor on a time and material basis.</li> <li>b. Owner Force Account - Work performed for the project by the Owner's employees.</li> </ul>
10-31	Intention of Terms	Whenever, in these specifications or on the plans, the words "directed," "required," "permitted," "ordered," "designated," "prescribed," or words of like import are used, it shall be understood that the direction, requirement, permission, order, designation, or prescription of the Engineer and/or Resident Project Representative (RPR) is intended; and similarly, the words "approved," "acceptable," "satisfactory," or words of like import, shall mean approved by, or acceptable to, or satisfactory to the Engineer and/or RPR, subject in each case to the final determination of the Owner.  Any reference to a specific requirement of a numbered paragraph of the contract specifications or a cited standard shall be interpreted to include all paragraph requirements of
		shall be interpreted to include all general requirements of the entire section, specification item, or cited standard that may be pertinent to such specific reference.
10-32	Lighting	A system of fixtures providing or controlling the light sources used on or near the airport or within the airport buildings. The field lighting includes all luminous signals, markers, floodlights, and illuminating devices used on or near the airport or to aid in the operation of aircraft landing at, taking off from, or taxiing on the airport surface.
10-33	Major and Minor Contract Items	A major contract item shall be any item that is listed in the proposal, the total cost of which is equal to or greater than 20% of the total amount of the award contract. All other items shall be considered minor contract items.
10-34	Materials	Any substance specified for use in the construction of the contract work.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-35	Modification of Standards (MOS)	Any deviation from standard specifications applicable to material and construction methods in accordance with FAA Order 5300.1.
10-36	Notice to Proceed (NTP)	A written notice to the Contractor to begin the actual contract work on a previously agreed to date. If applicable, the Notice to Proceed shall state the date on which the contract time begins.
10-37	Owner	The term "Owner" shall mean the party of the first part or the contracting agency signatory to the contract. Where the term "Owner" is capitalized in this document, it shall mean airport Sponsor only. The Owner for this project is The City of Roseburg.
10-38	Passenger Facility Charge (PFC)	Per 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 158 and 49 United States Code (USC) § 40117, a PFC is a charge imposed by a public agency on passengers enplaned at a commercial service airport it controls.
10-39	Pavement Structure	The combined surface course, base course(s), and subbase course(s), if any, considered as a single unit.
10-40	Payment bond	The approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and their own surety as a guaranty that the Contractor will pay in full all bills and accounts for materials and labor used in the construction of the work.
10-41	Performance bond	The approved form of security furnished by the Contractor and their own surety as a guaranty that the Contractor will complete the work in accordance with the terms of the contract.
10-42	Plans	The official drawings or exact reproductions that show the location, character, dimensions and details of the airport and the work to be done and which are to be considered as a part of the contract, supplementary to the specifications. Plans may also be referred to as 'contract drawings.'
10-43	Project	The agreed scope of work for accomplishing specific airport development with respect to a particular airport.
10-44	Proposal	The written offer of the bidder (when submitted on the approved proposal form) to perform the contemplated work and furnish the necessary materials in accordance with the provisions of the plans and specifications.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-45	Proposal guaranty	The security furnished with a proposal to guarantee that the bidder will enter into a contract if their own proposal is accepted by the Owner.
10-46	Quality Assurance (QA)	Owner's responsibility to assure that construction work completed complies with specifications for payment.
10-47	Quality Control (QC)	Contractor's responsibility to control material(s) and construction processes to complete construction in accordance with project specifications.
10-48	Quality Assurance (QA) Inspector	An authorized representative of the Engineer and/or Resident Project Representative (RPR) assigned to make all necessary inspections, observations, tests, and/or observation of tests of the work performed or being performed, or of the materials furnished or being furnished by the Contractor.
10-49	Quality Assurance (QA) Laboratory	The official quality assurance testing laboratories of the Owner or such other laboratories as may be designated by the Engineer or RPR. May also be referred to as Engineer's, Owner's, or QA Laboratory.
10-50	Resident Project Representative (RPR)	The individual, partnership, firm, or corporation duly authorized by the Owner to be responsible for all necessary inspections, observations, tests, and/or observations of tests of the contract work performed or being performed, or of the materials furnished or being furnished by the Contractor, and acting directly or through an authorized representative.
10-51	Runway	The area on the airport prepared for the landing and takeoff of aircraft.
10-52	Runway Safety Area (RSA)	A defined surface surrounding the runway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to aircraft. See the construction safety and phasing plan (CSPP) for limits of the RSA.
10-53	Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD)	Details how the Contractor will comply with the CSPP.
10-54	Specifications	A part of the contract containing the written directions and requirements for completing the contract work. Standards for specifying materials or testing which are cited in the contract specifications by reference shall have the same force and effect as if included in the contract physically.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-55	Sponsor	A Sponsor is defined in 49 USC § 47102(24) as a public agency that submits to the FAA for an AIP grant; or a private Owner of a public-use airport that submits to the FAA an application for an AIP grant for the airport.
10-56	Structures	Airport facilities such as bridges; culverts; catch basins, inlets, retaining walls, cribbing; storm and sanitary sewer lines; water lines; underdrains; electrical ducts, manholes, handholes, lighting fixtures and bases; transformers; navigational aids; buildings; vaults; and other manmade features of the airport that may be encountered in the work and not otherwise classified herein.
10-57	Subgrade	The soil that forms the pavement foundation.
10-58	Superintendent	The Contractor's executive representative who is present on the work during progress, authorized to receive and fulfill instructions from the RPR, and who shall supervise and direct the construction.
10-59	Supplemental Agreement	A written agreement between the Contractor and the Owner that establishes the basis of payment and contract time adjustment, if any, for the work affected by the supplemental agreement. A supplemental agreement is required if: (1) in scope work would increase or decrease the total amount of the awarded contract by more than 25%: (2) in scope work would increase or decrease the total of any major contract item by more than 25%; (3) work that is not within the scope of the originally awarded contract; or (4) adding or deleting of a major contract item.
10-60	Surety	The corporation, partnership, or individual, other than the Contractor, executing payment or performance bonds that are furnished to the Owner by the Contractor.
10-61	Taxilane	A taxiway designed for low speed movement of aircraft between aircraft parking areas and terminal areas.
10-62	Taxiway	The portion of the air operations area of an airport that has been designated by competent airport authority for movement of aircraft to and from the airport's runways, aircraft parking areas, and terminal areas.
10-63	Taxiway/Taxilane Safety Area (TSA)	A defined surface alongside the taxiway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to an aircraft. See the construction safety and phasing plan (CSPP) for limits of the TSA.

Paragraph Number	Term	Definition
10-64	Work	The furnishing of all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary or convenient to the Contractor's performance of all duties and obligations imposed by the contract, plans, and specifications.
10-65	Working day	A working day shall be any day other than a legal holiday, Saturday, or Sunday on which the normal working forces of the Contractor may proceed with regular work for at least six (6) hours toward completion of the contract. When work is suspended for causes beyond the Contractor's control, it will not be counted as a working day. Saturdays, Sundays and holidays on which the Contractor's forces engage in regular work will be considered as working days.
10-66	Owner Defined terms	See Section 1 of the City of Roseburg General Conditions.

## **Section 20 Proposal Requirements and Conditions**

- **20-01 Advertisement (Notice to Bidders).** See Advertisement for Bid and Invitation to Bid.
- **20-02 Qualification of bidders**. See Lowest Bidder Responsibility Determination Form.
- **20-03** Contents of proposal forms. See Information to Bidders, Section 1. Bidder actions that may cause the Owner to deem a proposal irregular are given in paragraph 20-09 *Irregular proposals*.

Mobilization is limited to 10 percent of the total project cost.

A prebid conference is optional on this project to discuss as a minimum, the following items: material requirements; submittals; Quality Control/Quality Assurance requirements; and the construction safety and phasing plan including airport access and staging areas;. Information for the prebid conference is in the Advertisement for Bid.

- **20-04 Issuance of proposal forms**. The Owner reserves the right to refuse to issue a proposal form to a prospective bidder if the bidder is in default for any of the following reasons:
- **a.** Failure to comply with any prequalification regulations of the Owner, if such regulations are cited, or otherwise included, in the proposal as a requirement for bidding.
- **b.** Failure to pay, or satisfactorily settle, all bills due for labor and materials on former contracts in force with the Owner at the time the Owner issues the proposal to a prospective bidder.
  - **c.** Documented record of Contractor default under previous contracts with the Owner.
  - **d.** Documented record of unsatisfactory work on previous contracts with the Owner.
- **20-05 Interpretation of estimated proposal quantities**. See Information to Bidders, Section 4. It is understood that the quantities may be increased or decreased as provided in Section 40, paragraph 40-02, Alteration of Work and Quantities, without in any way invalidating the unit bid prices.
- **20-06 Examination of plans, specifications, and site**. See Information to Bidders, Section 13.
- **20-07 Preparation of proposal**. See Information to Bidders, Section 1.
- **20-08 Responsive and responsible bidder.** A responsive bid conforms to all significant terms and conditions contained in the Owner's invitation for bid. It is the Owner's responsibility to decide if the exceptions taken by a bidder to the solicitation are material or not and the extent of deviation it is willing to accept.

A responsible bidder has the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement, as defined in 2 CFR § 200.318(h). This includes such matters as Contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.

- **20-09 Irregular proposals.** Proposals shall be considered irregular for the following reasons:
- **a.** If the proposal is on a form other than that furnished by the Owner, or if the Owner's form is altered, or if any part of the proposal form is detached.
- **b.** If there are unauthorized additions, conditional or alternate pay items, or irregularities of any kind that make the proposal incomplete, indefinite, or otherwise ambiguous.
- **c.** If the proposal does not contain a unit price for each pay item listed in the proposal, except in the case of authorized alternate pay items, for which the bidder is not required to furnish a unit price.
  - **d.** If the proposal contains unit prices that are obviously unbalanced.
  - e. If the proposal is not accompanied by the proposal guaranty specified by the Owner.
  - **f.** If the applicable Disadvantaged Business Enterprise information is incomplete.

The Owner reserves the right to reject any irregular proposal and the right to waive technicalities if such waiver is in the best interest of the Owner and conforms to local laws and ordinances pertaining to the letting of construction contracts.

- **20-10 Bid guarantee**. See Invitation to Bid.
- **20-11 Delivery of proposal.** See Invitation to Bid.
- **20-12** Withdrawal or revision of proposals. A bidder may withdraw or revise (by withdrawal of one proposal and submission of another) a proposal provided that the bidder's request for withdrawal is received by the Owner in writing before the time specified for opening bids. Revised proposals must be received at the place specified in the advertisement before the time specified for opening all bids.
- **20-13 Public opening of proposals**. Proposals shall be opened, and read, publicly at the time and place specified in the advertisement. Bidders, their authorized agents, and other interested persons are invited to attend. Proposals that have been withdrawn (by written or telegraphic request) or received after the time specified for opening bids shall be returned to the bidder unopened.
- **20-14 Disqualification of bidders**. A bidder shall be considered disqualified for any of the following reasons:
- **a.** Submitting more than one proposal from the same partnership, firm, or corporation under the same or different name.
- **b.** Evidence of collusion among bidders. Bidders participating in such collusion shall be disqualified as bidders for any future work of the Owner until any such participating bidder has been reinstated by the Owner as a qualified bidder.
- **c.** If the bidder is considered to be in "default" for any reason specified in paragraph 20-04, *Issuance of Proposal Forms*, of this section.
- **20-15 Discrepancies and Omissions.** A Bidder who discovers discrepancies or omissions with the project bid documents shall immediately notify the Owner's Engineer of the matter. A bidder that has doubt as to the true meaning of a project requirement may submit to the Owner's Engineer a written request for interpretation no later than seven (7) Calendar days prior to bid opening.

Any interpretation of the project bid documents by the Owner's Engineer will be by written addendum issued by the Owner. The Owner will not consider any instructions, clarifications or interpretations of the bidding documents in any manner other than written addendum.

### Section 30 Award and Execution of Contract

**30-01 Consideration of proposals**. After the proposals are publicly opened and read, they will be compared on the basis of the summation of the products obtained by multiplying the estimated quantities shown in the proposal by the unit bid prices. If a bidder's proposal contains a discrepancy between unit bid prices written in words and unit bid prices written in numbers, the unit bid price written in words shall govern.

Until the award of a contract is made, the Owner reserves the right to reject a bidder's proposal for any of the following reasons:

- **a.** If the proposal is irregular as specified in Section 20, paragraph 20-09, *Irregular Proposals*.
- **b.** If the bidder is disqualified for any of the reasons specified Section 20, paragraph 20-14, *Disqualification of Bidders*.

In addition, until the award of a contract is made, the Owner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, waive technicalities, if such waiver is in the best interest of the Owner and is in conformance with applicable state and local laws or regulations pertaining to the letting of construction contracts; advertise for new proposals; or proceed with the work otherwise. All such actions shall promote the Owner's best interests.

- **30-02 Award of contract**. See Information to Bidders, Section 14.
- **30-03** Cancellation of award. The Owner reserves the right to cancel the award without liability to the bidder, except return of proposal guaranty, at any time before a contract has been fully executed by all parties and is approved by the Owner in accordance with paragraph 30-07 *Approval of Contract*.
- **30-04 Return of proposal guaranty**. See Information to Bidders, Section 17.
- **30-05 Requirements of contract bonds**. See Information to Bidders, Section 15.
- **30-06 Execution of contract**. See Information to Bidders, Section 15.
- **30-07 Approval of contract**. See Information to Bidders, Section 15.
- **30-08 Failure to execute contract**. See Information to Bidders, Section 15.

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## **Section 40 Scope of Work**

**40-01 Intent of contract**. The intent of the contract is to provide for construction and completion, in every detail, of the work described. It is further intended that the Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, tools, transportation, and supplies required to complete the work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and terms of the contract.

**40-02 Alteration of work and quantities**. The Owner reserves the right to make such changes in quantities and work as may be necessary or desirable to complete, in a satisfactory manner, the original intended work. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, the Owner's Engineer or RPR shall be and is hereby authorized to make, in writing, such in-scope alterations in the work and variation of quantities as may be necessary to complete the work, provided such action does not represent a significant change in the character of the work.

For purpose of this section, a significant change in character of work means: any change that is outside the current contract scope of work; any change (increase or decrease) in the total contract cost by more than 25%; or any change in the total cost of a major contract item by more than 25%.

Work alterations and quantity variances that do not meet the definition of significant change in character of work shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety. Contractor agrees to accept payment for such work alterations and quantity variances in accordance with Section 90, paragraph 90-03, *Compensation for Altered Quantities*.

Should the value of altered work or quantity variance meet the criteria for significant change in character of work, such altered work and quantity variance shall be covered by a supplemental agreement. Supplemental agreements shall also require consent of the Contractor's surety and separate performance and payment bonds. If the Owner and the Contractor are unable to agree on a unit adjustment for any contract item that requires a supplemental agreement, the Owner reserves the right to terminate the contract with respect to the item and make other arrangements for its completion.

**40-03 Omitted items**. The Owner, the Owner's Engineer or the RPR may provide written notice to the Contractor to omit from the work any contract item that does not meet the definition of major contract item. Major contract items may be omitted by a supplemental agreement. Such omission of contract items shall not invalidate any other contract provision or requirement.

Should a contract item be omitted or otherwise ordered to be non-performed, the Contractor shall be paid for all work performed toward completion of such item prior to the date of the order to omit such item. Payment for work performed shall be in accordance with Section 90, paragraph 90-04, *Payment for Omitted Items*.

**40-04 Extra work**. Should acceptable completion of the contract require the Contractor to perform an item of work not provided for in the awarded contract as previously modified by change order or supplemental agreement, Owner may issue a Change Order to cover the necessary extra work. Change orders for extra work shall contain agreed unit prices for performing the change order work in accordance with the requirements specified in the order, and shall contain any adjustment to the contract time that, in the RPR's opinion, is necessary for completion of the extra work.

When determined by the RPR to be in the Owner's best interest, the RPR may order the Contractor to proceed with extra work as provided in Section 90, paragraph 90-05, *Payment for Extra Work*. Extra work that is necessary for acceptable completion of the project, but is not within the general scope of the work covered by the original contract shall be covered by a supplemental agreement as defined in Section 10, paragraph 10-59, *Supplemental Agreement*.

If extra work is essential to maintaining the project critical path, RPR may order the Contractor to commence the extra work under a Time and Material contract method. Once sufficient detail is available

to establish the level of effort necessary for the extra work, the Owner shall initiate a change order or supplemental agreement to cover the extra work.

Any claim for payment of extra work that is not covered by written agreement (change order or supplemental agreement) shall be rejected by the Owner.

- **40-05 Maintenance of traffic**. It is the explicit intention of the contract that the safety of aircraft, as well as the Contractor's equipment and personnel, is the most important consideration. The Contractor shall maintain traffic in the manner detailed in the Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP).
- **a.** It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall provide for the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft in the air operations areas (AOAs) of the airport with respect to their own operations and the operations of all subcontractors as specified in Section 80, paragraph 80-04, *Limitation of Operations*. It is further understood and agreed that the Contractor shall provide for the uninterrupted operation of visual and electronic signals (including power supplies thereto) used in the guidance of aircraft while operating to, from, and upon the airport as specified in Section 70, paragraph 70-15, *Contractor's Responsibility for Utility Service and Facilities of Others*.
- **b.** With respect to their own operations and the operations of all subcontractors, the Contractor shall provide marking, lighting, and other acceptable means of identifying personnel, equipment, vehicles, storage areas, and any work area or condition that may be hazardous to the operation of aircraft, fire-rescue equipment, or maintenance vehicles at the airport in accordance with the construction safety and phasing plan (CSPP) and the safety plan compliance document (SPCD).
- c. When the contract requires the maintenance of an existing road, street, or highway during the Contractor's performance of work that is otherwise provided for in the contract, plans, and specifications, the Contractor shall keep the road, street, or highway open to all traffic and shall provide maintenance as may be required to accommodate traffic. The Contractor, at their expense, shall be responsible for the repair to equal or better than preconstruction conditions of any damage caused by the Contractor's equipment and personnel. The Contractor shall furnish, erect, and maintain barricades, warning signs, flag person, and other traffic control devices in reasonable conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) (<a href="http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov/">http://mutcd.fhwa.dot.gov/</a>), unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall also construct and maintain in a safe condition any temporary connections necessary for ingress to and egress from abutting property or intersecting roads, streets or highways. Unless otherwise specified herein, the Contractor will not be required to furnish snow removal for such existing road, street, or highway.
- **40-06 Removal of existing structures**. All existing structures encountered within the established lines, grades, or grading sections shall be removed by the Contractor, unless such existing structures are otherwise specified to be relocated, adjusted up or down, salvaged, abandoned in place, reused in the work or to remain in place. The cost of removing such existing structures shall not be measured or paid for directly, but shall be included in the various contract items.

Should the Contractor encounter an existing structure (above or below ground) in the work for which the disposition is not indicated on the plans, the Resident Project Representative (RPR) shall be notified prior to disturbing such structure. The disposition of existing structures so encountered shall be immediately determined by the RPR in accordance with the provisions of the contract.

Except as provided in Section 40, paragraph 40-07, *Rights in and Use of Materials Found in the Work*, it is intended that all existing materials or structures that may be encountered (within the lines, grades, or grading sections established for completion of the work) shall be used in the work as otherwise provided for in the contract and shall remain the property of the Owner when so used in the work.

**40-07 Rights in and use of materials found in the work**. Should the Contractor encounter any material such as (but not restricted to) sand, stone, gravel, slag, or concrete slabs within the established lines, grades, or grading sections, the use of which is intended by the terms of the contract to be embankment, the Contractor may at their own option either:

- **a.** Use such material in another contract item, providing such use is approved by the RPR and is in conformance with the contract specifications applicable to such use; or,
  - **b.** Remove such material from the site, upon written approval of the RPR; or
  - c. Use such material for the Contractor's own temporary construction on site; or,
  - **d.** Use such material as intended by the terms of the contract.

Should the Contractor wish to exercise option a., b., or c., the Contractor shall request the RPR's approval in advance of such use.

Should the RPR approve the Contractor's request to exercise option a., b., or c., the Contractor shall be paid for the excavation or removal of such material at the applicable contract price. The Contractor shall replace, at their expense, such removed or excavated material with an agreed equal volume of material that is acceptable for use in constructing embankment, backfills, or otherwise to the extent that such replacement material is needed to complete the contract work. The Contractor shall not be charged for use of such material used in the work or removed from the site.

Should the RPR approve the Contractor's exercise of option a., the Contractor shall be paid, at the applicable contract price, for furnishing and installing such material in accordance with requirements of the contract item in which the material is used.

It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall make no claim for delays by reason of their own exercise of option a., b., or c.

The Contractor shall not excavate, remove, or otherwise disturb any material, structure, or part of a structure which is located outside the lines, grades, or grading sections established for the work, except where such excavation or removal is provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications.

**40-08 Final cleanup**. Upon completion of the work and before acceptance and final payment will be made, the Contractor shall remove from the site all machinery, equipment, surplus and discarded materials, rubbish, temporary structures, and stumps or portions of trees. The Contractor shall cut all brush and woods within the limits indicated and shall leave the site in a neat and presentable condition. Material cleared from the site and deposited on adjacent property will not be considered as having been disposed of satisfactorily unless the Contractor has obtained the written permission of the property Owner.

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### **Section 50 Control of Work**

**50-01 Authority of the Resident Project Representative (RPR)**. The RPR has final authority regarding the interpretation of project specification requirements. The RPR shall determine acceptability of the quality of materials furnished, method of performance of work performed, and the manner and rate of performance of the work. The RPR does not have the authority to accept work that does not conform to specification requirements.

**50-02** Conformity with plans and specifications. All work and all materials furnished shall be in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, grading sections, cross-sections, dimensions, material requirements, and testing requirements that are specified (including specified tolerances) in the contract, plans, or specifications.

If the RPR finds the materials furnished, work performed, or the finished product not within reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications, but that the portion of the work affected will, in their opinion, result in a finished product having a level of safety, economy, durability, and workmanship acceptable to the Owner, the RPR will advise the Owner of their determination that the affected work be accepted and remain in place. The RPR will document the determination and recommend to the Owner a basis of acceptance that will provide for an adjustment in the contract price for the affected portion of the work. Changes in the contract price must be covered by contract change order or supplemental agreement as applicable.

If the RPR finds the materials furnished, work performed, or the finished product are not in reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications and have resulted in an unacceptable finished product, the affected work or materials shall be removed and replaced or otherwise corrected by and at the expense of the Contractor in accordance with the RPR's written orders.

The term "reasonably close conformity" shall not be construed as waiving the Contractor's responsibility to complete the work in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications. The term shall not be construed as waiving the RPR's responsibility to insist on strict compliance with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications during the Contractor's execution of the work, when, in the RPR's opinion, such compliance is essential to provide an acceptable finished portion of the work.

The term "reasonably close conformity" is also intended to provide the RPR with the authority, after consultation with the Sponsor and FAA, to use sound engineering judgment in their determinations to accept work that is not in strict conformity, but will provide a finished product equal to or better than that required by the requirements of the contract, plans and specifications.

The RPR will not be responsible for the Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction or the safety precautions incident thereto.

**50-03** Coordination of contract, plans, and specifications. The contract, plans, specifications, and all referenced standards cited are essential parts of the contract requirements. If electronic files are provided and used on the project and there is a conflict between the electronic files and hard copy plans, the hard copy plans shall govern. A requirement occurring in one is as binding as though occurring in all. They are intended to be complementary and to describe and provide for a complete work. In case of discrepancy, calculated dimensions will govern over scaled dimensions; contract technical specifications shall govern over contract general provisions, plans, cited standards for materials or testing, and cited advisory circulars (ACs); contract general provisions shall govern over plans, cited standards for materials or testing, and cited ACs; plans shall govern over cited standards for materials or testing and cited ACs. If any paragraphs contained in the Special Provisions conflict with General Provisions or Technical Specifications, the Special Provisions shall govern.

From time to time, discrepancies within cited testing standards occur due to the timing of the change, edits, and/or replacement of the standards. If the Contractor discovers any apparent discrepancy within

standard test methods, the Contractor shall immediately ask the RPR for an interpretation and decision, and such decision shall be final.

The Contractor shall not take advantage of any apparent error or omission on the plans or specifications. In the event the Contractor discovers any apparent error or discrepancy, Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner or the designated representative in writing requesting their written interpretation and decision.

## **50-04** List of Special Provisions.

#### ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

- 1. Permits issued by jurisdictional regulatory agencies;
- 2. Change Orders;
- 3. Addenda;
- 4. Contract;
- 5. Contractor's Bid Proposal and Attachments;
- 6. Construction Safety and Phasing Plan;
- 7. Required Federal Contract Provisions;
- 8. Technical Specifications;
- 9. Drawings / Plans;
- 10. FAA General Contract Provisions; (In the event of a discrepancy between the FAA Federal Contract Provisions and the City of Roseburg General Conditions, the most advantageous provision / condition to the City of Roseburg shall govern)
- 11. City's General Conditions; (In the event of a discrepancy between the FAA General Contract Provisions and the City of Roseburg General Conditions, the most advantageous provision / condition to the City of Roseburg shall govern)
- 12. Any documents prepared by and on behalf of a third party that were not prepared specifically for this Project, including the Greenbook Standard Specifications, the ODOT Standard Specifications, and the ODOT Special Provisions.

**50-05** Cooperation of Contractor. The Contractor shall be supplied with [ five ] hard copies or an electronic PDF of the plans and specifications. The Contractor shall have available on the construction site at all times one hardcopy each of the plans and specifications. Additional hard copies of plans and specifications may be obtained by the Contractor for the cost of reproduction.

The Contractor shall give constant attention to the work to facilitate the progress thereof, and shall cooperate with the RPR and their inspectors and with other Contractors in every way possible. The Contractor shall have a competent superintendent on the work at all times who is fully authorized as their agent on the work. The superintendent shall be capable of reading and thoroughly understanding the plans and specifications and shall receive and fulfill instructions from the RPR or their authorized representative.

**50-06 Cooperation between Contractors**. The Owner reserves the right to contract for and perform other or additional work on or near the work covered by this contract.

When separate contracts are let within the limits of any one project, each Contractor shall conduct the work not to interfere with or hinder the progress of completion of the work being performed by other Contractors. Contractors working on the same project shall cooperate with each other as directed.

Each Contractor involved shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise, in connection with their own contract and shall protect and hold harmless the Owner from any and all damages or claims that may arise

because of inconvenience, delays, or loss experienced because of the presence and operations of other Contractors working within the limits of the same project.

The Contractor shall arrange their work and shall place and dispose of the materials being used to not interfere with the operations of the other Contractors within the limits of the same project. The Contractor shall join their work with that of the others in an acceptable manner and shall perform it in proper sequence to that of the others.

**50-07 Construction layout and stakes**. The Engineer/RPR shall establish necessary horizontal and vertical control. The establishment of Survey Control and/or reestablishment of survey control shall be by a State Licensed Land Surveyor. Contractor is responsible for preserving integrity of horizontal and vertical controls established by Engineer/RPR. In case of negligence on the part of the Contractor or their employees, resulting in the destruction of any horizontal and vertical control, the resulting costs will be deducted as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

Prior to the start of construction, the Contractor will check all control points for horizontal and vertical accuracy and certify in writing to the RPR that the Contractor concurs with survey control established for the project. All lines, grades and measurements from control points necessary for the proper execution and control of the work on this project will be provided to the RPR. The Contractor is responsible to establish all layout required for the construction of the project.

Copies of survey notes will be provided to the RPR for each area of construction and for each placement of material as specified to allow the RPR to make periodic checks for conformance with plan grades, alignments and grade tolerances required by the applicable material specifications. Surveys will be provided to the RPR prior to commencing work items that cover or disturb the survey staking. Survey(s) and notes shall be provided in the following format(s): Electronically in a comma-separated values (.csv) file with headers and hard copy (stamped by an Oregon Licensed Land Surveyor).

Laser, GPS, String line, or other automatic control shall be checked with temporary control, as necessary. In the case of error, on the part of the Contractor, their surveyor, employees or subcontractors, resulting in established grades, alignment or grade tolerances that do not concur with those specified or shown on the plans, the Contractor is solely responsible for correction, removal, replacement and all associated costs at no additional cost to the Owner.

Contractor Survey will be measured and paid on the same schedule of partial payments as identified in Item C-105 Mobilization.

Payment will be made under:

Contractor Survey - Lump Sum

**50-08** Authority and duties of Quality Assurance (QA) inspectors. QA inspectors shall be authorized to inspect all work done and all material furnished. Such QA inspection may extend to all or any part of the work and to the preparation, fabrication, or manufacture of the materials to be used. QA inspectors are not authorized to revoke, alter, or waive any provision of the contract. QA inspectors are not authorized to issue instructions contrary to the plans and specifications or to act as foreman for the Contractor.

QA Inspectors are authorized to notify the Contractor or their representatives of any failure of the work or materials to conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications and to reject such nonconforming materials in question until such issues can be referred to the RPR for a decision.

**50-09 Inspection of the work**. All materials and each part or detail of the work shall be subject to inspection. The RPR shall be allowed access to all parts of the work and shall be furnished with such information and assistance by the Contractor as is required to make a complete and detailed inspection.

If the RPR requests it, the Contractor, at any time before acceptance of the work, shall remove or uncover such portions of the finished work as may be directed. After examination, the Contractor shall restore said

portions of the work to the standard required by the specifications. Should the work thus exposed or examined prove acceptable, the uncovering, or removing, and the replacing of the covering or making good of the parts removed will be paid for as extra work; but should the work so exposed or examined prove unacceptable, the uncovering, or removing, and the replacing of the covering or making good of the parts removed will be at the Contractor's expense.

Provide advance written notice to the RPR of work the Contractor plans to perform each week and each day. Any work done or materials used without written notice and allowing opportunity for inspection by the RPR may be ordered removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Should the contract work include relocation, adjustment, or any other modification to existing facilities, not the property of the (contract) Owner, authorized representatives of the Owners of such facilities shall have the right to inspect such work. Such inspection shall in no sense make any facility owner a party to the contract, and shall in no way interfere with the rights of the parties to this contract.

**50-10 Removal of unacceptable and unauthorized work**. All work that does not conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications will be considered unacceptable, unless otherwise determined acceptable by the RPR as provided in paragraph 50-02, *Conformity with Plans and Specifications*.

Unacceptable work, whether the result of poor workmanship, use of defective materials, damage through carelessness, or any other cause found to exist prior to the final acceptance of the work, shall be removed immediately and replaced in an acceptable manner in accordance with the provisions of Section 70, paragraph 70-14, *Contractor's Responsibility for Work*.

No removal work made under provision of this paragraph shall be done without lines and grades having been established by the RPR. Work done contrary to the instructions of the RPR, work done beyond the lines shown on the plans or as established by the RPR, except as herein specified, or any extra work done without authority, will be considered as unauthorized and will not be paid for under the provisions of the contract. Work so done may be ordered removed or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Upon failure on the part of the Contractor to comply with any order of the RPR made under the provisions of this subsection, the RPR will have authority to cause unacceptable work to be remedied or removed and replaced; and unauthorized work to be removed and recover the resulting costs as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

**50-11 Load restrictions**. The Contractor shall comply with all legal load restrictions in the hauling of materials on public roads beyond the limits of the work. A special permit will not relieve the Contractor of liability for damage that may result from the moving of material or equipment.

The operation of equipment of such weight or so loaded as to cause damage to structures or to any other type of construction will not be permitted. Hauling of materials over the base course or surface course under construction shall be limited as directed. No loads will be permitted on a concrete pavement, base, or structure before the expiration of the curing period. The Contractor, at their own expense, shall be responsible for the repair to equal or better than preconstruction conditions of any damage caused by the Contractor's equipment and personnel.

**50-12 Maintenance during construction**. The Contractor shall maintain the work during construction and until the work is accepted. Maintenance shall constitute continuous and effective work prosecuted day by day, with adequate equipment and forces so that the work is maintained in satisfactory condition at all times.

In the case of a contract for the placing of a course upon a course or subgrade previously constructed, the Contractor shall maintain the previous course or subgrade during all construction operations.

All costs of maintenance work during construction and before the project is accepted shall be included in the unit prices bid on the various contract items, and the Contractor will not be paid an additional amount for such work.

**50-13 Failure to maintain the work**. Should the Contractor at any time fail to maintain the work as provided in paragraph 50-12, *Maintenance during Construction*, the RPR shall immediately notify the Contractor of such noncompliance. Such notification shall specify a reasonable time within which the Contractor shall be required to remedy such unsatisfactory maintenance condition. The time specified will give due consideration to the exigency that exists.

Should the Contractor fail to respond to the RPR's notification, the Owner may suspend any work necessary for the Owner to correct such unsatisfactory maintenance condition, depending on the exigency that exists. Any maintenance cost incurred by the Owner, shall be recovered as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

**50-14 Partial acceptance**. If at any time during the execution of the project the Contractor substantially completes a usable unit or portion of the work, the occupancy of which will benefit the Owner, the Contractor may request the RPR to make final inspection of that unit. If the RPR finds upon inspection that the unit has been satisfactorily completed in compliance with the contract, the RPR may accept it as being complete, and the Contractor may be relieved of further responsibility for that unit. Such partial acceptance and beneficial occupancy by the Owner shall not void or alter any provision of the contract.

**50-15 Final acceptance.** Upon due notice from the Contractor of presumptive completion of the entire project, the RPR and Owner will make an inspection. If all construction provided for and contemplated by the contract is found to be complete in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications, such inspection shall constitute the final inspection. The RPR shall notify the Contractor in writing of final acceptance as of the date of the final inspection.

If, however, the inspection discloses any work, in whole or in part, as being unsatisfactory, the RPR will notify the Contractor and the Contractor shall correct the unsatisfactory work. Upon correction of the work, another inspection will be made which shall constitute the final inspection, provided the work has been satisfactorily completed. In such event, the RPR will make the final acceptance and notify the Contractor in writing of this acceptance as of the date of final inspection.

**50-16 Claims for adjustment and disputes.** If for any reason the Contractor deems that additional compensation is due for work or materials not clearly provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications or previously authorized as extra work, the Contractor shall notify the RPR in writing of their intention to claim such additional compensation before the Contractor begins the work on which the Contractor bases the claim. If such notification is not given or the RPR is not afforded proper opportunity by the Contractor for keeping strict account of actual cost as required, then the Contractor hereby agrees to waive any claim for such additional compensation. Such notice by the Contractor and the fact that the RPR has kept account of the cost of the work shall not in any way be construed as proving or substantiating the validity of the claim. When the work on which the claim for additional compensation is based has been completed, the Contractor shall, within 10 calendar days, submit a written claim to the RPR who will present it to the Owner for consideration in accordance with local laws or ordinances.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as a waiver of the Contractor's right to dispute final payment based on differences in measurements or computations.

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### **Section 60 Control of Materials**

**60-01 Source of supply and quality requirements**. The materials used in the work shall conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications. Unless otherwise specified, such materials that are manufactured or processed shall be new (as compared to used or reprocessed).

In order to expedite the inspection and testing of materials, the Contractor shall furnish documentation to the RPR as to the origin, composition, and manufacture of all materials to be used in the work. Documentation shall be furnished promptly after execution of the contract but, in all cases, prior to delivery of such materials.

At the RPR's option, materials may be approved at the source of supply before delivery. If it is found after trial that sources of supply for previously approved materials do not produce specified products, the Contractor shall furnish materials from other sources.

The Contractor shall furnish airport lighting equipment that meets the requirements of the specifications; and is listed in AC 150/5345-53, *Airport Lighting Equipment Certification Program* and *Addendum*, which is in effect on the date of advertisement.

**60-01 Priority Submittals**. Priority submittals must be provided a minimum five days before the preconstruction conference. Construction Notice to Proceed will not be issued until the following priority submittals have been provided to and approved by the RPR.

- a) Project Construction Schedule
- b) Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD)
- c) List of Subcontractors and Material Suppliers

**60-02 Samples, tests, and cited specifications**. All materials used in the work shall be inspected, tested, and approved by the RPR before incorporation in the work unless otherwise designated. Any work in which untested materials are used without approval or written permission of the RPR shall be performed at the Contractor's risk. Materials found to be unacceptable and unauthorized will not be paid for and, if directed by the RPR, shall be removed at the Contractor's expense.

Unless otherwise designated, quality assurance tests will be made by and at the expense of the Owner in accordance with the cited standard methods of ASTM, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), federal specifications, Commercial Item Descriptions, and all other cited methods, which are current on the date of advertisement for bids.

The testing organizations performing on-site quality assurance field tests shall have copies of all referenced standards on the construction site for use by all technicians and other personnel. Unless otherwise designated, samples for quality assurance will be taken by a qualified representative of the RPR. All materials being used are subject to inspection, test, or rejection at any time prior to or during incorporation into the work. Copies of all tests will be furnished to the Contractor's representative at their request after review and approval of the RPR.

A copy of all Contractor QC test data shall be provided to the RPR daily, along with printed reports, in an approved format, on a weekly basis. After completion of the project, and prior to final payment, the Contractor shall submit a final report to the RPR showing all test data reports, plus an analysis of all results showing ranges, averages, and corrective action taken on all failing tests.

**60-03 Certification of compliance/analysis (COC/COA)**. The RPR may permit the use, prior to sampling and testing, of certain materials or assemblies when accompanied by manufacturer's COC stating that such materials or assemblies fully comply with the requirements of the contract. The certificate shall be signed by the manufacturer. Each lot of such materials or assemblies delivered to the work must be accompanied by a certificate of compliance in which the lot is clearly identified. The COA is the manufacturer's COC and includes all applicable test results.

Materials or assemblies used on the basis of certificates of compliance may be sampled and tested at any time and if found not to be in conformity with contract requirements will be subject to rejection whether in place or not.

The form and distribution of certificates of compliance shall be approved by the RPR.

When a material or assembly is specified by "brand name or equal" and the Contractor elects to furnish the specified "or equal," the Contractor shall be required to furnish the manufacturer's certificate of compliance for each lot of such material or assembly delivered to the work. Such certificate of compliance shall clearly identify each lot delivered and shall certify as to:

- a. Conformance to the specified performance, testing, quality or dimensional requirements; and,
- **b.** Suitability of the material or assembly for the use intended in the contract work.

The RPR shall be the sole judge as to whether the proposed "or equal" is suitable for use in the work.

The RPR reserves the right to refuse permission for use of materials or assemblies on the basis of certificates of compliance.

**60-04 Plant inspection**. The RPR or their authorized representative may inspect, at its source, any specified material or assembly to be used in the work. Manufacturing plants may be inspected from time to time for the purpose of determining compliance with specified manufacturing methods or materials to be used in the work and to obtain samples required for acceptance of the material or assembly.

Should the RPR conduct plant inspections, the following conditions shall exist:

- **a.** The RPR shall have the cooperation and assistance of the Contractor and the producer with whom the Contractor has contracted for materials.
- **b.** The RPR shall have full entry at all reasonable times to such parts of the plant that concern the manufacture or production of the materials being furnished.
- **c.** If required by the RPR, the Contractor shall arrange for adequate office or working space that may be reasonably needed for conducting plant inspections. Place office or working space in a convenient location with respect to the plant.

It is understood and agreed that the Owner shall have the right to retest any material that has been tested and approved at the source of supply after it has been delivered to the site. The RPR shall have the right to reject only material which, when retested, does not meet the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications.

**60-05** Engineer/ Resident Project Representative (RPR) field office. An Engineer/RPR field office is not required.

**60-06 Storage of materials**. Materials shall be stored to assure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the work. Stored materials, even though approved before storage, may again be inspected prior to their use in the work. Stored materials shall be located to facilitate their prompt inspection. The Contractor shall coordinate the storage of all materials with the RPR. Materials to be stored on airport property shall not create an obstruction to air navigation nor shall they interfere with the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft. Unless otherwise shown on the plans and/or CSPP, the storage of materials and the location of the Contractor's plant and parked equipment or vehicles shall be as directed by the RPR. Private property shall not be used for storage purposes without written permission of the Owner or lessee of such property. The Contractor shall make all arrangements and bear all expenses for the storage of materials on private property. Upon request, the Contractor shall furnish the RPR a copy of the property Owner's permission.

All storage sites on private or airport property shall be restored to their original condition by the Contractor at their expense, except as otherwise agreed to (in writing) by the Owner or lessee of the property.

**60-07 Unacceptable materials**. Any material or assembly that does not conform to the requirements of the contract, plans, or specifications shall be considered unacceptable and shall be rejected. The Contractor shall remove any rejected material or assembly from the site of the work, unless otherwise instructed by the RPR.

Rejected material or assembly, the defects of which have been corrected by the Contractor, shall not be returned to the site of the work until such time as the RPR has approved its use in the work.

**60-08 Owner furnished materials**. The Contractor shall furnish all materials required to complete the work, except those specified, if any, to be furnished by the Owner. Owner-furnished materials shall be made available to the Contractor at the location specified.

All costs of handling, transportation from the specified location to the site of work, storage, and installing Owner-furnished materials shall be included in the unit price bid for the contract item in which such Owner-furnished material is used.

After any Owner-furnished material has been delivered to the specified location, the Contractor shall be responsible for any demurrage, damage, loss, or other deficiencies that may occur during the Contractor's handling, storage, or use of such Owner-furnished material. The Owner will deduct from any monies due or to become due the Contractor any cost incurred by the Owner in making good such loss due to the Contractor's handling, storage, or use of Owner-furnished materials.

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## Section 70 Legal Regulations and Responsibility to Public

**70-01 Laws to be observed**. The Contractor shall keep fully informed of all federal and state laws, all local laws, ordinances, and regulations and all orders and decrees of bodies or tribunals having any jurisdiction or authority, which in any manner affect those engaged or employed on the work, or which in any way affect the conduct of the work. The Contractor shall at all times observe and comply with all such laws, ordinances, regulations, orders, and decrees; and shall protect and indemnify the Owner and all their officers, agents, or servants against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of any such law, ordinance, regulation, order, or decree, whether by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees.

**70-02 Permits, licenses, and taxes**. The Contractor shall procure all permits and licenses, pay all charges, fees, and taxes, and give all notices necessary and incidental to the due and lawful execution of the work.

**70-03 Patented devices, materials, and processes.** If the Contractor is required or desires to use any design, device, material, or process covered by letters of patent or copyright, the Contractor shall provide for such use by suitable legal agreement with the Patentee or Owner. The Contractor and the surety shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, any third party, or political subdivision from any and all claims for infringement by reason of the use of any such patented design, device, material or process, or any trademark or copyright, and shall indemnify the Owner for any costs, expenses, and damages which it may be obliged to pay by reason of an infringement, at any time during the execution or after the completion of the work.

**70-04 Restoration of surfaces disturbed by others**. The Owner reserves the right to authorize the construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of any public or private utility service, FAA or National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) facility, or a utility service of another government agency at any time during the progress of the work. To the extent that such construction, reconstruction, or maintenance has been coordinated with the Owner, such authorized work (by others) must be shown on the plans. No authorized work is anticipated as part of this project.

Except as listed above, the Contractor shall not permit any individual, firm, or corporation to excavate or otherwise disturb such utility services or facilities located within the limits of the work without the written permission of the RPR.

Should the Owner of public or private utility service, FAA, or NOAA facility, or a utility service of another government agency be authorized to construct, reconstruct, or maintain such utility service or facility during the progress of the work, the Contractor shall cooperate with such Owners by arranging and performing the work in this contract to facilitate such construction, reconstruction or maintenance by others whether or not such work by others is listed above. When ordered as extra work by the RPR, the Contractor shall make all necessary repairs to the work which are due to such authorized work by others, unless otherwise provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications. It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall not be entitled to make any claim for damages due to such authorized work by others or for any delay to the work resulting from such authorized work.

**70-05 Federal Participation**. The United States Government has agreed to reimburse the Owner for some portion of the contract costs. The contract work is subject to the inspection and approval of duly authorized representatives of the FAA Administrator. No requirement of this contract shall be construed as making the United States a party to the contract nor will any such requirement interfere, in any way, with the rights of either party to the contract.

**70-06 Sanitary, health, and safety provisions**. The Contractor's worksite and facilities shall comply with applicable federal, state, and local requirements for health, safety and sanitary provisions.

**70-07 Public convenience and safety**. The Contractor shall control their operations and those of their subcontractors and all suppliers, to assure the least inconvenience to the traveling public. Under all circumstances, safety shall be the most important consideration.

The Contractor shall maintain the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft and vehicular traffic with respect to their own operations and those of their own subcontractors and all suppliers in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-05, *Maintenance of Traffic*, and shall limit such operations for the convenience and safety of the traveling public as specified in Section 80, paragraph 80-04, *Limitation of Operations*.

The Contractor shall remove or control debris and rubbish resulting from its work operations at frequent intervals, and upon the order of the RPR. If the RPR determines the existence of Contractor debris in the work site represents a hazard to airport operations and the Contractor is unable to respond in a prompt and reasonable manner, the RPR reserves the right to assign the task of debris removal to a third party and recover the resulting costs as a liquidated damage against the Contractor.

**70-08** Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP). The Contractor shall complete the work in accordance with the approved Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) developed in accordance with AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction. The CSPP is on sheet(s) G-081 of the project plans.

**70-09** Use of explosives. The use of explosives is not permitted on this project.

**70-10 Protection and restoration of property and landscape**. The Contractor shall be responsible for the preservation of all public and private property, and shall protect carefully from disturbance or damage all land monuments and property markers until the Engineer/RPR has witnessed or otherwise referenced their location and shall not move them until directed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all damage or injury to property of any character, during the execution of the work, resulting from any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct in manner or method of executing the work, or at any time due to defective work or materials, and said responsibility shall not be released until the project has been completed and accepted.

When or where any direct or indirect damage or injury is done to public or private property by or on account of any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct in the execution of the work, or in consequence of the non-execution thereof by the Contractor, the Contractor shall restore, at their expense, such property to a condition similar or equal to that existing before such damage or injury was done, by repairing, or otherwise restoring as may be directed, or the Contractor shall make good such damage or injury in an acceptable manner.

70-11 Responsibility for damage claims. The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Engineer/RPR and the Owner and their officers, agents, and employees from all suits, actions, or claims, of any character, brought because of any injuries or damage received or sustained by any person, persons, or property on account of the operations of the Contractor; or on account of or in consequence of any neglect in safeguarding the work; or through use of unacceptable materials in constructing the work; or because of any act or omission, neglect, or misconduct of said Contractor; or because of any claims or amounts recovered from any infringements of patent, trademark, or copyright; or from any claims or amounts arising or recovered under the "Workmen's Compensation Act," or any other law, ordinance, order, or decree. Money due the Contractor under and by virtue of their own contract considered necessary by the Owner for such purpose may be retained for the use of the Owner or, in case no money is due, their own surety may be held until such suits, actions, or claims for injuries or damages shall have been settled and suitable evidence to that effect furnished to the Owner, except that money due the Contractor will not be withheld when the Contractor produces satisfactory evidence that he or she is adequately protected by public liability and property damage insurance.

**70-12 Third party beneficiary clause**. It is specifically agreed between the parties executing the contract that it is not intended by any of the provisions of any part of the contract to create for the public or any member thereof, a third-party beneficiary or to authorize anyone not a party to the contract to maintain a suit for personal injuries or property damage pursuant to the terms or provisions of the contract.

**70-13 Opening sections of the work to traffic.** If it is necessary for the Contractor to complete portions of the contract work for the beneficial occupancy of the Owner prior to completion of the entire contract, such "phasing" of the work must be specified below and indicated on the approved Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the project plans. When so specified, the Contractor shall complete such portions of the work on or before the date specified or as otherwise specified.

Work Area 1 shall be substantially complete within 50 working days and by April 1, 2026. The existing airport perimeter fence shall remain in place until the new fence has been installed, or temporary fencing is installed to maintain Airport Security.

Work Area 2 shall be substantially complete within 20 working days and by April 1, 2026. Upon completion of each working day, the contractor shall maintain airport security by completing the new fence or installing a temporary fence.

Final completion shall be 30 days after substantial completion and will include items identified in the punchlist.

Upon completion of any portion of work listed above, such portion shall be accepted by the Owner in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-14, *Partial Acceptance*.

No portion of the work may be opened by the Contractor until directed by the Owner in writing. Should it become necessary to open a portion of the work to traffic on a temporary or intermittent basis, such openings shall be made when, in the opinion of the RPR, such portion of the work is in an acceptable condition to support the intended traffic. Temporary or intermittent openings are considered to be inherent in the work and shall not constitute either acceptance of the portion of the work so opened or a waiver of any provision of the contract. Any damage to the portion of the work so opened that is not attributable to traffic which is permitted by the Owner shall be repaired by the Contractor at their expense.

The Contractor shall make their own estimate of the inherent difficulties involved in completing the work under the conditions herein described and shall not claim any added compensation by reason of delay or increased cost due to opening a portion of the contract work.

The Contractor must conform to safety standards contained AC 150/5370-2 and the approved CSPP.

Contractor shall refer to the plans, specifications, and the approved CSPP to identify barricade requirements, temporary and/or permanent markings, airfield lighting, guidance signs and other safety requirements prior to opening up sections of work to traffic.

**70-14 Contractor's responsibility for work**. Until the RPR's final written acceptance of the entire completed work, excepting only those portions of the work accepted in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-14, *Partial Acceptance*, the Contractor shall have the charge and care thereof and shall take every precaution against injury or damage to any part due to the action of the elements or from any other cause, whether arising from the execution or from the non-execution of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore, and make good all injuries or damages to any portion of the work occasioned by any of the above causes before final acceptance and shall bear the expense thereof except damage to the work due to unforeseeable causes beyond the control of and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, including but not restricted to acts of God such as earthquake, tidal wave, tornado, hurricane or other cataclysmic phenomenon of nature, or acts of the public enemy or of government authorities.

If the work is suspended for any cause whatever, the Contractor shall be responsible for the work and shall take such precautions necessary to prevent damage to the work. The Contractor shall provide for normal drainage and shall erect necessary temporary structures, signs, or other facilities at their own

expense. During such period of suspension of work, the Contractor shall properly and continuously maintain in an acceptable growing condition all living material in newly established planting, seeding, and sodding furnished under the contract, and shall take adequate precautions to protect new tree growth and other important vegetative growth against injury.

**70-15** Contractor's responsibility for utility service and facilities of others. As provided in paragraph 70-04, *Restoration of Surfaces Disturbed by Others*, the Contractor shall cooperate with the owner of any public or private utility service, FAA or NOAA, or a utility service of another government agency that may be authorized by the Owner to construct, reconstruct or maintain such utility services or facilities during the progress of the work. In addition, the Contractor shall control their operations to prevent the unscheduled interruption of such utility services and facilities.

To the extent that such public or private utility services, FAA, or NOAA facilities, or utility services of another governmental agency are known to exist within the limits of the contract work, the approximate locations have been indicated on the plans and/or in the contract documents.

It is understood and agreed that the Owner does not guarantee the accuracy or the completeness of the location information relating to existing utility services, facilities, or structures that may be shown on the plans or encountered in the work. Any inaccuracy or omission in such information shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to protect such existing features from damage or unscheduled interruption of service.

It is further understood and agreed that the Contractor shall, upon execution of the contract, notify the Owners of all utility services or other facilities of their plan of operations. Such notification shall be in writing addressed to "The Person to Contact" as provided in this paragraph and paragraph 70-04, *Restoration of Surfaces Disturbed By Others*. A copy of each notification shall be given to the RPR.

In addition to the general written notification provided, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to keep such individual Owners advised of changes in their plan of operations that would affect such Owners.

Prior to beginning the work in the general vicinity of an existing utility service or facility, the Contractor shall again notify each such Owner of their plan of operation. If, in the Contractor's opinion, the Owner's assistance is needed to locate the utility service or facility or the presence of a representative of the Owner is desirable to observe the work, such advice should be included in the notification. Such notification shall be given by the most expeditious means to reach the utility owner's "Person to Contact" no later than two normal business days prior to the Contractor's commencement of operations in such general vicinity. The Contractor shall furnish a written summary of the notification to the RPR.

The Contractor's failure to give the two days' notice shall be cause for the Owner to suspend the Contractor's operations in the general vicinity of a utility service or facility.

Where the outside limits of an underground utility service have been located and staked on the ground, the Contractor shall be required to use hand excavation methods within 3 feet (1 m) of such outside limits at such points as may be required to ensure protection from damage due to the Contractor's operations.

Should the Contractor damage or interrupt the operation of a utility service or facility by accident or otherwise, the Contractor shall immediately notify the proper authority and the RPR and shall take all reasonable measures to prevent further damage or interruption of service. The Contractor, in such events, shall cooperate with the utility service or facility owner and the RPR continuously until such damage has been repaired and service restored to the satisfaction of the utility or facility owner.

The Contractor shall bear all costs of damage and restoration of service to any utility service or facility due to their operations whether due to negligence or accident. The Owner reserves the right to deduct such costs from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor, or their own surety.

**70-16 Furnishing rights-of-way**. The Owner will be responsible for furnishing all rights-of-way upon which the work is to be constructed in advance of the Contractor's operations.

**70-17 Personal liability of public officials**. In carrying out any of the contract provisions or in exercising any power or authority granted by this contract, there shall be no liability upon the Engineer, RPR, their authorized representatives, or any officials of the Owner either personally or as an official of the Owner. It is understood that in such matters they act solely as agents and representatives of the Owner.

**70-18** No waiver of legal rights. Upon completion of the work, the Owner will expeditiously make final inspection and notify the Contractor of final acceptance. Such final acceptance, however, shall not preclude or stop the Owner from correcting any measurement, estimate, or certificate made before or after completion of the work, nor shall the Owner be precluded or stopped from recovering from the Contractor or their surety, or both, such overpayment as may be sustained, or by failure on the part of the Contractor to fulfill their obligations under the contract. A waiver on the part of the Owner of any breach of any part of the contract shall not be held to be a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

The Contractor, without prejudice to the terms of the contract, shall be liable to the Owner for latent defects, fraud, or such gross mistakes as may amount to fraud, or as regards the Owner's rights under any warranty or guaranty.

**70-19 Environmental protection**. The Contractor shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations controlling pollution of the environment. The Contractor shall take necessary precautions to prevent pollution of streams, lakes, ponds, and reservoirs with fuels, oils, asphalts, chemicals, or other harmful materials and to prevent pollution of the atmosphere from particulate and gaseous matter.

**70-20 Archaeological and historical findings**. Unless otherwise specified in this subsection, the Contractor is advised that the site of the work is not within any property, district, or site, and does not contain any building, structure, or object listed in the current National Register of Historic Places published by the United States Department of Interior.

Should the Contractor encounter, during their operations, any building, part of a building, structure, or object that is incongruous with its surroundings, the Contractor shall immediately cease operations in that location and notify the RPR. The RPR will immediately investigate the Contractor's finding and the Owner will direct the Contractor to either resume operations or to suspend operations as directed.

Should the Owner order suspension of the Contractor's operations in order to protect an archaeological or historical finding, or order the Contractor to perform extra work, such shall be covered by an appropriate contract change order or supplemental agreement as provided in Section 40, paragraph 40-04, *Extra Work*, and Section 90, paragraph 90-05, *Payment for Extra Work*. If appropriate, the contract change order or supplemental agreement shall include an extension of contract time in accordance with Section 80, paragraph 80-07, *Determination and Extension of Contract Time*.

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## **Section 80 Execution and Progress**

**80-01 Subletting of contract**. The Owner will not recognize any subcontractor on the work. The Contractor shall at all times when work is in progress be represented either in person, by a qualified superintendent, or by other designated, qualified representative who is duly authorized to receive and execute orders of the Resident Project Representative (RPR).

The Contractor shall perform, with his organization, an amount of work equal to at least 25 percent of the total contract cost

Should the Contractor elect to assign their contract, said assignment shall be concurred in by the surety, shall be presented for the consideration and approval of the Owner, and shall be consummated only on the written approval of the Owner.

The Contractor shall provide copies of all subcontracts to the RPR 14 days prior to being utilized on the project. As a minimum, the information shall include the following:

- Subcontractor's legal company name.
- Subcontractor's legal company address, including County name.
- Principal contact person's name, telephone and fax number.
- Complete narrative description, and dollar value of the work to be performed by the subcontractor.
- Copies of required insurance certificates in accordance with the specifications.
- Minority/ non-minority status.

**80-02 Notice to proceed (NTP)**. The Owners notice to proceed will state the date on which contract time commences. The Contractor is expected to be substantially complete by April 1, 2026. Final completion shall be 30 days after substantial completion. The Contractor shall not commence any actual operations prior to the date on which the notice to proceed is issued by the Owner.

**80-03 Execution and progress**. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall submit their coordinated construction schedule showing all work activities for the RPR's review and acceptance at least 10 days prior to the start of work. The Contractor's progress schedule, once accepted by the RPR, will represent the Contractor's baseline plan to accomplish the project in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract. The RPR will compare actual Contractor progress against the baseline schedule to determine that status of the Contractor's performance. The Contractor shall provide sufficient materials, equipment, and labor to guarantee the completion of the project in accordance with the plans and specifications within the time set forth in the proposal.

If the Contractor falls significantly behind the submitted schedule, the Contractor shall, upon the RPR's request, submit a revised schedule for completion of the work within the contract time and modify their operations to provide such additional materials, equipment, and labor necessary to meet the revised schedule. Should the execution of the work be discontinued for any reason, the Contractor shall notify the RPR at least 24 hours in advance of resuming operations.

The Contractor shall not commence any actual construction prior to the date on which the NTP is issued by the Owner.

The project schedule shall be prepared as a network diagram in Critical Path Method (CPM), Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), or other format, or as otherwise specified. It shall include information on the sequence of work activities, milestone dates, and activity duration. The schedule shall

show all work items identified in the project proposal for each work area and shall include the project start date and end date.

The Contractor shall maintain the work schedule and provide an update and analysis of the progress schedule on a twice monthly basis, or as otherwise specified in the contract. Submission of the work schedule shall not relieve the Contractor of overall responsibility for scheduling, sequencing, and coordinating all work to comply with the requirements of the contract.

**80-04 Limitation of operations**. The Contractor shall control their operations and the operations of their subcontractors and all suppliers to provide for the free and unobstructed movement of aircraft in the air operations areas (AOA) of the airport.

When the work requires the Contractor to conduct their operations within an AOA of the airport, the work shall be coordinated with airport operations (through the RPR) at least 48 hours prior to commencement of such work. The Contractor shall not close an AOA until so authorized by the RPR and until the necessary temporary marking, signage and associated lighting is in place as provided in Section 70, paragraph 70-08, *Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP)*.

When the contract work requires the Contractor to work within an AOA of the airport on an intermittent basis (intermittent opening and closing of the AOA), the Contractor shall maintain constant communications as specified; immediately obey all instructions to vacate the AOA; and immediately obey all instructions to resume work in such AOA. Failure to maintain the specified communications or to obey instructions shall be cause for suspension of the Contractor's operations in the AOA until satisfactory conditions are provided. The areas of the AOA identified in the Construction Safety Phasing Plan (CSPP) and as listed below, cannot be closed to operating aircraft to permit the Contractor's operations on a continuous basis and will therefore be closed to aircraft operations intermittently as follows: See Construction Safety and Phasing Plans.

The Contractor shall be required to conform to safety standards contained in AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction and the approved CSPP.

**80-04.1 Operational safety on airport during construction.** All Contractors' operations shall be conducted in accordance with the approved project Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) and the Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD) and the provisions set forth within the current version of AC 150/5370-2, Operational Safety on Airports During Construction. The CSPP included within the contract documents conveys minimum requirements for operational safety on the airport during construction activities. The Contractor shall prepare and submit a SPCD that details how it proposes to comply with the requirements presented within the CSPP.

The Contractor shall implement all necessary safety plan measures prior to commencement of any work activity. The Contractor shall conduct routine checks to assure compliance with the safety plan measures.

The Contractor is responsible to the Owner for the conduct of all subcontractors it employs on the project. The Contractor shall assure that all subcontractors are made aware of the requirements of the CSPP and SPCD and that they implement and maintain all necessary measures.

No deviation or modifications may be made to the approved CSPP and SPCD unless approved in writing by the Owner. The necessary coordination actions to review Contractor proposed modifications to an approved CSPP or approved SPCD can require a significant amount of time.

**80-05** Character of workers, methods, and equipment. The Contractor shall, at all times, employ sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and time required by the contract, plans, and specifications.

All workers shall have sufficient skill and experience to perform properly the work assigned to them. Workers engaged in special work or skilled work shall have sufficient experience in such work and in the operation of the equipment required to perform the work satisfactorily.

Any person employed by the Contractor or by any subcontractor who violates any operational regulations or operational safety requirements and, in the opinion of the RPR, does not perform his work in a proper and skillful manner or is intemperate or disorderly shall, at the written request of the RPR, be removed immediately by the Contractor or subcontractor employing such person, and shall not be employed again in any portion of the work without approval of the RPR.

Should the Contractor fail to remove such person or persons, or fail to furnish suitable and sufficient personnel for the proper execution of the work, the RPR may suspend the work by written notice until compliance with such orders.

All equipment that is proposed to be used on the work shall be of sufficient size and in such mechanical condition as to meet requirements of the work and to produce a satisfactory quality of work. Equipment used on any portion of the work shall not cause injury to previously completed work, adjacent property, or existing airport facilities due to its use.

When the methods and equipment to be used by the Contractor in accomplishing the work are not prescribed in the contract, the Contractor is free to use any methods or equipment that will accomplish the work in conformity with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications.

When the contract specifies the use of certain methods and equipment, such methods and equipment shall be used unless otherwise authorized by the RPR. If the Contractor desires to use a method or type of equipment other than specified in the contract, the Contractor may request authority from the RPR to do so. The request shall be in writing and shall include a full description of the methods and equipment proposed and of the reasons for desiring to make the change. If approval is given, it will be on the condition that the Contractor will be fully responsible for producing work in conformity with contract requirements. If, after trial use of the substituted methods or equipment, the RPR determines that the work produced does not meet contract requirements, the Contractor shall discontinue the use of the substitute method or equipment and shall complete the remaining work with the specified methods and equipment. The Contractor shall remove any deficient work and replace it with work of specified quality, or take such other corrective action as the RPR may direct. No change will be made in basis of payment for the contract items involved nor in contract time as a result of authorizing a change in methods or equipment under this paragraph.

**80-06 Temporary suspension of the work**. The Owner shall have the authority to suspend the work wholly, or in part, for such period or periods the Owner may deem necessary, due to unsuitable weather, or other conditions considered unfavorable for the execution of the work, or for such time necessary due to the failure on the part of the Contractor to carry out orders given or perform any or all provisions of the contract.

In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Owner, in writing, to suspend work for some unforeseen cause not otherwise provided for in the contract and over which the Contractor has no control, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual money expended on the work during the period of shutdown. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. The period of shutdown shall be computed from the effective date of the written order to suspend work to the effective date of the written order to resume the work. Claims for such compensation shall be filed with the RPR within the time period stated in the RPR's order to resume work. The Contractor shall submit with their own claim information substantiating the amount shown on the claim. The RPR will forward the Contractor's claim to the Owner for consideration in accordance with local laws or ordinances. No provision of this article shall be construed as entitling the Contractor to compensation for delays due to inclement weather or for any other delay provided for in the contract, plans, or specifications.

If it becomes necessary to suspend work for an indefinite period, the Contractor shall store all materials in such manner that they will not become an obstruction nor become damaged in any way. The Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent damage or deterioration of the work performed and provide for

normal drainage of the work. The Contractor shall erect temporary structures where necessary to provide for traffic on, to, or from the airport.

**80-07 Determination and extension of contract time**. The number of working days and completion date shall be stated in the proposal and contract, and shall be known as the Contract Time.

If the contract time requires extension for reasons beyond the Contractor's control, it shall be adjusted as follows:

**80-07.1** Contract time based on working days. Contract time based on working days shall be calculated weekly by the Resident Project Representative (RPR). The RPR will furnish the Contractor a copy of their weekly statement of the number of working days charged against the contract time during the week and the number of working days currently specified for completion of the contract (the original contract time plus the number of working days, if any, that have been included in approved Change Orders or Supplemental Agreements covering Extra Work).

The weekly statement of contract time charged is based on the following considerations:

- (1) Time will be charged for days on which the Contractor could proceed with scheduled work under construction at the time for at least six (6) hours with the normal work force employed on such items. When normal work force is a double-shift, use 12 hours; and when the normal work force is on a triple-shift, use 18 hours. Conditions beyond the Contractor's control such as strikes, lockouts, unusual delays in transportation, temporary suspension of the scheduled work items under construction or temporary suspension of the entire work which have been ordered by the Owner for reasons not the fault of the Contractor, shall not be charged against the contract time.
- (2) The RPR will not make charges against the contract time prior to the effective date of the notice to proceed.
- (3) The RPR will begin charges against the contract time on the first working day after the effective date of the notice to proceed.
- (4) The RPR will not make charges against the contract time after the date of final acceptance as defined in Section 50, paragraph 50-14, *Final Acceptance*.
- (5) The Contractor will be allowed one (1) week in which to file a written protest setting forth their own objections to the RPR's weekly statement. If no objection is filed within such specified time, the weekly statement shall be considered as acceptable to the Contractor.

The contract time (stated in the proposal) is based on the originally estimated quantities as described in Section 20, paragraph 20-05, *Interpretation of Estimated Proposal Quantities*. Should the satisfactory completion of the contract require performance of work in greater quantities than those estimated in the proposal, the contract time shall be increased in the same proportion as the cost of the actually completed quantities bears to the cost of the originally estimated quantities in the proposal. Such increase in contract time shall not consider either the cost of work or the extension of contract time that has been covered by change order or supplemental agreement and shall be made at the time of final payment.

**80-07.2** Contract time based on specific completion date. When the contract time is a specified completion date, it shall be the date on which all contract work shall be substantially complete.

If the Contractor finds it impossible for reasons beyond their own control to complete the work within the contract time as specified, or as extended in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph, the Contractor may, at any time prior to the expiration of the contract time as extended, make a written request to the Owner for an extension of time setting forth the reasons which the Contractor believes will justify the granting of their own request. Requests for extension of time, caused by inclement weather, shall be supported with National Weather Bureau data showing the actual amount of inclement weather exceeded what could normally be expected during the contract period. The Contractor's plea that

insufficient time was specified is not a valid reason for extension of time. If the supporting documentation justify the work was delayed because of conditions beyond the control and without the fault of the Contractor, the Owner may extend the time for completion by a change order that adjusts the contract time or completion date. The extended time for completion shall then be in full force and effect, the same as though it were the original time for completion.

**80-08 Failure to complete on time**. For each calendar day or working day, as specified in the contract, that any work remains uncompleted after the contract time (including all extensions and adjustments as provided in paragraph 80-07, *Determination and Extension of Contract Time*) the sum specified in the contract and proposal as liquidated damages (LD) will be deducted from any money due or to become due the Contractor or their own surety. Such deducted sums shall not be deducted as a penalty but shall be considered as liquidation of a reasonable portion of damages including but not limited to additional engineering services that will be incurred by the Owner should the Contractor fail to complete the work in the time provided in their contract.

Schedule	Liquidated Damages Cost	Allowed Construction Time
Work Area 1 – Substantial Completion	Up to \$500 per Calendar Day	Prior to April 1, 2026
Work Area 2 – Substantial Completion	Up to \$500 per Calendar Day	Prior to April 1, 2026
Final Completion	Up to \$500 per Calendar Day	Prior to May 1, 2026

The maximum construction time allowed for Work Area 1 is 50 working days and the maximum construction time allowed for Work Area 2 is 20 working days. Work Area 1 and Work Area 2 shall be substantially complete prior to April 1, 2026. Permitting the Contractor to continue and finish the work or any part of it after the time fixed for its completion, or after the date to which the time for completion may have been extended, will in no way operate as a wavier on the part of the Owner of any of its rights under the contract.

**80-09 Default and termination of contract**. The Contractor shall be considered in default of their contract and such default will be considered as cause for the Owner to terminate the contract for any of the following reasons, if the Contractor:

- a. Fails to begin the work under the contract within the time specified in the Notice to Proceed, or
- **b.** Fails to perform the work or fails to provide sufficient workers, equipment and/or materials to assure completion of work in accordance with the terms of the contract, or
- **c.** Performs the work unsuitably or neglects or refuses to remove materials or to perform anew such work as may be rejected as unacceptable and unsuitable, or
  - **d.** Discontinues the execution of the work, or
  - e. Fails to resume work which has been discontinued within a reasonable time after notice to do so, or
  - f. Becomes insolvent or is declared bankrupt, or commits any act of bankruptcy or insolvency, or
  - g. Allows any final judgment to stand against the Contractor unsatisfied for a period of 10 days, or
  - **h.** Makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or
  - i. For any other cause whatsoever, fails to carry on the work in an acceptable manner.

Should the Owner consider the Contractor in default of the contract for any reason above, the Owner shall immediately give written notice to the Contractor and the Contractor's surety as to the reasons for considering the Contractor in default and the Owner's intentions to terminate the contract.

If the Contractor or surety, within a period of 10 days after such notice, does not proceed in accordance therewith, then the Owner will, upon written notification from the RPR of the facts of such delay, neglect, or default and the Contractor's failure to comply with such notice, have full power and authority without violating the contract, to take the execution of the work out of the hands of the Contractor. The Owner may appropriate or use any or all materials and equipment that have been mobilized for use in the work and are acceptable and may enter into an agreement for the completion of said contract according to the terms and provisions thereof, or use such other methods as in the opinion of the RPR will be required for the completion of said contract in an acceptable manner.

All costs and charges incurred by the Owner, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be deducted from any monies due or which may become due the Contractor. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay to the Owner the amount of such excess.

**80-10 Termination for national emergencies**. The Owner shall terminate the contract or portion thereof by written notice when the Contractor is prevented from proceeding with the construction contract as a direct result of an Executive Order of the President with respect to the execution of war or in the interest of national defense.

When the contract, or any portion thereof, is terminated before completion of all items of work in the contract, payment will be made for the actual number of units or items of work completed at the contract price or as mutually agreed for items of work partially completed or not started. No claims or loss of anticipated profits shall be considered.

Reimbursement for organization of the work, and other overhead expenses, (when not otherwise included in the contract) and moving equipment and materials to and from the job will be considered, the intent being that an equitable settlement will be made with the Contractor.

Acceptable materials, obtained or ordered by the Contractor for the work and that are not incorporated in the work shall, at the option of the Contractor, be purchased from the Contractor at actual cost as shown by receipted bills and actual cost records at such points of delivery as may be designated by the RPR.

Termination of the contract or a portion thereof shall neither relieve the Contractor of their responsibilities for the completed work nor shall it relieve their surety of its obligation for and concerning any just claim arising out of the work performed.

**80-11 Work area, storage area and sequence of operations**. The Contractor shall obtain approval from the RPR prior to beginning any work in all areas of the airport. No operating runway, taxiway, or air operations area (AOA) shall be crossed, entered, or obstructed while it is operational. The Contractor shall plan and coordinate work in accordance with the approved CSPP and SPCD.

## **Section 90 Measurement and Payment**

**90-01 Measurement of quantities**. All work completed under the contract will be measured by the RPR, or their authorized representatives, using United States Customary Units of Measurement.

The method of measurement and computations to be used in determination of quantities of material furnished and of work performed under the contract will be those methods generally recognized as conforming to good engineering practice.

Unless otherwise specified, longitudinal measurements for area computations will be made horizontally, and no deductions will be made for individual fixtures (or leave-outs) having an area of 9 square feet (0.8 square meters) or less. Unless otherwise specified, transverse measurements for area computations will be the neat dimensions shown on the plans or ordered in writing by the RPR.

Unless otherwise specified, all contract items which are measured by the linear foot such as electrical ducts, conduits, pipe culverts, underdrains, and similar items shall be measured parallel to the base or foundation upon which such items are placed.

The term "lump sum" when used as an item of payment will mean complete payment for the work described in the contract. When a complete structure or structural unit (in effect, "lump sum" work) is specified as the unit of measurement, the unit will be construed to include all necessary fittings and accessories.

When requested by the Contractor and approved by the RPR in writing, material specified to be measured by the cubic yard (cubic meter) may be weighed, and such weights will be converted to cubic yards (cubic meters) for payment purposes. Factors for conversion from weight measurement to volume measurement will be determined by the RPR and shall be agreed to by the Contractor before such method of measurement of pay quantities is used.

### **Measurement and Payment Terms**

Term	Description
Excavation and Embankment Volume	In computing volumes of excavation, the average end area method will be used unless otherwise specified.
Measurement and Proportion by Weight	The term "ton" will mean the short ton consisting of 2,000 pounds (907 km) avoirdupois. All materials that are measured or proportioned by weights shall be weighed on accurate, independently certified scales by competent, qualified personnel at locations designated by the RPR. If material is shipped by rail, the car weight may be accepted provided that only the actual weight of material is paid for. However, car weights will not be acceptable for material to be passed through mixing plants. Trucks used to haul material being paid for by weight shall be weighed empty daily at such times as the RPR directs, and each truck shall bear a plainly legible identification mark.
Measurement by Volume	Materials to be measured by volume in the hauling vehicle shall be hauled in approved vehicles and measured therein at the point of delivery. Vehicles for this purpose may be of any size or type acceptable for the materials hauled, provided that the body is of such shape that the actual contents may be readily and accurately determined. All vehicles shall be loaded to at least their water level

Term	Description
	capacity, and all loads shall be leveled when the vehicles arrive at the point of delivery.
Asphalt Material	Asphalt materials will be measured by the gallon (liter) or ton (kg). When measured by volume, such volumes will be measured at 60°F (16°C) or will be corrected to the volume at 60°F (16°C) using ASTM D1250 for asphalts. Net certified scale weights or weights based on certified volumes in the case of rail shipments will be used as a basis of measurement, subject to correction when asphalt material has been lost from the car or the distributor, wasted, or otherwise not incorporated in the work. When asphalt materials are shipped by truck or transport, net certified weights by volume, subject to correction for loss or foaming, will be used for computing quantities.
Cement	Cement will be measured by the ton (kg) or hundredweight (km).
Structure	Structures will be measured according to neat lines shown on the plans or as altered to fit field conditions.
Timber	Timber will be measured by the thousand feet board measure (MFBM) actually incorporated in the structure. Measurement will be based on nominal widths and thicknesses and the extreme length of each piece.
Plates and Sheets	The thickness of plates and galvanized sheet used in the manufacture of corrugated metal pipe, metal plate pipe culverts and arches, and metal cribbing will be specified and measured in decimal fraction of inch.
Miscellaneous Items	When standard manufactured items are specified such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduit, etc., and these items are identified by gauge, unit weight, section dimensions, etc., such identification will be considered to be nominal weights or dimensions. Unless more stringently controlled by tolerances in cited specifications, manufacturing tolerances established by the industries involved will be accepted.
Scales	Scales must be tested for accuracy and serviced before use. Scales for weighing materials which are required to be proportioned or measured and paid for by weight shall be furnished, erected, and maintained by the Contractor, or be certified permanently installed commercial scales. Platform scales shall be installed and maintained with the platform level and rigid bulkheads at each end.
	Scales shall be accurate within 0.5% of the correct weight throughout the range of use. The Contractor shall have the scales checked under the observation of the RPR before beginning work and at such other times as requested. The intervals shall be uniform in spacing throughout the graduated or marked length of the beam or dial and shall not exceed 0.1% of the nominal rated capacity of the scale, but not less than one pound (454 grams). The use of spring balances will not be permitted.
	In the event inspection reveals the scales have been "overweighing" (indicating more than correct weight) they will be immediately adjusted. All materials

Term Description	
	received subsequent to the last previous correct weighting-accuracy test will be reduced by the percentage of error in excess of 0.5%.
	In the event inspection reveals the scales have been under-weighing (indicating less than correct weight), they shall be immediately adjusted. No additional payment to the Contractor will be allowed for materials previously weighed and recorded.
	Beams, dials, platforms, and other scale equipment shall be so arranged that the operator and the RPR can safely and conveniently view them.
	Scale installations shall have available ten standard 50-pound (2.3 km) weights for testing the weighing equipment or suitable weights and devices for other approved equipment.
	All costs in connection with furnishing, installing, certifying, testing, and maintaining scales; for furnishing check weights and scale house; and for all other items specified in this subsection, for the weighing of materials for proportioning or payment, shall be included in the unit contract prices for the various items of the project.
Rental Equipment	Rental of equipment will be measured by time in hours of actual working time and necessary traveling time of the equipment within the limits of the work. Special equipment ordered in connection with extra work will be measured as agreed in the change order or supplemental agreement authorizing such work as provided in paragraph 90-05 <i>Payment for Extra Work</i> .
Pay Quantities	When the estimated quantities for a specific portion of the work are designated as the pay quantities in the contract, they shall be the final quantities for which payment for such specific portion of the work will be made, unless the dimensions of said portions of the work shown on the plans are revised by the RPR. If revised dimensions result in an increase or decrease in the quantities of such work, the final quantities for payment will be revised in the amount represented by the authorized changes in the dimensions.

**90-02 Scope of payment**. The Contractor shall receive and accept compensation provided for in the contract as full payment for furnishing all materials, for performing all work under the contract in a complete and acceptable manner, and for all risk, loss, damage, or expense of whatever character arising out of the nature of the work or the execution thereof, subject to the provisions of Section 70, paragraph 70-18, *No Waiver of Legal Rights*.

When the "basis of payment" subsection of a technical specification requires that the contract price (price bid) include compensation for certain work or material essential to the item, this same work or material will not also be measured for payment under any other contract item which may appear elsewhere in the contract, plans, or specifications.

**90-03** Compensation for altered quantities. When the accepted quantities of work vary from the quantities in the proposal, the Contractor shall accept as payment in full, so far as contract items are concerned, payment at the original contract price for the accepted quantities of work actually completed and accepted. No allowance, except as provided for in Section 40, paragraph 40-02, *Alteration of Work and Quantities*, will be made for any increased expense, loss of expected reimbursement, or loss of anticipated profits suffered or claimed by the Contractor which results directly from such alterations or

indirectly from their own unbalanced allocation of overhead and profit among the contract items, or from any other cause.

**90-04 Payment for omitted items**. As specified in Section 40, paragraph 40-03, *Omitted Items*, the RPR shall have the right to omit from the work (order nonperformance) any contract item, except major contract items, in the best interest of the Owner.

Should the RPR omit or order nonperformance of a contract item or portion of such item from the work, the Contractor shall accept payment in full at the contract prices for any work actually completed and acceptable prior to the RPR's order to omit or non-perform such contract item.

Acceptable materials ordered by the Contractor or delivered on the work prior to the date of the RPR's order will be paid for at the actual cost to the Contractor and shall thereupon become the property of the Owner.

In addition to the reimbursement hereinbefore provided, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for all actual costs incurred for the purpose of performing the omitted contract item prior to the date of the RPR's order. Such additional costs incurred by the Contractor must be directly related to the deleted contract item and shall be supported by certified statements by the Contractor as to the nature the amount of such costs.

- **90-05 Payment for extra work**. Extra work, performed in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-04, *Extra Work*, will be paid for at the contract prices or agreed prices specified in the change order or supplemental agreement authorizing the extra work.
- **90-06 Partial payments**. Partial payments will be made to the Contractor at least once each month as the work progresses. Said payments will be based upon estimates, prepared by the RPR, of the value of the work performed and materials complete and in place, in accordance with the contract, plans, and specifications. Such partial payments may also include the delivered actual cost of those materials stockpiled and stored in accordance with paragraph 90-07, *Payment for Materials on Hand*. No partial payment will be made when the amount due to the Contractor since the last estimate amounts to less than five hundred dollars.
- **a.** From the total of the amount determined to be payable on a partial payment, 5% percent of such total amount will be deducted and retained by the Owner for protection of the Owner's interests. Unless otherwise instructed by the Owner, the amount retained by the Owner will be in effect until the final payment is made except as follows:
- (1) Contractor may request release of retainage on work that has been partially accepted by the Owner in accordance with Section 50-14. Contractor must provide a certified invoice to the RPR that supports the value of retainage held by the Owner for partially accepted work.
- (2) In lieu of retainage, the Contractor may exercise at its option the establishment of an escrow account per paragraph 90-08.
- **b.** The Contractor is required to pay all subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than 30 days after the Contractor has received a partial payment. Contractor must provide the Owner evidence of prompt and full payment of retainage held by the prime Contractor to the subcontractor within 30 days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented as required by the Owner. When the Owner has made an incremental acceptance of a portion of a prime contract, the work of a subcontractor covered by that acceptance is deemed to be satisfactorily completed.
- **c.** When at least 95% of the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the RPR, the RPR shall, at the Owner's discretion and with the consent of the surety, prepare estimates of both the contract value and the cost of the remaining work to be done. The Owner may retain an amount not less than twice

the contract value or estimated cost, whichever is greater, of the work remaining to be done. The remainder, less all previous payments and deductions, will then be certified for payment to the Contractor.

It is understood and agreed that the Contractor shall not be entitled to demand or receive partial payment based on quantities of work in excess of those provided in the proposal or covered by approved change orders or supplemental agreements, except when such excess quantities have been determined by the RPR to be a part of the final quantity for the item of work in question.

No partial payment shall bind the Owner to the acceptance of any materials or work in place as to quality or quantity. All partial payments are subject to correction at the time of final payment as provided in paragraph 90-09, *Acceptance and Final Payment*.

The Contractor shall deliver to the Owner a complete release of all claims for labor and material arising out of this contract before the final payment is made. If any subcontractor or supplier fails to furnish such a release in full, the Contractor may furnish a bond or other collateral satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against any potential lien or other such claim. The bond or collateral shall include all costs, expenses, and attorney fees the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging any such lien or claim.

- **90-07 Payment for materials on hand.** Partial payments may be made to the extent of the delivered cost of materials to be incorporated in the work, provided that such materials meet the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications and are delivered to acceptable sites on the airport property or at other sites in the vicinity that are acceptable to the Owner. Such delivered costs of stored or stockpiled materials may be included in the next partial payment after the following conditions are met:
- **a.** The material has been stored or stockpiled in a manner acceptable to the RPR at or on an approved site.
- **b.** The Contractor has furnished the RPR with acceptable evidence of the quantity and quality of such stored or stockpiled materials.
- **c.** The Contractor has furnished the RPR with satisfactory evidence that the material and transportation costs have been paid.
- **d.** The Contractor has furnished the Owner legal title (free of liens or encumbrances of any kind) to the material stored or stockpiled.
- **e.** The Contractor has furnished the Owner evidence that the material stored or stockpiled is insured against loss by damage to or disappearance of such materials at any time prior to use in the work.

It is understood and agreed that the transfer of title and the Owner's payment for such stored or stockpiled materials shall in no way relieve the Contractor of their responsibility for furnishing and placing such materials in accordance with the requirements of the contract, plans, and specifications.

In no case will the amount of partial payments for materials on hand exceed the contract price for such materials or the contract price for the contract item in which the material is intended to be used.

No partial payment will be made for stored or stockpiled living or perishable plant materials.

The Contractor shall bear all costs associated with the partial payment of stored or stockpiled materials in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

- **90-08 Payment of withheld funds**. At the Contractor's option, if an Owner withholds retainage in accordance with the methods described in paragraph 90-06 *Partial Payments*, the Contractor may request that the Owner deposit the retainage into an escrow account. The Owner's deposit of retainage into an escrow account is subject to the following conditions:
- **a.** The Contractor shall bear all expenses of establishing and maintaining an escrow account and escrow agreement acceptable to the Owner.

**b.** The Contractor shall deposit to and maintain in such escrow only those securities or bank certificates of deposit as are acceptable to the Owner and having a value not less than the retainage that would otherwise be withheld from partial payment.

- **c.** The Contractor shall enter into an escrow agreement satisfactory to the Owner.
- **d.** The Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the surety to such agreement.

**90-09 Acceptance and final payment**. When the contract work has been accepted in accordance with the requirements of Section 50, paragraph 50-15, *Final Acceptance*, the RPR will prepare the final estimate of the items of work actually performed. The Contractor shall approve the RPR's final estimate or advise the RPR of the Contractor's objections to the final estimate which are based on disputes in measurements or computations of the final quantities to be paid under the contract as amended by change order or supplemental agreement. The Contractor and the RPR shall resolve all disputes (if any) in the measurement and computation of final quantities to be paid within 30 calendar days of the Contractor's receipt of the RPR's final estimate. If, after such 30-day period, a dispute still exists, the Contractor may approve the RPR's estimate under protest of the quantities in dispute, and such disputed quantities shall be considered by the Owner as a claim in accordance with Section 50, paragraph 50-16, *Claims for Adjustment and Disputes*.

After the Contractor has approved, or approved under protest, the RPR's final estimate, and after the RPR's receipt of the project closeout documentation required in paragraph 90-11, *Contractor Final Project Documentation*, final payment will be processed based on the entire sum, or the undisputed sum in case of approval under protest, determined to be due the Contractor less all previous payments and all amounts to be deducted under the provisions of the contract. All prior partial estimates and payments shall be subject to correction in the final estimate and payment.

If the Contractor has filed a claim for additional compensation under the provisions of Section 50, paragraph 50-16, *Claims for Adjustments and Disputes*, or under the provisions of this paragraph, such claims will be considered by the Owner in accordance with local laws or ordinances. Upon final adjudication of such claims, any additional payment determined to be due the Contractor will be paid pursuant to a supplemental final estimate.

#### 90-10 Construction warranty.

- **a.** In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished, or performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier.
- **b.** This warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance of the work, except as noted. If the Owner takes possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of one year from the date the Owner takes possession.
- **c.** The Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, the Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any damage to Owner real or personal property, when that damage is the result of the Contractor's failure to conform to contract requirements; or any defect of equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished by the Contractor.
- **d.** The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. The Contractor's warranty with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for one year from the date of repair or replacement.
- **e.** The Owner will notify the Contractor, in writing, within seven (7) days after the discovery of any failure, defect, or damage.

**f.** If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within 14 days after receipt of notice, the Owner shall have the right to replace, repair, or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.

- **g.** With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for work performed and materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall: (1) Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice; (2) Require all warranties to be executed, in writing, for the benefit of the Owner, as directed by the Owner, and (3) Enforce all warranties for the benefit of the Owner.
- **h.** This warranty shall not limit the Owner's rights with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes, or fraud.
- **90-11 Contractor Final Project Documentation.** Approval of final payment to the Contractor is contingent upon completion and submittal of the items listed below. The final payment will not be approved until the RPR approves the Contractor's final submittal. The Contractor shall:
- **a.** Provide two (2) copies of all manufacturers warranties specified for materials, equipment, and installations.
- **b.** Provide weekly payroll records (not previously received) from the general Contractor and all subcontractors.
  - **c.** Complete final cleanup in accordance with Section 40, paragraph 40-08, *Final Cleanup*.
  - d. Complete all punch list items identified during the Final Inspection.
  - e. Provide complete release of all claims for labor and material arising out of the Contract.
- **f.** Provide a certified statement signed by the subcontractors, indicating actual amounts paid to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) subcontractors and/or suppliers associated with the project.
  - **g.** When applicable per state requirements, return copies of sales tax completion forms.
  - **h.** Manufacturer's certifications for all items incorporated in the work.
  - i. All required record drawings, as-built drawings or as-constructed drawings.
  - j. Project Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manual(s).
  - k. Security for Construction Warranty.
  - **l.** Equipment commissioning documentation submitted, if required.

#### **END OF SECTION 90**

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## REQUIRED FEDERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS





## **FAA Airports**

# **Federal Contract Provisions for Airport Improvement Program Projects** (Last Issued on May 2023)

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#### Contract Guidance

This project is funded by the Federal Aviation Administration. Federal laws and regulations require that projects funded by federal assistance programs must include specific contract provisions. Contractor(s) including subcontractors are required to:

- Include certain provisions in their subcontracts and sub-tier agreements.
  - Mandatory Language Whenever a clause or provision has mandatory text, Contractors and subcontractors must incorporate the text of the provision without change, except where specific adaptive input is necessary.
- Incorporate the applicable requirements of these contract provisions by reference for work done under any purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services.

The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance with these contract provisions by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Failure to Comply with Provisions

Contractors' failure to comply with the terms of these contract provisions may be sufficient grounds to:

- 1) Withhold progress payments or final payment;
- 2) Terminate the contract for cause;
- 3) Seek suspension/debarment; or
- 4) Take other actions determined to be appropriate by the Sponsor or the FAA.

#### **A1** ACCESS TO RECORDS AND REPORTS

(Source: 2 CFR § 200.334, 2 CFR § 200.337, FAA Order 5100.38)

#### ACCESS TO RECORDS AND REPORTS

The Contractor must maintain an acceptable cost accounting system. The Contractor agrees to provide the Owner, the Federal Aviation Administration and the Comptroller General of the United States or any of their duly authorized representatives access to any books, documents, papers and records of the Contractor which are directly pertinent to the specific contract for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts and transcriptions. The Contractor agrees to maintain all books, records and reports required under this contract for a period of not less than three years after final payment is made and all pending matters are closed.

#### Α2 BREACH OF CONTRACT TERMS

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(A))

Contract Types – This provision is required for all contracts that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold as stated in 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II (A). This threshold is occasionally adjusted for inflation and is \$250,000.

#### **BREACH OF CONTRACT TERMS**

Any violation or breach of terms of this contract on the part of the *Contractor* or its subcontractors may result in the suspension or termination of this contract or such other action that may be necessary to enforce the rights of the parties of this agreement.

Owner will provide *Contractor* written notice that describes the nature of the breach and corrective actions the Contractor must undertake in order to avoid termination of the contract. Owner reserves the right to withhold payments to Contractor until such time the Contractor corrects the breach or the Owner elects to terminate the contract. The Owner's notice will identify a specific date by which the Contractor must correct the breach. Owner may proceed with termination of the contract if the Contractor fails to correct the breach by the deadline indicated in the Owner's notice.

The duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and the rights and remedies available thereunder are in addition to, and not a limitation of, any duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.

#### Α3 BUY AMERICAN PREFERENCE

(Source: Title 49 USC § 50101; Executive Order 14005, Ensuring the Future is Made in All of America by All of America's Workers; Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (Pub. L. No. 117-58), Build America, Buy America (BABA)

The Buy American Preference incorporates statutory requirements and policies outlined in the in 49 USC § 50101, Executive Order 14005, and BABA.

Section 50101 of 49 USC requires that all steel and manufactured goods used on AIP projects be produced in the United States. This section also gives the FAA the ability to issue a waiver to a Sponsor to use non-domestic material on an AIP funded project subject to meeting certain conditions. A Sponsor may request that the FAA issue a waiver from the Buy American Preference requirements if the FAA finds that:

- 1) Applying the provision is not in the public interest.
- 2) The steel or manufactured goods are not available in sufficient quantity or quality in the United States.

3) The cost of components and subcomponents produced in the United States is more than 60 percent of the total components of a facility or equipment, and final assembly has taken place in the United States. Items that have an FAA standard specification item number (such as specific airport lighting equipment) are considered the equipment.

4) Applying this provision would increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

Executive Order 14005 advances the Administration's priority to use terms and conditions of Federal financial assistance awards to maximize the use of goods, products, and materials produced in, and services offered in, the United States. The Order directs, to the extent appropriate and consistent with applicable law, agencies shall partner with the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) to conduct supplier scouting in order to identify American companies that are able to produce goods, products, and materials in the United States that meet Federal procurement needs, prior to consideration of using non-domestic products.

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, Build America, Buy America (BABA) Act strengthens Made in America Laws and bolsters America's industrial base, protects national security, and supports high-paying jobs. Under BABA, iron, steel and certain construction materials are required to be 100% produced in the United States.

Under the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (Pub. L. No. 117-58) BABA three waivers are available for iron and steel, manufactured products, and construction materials when a Federal agency finds that –

- 1) Applying the domestic content procurement preference would be inconsistent with the public interest (a "public interest waiver");
- 2) Types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality (a "nonavailability waiver"); or
- 3) The inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent (an "unreasonable cost waiver").

BABA defines construction materials, items that are or consists primarily of non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables), glass (including optic glass), lumber or drywall.

Items that consist of two or more of the aforementioned materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process should be treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials. For example, a plastic framed sliding window should be treated as a manufactured product while plate glass should be treated as a construction material.

The Buy America Preference requirements flow down from the Sponsor to first tier contractors, who are responsible for ensuring that lower tier contractors and subcontractors are also in compliance.

**Note:** The Buy American Preference does not apply to temporary equipment a contractor uses as a tool of its trade and which does not remain as part of the project.

#### **Required Documentation**

**The FAA Buy American Requests.** All applications (requests) for an FAA Buy American Preference Waiver includes, at minimum, a completed Content Percentage Worksheet and Final Assembly Questionnaire. Additional information may be requested from the applicant by the FAA. Airport Sponsors, consultants, construction contractors, or equipment manufacturers are responsible for completing and submitting waiver applications. The FAA is unable to make a determination on waiver

requests with incomplete information. Sponsors must confirm with the bidder or offeror to assess the adequacy of the waiver request and associated information prior to forwarding a waiver request to the FAA for action. All FAA waivers forms are available from the FAA Buy American Requirements webpage.

**Proprietary Confidentiality.** Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act protects trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential. Proprietary manufacturing and design information submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration for the purposes of receiving a Buy American Waiver shall not be disclosed outside the FAA. The FAA will provide a written notification to the Airport Sponsor, manufacturer(s), contractor(s) or supplier(s) when a waiver determination is complete.

**Buy American Conformance Lists.** The FAA Office of Airports maintains listings of projects and products that have received a waiver from the Buy American Preference requirements for project specific and nationwide use. Each of these conformance lists is available online at <a href="https://www.faa.gov/airports/aip/buy\_american/">www.faa.gov/airports/aip/buy\_american/</a>. Products listed on the FAA Nationwide Buy American Conformance list do not require additional submittal of domestic content information. Nationwide waivers expire five years from the date issued, unless revoked earlier by the FAA.

#### Contract Types -

- **Construction Projects** involving the replacement, rehabilitation, reconstruction of airfield surfaces such as on runways, taxiways, taxilanes, aprons, roadways, parking lots, etc.
- Equipment and Buildings Projects involving and including the acquisition of equipment such as snow removal equipment, navigational aids, wind cones, and the construction of buildings such as hangars, terminal development, lighting vaults, aircraft rescue & firefighting buildings, etc. Insert the Certificate of Compliance with FAA Buy American Preference Based on Equipment/Building Projects.

#### FAA BUY AMERICAN PREFERENCE

The Contractor certifies that its bid/offer is in compliance with 49 USC § 50101, BABA and other related Made in America Laws, U.S. statutes, guidance, and FAA policies, which provide that Federal funds may not be obligated unless all iron, steel and manufactured goods used in AIP funded projects are produced in the United States, unless the Federal Aviation Administration has issued a waiver for the product; the product is listed as an Excepted Article, Material Or Supply in Federal Acquisition Regulation subpart 25.108; or is included in the FAA Nationwide Buy American Waivers Issued list.

The bidder or offeror must complete and submit the certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference, BABA and Made in America laws included herein with their bid or offer. (See Proposal Forms). The Airport Sponsor/Owner will reject as nonresponsive any bid or offer that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Per Executive Order 14005 "Made in America Laws" means all statutes, regulations, rules, and Executive Orders relating to federal financial assistance awards or federal procurement, including those that refer to "Buy America" or "Buy American," that require, or provide a preference for, the purchase or acquisition of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States, including iron, steel, and manufactured products offered in the United States.

does not include a completed certification of compliance with FAA's Buy American Preference and BABA

The bidder or offeror certifies that all constructions materials, defined to mean an article, material, or supply other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives that are or consist primarily of: non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); lumber; or drywall used in the project are manufactured in the U.S.

#### A4 CIVIL RIGHTS - GENERAL

(Source: 49 USC § 47123)

#### Insert this in every contract or agreement

#### GENERAL CIVIL RIGHTS PROVISIONS

In all its activities within the scope of its airport program, the Contractor agrees to comply with pertinent statutes, Executive Orders, and such rules as identified in Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability be excluded from participating in any activity conducted with or benefiting from Federal assistance.

This provision is in addition to that required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

The above provision binds the Contractor and subcontractors from the bid solicitation period through the completion of the contract.

#### **A5** CIVIL RIGHTS – TITLE VI ASSURANCE

(Source: 49 USC § 47123; FAA Order 1400.11)

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, (Title VI) prohibits discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

The text of each individual clause comes from the U.S. Department of Transportation <u>Order DOT 1050.2</u>, Standard Title VI Assurances and Nondiscrimination Provisions, effective April 24, 2013. Where the clause refers to the applicable activity, project, or program, it means the AIP project.

#### Insert this list in every contract or agreement.

#### Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "Contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC § 2000d *et seq.*, 78 stat. 252) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin);
- 49 CFR part 21 (Non-discrimination in Federally-Assisted programs of the Department of Transportation—Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964);

• The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 USC § 4601) (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);

- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC § 794 *et seq.*), as amended (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR part 27 (Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability in Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance);
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 USC § 6101 *et seq.*) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982 (49 USC § 47123), as amended (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (PL 100-259) (broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, subrecipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 USC § 12101, et seq) (prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities) as implemented by U.S. Department of Transportation regulations at 49 CFR parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 USC § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations (ensures nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations);
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs [70 Fed. Reg. 74087 (2005)];
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 USC § 1681, et seq).

#### **Compliance with Nondiscrimination Requirements:**

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "Contractor"), agrees as follows:

- 1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The Contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Title VI List of Pertinent Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- 2. **Nondiscrimination:** The Contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency), creed, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The Contractor will not participate directly or indirectly

in the discrimination prohibited by the Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR part 21.

- 3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding or negotiation made by the Contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the Contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- 4. **Information and Reports:** The Contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Nondiscrimination Acts and Authorities and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the Contractor will so certify to the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- 5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a Contractor's noncompliance with the non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Sponsor will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Aviation Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
  - a. Withholding payments to the Contractor under the contract until the Contractor complies; and/or
  - b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- 6. Incorporation of Provisions: The Contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto. The Contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Sponsor or the Federal Aviation Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the Contractor may request the Sponsor to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Sponsor. In addition, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

### A6 CLEAN AIR AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(G); 42 USC § 7401, et seq 33; USC § 1251, et seq)

Contract Types – This provision is required for all contracts and lower tier contracts that exceed \$150,000.

### CLEAN AIR AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Contractor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders, and regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 USC §§ 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended

(33 USC §§ 1251-1387). The Contractor agrees to report any violation to the Owner immediately upon discovery. The Owner assumes responsibility for notifying the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Federal Aviation Administration.

**Contractor** must include this requirement in all subcontracts that exceed \$150,000.

## A7 CONTRACT WORKHOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT REQUIREMENTS

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(E); 2 CFR § 5.5(b); 40 USC § 3702; 40 USC § 3704)

Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Requirements (CWHSSA) (40 USC §§ 3702 & 3704) requires contractors and subcontractors on covered contracts to pay laborers and mechanics employed in the performance of the contracts not less than one and one-half times their basic rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a workweek. CWHSSA prohibits unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous working conditions on federally-assisted projects. The Wage and Hour Division (WHD) within the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) enforces the compensation requirements of this Act, while DOL's Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) enforces the safety and health requirements.

This provision applies to all contracts and lower tier contracts that exceed \$100,000, and employ laborers, mechanics, watchmen, and guards.

#### CONTRACT WORKHOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Overtime Requirements.

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages.

In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause, the Contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause, in the sum of \$29 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this clause.

3. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages.

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) or the Owner shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld,

from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2) of this clause.

#### 4. Subcontractors.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) and also a clause requiring the subcontractor to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this clause.

#### A8 COPELAND "ANTI-KICKBACK" ACT

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(D); 29 CFR Parts 3 and 5)

This provision applies to all construction contracts and subcontracts financed under the AIP that exceed \$2,000.

#### COPELAND "ANTI-KICKBACK" ACT

Contractor must comply with the requirements of the Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (18 USC 874 and 40 USC 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulation 29 CFR part 3. Contractor and subcontractors are prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed on the project to give up any part of the compensation to which the employee is entitled. The Contractor and each Subcontractor must submit to the Owner, a weekly statement on the wages paid to each employee performing on covered work during the prior week. Owner must report any violations of the Act to the Federal Aviation Administration.

#### A9 DAVIS-BACON REQUIREMENTS

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(D); 29 CFR Part 5; 49 USC § 47112(b); 40 USC §§ 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147)

The Davis-Bacon Act (40 USC §§ 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147) ensures that laborers and mechanics employed under the contract receive pay no less than the locally prevailing wages and fringe benefits as determined by the Department of Labor.

Incorporate into all construction contracts and subcontracts that exceed \$2,000 and include funding from the AIP.

#### **DAVIS-BACON REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. Minimum Wages.
- (i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalent

thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(iv) of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under (1)(ii) of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can easily be seen by the workers.

- (ii)(A) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
- (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
- (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (B) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (C) In the event the Contractor, the laborers, or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the

contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- (D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(ii) (B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- (iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- (iv) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- 2. Withholding. The Federal Aviation Administration or the Sponsor shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the Federal Aviation Administration may, after written notice to the Contractor, Sponsor, Applicant, or Owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- 3. Payrolls and Basic Records.
- (i) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records that show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been

communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual costs incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- (ii)(A) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Federal Aviation Administration if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Federal Aviation Administration. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH–347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts/construction/payroll-certification or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker and shall provide them upon request to the Federal Aviation Administration if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the Contractor will submit them to the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner, as the case may be, for transmission to the Federal Aviation Administration, the Contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is
- (B) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

sponsoring government agency (or the applicant, Sponsor, or Owner).

not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the

- (1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR § 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR § 5.5 (a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
- (2) That each laborer and mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3;
- (3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(C) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (3)(ii)(B) of this section.

- (D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.
- (iii) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the Sponsor, the Federal Aviation Administration, or the Department of Labor and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the Contractor, Sponsor, applicant, or Owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR § 5.12.
- 4. Apprentices and Trainees.
- (i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the

event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- (ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR § 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination that provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate that is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (iii) Equal Employment Opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.
- 5. Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements.

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

#### 6. Subcontracts.

The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in 29 CFR §§ 5.5(a)(1) through (10) and such other clauses as the Federal Aviation Administration may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR § 5.5.

7. Contract Termination: Debarment.

A breach of the contract clauses in paragraph 1 through 10 of this section may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR § 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements.

All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes Concerning Labor Standards.

Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

- 10. Certification of Eligibility.
- (i) By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR § 5.12(a)(1).
- (ii) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR § 5.12(a)(1).
- (iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 USC § 1001.

#### **A10** DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION

(Source: 2 CFR Part 180 (Subpart B); 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(H); 2 CFR Part 1200; DOT Order 4200.5; Executive Orders 12549 and 12689)

This provision must be included in any AIP-funded contract, <u>regardless of tier</u>, that is awarded by a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, consultant if the amount of the contract is <u>equal to or exceeds</u> \$25,000.

#### CERTIFICATION OF OFFEROR/BIDDER REGARDING DEBARMENT

By submitting a bid/proposal under this solicitation, the bidder or offeror certifies that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred or suspended by any Federal department or agency from participation in this transaction.

#### CERTIFICATION OF LOWER TIER CONTRACTORS REGARDING DEBARMENT

The successful bidder, by administering each lower tier subcontract that exceeds \$25,000 as a "covered transaction", must confirm each lower tier participant of a "covered transaction" under the project is not presently debarred or otherwise disqualified from participation in this federally-assisted project. The successful bidder will accomplish this by:

1. Checking the System for Award Management at website: <a href="http://www.sam.gov">http://www.sam.gov</a>

Collecting a certification statement similar to the Certification of Offeror /Bidder Regarding Debarment, above.

2. Inserting a clause or condition in the covered transaction with the lower tier contract.

If the Federal Aviation Administration later determines that a lower tier participant failed to disclose to a higher tier participant that it was excluded or disqualified at the time it entered the covered transaction, the FAA may pursue any available remedies, including suspension and debarment of the non-compliant participant.

#### A11 DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

(Source: 49 CFR Part 26)

#### **REQUIRED PROVISIONS**

#### **Solicitations With Contract Goal**

#### **Bid Information Submitted as a matter of responsiveness:**

The Owner's award of this contract is conditioned upon Bidder or Offeror satisfying the good faith effort requirements of 49 CFR § 26.53.

As a condition of responsiveness, the Bidder or Offeror must submit the following information with its proposal on the forms provided herein:

- 1) The names and addresses of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) firms that will participate in the contract;
- 2) A description of the work that each DBE firm will perform;
- 3) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm listed under (1);
- 4) Written statement from Bidder or Offeror that attests their commitment to use the DBE firm(s) listed under (1) to meet the Owner's project goal
- 5) Written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that it is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the prime contractor's commitment; and
- 6) If Bidder or Offeror cannot meet the advertised project DBE goal, evidence of good faith efforts undertaken by the Bidder or Offeror as described in appendix A to 49 CFR part 26. The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract.

#### **Prime Contracts (Contracts Covered by a DBE Program)**

#### Contract Assurance (49 CFR § 26.13)

The Contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination

of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- 1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- 2) Assessing sanctions;
- 3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- 4) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

#### Prompt Payment (49 CFR § 26.29)

The prime contractor agrees to pay each subcontractor under this prime contract for satisfactory performance of its contract no later than 14 days from the receipt of each payment the prime contractor receives from Roseburg Regional Airport. The prime contractor agrees further to return retainage payments to each subcontractor within 14 days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. Any delay or postponement of payment from the above referenced time frame may occur only for good cause following written approval of the Roseburg Regional Airport. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors.

#### Termination of DBE Subcontracts (49 CFR § 26.53(f)

The prime contractor must not terminate a DBE subcontractor listed in response to this project's Notice to Bidders / Bid Advertisement (or an approved substitute DBE firm) without prior written consent of Roseburg Regional Airport. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

The prime contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent Roseburg Regional Airport. Unless Roseburg Regional Airport consent is provided, the prime contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

Roseburg Regional Airport may provide such written consent only if Roseburg Regional Airport agrees, for reasons stated in the concurrence document, that the prime contractor has good cause to terminate the DBE firm. For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the circumstances listed in 49 CFR §26.53.

Before transmitting to Roseburg Regional Airport its request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the prime contractor must give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to Roseburg Regional Airport, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request.

The prime contractor must give the DBE five days to respond to the prime contractor's notice and advise Roseburg Regional Airport and the contractor of the reasons, if any, why it objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why Roseburg Regional Airport should not approve the prime contractor's action. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (e.g., safety), Roseburg Regional Airport may provide a response period shorter than five days.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to preaward deletions of or substitutions for DBE firms put forward by offerors in negotiated procurements.

#### **A12** DISTRACTED DRIVING

(Source: Executive Order 13513, DOT Order 3902.10)

Insert this provision in all AIP funded contracts that exceed the micro-purchase threshold of 2 CFR § 200.320 (currently set at \$10,000).

#### **TEXTING WHEN DRIVING**

In accordance with Executive Order 13513, "Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging While Driving", (10/1/2009) and DOT Order 3902.10, "Text Messaging While Driving", (12/30/2009), the Federal Aviation Administration encourages recipients of Federal grant funds to adopt and enforce safety policies that decrease crashes by distracted drivers, including policies to ban text messaging while driving when performing work related to a grant or subgrant.

In support of this initiative, the Owner encourages the Contractor to promote policies and initiatives for its employees and other work personnel that decrease crashes by distracted drivers, including policies that ban text messaging while driving motor vehicles while performing work activities associated with the project. The Contractor must include the substance of this clause in all sub-tier contracts exceeding \$10,000 that involve driving a motor vehicle in performance of work activities associated with the project.

## A13 PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT

(Source: 2 CFR § 200, Appendix II(K); 2 CFR § 200.216)

Sponsors and subgrant recipients are prohibited from using AIP grant funds to:

- a) Procure or obtain,
- b) Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain, or
- c) Enter into a contract to procure or obtain certain covered telecommunications equipment.

These restrictions apply to telecommunication equipment, services, or systems that use covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system or as critical technology as part of any system. Covered telecommunications equipment is equipment produced or provided by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of either).

Include the following provision in all AIP funded contracts and lower-tier contracts.

# PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT

Contractor and Subcontractor agree to comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to use and procurement of certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment in compliance with the National Defense Authorization Act [Public Law 115-232 § 889(f)(1)].

#### A14 DRUG FREE WORKPLACE REQUIREMENTS

(Source: 49 CFR Part 32; Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 USC § 8101-8106, as amended)

The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 requires some Federal contractors and *all* Federal grantees to agree that they will provide drug-free workplaces as a condition of receiving a contract or grant from a Federal agency. This provision applies to all AIP funded projects, but not to the contracts between the grantee (the Sponsor) and a contractor, subcontractors, suppliers, or subgrantees.

#### A15 EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EEO)

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(C); 41 CFR § 60-1.4; 41 CFR § 60-4.3; Executive Order 11246)

Contractor must incorporate these clauses without modification in any contract or subcontract when the amount exceeds \$10,000.

The purpose of this provision is to provide equal opportunity for all persons, without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin who are employed or seeking employment with contractors performing under a federally-assisted construction contract. There are two provisions — a contract clause and a specification clause.

#### EQUAL OPPORTUNITY CONTRACT CLAUSE

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- (1) The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identify, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff, or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- (2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- (3) The Contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

(4) The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section 202 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

- (5) The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (6) The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- (7) In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (8) The Contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance: *Provided*, however, that in the event the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

# STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. As used in these specifications:
  - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
  - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), U.S. Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
  - c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal social security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941;
  - d. "Minority" includes:

(1) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);

- (2) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race);
- (3) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
- (4) American Indian or Alaskan native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
- 2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
- 3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR part 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
- 4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through 7p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered construction contractors performing construction work in a geographical area where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
- 5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse

the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

- 6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.
- 7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
  - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other onsite supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
  - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
  - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source, or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
  - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
  - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
  - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by

publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with onsite supervisory personnel such superintendents, general foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other contractors and subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer, and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR part 60-3.
- l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel, for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments, and other personnel practices do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

- 8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations, which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through 7p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through 7p of these specifications provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
- 9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).
- 10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.
- 11. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
- 12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination, and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
- 13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR part 60-4.8.
- 14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions

hereof as may be required by the Government, and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee, the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g. those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

## A16 FEDERAL FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT (FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE)

(Source: 29 USC § 201, et seq, 2 CFR § 200.430)

The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) Wage and Hour Division administers the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). This act prescribes federal standards for basic minimum wage, overtime pay, record keeping, and child labor standards.

All consultants, subconsultants, contractors, and subcontractors employed under this federally assisted project must comply with the FLSA.

#### FEDERAL FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT CLAUSE

All contracts and subcontracts that result from this solicitation incorporate by reference the provisions of 29 CFR part 201, et seq, the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), with the same force and effect as if given in full text. The FLSA sets minimum wage, overtime pay, recordkeeping, and child labor standards for full and part-time workers.

The *Contractor* has full responsibility to monitor compliance to the referenced statute or regulation. The *Contractor* must address any claims or disputes that arise from this requirement directly with the U.S. Department of Labor – Wage and Hour Division.

#### A17 LOBBYING AND INFLUENCING FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

(Source: 31 USC § 1352 – Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment; 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(I); 49 CFR Part 20, Appendix A)

Contractor must include Lobbying Certification and this language (not modified) in subcontracts exceeding \$100,000.

#### CERTIFICATION REGARDING LOBBYING

The Bidder or Offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the Bidder or Offeror, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- (3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all sub-awards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all sub-recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

#### **A18** PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(C); 41 CFR Part 60-1)

This clause must be included in any AIP funded projects that contains the Equal Employment Opportunity clause of 41 CFR § 60-1.4. This obligation flows down to subcontract and sub-tier purchase orders containing the Equal Employment Opportunity clause.

#### PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES

- (a) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Employment Opportunity clause in this contract.
- (b) "Segregated facilities," as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin because of

written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

(c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Employment Opportunity clause of this contract.

# A19 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT OF 1970

(Source: 29 CFR Part 1910)

All contracts and subcontracts that result from this solicitation incorporate by reference the requirements of 29 CFR Part 1910 with the same force and effect as if given in full text. The employer must provide a work environment that is free from recognized hazards that may cause death or serious physical harm to the employee. The employer retains full responsibility to monitor its compliance and their subcontractor's compliance with the applicable requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 CFR Part 1910). The employer must address any claims or disputes that pertain to a referenced requirement directly with the U.S. Department of Labor – Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

# **A20** PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS

(Source: 2 CFR § 200.323, 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(J), 40 CFR Part 247, 42 USC § 6901, et seq (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA))

#### PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS

Contractor and subcontractor agree to comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and the regulatory provisions of 40 CFR Part 247. In the performance of this contract and to the extent practicable, the Contractor and subcontractors are to use products containing the highest percentage of recovered materials for items designated by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under 40 CFR Part 247 whenever:

- 1) The contract requires procurement of \$10,000 or more of a designated item during the fiscal year; or
- 2) The contractor has procured \$10,000 or more of a designated item using Federal funding during the previous fiscal year.

The list of EPA-designated items is available at <a href="www.epa.gov/smm/comprehensive-procurement-guidelines-construction-products">www.epa.gov/smm/comprehensive-procurement-guidelines-construction-products</a>.

Section 6002(c) establishes exceptions to the preference for recovery of EPA-designated products if the contractor can demonstrate the item is:

- a) Not reasonably available within a timeframe providing for compliance with the contract performance schedule;
- b) Fails to meet reasonable contract performance requirements; or
- c) Is only available at an unreasonable price.

# **A21** RIGHT TO INVENTIONS

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(F); 37 CFR Part 401)

Not Applicable.

# **A22** SEISMIC SAFETY

(Source: 49 CFR Part 41)

Not Applicable.

# **A23** TAX DELINQUENCY AND FELONY CONVICTIONS

(Source: Section 8113 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022 (Public Law 117-103) and similar provisions in subsequent appropriations acts; DOT Order 4200.6 – Appropriations Act Requirements for Procurement and Non-Procurement Regarding Tax Delinquency and Felony Convictions)

This provision applies to all contracts funded in whole or part with AIP.

# CERTIFICATION OF OFFEROR/BIDDER REGARDING TAX DELINQUENCY AND FELONY CONVICTIONS

The applicant must complete the following two certification statements. The applicant must indicate its current status as it relates to tax delinquency and felony conviction by inserting a checkmark ( $\checkmark$ ) in the space following the applicable response. The applicant agrees that, if awarded a contract resulting from this solicitation, it will incorporate this provision for certification in all lower tier subcontracts.

#### Certifications

- 1) The applicant represents that it is ( ) is not ( ) a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.
- 2) The applicant represents that it is ( ) is not ( ) a corporation that was convicted of a criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

#### Note

If an applicant responds in the affirmative to either of the above representations, the applicant is ineligible to receive an award unless the Sponsor has received notification from the agency suspension and debarment official (SDO) that the SDO has considered suspension or debarment and determined that further action is not required to protect the Government's interests. The applicant therefore must provide information to the owner about its tax liability or conviction to the Owner, who will then notify the FAA Airports District Office, which will then notify the agency's SDO to facilitate completion of the required considerations before award decisions are made.

#### **Term Definitions**

**Felony conviction:** Felony conviction means a conviction within the preceding twenty-four (24) months of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law and includes conviction of an

offense defined in a section of the U.S. Code that specifically classifies the offense as a felony and conviction of an offense that is classified as a felony under 18 USC § 3559.

**Tax Delinquency**: A tax delinquency is any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

#### **A24** TERMINATION OF CONTRACT

(Source: 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(B); FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10, Section 80-09)

# TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE (CONSTRUCTION & EQUIPMENT CONTRACTS)

The Owner may terminate this contract in whole or in part at any time by providing written notice to the Contractor. Such action may be without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy of Owner. Upon receipt of a written notice of termination, except as explicitly directed by the Owner, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting amounts due under this clause:

- 1. Contractor must immediately discontinue work as specified in the written notice.
- 2. Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated under the notice.
- 3. Discontinue orders for materials and services except as directed by the written notice.
- 4. Deliver to the Owner all fabricated and partially fabricated parts, completed and partially completed work, supplies, equipment and materials acquired prior to termination of the work, and as directed in the written notice.
- 5. Complete performance of the work not terminated by the notice.
- 6. Take action as directed by the Owner to protect and preserve property and work related to this contract that Owner will take possession.

Owner agrees to pay Contractor for:

- 1. Completed and acceptable work executed in accordance with the contract documents prior to the effective date of termination;
- Documented expenses sustained prior to the effective date of termination in performing work and furnishing labor, materials, or equipment as required by the contract documents in connection with uncompleted work;
- 3. Reasonable and substantiated claims, costs, and damages incurred in settlement of terminated contracts with Subcontractors and Suppliers; and
- 4. Reasonable and substantiated expenses to the Contractor directly attributable to Owner's termination action.

Owner will not pay Contractor for loss of anticipated profits or revenue or other economic loss arising out of or resulting from the Owner's termination action.

The rights and remedies this clause provide are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

# **TERMINATION FOR CAUSE (CONSTRUCTION)**

Section 80-09 of FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10 establishes standard language for conditions, rights, and remedies associated with Owner termination of this contract for cause due to default of the Contractor.

# **A25** TRADE RESTRICTION CERTIFICATION

(Source: 49 USC § 50104, 49 CFR Part 30)

Contractor will incorporate this provision for certification <u>without modification</u> in all lower tier **subcontracts**. (The trade restriction certification and clause apply to all AIP funded projects.)

Unless waived by the Secretary of Transportation, AIP funds may not be used on a product or service from a foreign country included in the current list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR).

#### TRADE RESTRICTION CERTIFICATION

By submission of an offer, the Offeror certifies that with respect to this solicitation and any resultant contract, the Offeror –

- 1) is not owned or controlled by one or more citizens of a foreign country included in the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR);
- 2) has not knowingly entered into any contract or subcontract for this project with a person that is a citizen or national of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by the USTR; and
- 3) has not entered into any subcontract for any product to be used on the Federal project that is produced in a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the USTR.

This certification concerns a matter within the jurisdiction of an agency of the United States of America and the making of a false, fictitious, or fraudulent certification may render the maker subject to prosecution under Title 18 USC § 1001.

The Offeror/Contractor must provide immediate written notice to the Owner if the Offeror/Contractor learns that its certification or that of a subcontractor was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. The Contractor must require subcontractors provide immediate written notice to the Contractor if at any time it learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

Unless the restrictions of this clause are waived by the Secretary of Transportation in accordance with 49 CFR § 30.17, no contract shall be awarded to an Offeror or subcontractor:

- 1) who is owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms published by the USTR; or
- 2) whose subcontractors are owned or controlled by one or more citizens or nationals of a foreign country on such USTR list; or

3) who incorporates in the public works project any product of a foreign country on such USTR list.

Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

The Offeror agrees that, if awarded a contract resulting from this solicitation, it will incorporate this provision for certification without modification in all lower tier subcontracts. The Contractor may rely on the certification of a prospective subcontractor that it is not a firm from a foreign country included on the list of countries that discriminate against U.S. firms as published by USTR, unless the Offeror has knowledge that the certification is erroneous.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making an award. If it is later determined that the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) may direct through the Owner cancellation of the contract or subcontract for default at no cost to the Owner or the FAA.

#### **A26** VETERAN'S PREFERENCE

(Source: 49 USC § 47112(c))

This provision applies to all AIP funded projects that involve labor to carry out the project.

# **VETERAN'S PREFERENCE**

In the employment of labor (excluding executive, administrative, and supervisory positions), **the**Contractor and all sub-tier contractors must give preference to covered veterans as defined within Title 49 United States Code Section 47112. Covered veterans include Vietnam-era veterans, Persian Gulf veterans, Afghanistan-Iraq war veterans, disabled veterans, and small business concerns (as defined by 15 USC § 632) owned and controlled by disabled veterans. This preference only applies when there are covered veterans readily available and qualified to perform the work to which the employment relates.

#### **A27** DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS

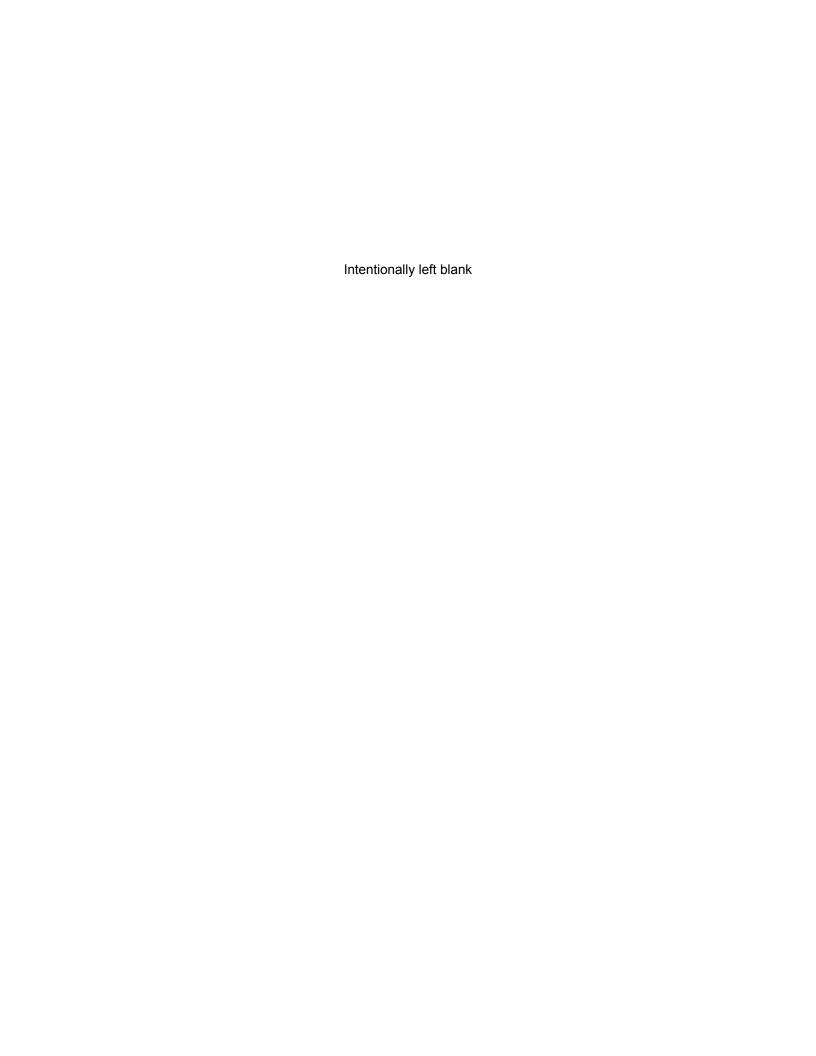
(Source: 2 CFR § 200.322; 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II(L))

Must be included in all subawards, including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under the grant.

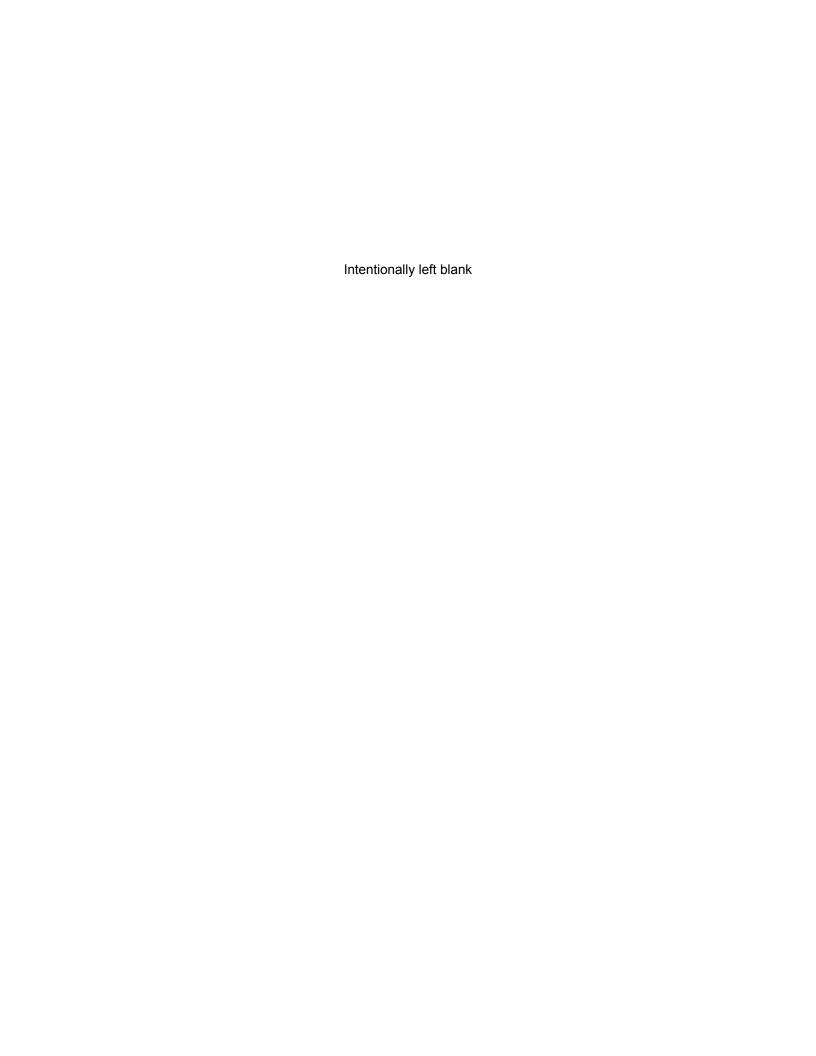
# CERTIFICATION REGARDING DOMESTIC PREFERENCES FOR PROCUREMENTS

The Bidder or Offeror certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal that, to the greatest extent practicable, the Bidder or Offeror has provided a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including, but not limited to, iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products) in compliance with 2 CFR § 200.322.

#### END OF FEDERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS



# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATONS**



#### Item C-105 Mobilization

- **105-1 Description.** This item of work shall consist of, but is not limited to, work and operations necessary for the movement of personnel, equipment, material and supplies to and from the project site for work on the project except as provided in the contract as separate pay items.
- **105-2 Mobilization limit.** Mobilization shall be limited to 10 percent of the total project cost.
- **105-3 Posted notices.** Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Contractor must post the following documents in a prominent and accessible place where they may be easily viewed by all employees of the prime Contractor and by all employees of subcontractors engaged by the prime Contractor: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Poster "Equal Employment Opportunity is the Law" in accordance with the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs Executive Order 11246, as amended; Davis Bacon Wage Poster (WH 1321) DOL "Notice to All Employees" Poster; and Applicable Davis-Bacon Wage Rate Determination. These notices must remain posted until final acceptance of the work by the Owner.
- **105-4** Engineer/RPR field office. An Engineer/RPR field office is not required.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

- **105-5 Basis of measurement and payment.** Based upon the contract lump sum price for "Mobilization" partial payments will be allowed as follows:
  - a. With first pay request, 25%.
  - **b.** When 25% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 25%.
  - **c.** When 50% or more of the original contract is earned, an additional 40%.
- **d.** After Final Inspection, Staging area clean-up and delivery of all Project Closeout materials as required by Section 90, paragraph 90-11, *Contractor Final Project Documentation*, the final 10%.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

#### 105-6 Payment will be made under:

Item C-105 Mobilization – lump sum

#### REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP)

Executive Order 11246, as amended

EEOC-P/E-1 – Equal Employment Opportunity is the Law Poster

United States Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division (WHD)

WH 1321 – Employee Rights under the Davis-Bacon Act Poster

# **END OF ITEM C-105**

# **Item P-101 Preparation/Removal of Existing Pavements**

#### DESCRIPTION

**101-1.1** This item shall consist of removal of miscellaneous items. The work shall be accomplished in accordance with these specifications and the applicable plans.

# **EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS**

**101-2.1** All equipment and materials shall be specified here and in the following paragraphs or approved by the Resident Project Representative (RPR).

#### CONSTRUCTION

- **101-3.1 Removal of existing pavement.** Not Used.
- 101-3.2 Preparation of joints and cracks prior to overlay/surface treatment. Not Used.
- 101-3.3 Removal of Foreign Substances/contaminates prior to overlay, seal-coat, or remarking. Not Used.
- 101-3.4 Concrete spall or failed asphaltic concrete pavement repair. Not Used.
- 101-3.5 Cold milling. Not Used.
- 101-3.6. Preparation of asphalt pavement surfaces prior to surface treatment. Not Used.
- 101-3.7 Maintenance. Not Used.
- 101-3.8 Preparation of Joints in Rigid Pavement prior to resealing. Not Used.
- 101-3.8.1 Removal of Existing Joint Sealant. Not Used.
- 101-3.8.2 Cleaning prior to sealing. Not Used.
- **101-3.8.3 Joint sealant.** Not Used.
- 101-3.9 Preparation of Cracks in Flexible Pavement prior to sealing. Not Used.
- **101-3.9.1 Preparation of Crack**. Not Used.
- 101-3.9.2 Removal of Existing Crack Sealant. Not Used.
- 101-3.9.3 Crack Sealant. Not Used.
- 101-3.9.4 Removal of Pipe and other Buried Structures. Not Used.
- **101-3.10 Removal of Chain-Link Fence.** Chain-link fence identified for removal shall be disassembled and posts removed entirely from the ground by methods chosen by the Contractor, become property of the Contractor, and shall be legally disposed of off-site. Chain-link fence includes, but is not limited to, fence fabric, posts and post footings, gates, etc. All holes remaining after post removal shall be filled with suitable soil, gravel, or other suitable material and compacted with tampers.

# 101-3.11 Riprap Slope Protection.

**a. General.** Aggregate shall be angular in shape. Thickness of a single Rock shall not be less than one-third its length. Rounded Rock will not be accepted unless authorized by the RPR. Aggregate shall be from overburden, spoil, shale and organic material. Nondurable Rock, shale or Rock with shale seams is not acceptable.

**b. Test Requirements.** Aggregate shall meet the following test requirements:

Material Test		Requirement
Apparent Specific Gravity	AASHTO T 85	2.50 Minimum
% Absorption	AASHTO T 85	6.0 Maximum
Degradation: Passing No. 20 Sieve	ODOT TM 208	35.5% Maximum
Degradation: Sediment Height	ODOT TM 208	8.0% Maximum
Soundness: Average Loss of $2-\frac{1}{2}$ " – $1-\frac{1}{2}$ " and $1\frac{1}{2}$ " – $3\frac{3}{4}$ " fraction after 5 alternations	AASHTO T 104	16.0% Maximum

**c. Gradation Requirements.** Aggregate shall meet the gradation requirements of ODOT Class 100:

Weight of Rock (Pounds)	Percent (by Weight)
100-60	20
60-25	30
25-2	40
2-0	10-0

Uniformly grade each load of riprap from the smallest to the largest weight specified. Control of gradation will be by visual inspection.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

**101-4.1 Chain-Link Fence Removal**. Remove chain-link fence will be measured for payment by linear foot. Measurement will be along the top of the fence from center to center of end posts, including the length occupied by gate openings.

**101-4.2 Riprap Slope Protection.** Aggregate slope protection will be measured for payment by square yard for a depth of 30" of material placed and accepted by the RPR as complying with the Plans and Specifications.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

**101-5.1 Payment.** Payment for remove chain-link fence will be made at the contract unit price per linear foot. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all preparation, excavation, removal and disposal of the demolished materials off airport property; backfill and clean up; and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete this item.

Payment will be made under:

Remove Chain-Link Fence – per linear foot

**101-5.2 Payment.** Payment shall be made at contract unit price per square yard for Riprap Slope Protection (30" Depth). This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all preparation, hauling, and placing of the material and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete this item.

Payment will be made under:

Riprap Slope Protection, 30" Depth – per square yard

#### REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

Advisory Circulars (AC)

AC 150/5380-6 Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements.

ASTM International (ASTM)

ASTM D6690 Standard Specification for Joint and Crack Sealants, Hot Applied, for

Concrete and Asphalt Pavements

#### **END OF ITEM P-101**

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# **Item P-151 Clearing and Grubbing**

#### DESCRIPTION

- **151-1.1** This item shall consist of clearing, including the disposal of materials, for all areas within the limits designated on the plans or as required by the Resident Project Representative (RPR).
- **a.** Clearing shall consist of the cutting and removal of all trees, stumps, brush, logs, hedges, the removal of fences and other loose or projecting material from the designated areas. The grubbing of stumps and roots will not be required.
  - b. Clearing and grubbing Not Used.
  - c. Tree Removal. Not Used.

#### CONSTRUCTION METHODS

**151-2.1 General.** The areas denoted on the plans to be cleared shall be staked on the ground by the Contractor as indicated on the plans.

The removal of existing structures and utilities required to permit orderly progress of work shall be accomplished by local agencies, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Whenever a telephone pole, pipeline, conduit, sewer, roadway, or other utility is encountered and must be removed or relocated, the Contractor shall advise the RPR who will notify the proper local authority or owner to secure prompt action.

- **151-2.1.1 Disposal.** All materials removed by clearing shall be disposed of outside the Airport's limits at the Contractor's responsibility, except when otherwise directed by the RPR. As far as practicable, waste concrete and masonry shall be placed on slopes of embankments or channels. When embankments are constructed of such material, this material shall be placed in accordance with requirements for formation of embankments. Any broken concrete or masonry that cannot be used in construction and all other materials not considered suitable for use elsewhere, shall be disposed of by the Contractor. In no case, shall any discarded materials be left in windrows or piles adjacent to or within the airport limits. The manner and location of disposal of materials shall be subject to the approval of the RPR and shall not create an unsightly or objectionable view. When the Contractor is required to locate a disposal area outside the airport property limits, the Contractor shall obtain and file with the RPR permission in writing from the property owner for the use of private property for this purpose.
- **151-2.1.2 Blasting.** Blasting shall not be allowed.
- **151-2.2 Clearing.** The Contractor shall clear the staked or indicated area of all materials as indicated on the plans. Trees unavoidably falling outside the specified clearing limits must be cut up, removed, and disposed of in a satisfactory manner. To minimize damage to trees that are to be left standing, trees shall be felled toward the center of the area being cleared. The Contractor shall preserve and protect from injury all trees not to be removed. The trees, stumps, and brush shall be cut flush with the original ground surface. The grubbing of stumps and roots will not be required.

Fences shall be removed and disposed of as directed by the RPR. Fence wire shall be neatly rolled and the wire and posts stored on the airport if they are to be used again, or stored at a location designated by the RPR if the fence is to remain the property of a local owner or authority.

151-2.3 Clearing and grubbing. Not Used.

# METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

**151-3.1** The quantities of clearing as shown by the limits on the plans shall be the number of acres, to the nearest tenth, of land specifically cleared.

# **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

**151-4.1** Payment shall be made at the contract unit price per acre, to the nearest tenth, for clearing. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item. Mobilization of clearing equipment shall be incidental to this pay item.

Payment will be made under:

Item P-151-4.1 Clearing – per acre

**END OF ITEM P-151** 

#### **Item F-162 Chain-Link Fence**

#### DESCRIPTION

**162-1.1** This item shall consist of furnishing and erecting a chain-link fence in accordance with these specifications, the details shown on the plans, and in conformity with the lines and grades shown on the plans or established by the RPR.

#### **MATERIALS**

- **162-2.1 Fabric.** The fabric shall be woven with a 9-gauge galvanized steel wire in a 2-inch (50 mm) mesh and shall meet the requirements of ASTM A392, Class 2.
- **162-2.2 Barbed wire.** Barbed wire shall be 2-strand 12-1/2 gauge zinc-coated wire with 4-point barbs and shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A121, Class 3, Chain-Link Fence Grade.
- **162-2.3 Posts, rails, and braces.** Line posts, rails, and braces shall conform to the requirements of ASTM F1043 or ASTM F1083 as follows:
  - Galvanized tubular steel pipe shall conform to the requirements of Group IA, (Schedule 40) coatings conforming to Type A, or Group IC (High Strength Pipe), External coating Type B, and internal coating Type B or D.

The dimensions of the posts, rails, and braces shall be in accordance with Tables I through VI of Federal Specification RR-F-191/3.

- **162-2.4 Gates.** Gate frames shall consist of galvanized steel pipe and shall conform to the specifications for the same material under paragraph 162-2.3. The fabric shall be of the same type material as used in the fence.
- **162-2.5** Wire ties and tension wires. Wire ties for use in conjunction with a given type of fabric shall be of the same material and coating weight identified with the fabric type. Tension wire shall be 7-gauge marcelled steel wire with the same coating as the fabric type and shall conform to ASTM A824.

All material shall conform to Federal Specification RR-F-191/4.

- **162-2.6 Miscellaneous fittings and hardware.** Miscellaneous steel fittings and hardware for use with zinc-coated steel fabric shall be of commercial grade steel or better quality, wrought or cast as appropriate to the article, and sufficient in strength to provide a balanced design when used in conjunction with fabric posts, and wires of the quality specified herein. All steel fittings and hardware shall be protected with a zinc coating applied in conformance with ASTM A153. Barbed wire support arms shall withstand a load of 250 pounds (113 kg) applied vertically to the outermost end of the arm.
- **162-2.7 Concrete.** Concrete shall have a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (2670 kPa).
- **162-2.8 Marking.** Each roll of fabric shall carry a tag showing the kind of base metal (steel, aluminum, or aluminum alloy number), kind of coating, the gauge of the wire, the length of fencing in the roll, and the name of the manufacturer. Posts, wire, and other fittings shall be identified as to manufacturer, kind of base metal (steel, aluminum, or aluminum alloy number), and kind of coating.

# **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

**162-3.1 General.** The fence shall be constructed in accordance with the details on the plans and as specified here using new materials. All work shall be performed in a workmanlike manner satisfactory to the RPR. The Contractor shall establish and mark the property line or fence line for the work. The Contractor shall span the opening below the fence with barbed wire at all locations where it is not practical to conform the fence to the general contour of the ground surface because of natural or manmade features such as drainage ditches. The new fence shall be permanently tied to the terminals of existing fences as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall stake down the woven wire fence at several points between posts as shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall arrange the work so that construction of the new fence will immediately follow the removal of existing fences. The length of unfenced section at any time shall not exceed 300 feet (90 m). The work shall progress in this manner and at the close of the working day the newly constructed fence shall be tied to the existing fence.

**162-3.2 Clearing fence line.** Clearing shall consist of the removal of all stumps, brush, rocks, trees, or other obstructions that will interfere with proper construction of the fence. Stumps within the cleared area of the fence shall be grubbed or excavated. The bottom of the fence shall be placed a uniform distance above ground, as specified in the plans. When shown on the plans or as directed by the RPR, the existing fences which interfere with the new fence location shall be removed by the Contractor as a part of the construction work unless such removal is listed as a separate item in the bid schedule. All holes remaining after post and stump removal shall be refilled with suitable soil, gravel, or other suitable material and compacted with tampers.

The cost of removing and disposing of the material shall not constitute a pay item and shall be considered incidental to fence construction.

**162-3.3 Installing posts.** All posts shall be set in concrete at the required dimension and depth and at the spacing shown on the plans.

The concrete shall be thoroughly compacted around the posts by tamping or vibrating and shall have a smooth finish slightly higher than the ground and sloped to drain away from the posts. All posts shall be set plumb and to the required grade and alignment. No materials shall be installed on the posts, nor shall the posts be disturbed in any manner within seven (7) days after the individual post footing is completed.

Should rock be encountered at a depth less than the planned footing depth, a hole 2 inches (50 mm) larger than the greatest dimension of the posts shall be drilled to a depth of 12 inches (300 mm). After the posts are set, the remainder of the drilled hole shall be filled with grout, composed of one part Portland cement and two parts mortar sand. Any remaining space above the rock shall be filled with concrete in the manner described above.

In lieu of drilling, the rock may be excavated to the required footing depth. No extra compensation shall be made for rock excavation.

- **162-3.4 Installing top rails.** The top rail shall be continuous and shall pass through the post tops. The coupling used to join the top rail lengths shall allow for expansion.
- **162-3.5 Installing braces.** Horizontal brace rails, with diagonal truss rods and turnbuckles, shall be installed at all terminal posts.
- **162-3.6 Installing fabric.** The wire fabric shall be firmly attached to the posts and braced as shown on the plans. All wire shall be stretched taut and shall be installed to the required elevations. The fence shall generally follow the contour of the ground, with the bottom of the fence fabric no less than one inch (25 mm) or more than 4 inches (100 mm) from the ground surface. Grading shall be performed where necessary to provide a neat appearance.

At locations of small natural swales or drainage ditches and where it is not practical to have the fence conform to the general contour of the ground surface, longer posts may be used and multiple strands of barbed wire stretched to span the opening below the fence. The vertical clearance between strands of barbed wire shall be 6 inches (150 mm) or less.

- **162-3.7 Electrical grounds.** Electrical grounds shall be constructed where a power line passes over the fence. The ground shall be installed directly below the point of crossing. The ground shall be accomplished with a copper clad rod 8 feet (2.4 m) long and a minimum of 5/8 inches (16 mm) in diameter driven vertically until the top is 6 inches (150 mm) below the ground surface. A No. 6 solid copper conductor shall be clamped to the rod and to the fence in such a manner that each element of the fence is grounded. Installation of ground rods shall not constitute a pay item and shall be considered incidental to fence construction. The Contractor shall comply with FAA-STD-019, Lightning and Surge Protection, Grounding, Bonding and Shielding Requirements for Facilities and Electronic Equipment, paragraph 4.2.3.8, Lightning Protection for Fences and Gates, where fencing is adjacent to FAA facilities.
- **162-3.8 Cleaning up.** The Contractor shall remove from the vicinity of the completed work all tools, buildings, equipment, etc., used during construction.
- **162-3.9 Boundary Signs.** Boundary Signs shall be installed as shown on the plans. They shall be attached to fence fabric at all 4 corners with bolts and washers compatible with the material of the sign.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

- **162-4.1** Chain-link fence will be measured for payment by the linear foot (meter). Measurement will be along the top of the fence from center to center of end posts, excluding the length occupied by gate openings.
- **162-4.2** Chain-Link Fence Manual Gate will be measured as complete units.
- **162-4.3** 3-strand barbed wire installed on 19-foot automatic vertical pivot gate will be measured for payment by lump sum.

# **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

**162-5.1** Payment for chain-link fence will be made at the contract unit price per linear foot (meter). The price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials for all preparation, erection, and installation of these materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item. The cost of clearing the fence line as described in F-162-3.2 shall be incidental to this pay item. Boundary Signs as described in F-162-3.9 shall be incidental to this pay item.

Payment will be made under:

Item F-162-5.1	6-foot Chain-Link Fence, with 3-strand barbed wire - per linear foot
Item F-162-5.1	5-foot to 6-foot Chain-Link Fence Transition with 3-strand barbed wire - per linear foot
Item F-162-5.1	2-foot to 5-foot Chain-Link Fence Transition with 3-strand barbed wire - per linear foot
Item F-162-5.1	2-foot Chain-Link Fence, with 3-strand barbed wire - per linear foot

**162-5.2** Payment will be made at the contract unit price for each gate. The price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all preparation, erection, and installation of these materials, and for all labor equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete a fully functional gate as shown on the plans.

Payment will be made under:

Item F-162-5.2 Single Panel Swing Gate, 6'-5" - per each

**162-5.3** 3-strand barbed wire installed on 19-foot automatic vertical pivot gate will be measured for payment by lump sum. The price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials for all preparation, erection, and installation of these materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

Payment will be made under:

Item F-162-5.3 3-strand barbed wire – lump sum

#### REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

ASTM International (ASTM)

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ASTM A121	Standard Specification for Metallic-Coated Carbon Steel Barbed Wire
ASTM A153	Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
ASTM A392	Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric
ASTM A491	Standard Specification for Aluminum-Coated Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric
ASTM A824	Standard Specification for Metallic-Coated Steel Marcelled Tension Wire for Use with Chain Link Fence
ASTM B117	Standard Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus
ASTM F668	Standard Specification for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), Polyolefin and other Organic Polymer Coated Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric
ASTM F1043	Standard Specification for Strength and Protective Coatings on Steel Industrial Fence Framework
ASTM F1083	Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Hot-Dipped Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Welded, for Fence Structures
ASTM F1183	Standard Specification for Aluminum Alloy Chain Link Fence Fabric
ASTM F1345	Standard Specification for Zinc 5% Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy Coated Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric
ASTM G152	Standard Practice for Operating Open Flame Carbon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
ASTM G153	Standard Practice for Operating Enclosed Carbon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

ASTM G154 Standard Practice for Operating Fluorescent Ultraviolet (UV) Lamp

Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

ASTM G155 Standard Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for

Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

Federal Specifications (FED SPEC)

FED SPEC RR-F-191/3 Fencing, Wire and Post, Metal (Chain-Link Fence Posts, Top Rails and

Braces)

FED SPEC RR-F-191/4 Fencing, Wire and Post, Metal (Chain-Link Fence Accessories)

FAA Standard

FAA-STD-019 Lightning and Surge Protection, Grounding, Bonding and Shielding

Requirements for Facilities and Electronic Equipment

FAA Orders

5300.38 AIP Handbook

#### **END OF ITEM F-162**

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# CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN (CSPP)



# **CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN**

# AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES

# **Roseburg Regional Airport**

900 SE Douglas Avenue, Roseburg, Oregon

City No. 24GR03

AIP No. 3-41-0054-033-2025



JULY 2025 Issued for Bid



Mead & Hunt Project No.: 1821200-230038.02



# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

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SUPPLEMENT B - SAFETY PLAN COMPLIANCE DOCUMENT, EXAMPLE

SUPPLEMENT C - DAILY SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST

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# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

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# 1. OVERVIEW

This document presents the Construction Safety and Phasing Plan (CSPP) for the Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades project (Project) being performed at Roseburg Regional Airport (RBG or Airport) under the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program (AIP). The City of Roseburg (City) anticipates awarding this contract in the Summer/Fall of 2025 upon approval of the grant by the FAA. The Project is anticipated to be substantially complete by April 1, 2026, with the following durations: Work Area 1 (Base Bid) 50 working days; and Work Area 2 (Bid Additive 1) 20 working days. Final completion shall be 30 consecutive calendar days after substantial completion. Project timeline commences upon contractor mobilization. Contractor shall notify the Airport fourteen (14) consecutive calendar days prior to mobilization.

The objective of this CSPP is to provide a general outline of the construction safety and phasing provisions for working in or near the Air Operations Area (AOA) contained in the bid documents (Project Plans and Specifications), and to explain how those provisions will be implemented during construction.

# 2. PURPOSE

The CSPP provides single source procedural information for all key project personnel to use during construction. The CSPP defines the specific responsibilities of the Airport Operator, the Contractor, Airport tenants, and the Resident Project Representative (RPR). This CSPP includes the FAA's Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD) included in **Supplement B**; provisions for airport safety and security; operational limitations on construction activities; identification of potential hazards and impacts those hazards may have on airfield activities and construction activities; and construction phasing requirements to minimize impact on airfield operations.

Requirements for maintaining operational safety during construction are in conformance with FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-2G, *Operational Safety on Airports during Construction*. The Project specific safety and phasing provisions for the project elements are shown on Plan Sheet G-081 included as **Supplement A**.

# 3. CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING RESPONSIBILITIES

# A. Airport Operator

The Airport Operator is responsible for operational safety on the Airport at all times. The City of Roseburg is the Airport Operator. The City will issue Notice to Airmen (NOTAMS) whenever construction activities occur in the AOA. The City will provide oversight of all construction activities and coordinate those activities with the airport users (pilots) and airport tenants. The City will hold weekly construction progress and safety meetings. During those meetings, operational safety will be reviewed and an action plan will be developed as needed to address any discrepancies in safety that need to be corrected. The City will monitor construction when the RPR is not on site.

The City will require and approve a Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD) from the Contractor prior to the Notice to Proceed. The SPCD outline is attached to this report as **Supplement B.** 

#### B. Construction Contractor

The Contractor will be determined by a competitive bidding process. The Contractor's responsibilities for safety and phasing are detailed and defined in the Contract Documents. The Contractor will be required to attend progress and safety meetings and to correct any discrepancies found in safety. The Contractor is required to submit a completed SPCD to the City for approval by both the FAA and the City prior to the issuance construction Notice to Proceed.

# C. Airport Tenants

The City will notify airport tenants of all pending construction activities that impact them. Tenants will be required to attend construction progress and safety meetings when appropriate.

# D. Resident Project Representative (RPR)

As part of the project Construction Management, Inspection, and Quality Assurance process, the City will monitor construction safety on a daily basis, utilizing the "Construction Project Daily Safety Inspection Checklist" (**Supplement C**) to ensure an appropriate level of priority is given to safety. Any discrepancies in safety will be immediately brought to the attention of the Contractor and the City for corrective action implementation.

# 4. CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING

#### A. Coordination

**Pre-Design Meeting.** A predesign conference was held on November 1, 2022. The Standard Handout for Predesign Conference Agendas 620-03 was utilized to facilitate the meeting. The predesign meeting notes were distributed to the Sponsor, Consulting Engineer, and SEA-ADO program manager.

**Design Progress Meetings.** A design conference was held at the 90% design stage of the Project. Comments received during this were incorporated into the documents. These conferences are held to help avoid possible conflicts between construction activities and the operation of the Airport.

Prebid Conference. An optional prebid conference will be held for the Project on August 5, 2025.

**Preconstruction Conference.** A preconstruction conference will be held as soon as is practical after the Contract has been awarded and before issuance of the notice to proceed. The preconstruction conference participants should include, but not be limited to, the City's project engineer, RPR, Airport management, testing laboratory representative, Contractor and subcontractor(s), Contractor's project superintendent, Contractor's project clerk, Airport users, utility companies, federal, state, or local agencies affected by the proposed construction, and any necessary FAA representatives.

**Contractor Progress Meetings.** Contractor progress meetings will be held for the duration of construction. Airport Security will be a standing agenda item for discussion during progress meetings throughout the Project. Date, time, and location of the progress meetings will be determined at the preconstruction meeting.

# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

**Scope or Schedule Changes.** Scope or schedule changes for the Project may necessitate revisions to the CSPP and may require review and approval by the Airport and the FAA.

**On-site Construction Operations.** At all times when construction activities are being performed on the Project, the prime Contractor must have a designated on-site foreman who is immediately available and authorized to make decisions regarding the operations and safety of all personnel employed by the Contractor and subcontractors.

# B. Phasing and Time Limitations

- Phase 1 Mobilization
- Phase 2 Airport Fencing
  - o Work Area 1 (Base Bid) 50 Working Days
  - o Work Area 2 (Bid Additive 1) 20 Working Days
- Phase 3 Project Closeout (30 Calendar Days)

Phase 2 consists of two (2) work areas. Work Area 1 will require work within Runway 16-34 Object Free Area, work will not be within Runway Obstacle Free Zone. Work Area 2 will impact Gate 2 and the public sidewalk along Aviation Drive. Permitted working days will be Monday through Friday, for additional information regarding work sequencing, see phasing plans.

# 1) Work Area 1 (Base Bid)

- Scope of Work Work includes:
  - 5-foot chain-link fence removal.
  - o 6-foot chain-link fence with 3-strand barbed wire installation.
  - 5-foot to 6-foot chain-link fence transition with 3-strand barbed wire installation.
  - 2-foot to 5-foot chain-link fence transition with 3-strand barbed wire installation.
  - 2-foot chain-link fence with 3-strand barbed wire installation.
  - Clearing
- Area closed to aircraft operations None.
- Duration 50 working days and substantial completion by April 1, 2026.
- Taxi route N/A.
- ARFF access routes N/A.
- Construction staging area Contractor staging will be located southeast of Runway 16-34. Staging will not be permitted within the Runway Object Free Area.
- Construction access and haul route The Contractor shall access the work area through an existing manual airport perimeter gate located off NW Stewart Parkway just west of the NW Steward Parkway and NE Airport Road Intersection.
- Impacts to NAVAIDs None.
- Marking changes None.
- Lighting changes None.
- Required hazard marking and lighting N/A.
- Lead times required for notification 14 calendar days.

# 2) Work Area 2 (Bid Additive 1)

- Scope of Work Work includes:
  - 5-foot chain-link fence removal.
  - o 6-foot chain-link fence with 3-strand barbed wire installation.
  - o 6-foot chain-link gate with 3-strand barbed wire manual pedestrian gate installation.
  - Replacement of 6'-6" Manual Pedestrian gate
- Area closed to aircraft operations None.
- Duration 20 working days and may be concurrent with Work Area 1.
- Taxi route N/A.
- ARFF access routes N/A.
- Construction staging area Contractor staging will be located southwest of the Fixed Base Operator Building.
- Construction access and haul route The Contractor shall access the staging area through an existing manual airport perimeter gate located at the southwest of the Fixed Base Operator Building. The Contractor shall access the work area and staging area via Aviation Drive
- Impacts to NAVAIDs None.
- Marking changes None.
- Lighting changes None.
- Required hazard marking and lighting N/A.
- Lead times required for notification 14 calendar days.
- 3) Construction Safety and Phasing Plan Drawings. Drawings specifically indicating operational safety procedures and methods in affected areas have been developed for each construction phase and work area. These drawings can be found in the contract drawing bid package (Plan Sheet G-081).

# C. Areas and Operations Affected by Construction

#### 1) Runways.

Runway 16-34 will not be affected by construction operations. No work shall be within Runway 16-34 Obstacle Free Zone. Refer to **Section B – Phasing and Time Limitations** for specific closures.

#### 2) Taxiways

Taxiways will not be affected by construction operations. Refer to **Section B – Phasing and Time Limitations** for specific closures.

#### 3) Aprons and Taxilanes

Aprons and taxiways will not be affected by construction operations. Refer to **Section B – Phasing** and **Time Limitations** for specific closures.

#### D. NAVAID Protection

1) VOR/DME

# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

The VOR is located off airport property and will not be affected by construction traffic. The VOR shall remain operational for the entire duration of the Project.

# 2) ASOS

The ASOS is located outside the project limits, is not affected by the Project, and shall remain operational for the entire duration of the Project.

#### 3) Runway 16 PAPI

The Runway 16 PAPI is located outside the project limits and will not be affected by the Project. The runway shall remain operational for the entire duration of the Project.

# 4) Runway 16-34 REILs

Runway 16/34 REILs is located outside the project limits and will not be affected by the Project. The runway shall remain operational for the entire duration of the Project.

#### E. Contractor Access

1) Location of Stockpiled Construction Materials. Location of stockpiled materials and equipment storage shall be in the staging areas or as approved by the City. Stockpiling materials and equipment outside the staging areas shall require prior approval from the City and will be subject to the restrictions described in this paragraph. Stockpiled materials and equipment storage are not permitted within an active RSA, ROFA, OFZ, TOFA, or TSA. See Section Q - Protection of Runway and Taxiway Safety Areas for additional requirements. Stockpiles shall be restricted to a maximum height of 15 feet. Stockpiled material shall meet the requirements of Section F - Wildlife Management to prevent the stockpile location(s) from becoming wildlife attractants.

#### 2) Vehicle and Pedestrian Operations

- a) Construction Site Parking. Employees' vehicles shall be parked within the staging areas or as approved by the City. No employee vehicles will be allowed on airfield pavements (aprons, taxiways, runways, etc.). In areas where the staging area is adjacent to the perimeter security fence, all vehicles shall be positioned a minimum 10 feet away from either side of the fence.
- b) Construction equipment parking. All service and construction vehicles and/or equipment shall be parked in the work area or staging area when not in use and shall be positioned a minimum of 10 feet away from either side of a perimeter security fence. If it is necessary to leave specialized equipment at night, the Airport must approve the request and the equipment shall be lighted in accordance with Section R Other Limitations on Construction.
- c) Access and haul roads. The Contractor will be restricted to use the project security gates and haul routes shown on the drawings. Work area specific haul routes are shown on the work area plans. See paragraphs (e) and (f) in this section for requirements operating within the airfield environment.

- d) Marking and lighting of vehicles. Marking and lighting of vehicles on airports shall be in accordance with FAA AC 150/5210-5D, which has been outlined in this section. Only marked Contractor-owned or -operated vehicles required for the proper execution of the work will be allowed in the work area. All vehicles and equipment shall have a 3-foot by 3-foot flag having a checkered pattern of international orange and white squares at least one foot on each side. All vehicles and equipment must be equipped with an omni-directional amber flashing light for all airfield activities between sunset and sunrise or when visibility is low. Vehicles within the airfield environment shall display company identification markings on both sides of the vehicle. Non-motorized equipment shall have reflective devices displayed on the front, back, and sides. All supervisory and survey personnel vehicles which operate unescorted within the airfield environment but outside the work area shall have a company vehicle with an amber flashing light mounted on the roof of the cab and identifying markings, visible from 300 feet, mounted on both sides of the vehicle.
- **e) Description of proper vehicle operations.** All Contractor vehicles shall operate along the haul routes and within the project areas as shown on the phasing plans.
- f) Required escorts. The Project is outside the AOA. Escorts are not anticipated.
- g) Training requirement for vehicle drivers. This Project is outside the AOA. Training of drivers is not anticipated for this Project.
- h) Situational awareness. Contractor personnel shall yield right-of-way to emergency vehicles displaying rotating beacons (other than amber) and/or using sirens and other audible emergency signals. In the event of an emergency, Contractor personnel shall be prepared to move workers, vehicles, and equipment immediately at the direction of the City. While driving or working in the airfield environment, there shall be no devices in or on ears other than those used to protect hearing or communicate company business. Texting while driving is prohibited.
- i) Maintenance of the secured area of the Airport. In areas of work activities, the Contractor shall maintain security against unauthorized access to the airfield area through the security fence and/or gate(s). Fences and gates shall be secured and locked when not in use at all times. Gate personnel shall be required when the fence and security gate(s) are open.

Where the Contractor's lock is used for access through airport gates, mark the lock to identify the Contractor. Place the lock in series with existing locks. Failure to adhere to these requirements will result in the Contractor's lock being removed by the City. All access gates shall be kept clear of equipment and materials.

# F. Wildlife Management

1) Trash. Receptacles shall be provided by the Contractor and equipped with metal, canvas, or plastic covers. Food scraps or other trash may not be disposed on the ground, and must be collected and placed in the covered receptacles so not attract wildlife.

# ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

- 2) Standing water. Staging areas, stockpile areas, and the work area shall be graded to drain to avoid attracting wildlife.
- 3) Tall grass and seeds. The use of low quality seed mixtures that contain seeds of plants (such as clover) will attract wildlife and shall not be used. Grass and weeds shall be managed, or cut, if necessary, within work areas to avoid attracting wildlife.
- 4) Poorly maintained fencing and gates. Fences and/or gates left open and unattended can allow undesired wildlife inside the airport perimeter fence. Refer to Section E Contractor Access for requirements of maintaining the secured area of the Airport. Contractor personnel shall immediately notify the Airport of unwanted wildlife inside the airport perimeter fence.
- 5) Disruption of existing wildlife habitat. Two federally listed birds potentially occur in Douglas County, the Marbled murrelet and the northern spotted owl, as well as two federally listed insects, the Franklin's Bumble Bee and Monarch Butterfly. Per the Environmental CATEX, record retrieval found no documented occurrences of these species at the Airport, and a field visit during the Biological Assessment indicated that the project site does not provide suitable habitat.

# G. Foreign Object Debris (FOD) Management

The Contractor will be required to ensure the airfield environment is kept continuously free of construction debris, equipment and/or materials that might endanger or be ingested by an aircraft. Take extreme care to ensure no work-related debris or other loose items are allowed to be blown by wind or aircraft engine blast. The Contractor shall be responsible for any resulting damage to aircraft engines and/or other property arising from failure to secure and/or protect debris, tools, supplies, or other loose items. Following the requirements in **Section F – Wildlife Management** will help eliminate the potential for FOD.

In areas that may result in the tracking of soil, sediments, or hazardous materials on the wheels of hauling equipment outside the area that are enclosed by erosion and silt/sediment control devices, the Contractor shall provide the means and methods to remove these materials prior to the vehicle exiting the controlled area. If water wash stations are used, the Contractor shall provide systems for the collection, treatment, and disposal of wheel wash water and accumulated sediment. Equipment operated on haul routes over existing pavements shall be kept free of material spillage and foreign matter at all times.

Dust shall be controlled during the entire Contract period, including weekends and holidays. The Contractor shall provide the means and methods to prevent dust, grit and other waste products from becoming a nuisance in and around the working areas. The Contractor shall take action as necessary, with the approval of the City, to reduce or eliminate such nuisance. The determination of nuisance is at sole discretion of the City.

# H. Hazardous Materials (HAZMAT) Management

- 1) If shipments of hazardous material (including hazardous debris, contaminated soil or water, and hazardous waste) will be unloaded onto or loaded from airport property, the Contractor shall have a qualified person available onsite who is current with U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) approved training for the transportation of hazardous materials. Contractor shall properly characterize and manifest waste material leaving airport property for disposal. When the waste reaches its final destination, the owner or operator of the designated and permitted treatment, storage, and disposal (TSD) facility shall sign the manifest and return a copy to the City within 35 days to confirm receipt.
- 2) Minor spills can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. First responder should contain the spread of the spill, recover spilled materials, clean the contaminated area, and properly dispose of contaminated materials. For minor spills, consult the product's MSDS for recommended actions for spills or container leaks. Additionally, MSDS's provide emergency phone numbers and occupational health hazard information.
- 3) Semi-significant spills can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. Notify the City of semi-significant spills. Spills should be cleaned up immediately. Contain the spread of the spill and notify the project foreman immediately. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up by using dry methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.
- 4) Significant/Hazardous spills that cannot be controlled by personnel in the immediate vicinity must be reported to the local emergency response by dialing 911. In addition to 911, the Contractor will notify the Airport and proper county officials, and notify the state Emergency Services Warning Center. The services of a spills contractor or a HAZMAT team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staff have arrived at the job site. Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the Fire Department, the Public Works Department, the Highway Patrol, the City/County Police Department, and the Department of Toxic Substance.
- 5) Ensure that hazardous goods and material delivered to or from the construction site meet applicable DOT labeling and placarding requirements. Upon request from the Airport, supply material safety data sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous material being delivered to the site.
- 6) The storage and shipment of hazardous waste shall also comply with the requirements of this section. It is emphasized, however, that although spills resulting from incidents or accidents should be responded to, securing the well-being of people comes first.

## ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

7) Good housekeeping practices should be utilized during equipment fueling and maintenance operations. Inspect fueling equipment for leaks prior to dispensing. Fueling operations shall be continuously attended while dispensing fuel. Fueling and maintenance operations shall not be performed within 100 feet of a storm drain, inlet, ditch, surface water, wetland, etc. to allow adequate time for containment in the event of a spill.

#### I. Notification of Construction Activities

If conditions at the Airport are such that the operational safety of the Airport is adversely affected, the Airport must be notified immediately.

1) Responsible representatives/points of contact

Name	Representing	Office
Jesten Brenner	City of Roseburg	541-492-6767
Mark Forslund	Mead & Hunt, Inc.	971-256-0888
Timothy House	FAA	206-231-4248

Additional points of contact will be provided at the preconstruction meeting.

- 2) Notices to Airmen (NOTAM). Only the City may initiate or cancel a NOTAM on airport conditions and is the only entity that can close or open a runway. Points of contact for issuing NOTAMS are as follows:
  - Main Contact: Rob Levin, 541-430-8339 (cell)
  - Alternate Contact: Jesten Brenner, 541-492-6767
- 3) Emergency contact information.
  - Emergency DIAL 911
  - City of Roseburg 541-643-0682 (Ryan Herinckx)
  - CTAF radio emergency 122.80 MHz (Ryan Herinckx)
  - Roseburg Police Department 541-440-6760
  - Roseburg Fire Department 541-492-6770
  - Hospital Mercy Medical Center 541-673-0611
  - Oregon Poison Center 800-222-1222
- 4) Coordination with ARFF personnel. There is no Aircraft Rescue and Firefighting (ARFF) located on the airfield. The Airport is served by the Roseburg Fire Department. The proposed Project does not deactivate waterlines or hydrants and is not anticipated to include the use of hazardous materials. Therefore, coordination efforts with City of Roseburg Fire Department are not anticipated for the Project.

#### 5) Notification of the FAA.

- a) Part 77. The Project will affect navigable airspace. Therefore, the Airport will file an FAA 7460-1, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, for the Project. Any equipment, (cranes, graders, other equipment) used by the Contractor that exceed the height limitation in Section R Other Limitations on Construction must also have a 7460-1 airspace evaluation and determination prior to use.
- b) NAVAIDS. For emergency (short-notice) notification about impacts to both airport-owned and FAA-owned NAVAIDs, contact 866-432-2622. All NAVAIDS are Airport-owned and are not anticipated to be impacted during the Project.
  - Airport-owned/FAA-maintained facilities
     There are no Airport-owned/FAA-maintained facilities located on the Airport
  - FAA-owned facilities
     There are no FAA-owned facilities located on the Airport
- c) Strategic Interruptions Service Level Agreement. The City will notify FAA-ATO, Planning and Requirements, Western Service Area, preferably 45 days in advance for runway closures and temporary shutdown of NAVAIDs. A shutdown of NAS equipment must be reported for consecutive days in excess of 4 hours daily or for time periods greater than 24 hours, or for runway/taxiway closures greater than 24 hours. The proposed Project does not impact airfield operations. Therefore, coordination efforts for airfield closures are not anticipated for the Project.

#### J. Inspection Requirements

- 1) Daily Inspections. Inspections should be conducted by the Contractor at least daily, but more frequently if necessary to ensure conformance with the CSPP. These areas shall be maintained in accordance with Section G Foreign Object Debris Management. Supplement C contains a safety inspection checklist that may be used by the Contractor or City.
- 2) Final Inspections. A final inspection shall be conducted by the City prior to final acceptance.

#### K. Underground Utilities

Notify the Oregon Utility Notification Center (OUNC), and owners of underground utilities within the construction area or within affected public rights-of-way or easements, via the "one-call" notification system (1-800-332-2344) in advance of the commencement of excavation activities. Notify the City when the "one-call" request is being initiated. Contractor shall not cross electrical or communication cables unless protected by approved means. In the event of interruption to field-located utility services as a result of the work, promptly notify the City first, and then the proper authority. Cooperate with said authority in restoring service as promptly as possible. If required, the Contractor shall install suitable temporary service until permanent repair is completed.

#### L. Penalties

Liquidated Damages are defined in Section 80-08 of the General Contract Provisions. Additionally, the Contractor is responsible for maintaining security during construction as detailed herein. The City is subject to fines up to \$20,000 for security violations. The Contractor shall be responsible for any fines caused by the Contractor's failure to observe the security requirements contained herein or required by the SPCD. Violations may be cause for the Project to be stopped and project safety procedures evaluated. Contractor calendar days will continue to be charged, even if the City ceases construction operations. The City will decide if and when work will continue. Enforcement of these regulations will be by the City and/or Police.

Violations of the driving regulations may be cause for the Project to be stopped and project safety procedures evaluated. The City will decide if and when work will continue. Enforcement of these regulations will be by the City and/or Police.

#### M. Special Conditions

- 1) An aircraft in distress may require the Contractor to immediately move equipment away from an aircraft movement area. The City will notify the Contractor in the unlikely event of an aircraft in distress. The Contractor will be required to comply with all City instructions.
- 2) Various circumstances, such as an aircraft accident, security breach, or other unforeseen event may require suspension of the construction. The City will notify the Contractor when suspension of the work will be required. Refer to **Section I Notification of Construction Activities** for emergency contact information.
- 3) A VPD (vehicle/pedestrian deviation) is any entry or movement on the movement area by a vehicle or pedestrian that has not been authorized by the City. In the event of a VPD, the City reserves the right to suspend the work or any portion thereof and continue suspension until the completion of any investigation or evaluation by the City and full compliance with any corrective measures which the City may reasonably require. In addition, the City may require the Contractor to provide to the City a written plan, satisfactory to the City, to demonstrate the Contractor's ability to prevent future violations. Refer to Section E Contractor Access for vehicle and pedestrian operations and two-way radio communication requirements.
- 4) During any emergency air operations, the Contractor may be instructed to cease work or vacate specific areas of the Airport. Any delays caused by ordered cessation of work shall be grounds for time extensions as approved by the Engineer. No additional payment shall be allowed for emergency cessation of work.

#### N. Runway and Taxiway Visual Aids

The proposed Project does not impact airfield operations. Therefore, temporary runway and taxiway lighting, marking, signs, or visual NAVAIDs are not required.

#### O. Marking and Signs for Access Routes

The Contractor may place traffic control signs and/or devices along Aviation Drive, as appropriate, to advise vehicular traffic of construction operations and hauling. Signs and/or devices shall conform with the Federal Highway Administration Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2009 edition.

#### P. Hazard Marking and Lighting

- 1) Before starting work, provide and have available all signs, barricades, and lights necessary for protection of the work. Install and maintain adequate warning signs and lighted barricades to protect property and personnel in the work area. Barricades shall be weighted or anchored to prevent overturning from wind or aircraft engine blast.
- 2) The Contractor shall have a person on call 24 hours a day for emergency maintenance of airport hazard lighting and barricades. The Contractor must file the contact person's information with the City. Lighting shall be checked for proper operation at least once per day, preferably at dusk.
- 3) Open trenches, excavations, or obstructions not being actively worked shall be marked with lighted and weighted barricades which can be seen from a reasonable distance.
- 4) If construction is performed during nighttime hours, lighting equipment must adequately illuminate the construction area. All support equipment should be equipped with artificial illumination to safely illuminate the area immediately surrounding the construction area. Lights shall be positioned to provide the most natural color illumination and contrast with minimal shadows. Determine light spacing in the field. If used, light towers should be positioned and adjusted to aim away from active runways to prevent blinding effects. Shielding may be necessary.

#### Q. Protection of Runway and Taxiway Safety Areas

1) Runway Safety Area (RSA). No construction may occur within the existing RSA while the runway is open for aircraft operations. Open trenches or excavations are not permitted within the RSA while the runway is open. If possible, backfill trenches before opening the runway. If the runway must be opened before excavations are backfilled, cover the excavations appropriately with steel trench plates or other methods approved by the City. Covering for open trenches and excavations must be designed to allow the safe operations of the heaviest aircraft (90,000-pound dual wheel load) operating on the runway across the trench or excavation without damage to the aircraft. Contractors must prominently mark open trenches and excavations at the construction site with red or orange flags, as approved by the City, and light them with red lights during hours of restricted visibility or darkness. Soil erosion must be controlled to maintain RSA standards; that is, the RSA must be cleared and graded and have no potentially hazardous ruts, humps, depressions, or other surface variations, and capable, under dry conditions, of supporting the occasional passage of aircraft without causing structural damage to the aircraft. The dimension for the Runway 16-34 RSA is 75 feet each side of centerline and 300 feet beyond each runway end. Work inside the limits of the RSA is not anticipated for the Project as identified in the work area plans and identified in Section B - Phasing and Time Limitations.

## ROSEBURG REGIONAL AIRPORT – AIRPORT FENCING AND SECURITY UPGRADES CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN

- 2) Runway Object Free Area (ROFA). Construction, including excavations, may be permitted within the ROFA; however, equipment must be removed from the ROFA when not in use and material should not be stockpiled in the ROFA. Stockpiling material in the ROFA requires submittal of a 7460-1 form and City approval. The dimension for the Runway 16-34 ROFA is 250 feet each side of centerline and 300 feet beyond each Runway 16 end. Work inside the limits of the ROFA is required for the Project as identified in the work area plans and identified in Section B Phasing and Time Limitations.
- 3) Taxiway Safety Area (TSA). No construction may occur in the TSA while the taxiway is open to aircraft operations. Open trenches or excavations are not permitted within the TSA while the taxiway is open. If possible, backfill trenches before the taxiway are opened. If the taxiway must be opened before excavations are backfilled, cover the excavations appropriately. Covering for open trenches must be designed to allow the safe operations of the heaviest aircraft (90,000-pound dual wheel load) operating on the taxiway across the trench without damage to the aircraft. Contractors must prominently mark open trenches and excavations at the construction site with red or orange flags, as approved by the City, and light them with red lights during hours of restricted visibility or darkness.

Soil erosion must be controlled to maintain TSA standards; that is, the TSA must be cleared and graded and have no potentially hazardous ruts, humps, depressions, or other surface variations, and capable, under dry conditions, of supporting the occasional passage of aircraft without causing structural damage to the aircraft. For the Project, the TSA is 39.5 feet each side of taxiway centerline. No impacts to the TSA are anticipated for this Project.

- 4) Taxiway Object Free Area (TOFA). No construction will be allowed within the taxiway object free area while the taxiway is open to aircraft operations. For the Project, the TOFA is 65.5 feet each side of centerline. No impacts to the TOFA are anticipated for this Project.
- 5) Obstacle Free Zone (OFZ). Personnel, material, and/or equipment may not penetrate the OFZ while the runway is open to aircraft operations. The dimension for Runway 16-34 OFZ is 200 feet wide each side of centerline and 200 feet beyond each runway end. Work inside the limits of the OFZ is not anticipated for the Project as identified in the work area plans and identified in Section B Phasing and Time Limitations.
- 6) Runway approach/departure surfaces. All personnel, material, and/or equipment must remain clear of the threshold siting surfaces (approach and departure surfaces). No impacts to the Runway 16-34 approach/departure surfaces are anticipated for the Project.
  - a) Runway 16-34 Approach Surface

Runway 16-34 is a visual approach. Using Table 3-2 and Figure 3-3 from FAA AC 150/5300-13B for Runway Type 3, the resulting approach surface begins 200 feet behind the displaced runway threshold and consists of a trapezoid with the following dimensions:

- Width at inner approach (runway threshold) 400 feet
- Width at outer approach 1,000 feet
- Length of approach 10,000 feet
- Approach slope 20:1

#### b) Runway 16-34 Departure Surface

Runway 16-34 is a visual departure. Using Table 3-2 and Figure 3-4 from FAA AC 150/5300-13B for Runway Type 10, the resulting departure surface begins at the runway pavement end and consists of a trapezoid with the following dimensions:

- Width at inner departure (runway threshold) 1,000 feet
- Width at outer departure 6,466 feet
- Length of departure 10,200 feet
- Departure slope 40:1

#### R. Other Limitations on Construction

#### 1) Prohibitions

- a) Open flame welding or torches are prohibited unless fire safety precautions are provided and the City has approved their use.
- b) Electrical blasting caps are prohibited on or within 1,000 feet of the airport property.
- c) The use of flare pots is prohibited.
- **d)** No smoking will be allowed within the airfield environment except as designated by the City.
- e) Tall equipment (cranes, etc) is prohibited without a 7460-1 determination letter from the FAA. The FAA requires a 45-day period for all 7460s.
- f) Firearms are prohibited on airport property unless specifically requested and approved by the City.

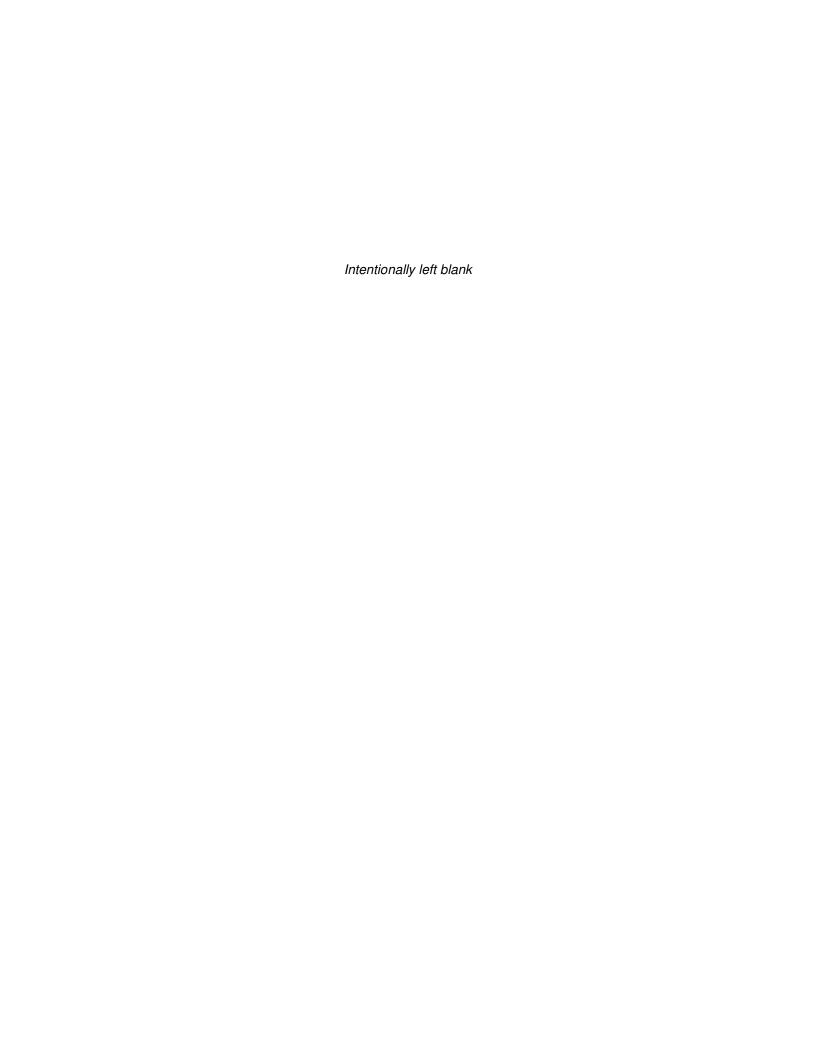
#### 2) Restrictions

#### a) Equipment.

- 1) Construction equipment that extends 25 feet or more above ground level shall be cleared through the City prior to moving onto site. Equipment that may be lowered readily shall be lowered at night, during reduced daytime visibility, and during other periods of storage.
- 2) If directed by the City, construction equipment that cannot be lowered below the 25-foot height limitation shall be lighted at night and during periods of reduced daytime visibility. Light shall be mounted on the highest point of equipment; shall be omni-directional; and shall consist of, as a minimum, one (1) 100-watt bulb enclosed within an aviation red lens. Also, for daytime operations, mount an FAA-approved three-foot square orange and white checkered flag at the highest point.
- 3) During daylight hours with severe visibility problems or heavy fog, cranes shall not operate. The City will determine when visibility problems exist and will coordinate and designate requirements for position and location of flag and light.
- 4) Construction sequence, duration, and time limitations can be found in Section B Phasing and Time Limitations and the work area plans.



# Supplement B – Safety Plan Compliance Document (SPCD)



# CONTRACTOR'S SAFETY PLAN COMPLIANCE DOCUMENT (SPCD) (FAA AC 150/5370-2G)

### **Project Information**

Airport and Sponsor:	Roseburg Regional Airport, City of Rose	burg
Project ID:	FAA AIP NO. 3-41-0054-033-2025	
Description of Project: _	Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades	
Type of Work:	Airport Fencing and Security Upgrades	
FAA Project Manager:_	Timothy House	Phone: <u>206-231-4248</u>
Airport Operator Contac	t: <u>Jesten Brenner</u>	Phone: <u>541-492-6767</u>
Contractor's Informati	<u>on</u>	
Prime Contractor:		
Address:		
Contractor Contact:		Phone:
Contractor's Respons	<u>ibility</u>	
shall be prepared in a contractor's compliance.  The Contractor shall of	letailed written and graphical format that with the project's Construction Safety are comply with all provisions contained	tice-to-Proceed for Construction. The SPCD identifies the timing and methodology for the and Phasing Plan (CSPP).  herein and provide the following projector FAA-approved Construction Safety and
	II have copies of the CSPP and SPCD rand its representatives, and by Contrac	available at all times for reference by the tor's and subcontractor's employees.
Location(s) of CSPI	P and SPCD:	
response to co	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or initiating and coordinating an immediate t may adversely affect the operational safety

<ol><li>Provide list of Contractor's on-site employees responsible for monitoring compliance with the CSPF and SPCD whenever active construction is ongoing.</li></ol>
Contact Person:
Phone:
4. Contractor shall conduct inspections at least once daily, and more frequently if necessary to ensure construction personnel comply with the CSPP and SPCD and that there are no altered construction activities that could create potential safety hazards. A Construction Project Daily Safety Inspection Checklist is attached.
5. Describe details of Contractor's plan to restrict movement of construction vehicles and personnel to permitted construction areas by flagging, barricading, erecting temporary fencing, or providing escorts, as appropriate and as specified in the CSPP. Include the appropriate plan sheets to identify timing and/or location of control measures: [Contractor to insert detailed description.]
6. Describe details of Contractor's plan to ensure that no employees of Contractor, subcontractors suppliers, or other persons enter any part of the Air Operations Area (AOA) unless authorized [Contractor to insert detailed description.]
7. Provide a description and schedule of anticipated operation for all Contractor equipment over 18 feet in height (e.g., cranes, concrete pumps, other similarly tall equipment) and heights of stockpiles and haul routes when different from what is shown on previously filed CSPP [Contractor to insert detailed equipment list/stockpile heights as applicable.]

(As necessary, the Contractor must coordinate with the Airport Operator for the purpose of filing a supplemental submittal of FAA Form 7460-1 to the FAA for determination of whether or not an aeronautical study must be conducted prior to allowing tall equipment operations to begin.)

8. Provide a description of Contractor's plan to ensure that construction personnel are familiar with the safety procedures and regulations on the Airport, the CSPP, and the SPCD. [Contractor to insert detailed description.]

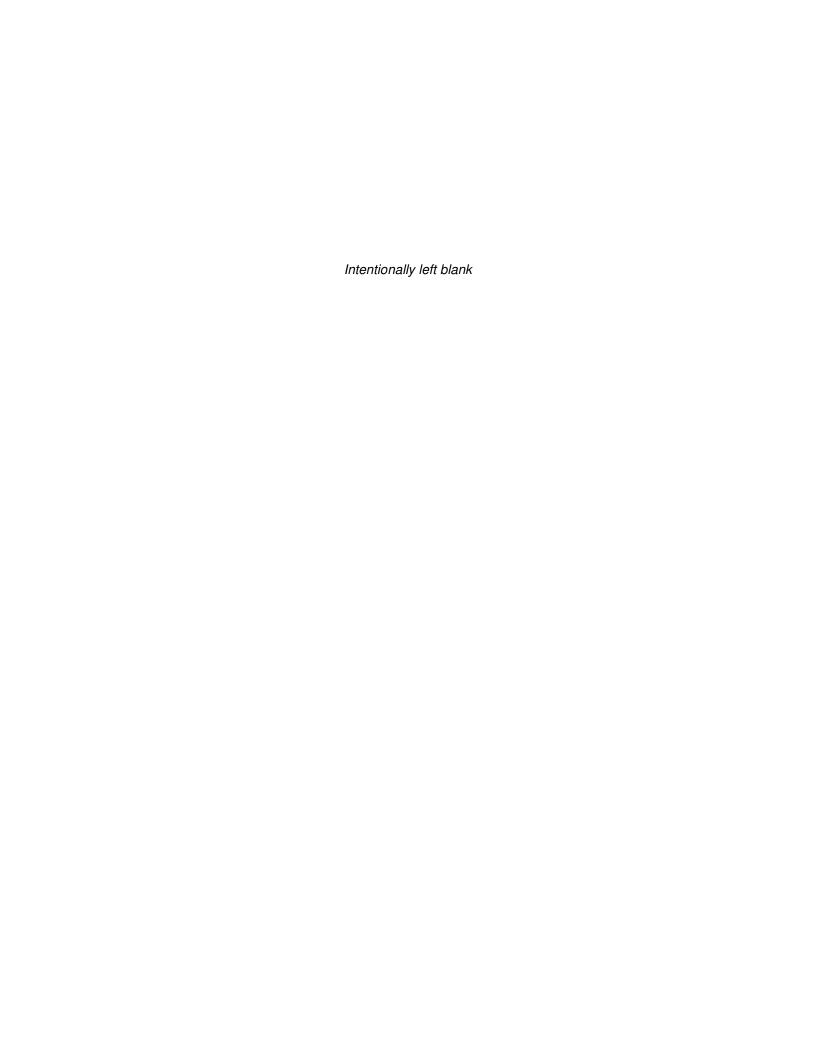
#### **SPCD Amendment**

The SPCD shall be amended when there is a construction practice proposed by the Contractor that does not conform to the CSPP and SPCD and may impact the Airport's operational safety. This will require a revision to the CSPP and SPCD and re-coordination with the Airport Operator and the FAA in advance.

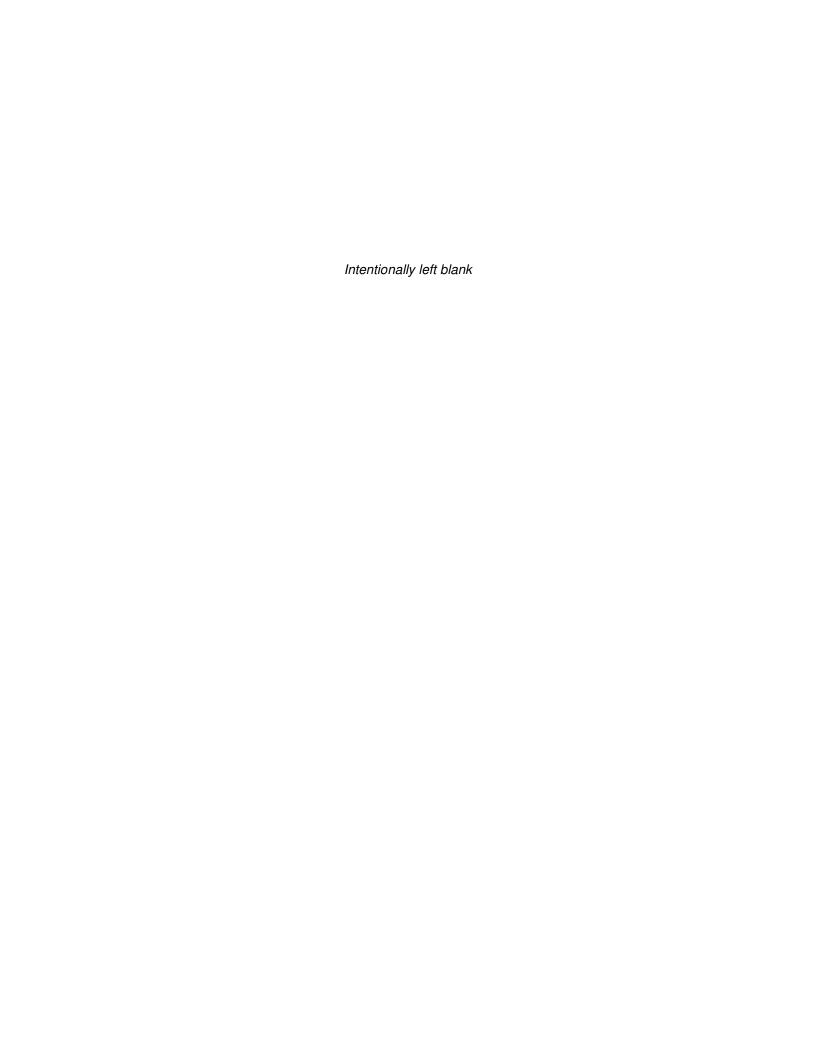
#### **Statement of Certification**

I certify that we understand the operational safety requirements of the CSPP and assert that we will not deviate from the approved CSPP and SPCD unless written approval is granted by the Airport Operator and FAA.

Signature:			
Print Name	:		
Title:			



# Supplement C - Daily Safety Inspection Checklist



#### CONSTRUCTION PROJECT DAILY SAFETY INSPECTION CHECKLIST

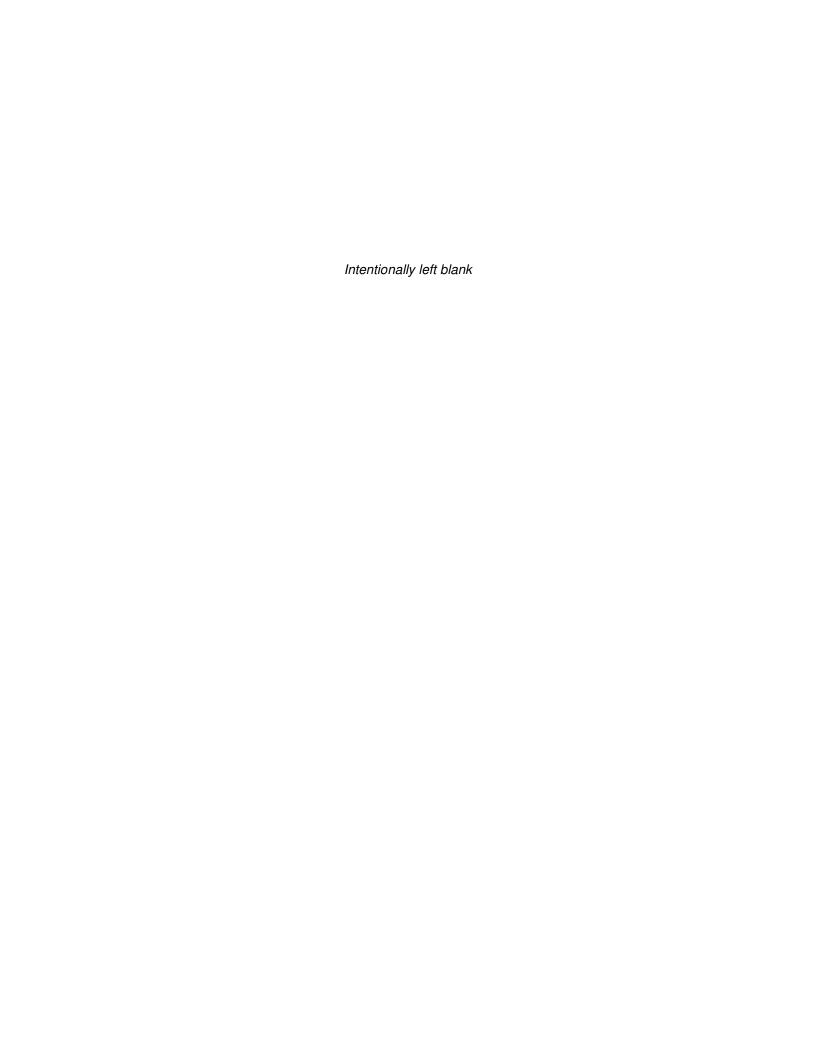
The situations identified below are potentially hazardous conditions that may occur during airport construction projects. Safety area encroachments, unauthorized and improper ground vehicle operations, and unmarked or uncovered holes and trenches near aircraft operating surfaces pose the most prevalent threats to airport operational safety during airport construction projects. The list below is one tool that the airport operator or contractor may use to aid in identifying and correcting potentially hazardous conditions. It should be customized as appropriate for each project.

#### POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS

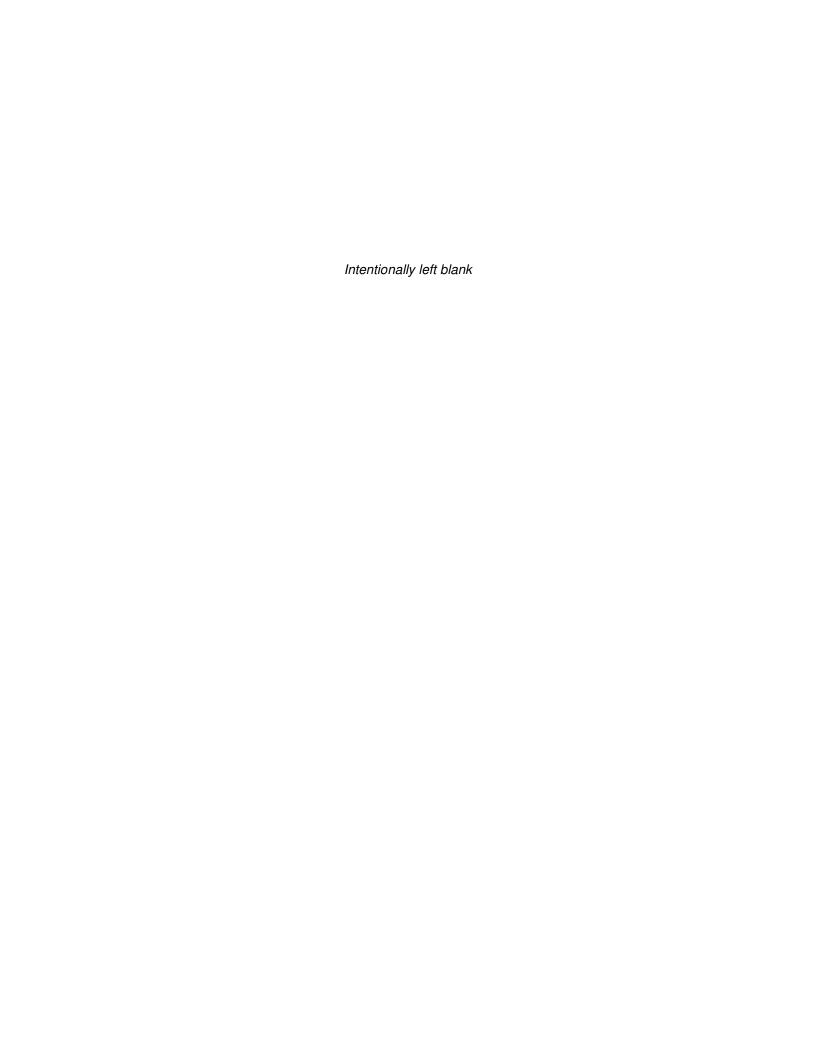
Excavation adjacent to runways, taxiways, and aprons improperly backfilled.    Mounds of earth, construction materials, temporary structures, and other obstacles near any open runway, taxiway, or taxi lane; in the related Object Free area and aircraft approach or departure areas/zones; or obstructing any sign or marking.    Runway resurfacing projects resulting in lips exceeding 3 in (7.6 cm) from pawement edges and ends.    Heavy equipment (stationary or mobile) operating or idle near AOA, in runway approaches and departures areas, or in OFZ.    Equipment or material near NAVAIDs that may degrade or impair radiated signals and/or the monitoring of navigation and visual aids. Unauthorized or improper vehicle operations in localizer or glide slope critical areas, resulting in electronic interference and/or facility shutdown.    Tall and especially relatively low visibility units (that is, equipment with slim profiles) – cranes, drills, and similar objects – located in critical areas, such as OFZ and approach zones.    Improperly positioned or malfunctioning lights or unlighted airport hazards, such as holes or excavations, on any apron, open taxiway, or open taxi lane or in a related safety, approach, or departure area.    Obstacles, loose pavement, trash, and other debris on or near AOA. Construction debris (gravel, sand, mud, paving materials) on airport pavements may result in aircraft propeller, turbine engine, or tire damage. Also, loose materials may blow about, potentially causing personal injury or equipment damage.	Item	Action Required	or	None
Mounds of earth, construction materials, temporary structures, and other obstacles near any open runway, taxiway, or taxi lane; in the related Object Free area and aircraft approach or departure areas/zones; or obstructing any sign or marking.  Runway resurfacing projects resulting in lips exceeding 3 in (7.6 cm) from pavement edges and ends.  Heavy equipment (stationary or mobile) operating or idle near AOA, in runway approaches and departures areas, or in OFZ.  Equipment or material near NAVAIDs that may degrade or impair radiated signals and/or the monitoring of navigation and visual aids. Unauthorized or improper vehicle operations in localizer or glide slope critical areas, resulting in electronic interference and/or facility shutdown.  Tall and especially relatively low visibility units (that is, equipment with slim profiles) – cranes, drills, and similar objects – located in critical areas, such as OFZ and approach zones.  Improperly positioned or malfunctioning lights or unlighted airport hazards, such as holes or excavations, on any apron, open taxiway, or open taxi lane or in a related safety, approach, or departure area.  Obstacles, loose pavement, trash, and other debris on or near AOA. Construction debris (gravel, sand, mud, paving materials) on airport pavements may result in aircraft propeller, turbine engine, or tire damage. Also, loose materials may blow about, potentially causing personal	Excavation adjacent to runways, taxiways, and aprons			
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Item	Action Required or	None
Inappropriate or poorly maintained fencing during		
construction intended to deter human and animal		П
intrusions into the AOA. Fencing and other markings that		
are inadequate to separate construction areas from open		
AOA create aviation hazards.		
Improper or inadequate marking or lighting of runways		
(especially thresholds that have been displaced or		
runways that have been closed) and taxiways that could		
cause pilot confusion and provide a potential for a runway		
incursion. Inadequate or improper methods of marking,		
barricading, and lighting of temporarily closed portions of		
AOA create aviation hazards.		
Wildlife attractants – such as trash (food scraps not		
collected from construction personnel activity), grass		
seeds, tall grass, or standing water – on or near airports.		Ш
Obliterated or faded temporary markings on active		
operational areas.		ш
Misleading or malfunctioning obstruction lights. Unlighted		
or unmarked obstructions in the approach to any open		
runway pose aviation hazards.		
Failure to issue, update, or cancel NOT AMs about airport		
or runway closures or other construction related airport		
conditions.		
Failure to mark and identify utilities or power cables.		
Damage to utilities and power cables during construction		
activity can result in the loss of runway / taxiway lighting;		
loss of navigation, visual, or approach aids; disruption of		ΙШ
weather reporting services; and/or loss of		
communications.		
Restrictions on ARFF access from fire stations to the		
runway / taxiway system or airport building.		ш
Lack of radio communications with construction vehicles		
in airport movement areas.		ш
Objects, regardless of whether they are marked or		
flagged, or activities anywhere on or near an airport that		
could be distracting, confusing, or alarming to pilots during		
aircraft operations.		
Water, snow, dirt, debris, or other contaminants that		
temporarily obscure or derogate the visibility of		
runway/taxiway marking, lighting, and pavement edges.		
Any condition or factor that obscures or diminishes the		
visibility of areas under construction.		
Spillage from vehicles (gasoline, diesel fuel, oil) on active		
pavement areas, such as runways, taxiways, aprons, and		
airport roadways.		
anport roadways.		1

Item	Action Required	or	None
Failure to maintain drainage system integrity during			
construction (for example, no temporary drainage			Ш
provided when working on a drainage system).			
Failure to provide for proper electrical lockout and tagging			
procedures. At larger airports with multiple maintenance			
shifts/workers, construction contractors should make			
provisions for coordinating work on circuits.			
Failure to control dust. Consider limiting the amount of			
area from which the contractor is allowed to strip turf.			ш
Exposed wiring that creates an electrocution or fire			
ignition hazard. Identify and secure wiring and place it in			ш
conduit or bury it.			
Site burning, which can cause possible obscuration.			
Construction work taking place outside designated work			П
areas and out of phase.			



# Supplement D - Definitions Of Terms



12/13/2017 AC 150/5370-2G Appendix C

## **APPENDIX C. TERMS AND ACRONYMS**

**Table B-1. Terms and Acronyms** 

Term	Definition
Form 7460-1	Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration. For on-airport projects, the form submitted to the FAA regional or airports division office as formal written notification of any kind of construction or alteration of objects that affect navigable airspace, as defined in 14 CFR Part 77, <i>Safe, Efficient Use, and Preservation of the Navigable Airspace</i> . (See guidance available on the FAA web site at <a href="https://oeaaa.faa.gov">https://oeaaa.faa.gov</a> .) The form may be downloaded at <a href="http://www.faa.gov/airports/resources/forms/">https://oeaaa.faa.gov</a> . or filed electronically at: <a href="https://oeaaa.faa.gov">https://oeaaa.faa.gov</a> .
Form 7480-1	Notice of Landing Area Proposal. Form submitted to the FAA Airports Regional Division Office or Airports District Office as formal written notification whenever a project without an airport layout plan on file with the FAA involves the construction of a new airport; the construction, realigning, altering, activating, or abandoning of a runway, landing strip, or associated taxiway; or the deactivation or abandoning of an entire airport The form may be downloaded at <a href="http://www.faa.gov/airports/resources/forms/">http://www.faa.gov/airports/resources/forms/</a> .
Form 6000-26	Airport Sponsor Strategic Event Submission Form
AC	Advisory Circular
ACSI	Airport Certification Safety Inspector
ADG	Airplane Design Group
AIP	Airport Improvement Program
ALECP	Airport Lighting Equipment Certification Program
ANG	Air National Guard
AOA	Air Operations Area, as defined in 14 CFR Part 107. Means a portion of an airport, specified in the airport security program, in which security measures are carried out. This area includes aircraft movement areas, aircraft parking areas, loading ramps, and safety areas, and any adjacent areas (such as general aviation areas) that are not separated by adequate security systems, measures, or procedures. This area does not include the secured area of the airport terminal building.
ARFF	Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting
ARP	FAA Office of Airports
ASDA	Accelerate-Stop Distance Available
AT	Air Traffic
ATCT	Airport Traffic Control Tower
ATIS	Automatic Terminal Information Service
ATO	Air Traffic Organization
Certificated Airport	An airport that has been issued an Airport Operating Certificate by the FAA under

Term	Definition
	the authority of 14 CFR Part 139, Certification of Airports.
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Construction	The presence of construction-related personnel, equipment, and materials in any location that could infringe upon the movement of aircraft.
CSPP	Construction Safety and Phasing Plan. The overall plan for safety and phasing of a construction project developed by the airport operator, or developed by the airport operator's consultant and approved by the airport operator. It is included in the invitation for bids and becomes part of the project specifications.
CTAF	Common Traffic Advisory Frequency
Displaced Threshold	A threshold that is located at a point on the runway other than the designated beginning of the runway. The portion of pavement behind a displaced threshold is available for takeoffs in either direction or landing from the opposite direction.
DOT	Department of Transportation
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FOD	Foreign Object Debris/Damage
FSS	Flight Service Station
GA	General Aviation
HAZMAT	Hazardous Materials
НМА	Hot Mix Asphalt
IAP	Instrument Approach Procedures
IFR	Instrument Flight Rules
ILS	Instrument Landing System
LDA	Landing Distance Available
LOC	Localizer antenna array
Movement Area	The runways, taxiways, and other areas of an airport that are used for taxiing or hover taxiing, air taxiing, takeoff, and landing of aircraft, exclusive of loading aprons and aircraft parking areas (reference 14 CFR Part 139).
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
MUTCD	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices
NAVAID	Navigation Aid
NAVAID Critical Area	An area of defined shape and size associated with a NAVAID that must remain clear and graded to avoid interference with the electronic signal.
Non-Movement Area	The area inside the airport security fence exclusive of the Movement Area. It is important to note that the non-movement area includes pavement traversed by aircraft.

Term	Definition
NOTAM	Notices to Airmen
Obstruction	Any object/obstacle exceeding the obstruction standards specified by 14 CFR Part 77, subpart C.
OCC	Operations Control Center
OE / AAA	Obstruction Evaluation / Airport Airspace Analysis
OFA	Object Free Area. An area on the ground centered on the runway, taxiway, or taxi lane centerline provided to enhance safety of aircraft operations by having the area free of objects except for those objects that need to be located in the OFA for air navigation or aircraft ground maneuvering purposes. (See <u>AC 150/5300-13</u> for additional guidance on OFA standards and wingtip clearance criteria.)
OFZ	Obstacle Free Zone. The airspace below 150 ft (45 m) above the established airport elevation and along the runway and extended runway centerline that is required to be clear of all objects, except for frangible visual NAVAIDs that need to be located in the OFZ because of their function, in order to provide clearance protection for aircraft landing or taking off from the runway and for missed approaches. The OFZ is subdivided as follows: Runway OFZ, Inner Approach OFZ, Inner Transitional OFZ, and Precision OFZ. Refer to AC 150/5300-13 for guidance on OFZ.
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
OTS	Out of Service
P&R	Planning and Requirements Group
NPI	NAS Planning & Integration
PAPI	Precision Approach Path Indicator
PFC	Passenger Facility Charge
PLASI	Pulse Light Approach Slope Indicator
Project Proposal Summary	A clear and concise description of the proposed project or change that is the object of Safety Risk Management.
RA	Reimbursable Agreement
RE	Resident Engineer
REIL	Runway End Identifier Lights
RNAV	Area Navigation
ROFA	Runway Object Free Area
RSA	Runway Safety Area. A defined surface surrounding the runway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to airplanes in the event of an undershoot, overshoot, or excursion from the runway, in accordance with <u>AC 150/5300-13</u> .
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
SIDA	Security Identification Display Area
SMS	Safety Management System

Term	Definition
SPCD	Safety Plan Compliance Document. Details developed and submitted by a contractor to the airport operator for approval providing details on how the performance of a construction project will comply with the CSPP.
SRM	Safety Risk Management
SSC	System Support Center
Taxiway Safety Area	A defined surface alongside the taxiway prepared or suitable for reducing the risk of damage to an airplane unintentionally departing the taxiway, in accordance with <u>AC 150/5300-13</u> .
TDG	Taxiway Design Group
Temporary	Any condition that is not intended to be permanent.
Temporary Runway End	The beginning of that portion of the runway available for landing and taking off in one direction, and for landing in the other direction. Note the difference from a displaced threshold.
Threshold	The beginning of that portion of the runway available for landing. In some instances, the landing threshold may be displaced.
TODA	Takeoff Distance Available
TOFA	Taxiway Object Free Area
TORA	Takeoff Run Available. The length of the runway less any length of runway unavailable and/or unsuitable for takeoff run computations. See <u>AC 150/5300-13</u> for guidance on declared distances.
TSA	Taxiway Safety Area, or Transportation Security Administration
UNICOM	A radio communications system of a type used at small airports.
VASI	Visual Approach Slope Indicator
VGSI	Visual Glide Slope Indicator. A device that provides a visual glide slope indicator to landing pilots. These systems include precision approach path indicator (PAPI), visual approach slope indicator (VASI), and pulse light approach slope indicator (PLASI).
VFR	Visual Flight Rules
VOR	Very High Frequency Omnidirectional Radio Range
VPD	Vehicle / Pedestrian Deviation

## **DRAWINGS**

